SPORTING EXTRA.

The World. EVENING EDITION

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PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 27, 1893. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE WORLD'S INAUGURAL EDITION NEXT SUNDAY.

EXTRA.

A DING DONG RACE.

Philura's Long Neck, Not Her Speed, Defeated Little Miss Marie.

ALL JOCKEYS REINSTATED.

Deceitful, Mary S., Lester and Xenophon Ran Away from Their Fields.

GUTTENBURG RACE TRACK, Feb. 27.—Racing was continued at Guttenburg to-day under very pleasant conditions.

The weather was clear and not too cold, and the track in better shape than it has been for weeks. The programme was fairly good and promised some interesting sport.

The crowd attended in goodly numbers, and the bookies rubbed their eyes at the way the money flowed into the cash boxes.

The sport began with a dash of six furlongs. Five horses accepted the weights and faced the starter. Vera, on the strength of her good races Saturday, was a strong favorite. Good Boy was also strongly played, but was badly off in weight. Deceitful had plenty of backers and considerable money went in on Lady Ballard.

They got away to a fair break. Brooks sent Deceitful to the front and for the rest of the journey she flung the mud into the faces of the other starters. Vera was a poor third, Lady Ballard having no trouble in getting the place.

Jockey Trainor was reinstated by the Executive Committee. He is the boy who was raked off for the alleged pulling of Allan Bane. There was a doubt in the minds of many that the boy was guilty and the officials gave him the benefit of the doubt.

The second race saw uncertainty a red-hot favorite at a short price. He flattered his backers up to the last few strides, where Mary S., second choice, who got away badly, managed to get up and win in the last jump. Larkin was third. Vocal was well played, but got away badly and was never able to get up.

If Miss Marie had been a trifle larger she might have got the verdict in the third race. Philura was bigger and was on the outside. They finished so close together that the middle, Miss Marie, was completely hidden from sight by Philura. The latter's long neck was in front. She won by a short margin.

Philura was a 10 to 2 chance. Miss Marie was well played and Lucy Wallace was pounded from 8 to 1 to 3 to 1, but was never in the fight.

The Jockey Club to-day reinstated all ruled-off and suspended jockeys. This action is said to have been actuated by the passage of the race bills. The Association is willing to let every one have another chance.

FIRST RACE.

Purse $400, for maidens; six furlongs.

Starters.	Weights.	Jockeys.	Str.	Hlf.	Fin.
Deceitful	92	Brooks	2	1½	1¾
Lady Ballard	97	Donahue	1	2½	2n
Vera	97	H. Jones	3	3½	3n
Good Boy	111	Marshall	5	4	4
Honeymoon	102	N. Hill	4	5	5

Pool Betting—Vera, 7 to 10 and 10 to 3; Deceitful, 7 to 2 and 4 to 5; Good Boy, 6 to 1 and 8 to 5; Honeymoon, 10 to 1 and 5 to 2; Lady Ballard, 12 to 1 and 5 to 2.

Deceitful rushed to the front in the first furlong and led throughout, winning easily by four lengths from Lady Ballard, who beat Vera six lengths. Time—1.18.

Mutuels paid: straight, $4.55; place, $3.60. Lady Ballard paid $11.05.

SECOND RACE.

Purse $400, the winner to be sold at auction; four and a half furlongs.

Starters.	Weight.	Jockeys.	Start.	Half.	Fin.
Mary S.	85	H. Lynch	6	6	1n
Uncertainty	111	N. Hill	1	1½	2½
Larkin	90	T. Leigh	5	2½	3½
Misery	96	Daly	7	7	4
Vocal	88	Donahue	8	8	5
Olga	93	H. Jones	2	3½	6
Bi Ban Lady	91	Neary	4	5	7
Defaulter	109	Trainor	3	4	8

Pool Betting—Uncertainty, 6 to 5 and 1 to 2; Mary S., 2 to 1 and 4 to 5; Vocal, 4 to 1 and 6 to 5; Larkin, 10 to 1 and 3 to 1; Misery, 30 and 1; Olga, 20 and 8; Defaulter, 50 and 15; Bi Ban Lady, 50 and 15.

Uncertainty led into the stretch, with Larkin, Olga and Defaulter close up. In the run to the finish the leaders were joined by Mary S., and in a pretty finish Mary S. won by a short head from Uncertainty, who beat Larkin two lengths for the place. Time—1.57¼.

Mutuels paid: Straight, $5.05; place, $3.15. Uncertainty paid $2.95.

THIRD RACE.

Purse $400; for two-year-olds; the winner to be sold at auction; four furlongs.

