

Nearly Two Million
more WORLDS were printed
in November, 1892, than in
same month last year. The
exact gain is
1,965,880.

PRICE ONE CENT.

LAUREL
2 O'CLOCK.

GOULD IN HIS GRAVE.
The Money King's Body Laid at Rest in Woodlawn.

Seant Ceremony at His Final Departure from His Home.

Chancellor MacCracken Designated to Conduct the Services at the Tomb.

The closing scene in the eventful history of America's famous financier has been enacted. The body of Jay Gould finally rests beside that of his wife in the marble mausoleum in Woodlawn cemetery.

For some reason best known to the family the time for the movement of the funeral carriage from the house to the tomb was kept a secret. Until the great oaken door of the mansion was thrown open, and the casket, borne by four men, was carried down the great stone steps no one knew the time for the procession to move.

The first intimation that preparations for the funeral were being made was when, at 6 o'clock, Undertaker Mata drove up, and with his assistants, began carrying out the floral pieces which had served their purpose at the funeral services yesterday. The flowers were piled high in a big black wagon, which was then driven away to Woodlawn.

Shortly after Detective McCusky and Tibus, of Supt. Byrne's staff, appeared and went into the house, where they were later joined by Detectives Heidelberg and Frink. Then a big policeman was stationed at the corner to keep the street clear and prevent the intrusion of the sightseers, who had already begun to assemble on the sidewalk opposite the house.

It was the usual sort of a crowd that gathered there yesterday, and it seemed to derive its main satisfaction in gazing at the curtains of the window of the Gould residence. It was cold, and not one in ten of the gazers had overcoats or other wraps, but they waited and waited for something to happen.

At just 10 o'clock the hearse drew up in front of the house, and the black plumes which usually decorate the conveyance drawn by at least four richly caparisoned horses. On the contrary they saw an ordinary hearse, plain usually to shabbyness.

The appearance of the hearse was the signal for the funeral to begin. The assistants, who mounted the steps quickly. The massive glass doors were held back, and Mrs. Gould, dressed in a black and white mourning, was the first to descend. She was followed by Miss Helen Gould and Harold Gould. The four children, who were dressed in black, followed by Mrs. Gould's daughter, and her daughter entered the carriage, followed by Mrs. H. P. Farn and Mrs. Northrup, two sons, who occupied the fifth conveyance.

The remaining carriages—there were nine in all—were occupied by Mrs. Gould's family and a few of Mr. Gould's business associates. After all the carriages had been filed one in front, carrying Chancellor MacCracken and Rev. Dr. Terry, drove up to the head of the hearse, and the funeral procession began.

The crowd waited until old James Downs, who for twenty years has been Jay Gould's coachman, came out and closed the doors and swept off the front steps.

Then the spectators melted away by twos and threes into the neighborhood of the house, and the funeral proceeded to the tomb. The services at the tomb were of the simplest character. They were conducted by Chancellor MacCracken and occupied but a few minutes.

The body was placed in the second crypt, at the right of the entrance to the tomb and directly opposite the recess which holds the body of Mrs. Gould.

When the ponderous bronze doors were swung to and the mourners went away. The tomb will be opened again to allow women to carve upon the marble slab which holds the catacomb which holds the millionnaire's body.

LAUREL
2 O'CLOCK.

BRAVES TO SEE THE 'WIDOWS.'
Fourth District Annual Tammany Theatre Party.

De Young's Claims to the National Chairmanship Scouted by Republicans.

Leader Edward T. Fitzpatrick, of the Fourth District, is going to take the Tammany brasses, composed of his general committee to theatre-to-morrow night, and after the performance he is going to give them a dinner and a general good time.

The committee will attend the performance of "Mr. Wilkinson's Widows" at the Windsor Theatre. After that they sit down to a feast of good things at Odd Fellows' Assembly hall, on Forsyth street. Several hundred members have signified their intention to participate.

Those having the affair in charge are Judge John Henry McCarthy, Alderman Andrew A. Noonan, Nicholas J. Kearney, Deputy Coroner William A. Conway and Charles I. Schampain.

Leader John J. Ryan's Tammany Societies, the new organization of the Twenty-fifth District, will meet to-night at Tammany headquarters, Ninetieth street and Third avenue. The committees appointed at the last meeting will report. The report on organization is by Edward T. Fitzpatrick, secretary, three secretaries, treasurer, sergeant-at-arms and a board of governors to consist of twenty-one members.

