HIS NEW AFFIDAVITS.

Carlyle Harris's Counsel Fighting Hard for His Life

The District-Attorney Destroys the Value of Some Testimony.

Then the Prisoner's Lawyer Brings Out Some More.

A regular fusillade of affidavits was fired to-day by the District-Attorney on the one side and William F. Howe on the other in the conflict over Carlyle W. Harris, who asks for another trial for his life for poisoning his school girl wife, Helen Potts Harris, on the ground that it has been discovered that she was a habitual morphine taker.

The District-Attorney has the affidavits of Druggist Van Mater, of Asbury Park, that in 1890 there were less than fifty grains of morphine sold at his store for the whole season, whereas his former clerk, Letterts, had sworn that he sold 180 grains to Helen Potts that year.

Van Mater also swears that his store was open from July 1 to Sept. 30; that he was personally present from 7 A. M. to 11 P. M., except one hour at noon and another at supper time, and that he sold only one dram of morphine in stock that year, sold it only on prescription and filled but seventy prescriptions of all kinds that season. He asserts, too, that Helen Potts was never in his store in 1890.

Charles E. King, a reporter, makes affidavit that the family of George Potts was away from home from June 1 to October, 1890, and Charles E. Cook, a law student, makes affidavit that Drug Clerk Joseph Letterts told him he would for $500 swear that he had sold morphine to Helen Potts.

Luke McNally, shoe dealer, Richard H. Wortman ice dealer, and Leonard W. K. Shepard, all of Asbury Park, swear that Letterts is a trifler and they wouldn't believe him under oath.

Law Student Cook adds in his affidavit, however, that Letterts told him it was a fact that he had sold morphine to Miss Potts "lots of times." Letterts didn't know Helen Potts, but he had been told that it was she.

Delworth Choate, employed by the District-Attorney, makes affidavit that he interrogated Miss Susan F. R. Jackson, formerly principal of the seminary attended by Helen Potts in Harlem.

Choate found her at the house of Mr. McKinstry, 3009 Hamilton street, Philadelphia. To Choate Miss Jackson said that it was an eleven-year-old girl who told her she had taken a powder from Miss Potts that made her sleep and cured her headache—not another pupil of the seminary.

Guillaume Fonk, proprietor of the Hotel de Louvre at 513 West 125th street, makes affidavit that Mrs. Frenette and her daughter, Ethel Harris, with a man supposed to be Mr. Frenette and two boys engaged board at his house at $27 a week in the Fall of 1891, stayed sometime but failed to pay; made contradictory statements to him and were not agreeable to him, wherefore he got them out of the house, though with great difficulty, and Catharine Sandray wife of the proprietor of the Hotel Luxembourg, 1400 Sixth avenue, makes affidavit that in January, 1891, Mrs. Frenette or Harris engaged two rooms at the hotel for herself, husband, daughter and two little boys ten and twelve years old at $8 a week. She paid $4 down and never paid any more.

She called her husband "Armand," quarreled with him and the department and told contradictory stories. Once a pitcher of beer was thrown by Armand at M. Sandray in argument.

According to this affidavit, the Sandrays were glad to get rid of Armand and family, even if they lost the board bill due.

These affidavits were to discredit the mother and daughter, who swore last week that they knew Helen Potts to be a victim of the morphine habit.

All these affidavits were submitted by Mr. Nicoll to Recorder Smyth to-day.

For the prosecution, Mr. Howe offered several affidavits, and Mr. Nicoll consented to there admittance on a motion for a new trial, their being no desire on his part to deprive Harris of any chance.

One of the new affidavits is that of Dr. Hugh S. Kimmouth, a graduate of the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons, class of 1870, and for the past twenty years a resident of Asbury Park, where he is the senior member of the drug firm of Kimmouth & Co.

Dr. Kimmouth swears that he knew the Potts family well, including Helen; that in 1890, while Carlyle Harris was running the Neptune Club at Asbury Park, Helen Potts called at his drug store and asked for a dozen morphine pills; the prescription clerk refused to sell them to her and reported the matter to Dr. Kimmouth.

Later, the affidavit says, Helen Potts entered the store dressed in white and accompanied by two other young women. She repeated her call for a dozen morphine pills and said they were for her mother for neuralgia and Dr. Kimmouth sold them to her. He says he remembers commenting on how pretty Helen had grown, and that he has failed to give his evidence before because he knew it would hurt him professionally and because of his friendly relations with the Potters.

To meet the affidavit of druggist J. H. Van Mater Mr. Howe offered an affidavit signed by Van Mater's sister, Mrs. Margaret Eick, of Asbury Park, to the effect that he was much away from home in 1890 and really knew very little about what happened at the pharmacy.