Starters.	Weights.	Jockeys.	Start.	Half.	Fin.
Philura	90	T. Leigh	2	2½	1n
Miss Marie	86	Donahue	1	1½	2n
Lucy Wallace	101	J. Flynn	4	3½	3d
Bow Knot	80	Clay	3	4	4
Pie	90	Daly	6	6	5
Peg Wallace gelding	101	J. Flynn	5	5	6
Hall Mark	95	Kimble	8	8	7

Pool Betting—Philura, 3 to 2 and even; Lucy Wallace gelding, 3 to 2 and even; Miss Marie, 4 to 5 and 4 to 5; Bow Knot, 15 and 3; Pie, 60 and 10; Peg, 100 and 30.

Miss Marie got the best of the start and led into the stretch, where she was joined by Philura in a ding dong finish. Philura won by a short head. Miss Marie was six lengths in front of Bow Knot, who ran third throughout. Time—0.51½.

Mutuels paid: Straight, $3.45; place, $2.35. Miss Marie paid $3.30.

FOURTH RACE.

Purse $400; six furlongs.

Starters.	Weights.	Jockeys.	Start.	Half.	Fin.
Tartarian	114	Clay	4	3	1n
Kerry Gow	115	Whitelaw	5	5	2n
Marcellus	102	H. Jones	3	3½	3
Dan Bane	102	Trainor	2	2	4
Annapolis	102	E. Leigh	1	4	5
Tartarian	97	Daly	6	6	6

Pool Betting—Lester, 3 to 5 and out; Kerry Gow, 1 and even; Marcellus, 5 to 1 and 7 to 5; Alice, 6 to 1 and 4 to 5; Annapolis, 30 and 6; Tartarian, 100 and 15.

Marcellus showed the way down to the first stretch to the turn, with the others in close order. The Tartarian, who was last early, went to the front and showed the way into the stretch where Lester took command. The latter had no difficulty in maintaining the lead to the end, winning easily by two lengths from Kerry Gow, who came fast at the finish. Marcellus was third, three lengths in advance. Time—1.18.

Mutuels paid: Straight, $2.85; place, $2.10. Kerry Gow paid $3.25.

FIFTH RACE.

Purse $500; the winner to be sold at auction; one mile and an eighth.

Starters.	Weight.	Jockeys.	Start.	Half.	Fin.
Bourbon	103	N. Hill	2	1½	1n
Laura S.	110	H. Jones	1	3½	2n
Narbonne	95	Neary	1	2½	3n
John Hickey	95	J. Griffin	4	4	4

Pool Betting—Laura S., 3 to 5 and out; John Hickey, 11 to 5 and 1 to 2; Xenophon, 7 to 1 and even; Narbonne colt, 15 to 1 and 3 to 1.

Xenophon went to the front soon after the start and led throughout, winning in a gallop by four lengths from Laura S., who was four lengths in front of Narbonne colt. Time—2.01¼.

Mutuels paid: Straight, $6.45; place, $3.40. Laura S. paid $2.25.

SIXTH RACE.

Purse $400; the winner to be sold at auction; seven furlongs.

Starters.	Weight.	Jockeys.	Betting. Straight.	Betting. Place.
Miss Bess	112	Leigh	13—5	3—5
Annie W.	124	Morris	15—1	5—1
Avery	123	Hill	100—1	30—1
Lord of the Harem	118	Wigham	6—1	2—1
Eleanor	112	Martin	7—10	1—6
Renie	124	Marshall	6—1	7—5

Miss Bess won.

Renie second and Lord of the Harem third.

*RESULTS AT GLOUCESTER.

Blizzard Won the First Race on a Slow Track.

GLOUCESTER RACE TRACK, Feb. 27.—The racing here to-day was over a very slow track. There was the usual quota of scratching. The results:

First Race—Six and one-quarter furlongs.—Won by Blizzard, 6 to 5 and out; Needmore second, even for place; Helmet third. Time—1.26¾.

Second Race—Four and a half furlongs.—Won by Robin Hood, 1 to 2 and out; Some More second, 8 to 5 for place; Moderate third. Time—0.59¼.

Third Race—Seven furlongs.—Won by Knapp, 3 to 1 and 3 to 5; Gloster, second, out for place; Major Thornton, third. Time—1.30.

Fourth Race—Five furlongs.—Won by Censor, 4 to 5 and out; Tradesman second, even for place; Mollie V. third. Time—1.07.

Fifth Race—Six furlongs.—Won by Verbena, 7 to 5 and out; Leo Brigel, second, 4 to 5 for place; Grand Prix, third. Time—1.22.

WINNERS AT IVY CITY.

Good Weather and Track and a Fair Attendance.