The committee on site for a permanent club-house has found a suitable location. A club-house in that it promises to be one of the finest in the city. The site is on the corner of 100th street and Third avenue. The new house is to be built on the site of the old one, and is to be a two-story building, with a front porch and a rear porch. The site is on the corner of 100th street and Third avenue.

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MILWAUKEE
NEW YORK, TUESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1892.

WHO WAS M'CLEARY'S FRIEND?
Evidence That the Missing Minister Was on the Plymouth.

He Disappeared Before the Boat Reached Fall River.

Belief that She Died in Defense of Her Honor.

Her Movements Yesterday Traced by an "Evening World" Reporter.

Police Say a Complete Case is Made Out.

Dr. Parkhurst's Superintendent Arraigned at the Tomb.

The Vice-Hunting Minister's Son on the Bench.

FRANCE'S CRISIS NOT YET PASSED.

A Stubborn Fire in Reade Street This Morning.

One Big Building Gunned and Two Others Water-Soaked.

The Loss Estimated at Not Less Than \$130,000.

A Fire which tried the patience of twelve companies of firemen and stubbornly resisted for nearly two hours, broke out in the book-binders of the Industrial Printing and Bindery Company, on the third floor rear of 30 Reade street, at 4:45 this morning.

The building is five stories high and has a marble front. It extends 80 feet back to Manhattan alley, which opens between 24 and 25 Reade street, forming an L which ends at Elm street.

The ground floor and basement are occupied by Bourn & Pease, manufacturing stationers. They had their offices on the first floor up front, the rear being occupied by P. H. Walker, paper manufacturer. The other floors were occupied by the Industrial Printing and Bindery Company.

The building was completely gutted and the stone and expensive presses and printing paraphernalia from cellar to garret is a total loss.

The front of the ground floor was occupied by the De Witt Wire Cloth Company. The fire, however, did not extend to the main floor, but the stock on all the floors was badly damaged by water.

PRETTY ELLEN SLAIN.
Miss Newton's Body Found in a Creek Near Mount Vernon.

Dr. Parkhurst's Superintendent Arraigned at the Tomb.

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I Want That \$500.00.
I estimate that the average number of copies of The World printed per day during 1892 will be found to have been.....

Name.....
Address.....
DECEMBER 6.—Address The World, Box 2,354, N. Y.

LAUREL
2 O'CLOCK.

HIS LAST MESSAGE.

President Harrison on the State of the Nation.

AND THE WORK OF FOUR YEARS.

Parting Words for High Tariff—November's Verdict Recognized.

NEW MAIL SUBSIDIES URGED.

Also Continued Work on the New Navy—Chief Accomplishments of the Departments.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 6.—In his message to Congress, presented to-day, the President said:

The State and Home of Representatives: In submitting my annual message to Congress I have endeavored to bring before you the general conditions of the commercial and industrial interests of the United States and in the highest degree favorable. A comparison of the existing conditions with those of the most favored period in the history of the country will, I believe, show that a high degree of prosperity and general diffusion of the comforts of life were never before enjoyed by our people.

The total wealth of the country in 1890 was \$10,160,000,000, an increase of 287 per cent. The total mileage of railroads in the United States in 1890 was 30,000; in 1880 it was 107,741, an increase of 446 per cent; and it is estimated that there will be about 600 miles of track added by the close of the year 1892.

The official returns of the Eleventh Census and those of the Tenth Census for 75 leading cities furnish the basis for the following comparison:

In 1880 the capital invested in manufacturing was \$1,222,859,276.
In 1890 the number of employees was 1,201,388.
In 1880 the number of employees was 2,251,156.
In 1890 the value of the product was \$2,711,776,481.
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In 1890 the value of the product was \$6,066,200,299.

I am informed by the Superintendent of the Census that the omission of certain industries in 1880 has increased the estimate of 1890 accounts in part for the remarkable increase in the value of the product. But, after making full allowance for these causes, the increase in the value of the product is still \$3,344,423,813, an increase of 122 per cent. In the number of wage-earners there has been an increase of 1,000,000, an increase per capita from \$388 in 1880 to \$507 in 1890.

The new industrial plants established since October 6, 1890, and up to October 31, 1892, are estimated to have cost \$2,500,000,000, and the extension of existing plants, 108; the new capital invested in manufacturing since the close of the year 1890, \$1,200,000,000.

The report of the Special Agent of the Treasury Department, shows that at the date of Sept. 30, 1892, there were thirty-two cotton-spinning spindles in the United States and fourteen companies building new works for such machinery. The estimated production of cotton in the United States for the year 1892, is 2,000,000 bales, an increase of 100 per cent over the production of 1891.

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