The most important of the new features in the struggle to save Harris's life, in the opinion of Harris's counsel, was an old invoice or bill of drugs, sold June 25, 1890, by William Sigg & Co., wholesale druggists at 95 Maiden lane, this city, to J. H. Van Mater, which is offered in contradiction of his affidavit that he sold only fifty grains of morphine in that season.

This bill bears among a list of perhaps one hundred such items as quarter of a pound of gum opium, one-eighth ounce acetate of morphine, quarter of an ounce of morphia, one-eighth of an ounce of muriate of morphia, quarter of a pound of deodorized opium, one hundred ergotine two-grain pills, one hundred extract of opium pills, half grain, one hundred extract of opium pills, one grain, 100 ipecac and opium five-grain pills, 100 morphine one-eighth-grain pills, 100 morphine one-quarter-grain pills, 100 acetati of morphia one-eighth-grain pills, 100 gross of neuralgia morphine pills and 100 opium and camphor pills.

These affidavits complete the papers in the motion for a new trial. All that is still undone is the work of obtaining the certificates of the county clerks in Pennsylvania to the notarial seals attached to the affidavits obtained there by Mrs. Harris in behalf of her son.

To obtain these missing certificates by order of the Recorder, District-Attorney Nicoll to-day sent Isaac B. Hipinski to Scranton. When he returns the Recorder will consider all the affidavits and decide whether or not Carlyle W. Harris is entitled to a second trial.

Mount McGregor Railway Sold.

BALLSTON, N. Y., March 6.—John Persons, referee, at 10 o'clock this forenoon, sold at the Court-house the Mount McGregor Railway Company's property, including the railway from Saratoga Springs to Mount McGregor, depots, locomotives, cars, the Hotel Balmoral, &c., but excluding the Grant and Arkell cottages on the mountain. The sale was to satisfy foreclosure on a second mortgage held by George West. The property was bought by Douglas W. Maxwell on behalf of the first mortgage bondholders, at the amount of judgment.

Republican Successes in Spanish Elections Yesterday.

MADRID, March 6.—The election here yesterday has resulted in the choice of six Republicans and two Ministerialists. Several provinces returned a Republican majority.

The Civil Governor of Madrid has resigned.

West Virginia Counterfeiters.

WHEELING, W. Va., March 6.—John G. Webb and Madison Bever, who have been flooding the State with counterfeit coins, have been captured by the Federal authorities. Their factory is at Belleville, near Parkersburg, and the officers have made a big haul of bogus coins.

Hanged Himself with His Muffler.

The body found hanging to a beam in a shed in George Thompson & Co.'s spar yard, 734 Water street, yesterday morning is supposed to be that of Andrew Thompson, a sailor, about fifty years old. He hanged himself with his muffler.

HARRISON'S WELCOME HOME.

Almost a Triumphal March Through Indianapolis Streets.

Decorated Buildings Line Crowded Thoroughfares—Weather Fine.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 6.—Indianapolis was gaily decorated to-day in honor of the return of ex-President Harrison. The day opened clear and crisp and when the morning was well on, the sun was warm, and the great crowds suffered little from traditional March weather.

The buildings along the line of march, from the Union station to the New Denison Hotel, were festooned with flags and bunting, and on many of them Gen. Harrison's pictures were displayed.

Twelve members of the Reception Committee left this city at 8 this morning to meet Gen. Harrison and accompany him back from a point this side of Richmond. The reception was participated in by a large number of organizations, which, by the order of the Grand Marshal, Gen. Fred Knefler, took positions on either side of Illinois street near the station.

Before 10 o'clock, Illinois street, from the Union Station to Washington street, a distance of three squares, was packed with people.

The train bearing Gen. Harrison and party arrived at the station at 11:30 o'clock. Carriages were in readiness, the first being for the ex-President Harrison, Gov. Matthews and Gen. Harrison's grandson, Benjamin Harrison McKee, also occupied this carriage, which was preceded by the marching clubs, the first of which was the Columbia club.

The welcome home of Gen. Harrison was as warm as was his God-speed to Washington four years ago.

As his carriage proceeded slowly up Illinois street to Washington, thence east to Pennsylvania street, the ex-President was kept busy bowing and lifting his hat to the cheering people along the way. The procession disbanded at the New Denison Hotel, and later in the afternoon Gen. Harrison was driven to his old home, 674 North Delaware street, with Mrs. McKee and family.

To-night a general reception will take place at the State House. Gen. Wallace will deliver an address on behalf of the State and A. W. Fairbanks will speak for the citizens of Indianapolis.