IVY CITY RACE TRACK, Feb. 27.—The weather is superb here to-day and the track in fairly good shape. About 1,000 people witnessed the races. There were twelve bookmakers in the ring. The results:

First Race—Five furlongs.—Won by Morton, 2 to 1; Hiawasse second, 8 to 5; Ada B. third, 3 to 1. Time—1.10.

Second Race—Four and one-half furlongs.—Won by False H., 10 to 1; Express second, 8 to 1; Zingara third, 9 to 20. Time—1.01¼.

Third Race—Four and one-half furlongs.—Won by St. Patrick, 5 to 1; Ella second, 8 to 1; Register third, 2 to 5. Time—0.58¾.

Fourth Race—Seven furlongs.—Won by Strathmald, 4½ to 1; Void second, 10 to 1; Drizzle third, even money. Time—1.34¾.

GLOUCESTER ENTRIES.

GLOUCESTER RACE TRACK, Feb. 27.—The entries and probable starters in to-morrow's races are:

First Race—Five furlongs; selling.—Eolic, 113; Jim to die, Carroll, Finnoy, Admiral, Capt. Wagner, Jim Fagin, Blackmailer, 107 each; Erotic, 102; Trixey Gardner, 102; Barrientos, 101; Irish Earl, 101; Maggie, 96 lb. each.

Second Race—Four and a half furlongs; three-year-olds; selling.—Bingham, Pathway, Roman, 105 each; The Nun, Vester Silly, Goodness Silly, 100 lb. each.

Third Race—Four and a half furlongs; selling.—Shamrock, MacGregor, 105 each; Greylock, 104; Sir Jim, Roy Lochiel, 101 each; Sir Lester, 90 lb.

Fourth Race—Selling; six and one-quarter furlongs.—Palmyra, 111; Kallah, 105; Courtesies, Contest, 104 each; Frank L., Fernwood, Can't Tell, 101 lb. each.

Fifth Race—Selling; one mile.—Wilfred, Pestilence, Algonquin, 108 each; National, Fox Grape, 101 lb. each.

Sixth Race—Six and a quarter furlongs; selling.—Paradise, 112; Botheration, 109; Montague, John Lackland, Swamp Fox, Bowery, 107 each; Peter, Airtight, 104 each; Pommery Sec, Jim Clare, Judge Nelson, 102 lb. each.

MACKAY'S ASSAILANT LIVES.

Rippl Regrets that He Did Not Kill the Millionaire.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 27.—Wesley C. Rippl, who tried to kill John W. Mackay, is disappointing the doctors who predicted at first that he could not live twelve hours, but finally made it forty-eight hours.

He passed this point and seems to be gaining rather than losing strength. Yesterday he talked a little, and in regard to the shooting he said:

"I had been laying for Mackay for about a month, because I regarded him as the cause of all my losses. I am not sorry that I shot at him, but I made a bad business of it, for at that close range I ought to have killed him at the first fire."

The condition of John W. Mackay continues to improve. He slept well last night and woke greatly refreshed this morning.

At 9.30 o'clock Dr. Keeney dressed his wound and stated that his patient was progressing in a very satisfactory manner.

Rippl was worse this morning.

It is still a matter of doubt as to how long he will live, but his death from the self-inflicted wound is certain.

NEW FINANCIAL SCHEME.

Issue of Interconvertible Bonds at 2½ Per Cent. Proposed.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—Mr. Johnson, of Ohio, introduced in the House to-day a bill to reduce the interest upon the public debt, to provide for a flexible currency and to stop the purchase of silver.

It proposes a series of interconvertible bonds bearing interest of 2½ per cent., payable in 1907. They are to be issued upon the surrender of any unmatured bonds of interest-bearing obligations.

The interconvertible bonds when surrendered are to be paid for in Treasury notes of the character of those now issued under the Sherman act, which act is repealed.

Railroad Wreck at Bound Brook.

BOUND BROOK, N. J., Feb. 27.—A bad wreck occurred on the Central Railroad of New Jersey last night, blocking all travel until this morning. A mixed coal and freight train parted near White House, and when the front portion stopped the rear crashed into it. Eighteen cars were piled in a heap across both tracks. The damage will be about $10,000.

Promotions in the Navy.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The President to-day sent to the Senate the following naval nominations: Commander Merrill Miller to be a captain; Lieut.-Commander Saul Helden to be a commander; Lieut. H. H. Bridgeman to be a lieutenant-commander; Lieut. (junior grade) A. W. Dodd to be a lieutenant; Ensign E. F. Leiper to be a lieutenant, junior grade.

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SANK IN HER SLIP.

Revenue Cutter Washington Run Down by an Annex Boat.

Customs Officers Have a Narrow Escape from Drowning.

Inspector Brown Badly Squeezed in the Crash.

The United States revenue cutter Washington, the oldest boat in the Government service in New York Harbor, was so badly damaged by a collision with the Pennsylvania Annex Ferry-Boat No. 3 this morning that she sank in the Government slip north of the Barge Office immediately after being made fast to the pier.

At 7.40 this morning the Washington left her slip, with Chief Boarding Officer Stiles, of the Custom House, and a half dozen customs inspectors aboard. An early start was made because of the large fleet of vessels in the lower bay, and it was intended to make an inspection of all before noon.

Capt. Shoemaker was in command, and the veteran Pilot John Brown occupied the pilot-house. When the boat pulled out from her slip she was headed straight across towards the Brooklyn side in order to avoid numerous other boats plying close to the shore.

The big Annex boat was coming down the river at full speed and, according to the story told by Pilot Brown, paid no attention to the whistle of the Washington, which signalled the intention to cross the bow of the Annex boat.

Pilot Brown is not sure, but expressed the opinion that the Annex boat answered the signal and made no attempt to slacken speed.

The Washington kept up speed in an endeavor to get across the Annex's bow, and when only about three hundred feet out into the river was struck full force on the port side about amidships.

Her guard rail was torn away, the cabin badly wrecked and a hole nearly six inches in diameter stove in her side.

It was a tremendous shock and the officers and crew were thrown off their feet against the walls of the cabin and piled on top of each other.

The pilot was knocked off his chair and badly bruised, but he was at the wheel in a moment and signalled the engineer to stop.

Customs Inspector Brown was the only one seriously injured. He was caught between a part of the shattered guard rail and the cabin, and so badly squeezed that he was unable to stand.

The annex boat stopped after striking the Washington and took Inspector Stiles and the other customs officers aboard.

She then pushed the Washington about and headed her back for the slip, which was reached just as the water had got into the fire pan and began to put out the fire.

The crew then scampered ashore leaving everything but the clothes they had on their backs aboard.

The last one to land was the pilot. He had just clambed up on to the pier when the boat went down with a hissing noise, as the boiler was submerged.

Only the bow and the upper deck were left visible, all the rest being under water.

The Washington is about 98 feet long, 16-foot beam, and draws 10 feet aft and 6½ feet forward.

She was a gunboat during the war and did service with the Potomac flotilla, her name then being Uncas.

After the war she was remodelled at an expense of $15,000 and consigned to the revenue service.

Pilot Brown has served twenty-eight years with the boat.

The Washington will be raised this afternoon and sent to the dry dock in Brooklyn.

The customs officers were landed at the Barge Office pier by the annex boat, and Inspector Brown was sent home in a carriage.

Property Clerk Harriett, of the Police Department, was on board the revenue cutter at the time of the accident. He was going down the bay to meet some friends who were passengers on the French steamer La Gascogne.

Mr. Harriott escaped injury. He declared that the pilot of the annex was entirely responsible for the accident.

THE NEW YORK IN THE COMMONS

Members Ask if Change of Flag Can Be Prevented in the Future.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. William G. Cavendish-Bentinck, Conservative member for Penryn, Falmouth and Flushing, asked whether the attention of the Admiralty had been called to a recent celebration at New York, at which President Harrison was present, when the flags of a steamship that had been built and subsidized as a Queen's cruiser had been changed and the flag of the United States hoisted in its stead.

Mr. Cavendish-Bentinck also wanted to know whether the Admiralty would henceforth prevent such a proceeding.

The Right Hon. Sir U. Kay-Shuttleworth Secretary to the Admiralty, replied that there was nothing to prevent the transfer of a British mercantile cruiser to a foreign country after the period for which a subsidy had been granted had lapsed.

BLAST FURNACE BLOWN UP.

Four Men Are Burned and One of Them Is Fatally Hurt.

BELLAIRE, O., Feb. 27.—A terrible explosion occurred to-day at 9 o'clock at Benwood, W. Va., opposite this city. A hot blast furnace at the Riverside works was blown up and William Kelly, John Mooney and William Duff, of Benwood, and Patrick Corrigan, of Wheeling, were seriously burned.

Kelly is not expected to recover. His eyes were burned out and he is unconscious.

THE TREASURY IS CONFIDENT.

Mr. Nebeker Says New York Speculators Caused the Gold Drain.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—A feeling of confidence pervades the Treasury Department, so far as shown only $550,000 in gold has been engaged from the Sub-Treasury at New York for shipment to-morrow. The free gold on hand is more than $4,000,000.

Treasurer Nebeker, speaking of the train of gold that has been going on for the past year or more, said it was largely the work of speculators on the New York Stock Exchange.

The export of gold had the effect of bearing stocks and the profit thus made not only compensated for the freight charges, insurance, &c., on the gold shipped, but left a profit.