BOOK THIEF DOUGLAS HELD.

The Young Greek Scholar Has No Excuses to Make.

Learning has rarely been so much disgraced as by Theodore Olynthos Douglas, a young Greek scholar, who was arraigned this morning before Justice Grady in the Jefferson Market Court.

Douglas, who is twenty-five years old and was born in Athens, Greece, of an English father and a Greek mother, was charged with stealing valuable books belonging to the Astor and Columbia libraries.

He had gone to these libraries ten weeks ago highly recommended, and had enjoyed the privileges of "alcove reader," which gave him opportunities for filching which are utterly out of the reach of the ordinary frequenters of those libraries.

The technical charge against him was larceny of two books—the history of Peru and the history of the Indies—valued at $150.

The complainant against Douglas was Oscar Brierstadt, Assistant Librarian of the Astor Library. George H. Baxter, of the Columbia Library, subscribed as a witness.

Douglas refused to make any statement in court, except to say that lawyers Hart and Price had promised to defend him, but had failed to appear.

He was held for the Grand Jury in $5,000 bail.

Although Douglass refused to plead in court he admitted to Inspector McLaughlin soon after his arrest last Saturday that he had stolen over 150 books from the Astor and Columbia libraries. The books were taken to Police Headquarters from Douglas's lodging in the Alpine Flats, Thirty-third street and Broadway.

Douglass having admitted that the books did not belong to him and the librarians of the respective libraries having fully identified them, Justice Grady ordered that they be turned over to their owners.

Mrs. Mitchel, who has charge of the Alpine flats, accuses Douglas of having paid a month's rent with a bogus $100 check.

President Seth Low, of Columbia college, says that he has received information from Rome, Italy, where Douglas studied for eleven years, that the latter pursued the same criminal course there as he now stands charged with here.

Tried to Cut His Own Throat.

John Cammack, aged fifty-five years, attempted suicide this morning at his home, 61 Avenue D, by cutting his throat with a pocket-knife. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital a prisoner, where it was thought he would die.

Cammack was a longshoreman, but had been out of work for some time and had recently become depondent. He was married. His landlady found him unconscious in his room this morning, bleeding from the wounds in his throat.

CHARLES E. PEASE
OF CONNERSVILLE, IND.

Hip Disease

A Boy's Terrible Experience

GIVEN UP BY PHYSICIANS CONSIDERED A CONFIRMED CRIPPLE.

"For the benefit of other sufferers we state the case of our boy, who was taken with hip disease five years ago, when three years old. The trouble began with stiffness and severe pain in his knee, which suddenly went to his hip. The doctor pronounced it a genuine case of hip disease, and said if he lived he would

ALWAYS BE A CRIPPLE.

Imagine our feelings! Charlie was entirely helpless. When we went to his bed to move or turn him for rest, he would scream just as though we were murdering him. After two months I happened to read of a similar case cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is hardly necessary to say that I pulled for a drug store and got a bottle. This was in April. We gave it to our boy, and in June several pieces on his hip gathered and broke. When he had taken a bottle and a half of the Sarsaparilla we saw that his cure set in.

HEALTH WAS IMPROVING.

His color was better. In fact he was better in every way. The sores entirely healed up. We got him crutches and he walked with them for nearly two years. He grew stronger, and now for two years has had no sores, and has not used a crutch for over a year. He limps a little, but is

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

in the best of health, goes to school, runs and plays just as lively as any of the boys; he walks over half a mile to Sunday-school and return every sunday.

"My wife and I think there never was such a medicine made as Hood's Sarsaparilla." Isaac W. Pease, Connersville, Ind.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25c.

"MANNY" NOT THEIR FRIEND.

Waiters with Razors Hastened His Homeward Journey.

He Promised Seventy-five Velvet Coats in Washington.

One of the familiar figures in the phalanx of Tammanyites who went to Washington to attend the Inauguration was E. M. Friend, of the law firm of Friend & House. Mr. Friend had intended to remain in the capital city until to-day, but owing to a peculiar chain of circumstances in which the majesty and supreme dignity of Richard Walter Barrows as the leading features, he felt a sudden inclination to return sooner.

Mr. Friend is congratulating when he forms the "five feet four inches of his perpendicularity" to-day and stroking his neck with a feeling akin to joy at the luck in having his head in it when it belongs. When Mr. Friend got to Washington he at once fell in with Chas. Keenan, the Tammany leader of the Sixth District. They registered at the Arlington. With others of the Tammany host, they found it exceedingly difficult to engage the attention of a colored waiter long enough to convince him they were hungry.