Then, too, as France and Austria were in the market after gold, the specie found ready sale on the other side.

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PLEAS FOR HARRIS.

Affidavits on Which a New Trial Is Asked for Him.

His Dying Wife Would Mistrust Medicine from Any Hands but His.

The Convicted Man Makes a Strong Appeal for Himself.

In deference to the expressed desire of Carlyle W. Harris to be present in court at the hearing on the motion of his counsel for a new trial, Recorder Smyth directed that Harris be brought down from his Tombs cell to-day, though it is unusual for a prisoner to be present at proceedings of this sort, the matter being entirely one of legal decisions.

Harris rode down to the General Sessions Court-House on the seat of the Black Maria, with the driver.

He is very thin, very pale and very weak. His spirits, however, were as buoyant as ever.

The prisoner's mother, earnest, energetic, anxious, was in court early, clad in her widow's weeds, and listening to every word of the proceedings, with hope and fear chasing each other over her face.

Lawyer William F. Howe, for Harris, argued the motion for a new trial, and Delancey Nicoll, District-Attorney, opposed it.

The motion was based on the alleged discovery of new testimony going to show that Helen Nellson Potts-Harris, the schoolgirl wife of the brilliant young medical student, who died of morphine poison the morning of Feb. 1, 1890, after having taken the last of five pills given to her ten days before by her secret husband, had not been the victim of design on his part.

The affidavits submitted by Mr. Howe all had the same trend—that Helen Potts was known to the makers of the affidavits as an habitual user of morphine.

They are very strong and are signed by former schoolmates, teachers and acquaintances of the dead girl.

In the effort to controvert these affidavits the prosecutor was privileged under the law to bring out matters that were not subject of proof in a trial.

The Dead Girl's Statements.

Among these things are the statements made by the dead girl to her companions a few hours before her death, but not provable in court because they were not made under oath, and not when Helen Potts was in expectation that she was going to die.

Miss Rockwell, of Glen's Falls, and Miss Carson, two pupils at Miss Day's school when Helen died, and Miss Reed, a tutor there, who found Helen still conscious at 10.30 o'clock the night before she died, furnish the strongest and most startling of these affidavits.

They practically agree that when they returned from a concert that night, Helen told them that she had taken medicine given her by Carl Harris.

"Don't let me go to sleep again!" she pleaded with them.

"Carl told me I must take the medicine and go right to sleep, and must not let any one awaken me and I would be all right next day.

"I told the servants so, but I do not dare to go to sleep again, and I am so drowsy.

"I have had beautiful dreams of sweet music, but, oh! I am afraid that if I sleep again I shall never awaken.

"Don't let me sleep again! Keep me awake!

"If any one but my Carl had given that medicine to me, I should be afraid that I was going to die."

Mr. Howe struck the first stumbling-block when it was discovered that several affidavits obtained by Mrs. Harris in Pennsylvania had not been verified by the regular legal authorities in that State.

Mr. Nicoll stated that he believed it was by no fault of Mr. Howe, who has been ill, but the Recorder called attention to the fact that these affidavits were practically without value if unverified by the proper authorities, and said he would give Mr. Howe an opportunity to verify them.

"Your Honor, I've only to say that these affidavits were obtained by a woman—a woman unversed in law."

At this the distracted mother bowed her head before her.

Her flushed face was very pale, indeed, when she lifted it again, biting her lips in mental agony.

Will Give Mr. Howe More Time.

The Recorder said again he would give Mr. Howe time to have the documents verified, and then dismissed the jury in the trial of Park Policeman Tallon till this afternoon.

"Mr. Howe said he should try to show that the life of Helen Potts Harris was not sacrificed by Carlyle W. Harris, but by her own act: that the poison was self-administered; that Helen Potts was in the habit of taking morphine in secret for two or three years prior to her death.

"There were a score of women present, among them the wife of District-Attorney Nicoll, and Mr. Nicoll's sister, Mrs. Brown Lord.

"The affidavit of Mrs. Mary M. Frenette, of 411 Lexington avenue, whose first husband was named Harris but was not related to Carlyle Harris, stated that her daughter, Ethel M. Harris, assisted Helen Potts in her musical studies in 1889, and that once Helen Potts gave to Ethel a morphine pill, which put her into a sleep from which she was awakened with much difficulty.

"Then came an affidavit from Ethel M. Harris, now living with her mother at 411 Lexington avenue, which says:

"In 1888 I spent the summer at the Atlantic Hotel, Asbury Park. There I became acquainted with Helen Potts and her family, and we were much together. Helen Potts complained of feeling ill. Had taken pills and she would give me a pill that would make me sleep. She did, taking it from a boxful several times. She said, when asked, 'Oh! nothing, only a little morphine. I have taken lots of it.'

"Susan F. B. Jackson, who conducted the Jackson Seminary in One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street for seven years down to October, 1891, made affidavit that Helen Potts, while a pupil of her school, was addicted to the morphine habit, and was of irritable temper. She used to beg to go out to the office of Dr. Lewis to get morphine. Miss Jackson's affidavit says:

"Helen Potts had been vexed a rule of the school at one time, and she said: 'I will not go home. My home is living hell, and I shall not go home again. I will take a dose of opium first and kill myself.'"

The Effects of Morphine.

Dr. William S. Searle, of 127 Henry street, Brooklyn, made affidavit to the unusual effects of morphine upon the same person at different times. A case was specified in which a dose only half as large as the one the patient was accustomed to nearly killed him. This was the patient who nearly died in the Adirondacks from an injection of morphine—one-sixth his regular portion—the dose being injected by his companion, W. C. Beecher, son of Henry Ward Beecher.

M. G. Hoyt's affidavit related a statement made by Carl Peterson to him, to the effect that he had seen Helen Potts eat pills taken from a box, and that she took umbrage when Peterson had asked if it was opium, and retorted that it was none of his business if she did take opium."

John J. Pratt, of Scranton, in an affidavit said that he saw Helen in that city one day very drowsy; that he saw her take a pill from a box and throw the box away. The box was unlabelled.

Dr. W. A. Payne and Druggist John J. Davis and Others, of Scranton, Pa., made affidavit that at the time when, according to the testimony of Dr. Treverton, of Scranton, Helen Potts was at his house to fill to go out because of a criminal operation which Carlyle Harris had performed, they saw her frequently in Scranton riding on horseback—a thing quite impossible if Dr. Treverton's testimony at Harris's trial was true.

Frankie Wallace, of 150 West One Hundred and Fourth street, a schoolmate of Helen Potts, made affidavit that Helen was an habitual morphine taker.

Joseph H. Lefferts, of Asbury Park, made affidavit that he was manager and prescription clerk in 1889 and 1890, and knew Mary Helen Nellson Potts, and that he sold to Miss Potts on two or three occasions quarter-grain powders of morphine, one dozen powders at a time—three grains at once. Also that on one occasion he sold a dram of morphine to Helen Potts, and that he refrained from appearing before with this testimony because his friends advised him that it would injure his business.

Mr. Howe concluded with an affidavit by Carlyle W. Harris himself, in which he states that Helen Potts Harris once obtained sixty grains of opium, for what use he does not know.

Controverted Mrs. Frenette's Story.

In reply to all these affidavits Mrs. Potts, mother of Helen, declares that she never knew Mrs. Mary M. Frenette or her daughter, Ethel M. Harris, and that in 1888, the time when they say Helen and Ethel were together at Asbury Park, Helen and her mother were in Scranton; that Miss Jackson's affidavit that Helen had a bad temper was false, &c.

Both George Potts and Mrs. Potts swore that their daughter never knew Ethel Harris or her mother, that Mrs. Frenette never assisted Helen in her studies, and that Helen never visited them in Philadelphia, New York or elsewhere.

Mrs. Potts testifies that there were three Potts families in Asbury Park in 1888-89, two named "George Potts" and one "George Sherman Potts."

Mrs. Potts denies all the allegations of Susan F. B. Jackson, denies that Helen Potts ever had an acquaintance named Frankie Wallace; says she (Mrs. Potts) never heard of William G. Hoyt; never heard of Carl Hanman; and never heard from any one that Helen was addicted to morphine.

Martha Ellen Treverton and Dr. C. W. Treverton, of Scranton, Pa., deny all the affidavits of all the other Scranton people.

Mae Stuart Schofield testified that she never heard Helen speak of Ethel Harris or Mrs. Frenette.

Dr. Robert Lewis, jr.'s affidavit denied that he had ever prescribed or given morphine to Helen Potts while she was at the Jackson school, and Dr. Byron V. Tompaloe testified that in December, 1889, he administered an infantile dose of morphine to Helen and her system responded promptly—like one entirely unused to the drug.

County Clerk Purroy testified that his records do not contain the name of any "Dr. William G. Hoyt."

Emma Pratt Coward, Anna E. Thompson, Nettie White and other Asbury Park girls testify to the buoyant temper of Helen and that they never saw her take morphine.

Anna Sharpe, Kate Lemkan, Nellie Farnum, Maggie E. Sandford, Laura Westcott, Preceptress Lydia Day, of the school where Helen died, and others swore they had never known Frankie Wallace or Ethel Harris, and that Helen had never spoken of them.

Ethel's Character Attacked.

Mr. Nicoll attacked the character of Ethel Harris and her mother. He said that Ethel had been a chorus girl under the name of Edith Harris and that their affidavits were perjuries.

There were affidavits of Asbury Park men to show that there had been five or six families of the name of Potts in Asbury Park and Ocean Grove during the years 1888, 1889 and 1890.

Then came the affidavits of Bertha Eunice Rockwell and Miss Rachel M. Clawson, of Glen Falls, and Miss Annie M. Reed, relating the story of that last scene in the life of Helen Potts, and lastly Mr. Nicoll read the affidavit of William B. Spencer, a detective, of Philadelphia, stating that while searching for James Teggart, a bank embezzler, in 1887, he traced him, to the home of Mrs. Mary Harris de Frenette, 1625 Walnut street, Philadelphia; that Mrs. Frenette confessed that she had been Teggart's mistress, and that Teggart had eloped to Canada with her daughter, Ethel Harris.

The case is still on.

Statements from Harris's Jurors.

After recess Mr. Howe submitted affidavits from four jurors on the Harris trial, stating that they should have rendered a different verdict had it been shown that Helen Potts ever took morphine.

Mr. Nicoll offered an affidavit, signed by George Potts, the father of Helen Potts-Harris, during the recess, in reply to the affidavit of Drug Clerk Lefferts. Mr. Potts's affidavit says that from June to September, 1890, the time in which Lefferts says he frequently sold opium and morphine to Helen Potts, Helen and her mother were in Scranton and Honesdale, Pa., that he believes Van Marters, drug store, where Lefferts was prescription clerk, was a "season" drug store; that it had not been opened when Mrs. and Miss Potts left for Scranton, and was closed for the season when they returned.

At the close of Mr. Nicoll's argument Carlyle W. Harris arose, and, steadying his emaciated form by resting his hands on the table, asked for the privilege of addressing the court.

The Recorder assented but added that he would advise Harris to leave his affairs to his counsel, as the abler man for the duty.

Harris Appeals for Himself.

"I know that as to legal matters, said Harris, while the court was silent as the grave, "but there are some things about which nobody, not even my esteemed counsel, Mr. Howe, who labors for love, can speak so well as I.

"The District-Attorney has said again and again that I have attacked the memory of my wife. I did not know that my poor wife took morphine. I was told so. I at first doubted, then suspected, then believed. God knows I have not accused her.

"It has been sworn by Mr. Potts and by Mrs. Potts, and by several others, that they did not know and had never heard of several of the people whose affidavits have been read here, and it is sought to discredit them on that account.

"I was Helen Potts's husband—and I never heard of some of them. I did not know them. The District-Attorney said in his opening remarks, and I think he wishes now he hadn't said it—that 'this was a case for executive clemency.'

"If I am innocent I am not guilty. If I am innocent I should walk abroad. I should not be dependent on an appeal to Executive clemency. I should not be sent to prison for life, to die or to grow insane there.

"Mr. Nicoll has said that I did not go on the witness stand because as I said to some one 'oh, I am safe. I saved two of the capsules.'

"Now had I gone on the stand, I could have explained that what I said was, "No, I can't get in trouble over my prescription. The prescription is all right, as any physician will swear, besides, I gave one capsule to the Coroner and it will show where the fault lies.

"It is only a little word—a few words at most—between the innocent remark that I made and the seemingly wicked interpretation of it."

Harris had spoken in a tone subdued, but argumentative. There was no terror in his voice, and in his voice, and in the first sentences it was both sweet and eloquent. He was intensely earnest. He was talking for his life.

Recorder Smyth decided to allow Counsellor Howe time to verify the affidavits mentioned above, and the decision on the motion for a new trial will not be made until that has been done. This will take several days.

DRUGGIST LEFFERTS ARRESTED.

Charged with Keeping a Disorderly House at Lakewood, N. J.

LAKEWOOD, N. J., Feb. 27.—Druggist Joseph Lefferts, of Asbury Park, N. J., who last Saturday made affidavit to the effect that during the summer of 1890 he sold morphine to Helen Potts, the wife of Carlyle W. Harris, and upon whose affidavit an attempt is to be made to obtain a new trial, was arrested at this place this morning for maintaining a disorderly house. Since leaving Asbury Park Lefferts has been conducting a drug store here, and it is charged that he has been violating the laws of the State by selling liquor.

When taken before Judge Sproul Lefferts gave bail, pending a hearing next Monday.

NO ERIE RECEIVERSHIP.

Rumors in Wall Street Denied by Vice-President Thomas.

Rumors gained currency in Wall street this afternoon that the Erie or some of its creditors had made an application for a receiver.

The story at first was not credited, but when it became common talk, the street grew interested.

An "Evening World" reporter found First Vice-President Thomas in the Erie Building, and inquired of him concerning the rumor. He expressed himself in the following language:

"Say to 'The Evening World' that it is a malicious, baseless rumor, and is as likely to be true as that I am going to resign my office as First Vice-President.

"The Erie has not applied for a receiver, has no intention of doing so and is perfectly solvent.

"We are meeting our debts whenever they come due. If we could find the originator of such a report we would prosecute him to the fullest extent of the law."

The Clerk of the Supreme Court said that no application had been made there for a receiver for the Erie, and verified the statement by the record.

A despatch from Buffalo stated that no such news had startled citizens there.

It was said on Wall street that the floating debt of the Erie would alone be responsible for such action, if taken. The gross floating debt Dec. 31, 1892, was $8,288,170, but there were offsets amounting to $2,849,028, leaving the net floating debt $5,438,242. This is an increase of $1,417,820 in one year.

The stock sold lower to-day than it has done for a long time.

A Gold Mine Found

occasions happiness to the finder, but he who would drive dull care away should try the OLD DOMINION CIGARETTE. A photograph with each package. *.*

THEY ARE GOING TO THE FAIR.

The new programme of the 400 for this Summer.

BONDING AMENDMENT OFF.

Conferrees Agree to Withdraw It from the Sundry Civil Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 27.—The House has agreed to non-concur in the Senate amendments to the Sundry Civil Appropriations bill and it has been sent to conference.

Messrs. Holman, Sayers and Cogswell have been appointed conferees.

LATER.—It is learned that the Senate conferees have agreed to withdraw the Sherman bonding amendment in order to get the other things in the bill through.

PENSION BILL PASSED.

The Senate Makes no Amendment to the Measure.

WASAINGTON, Feb. 27.—The Pension Appropriation bill was passed by the Senate to-day without any amendment.

It appropriates for army and navy pensions, including widows and minor children, $165,000,000, and about a million and a half dollars, in addition, for fees of examining surgeons, clerk hire at pension agencies and some small items.

DOUBLE SHOOTING IN BOSTON.

Frank Jenkins Fatally Wounds His Wife and Himself.

BOSTON, Feb. 27.—A husband discharged three bullets into the body of his wife and then sent a ball into his own right side at 11 o'clock this morning at 681 Parker street, Roxbury.

His name is Frank Jenkins. He is about thirty-four years of age. His wife, Clara, is twenty-seven years old. Jenkins was the driver of an express wagon.

The parties came from Providence about four months ago. Since then they have been living apart.

Mrs. Jenkins, who is a dress-maker, took up her abode with her mother at the place where the shooting occurred.

The husband, it is stated by the police, was visited her two or three times and his uttered threats against her life.

Jenkins died in the hospital this afternoon. His wife will die.

READING ROLLING MILLS GO, TOO.

Passed Into the Hands of Receivers This Morning.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 27.—The Reading Rolling Mill company passed into a receiver's hands this morning upon a bill in equity filed by the Wellman Iron and Steel Company, George W. Bush & Sons Co., Francis H. Taylor, James Boyd & Bro. and J. C. Madeira & Sons in Common Pleas Court No 2.

The bill alleges that the Mill Company is insolvent and unable to meet its obligations. Joseph H. Coffale and Ellis Ames Ballard were appointed receivers.

TWO WHITE WARSHIPS ARRIVE.

Baltimore and Yorktown Reach Port from Fortress Monroe.

The United States steamship Baltimore arrived here this afternoon from Fortress Monroe. She was attached to Admiral Gherardi's Squadron.

The United States steamer Yorktown, which sailed from Fortress Monroe Saturday, arrived here this morning.

The vessels proceeded to the Brooklyn Navy Yard to be scraped and otherwise put into proper condition to take part in the Columbus naval review.

Three Small-Pox Cases Found To-Day.

Three cases of small-pox were reported to the Health Department this afternoon. The patients were Wiley Nichols, twenty-six years old, of 118 West Third street; Peter Mattoloff, fifteen, of 888 East One Hundred and Sixty-fifth street, and Henry Wilson, thirty-five, of 42 Minetta lane.

Wilson was found at the Northern Dispensary, corner of Waverly Place and Christopher street. They were all taken to Riverside Hospital.

MANY persons have coughed themselves sick and worried their friends because they didn't know of HYAMS EXPECTORANT, the great cough medicine. All druggists. *.*

EXTRA.

TALK OF THE TURF.

Indignant Protests at the Passage of the Parker Race Track Bills.

FARMERS AND TURFMEN GLAD.

It Is Predicted that the Ivy City Meeting Will Not Last Ten Days.

The New Jersey leg