The most persuasive argument was a greenback, but at that the pull soon tired, and sought relief in the devious and uncertain practice of trickery.

"Manny," as Mr. Friend is popularly known, had heard of the adage that a colored man would go a thousand miles for a velvet coat, and he proposed to test the truth of it.

Concluding a restaurant with a friend, he would call a waiter, who, on arrival, would hear a conversation something like this:

"What are you going to do with your velvet coat?"

"Oh, I don't know. It's too small for me. Guess I'll give it away."

"Well, what's the matter with this boy? He's just about fit him."

The effect, as a rule, was magical. The waiter was all attention, and his liberality was most remarkable, as evidenced by the proportions of the order.

Reaching his, Mr. Friend would give the waiter an order on "Pat Keenan, the Arlington," for a velvet coat.

The scheme worked admirably until Saturday noon, when Mr. Keenan was waited upon by no less than seventy-five colored waiters, all armed with orders for velvet coats.

When Mr. Keenan explained the situation there were seventy-five wild waiters hunting for "de little chump what gave us the short end of a straight steer," and consequently Mr. Friend found it convenient to journey homeward.

Mr. Keenan enjoyed the joke until it became too numerous, and he promises to reimburse by backing "Manny" settle for ten plates at Delmonico's Thursday a week.

Mr. Friend is troubled yet with visions of razors and other things, but declares it was all done in self-defense.

TWO CASES OF TYPHUS.

Both Come from Lodging-Houses on the Bowery.

The Health Board's bulletin this morning shows two new cases of typhus fever.

James A. Lynch, aged forty-three, who has been living at the lodging-house 501 Broome street, walked into New York Hospital last night with typhus.

Karl Johnson, aged forty, was yesterday found with typhus in the lodging-house 11 Bowery, where only two cases have been found.

Both were removed to North Brother Island. Johnson died this morning.

CART-DRIVERS AT WORK.

Brennan Says His Department Is All Right Now.

All the Street-Cleaning Department cart-drivers who went on strike last week have returned to work.

Commissioner Brennan said this morning that his department was in good working order again.

Broadway, Fifth avenue and the principal streets leading to ferries have been cleaned. The snow will be removed from all the streets as fast as it can be carted away.

ELOPERS ON THE SERVIA.

Col. Weber Will Detain the Loving German Couple.

Col. Weber, Commissioner of Immigration, has a cablegram asking him to stop an eloping couple of Germans coming to this portion on the steamship Servia.

The cablegram stated that a pretty German woman left her husband and ran away with another man. They were traced to England and it was there discovered that they had embarked for New York.

The elopers will be detained when they reach Ellis Island.

La Bretagne's Perilous Voyage.

The French line steamship La Bretagne reached this port to-day after one of the most tempestuous trips in the experience of her officers. She left Havre Feb. 15 and encountered a succession of west erly and northwesterly gales and high seas. Feb. 27 the barometer registered 27.47 inches. One of her cabin passengers was injured by being thrown violently to the deck.

Seeking to Enjoin F. W. Devoe & Co.

Judge Ingraham, in Supreme Court Chambers, to-day heard argument on a motion for an injunction to compel F. W. Devoe & Co. to allow the Insulated Fireproof and Waterproof Paint Company to examine their books for the purpose of permitting the latter to ascertain the names of the customers to whom Devoe & Co. as agents for the Paint Company, sold its paints.

Readdys' Cakewalk and Ball.

The third annual ball and cakewalk of the Readdy Association will be held this evening at the Excelsior Assembly Rooms, Seventh avenue and Twenty-sixth street.

Tiger Democratic Club's Ball.

The Tiger Democratic Club's annual ball will take place at Central Opera-House Tuesday evening April 4. All the prominent Tammanyites in upper districts will attend.

Purveyors, By Appointment to her Majesty Queen of the American Home, THE HOUSEWIFE.

Heckers'

Manufacturers of

Heckers' Farina,
Heckers' Hominy,
Heckers' Oatmeal,
Heckers' Wheaten Grits,
Heckers' Superlative Flour,
Heckers' Self-Raising Flour,
Heckers' Self-Raising Buckwheat,
Heckers' Self-Raising Brown-Bread,
Heckers' Self-Raising Yellow Corn Flour,
Heckers' Self-Raising Griddle Cake Flour.

BIG SLUMP IN TRUSTS

American Sugar Leads the List with a Decline of Several Points.

Talk of a Union of Boston and Maine with the Consolidated.

Gold Exports Resumed and Money Loans at 30 Per Cent.

WALL STREET, Monday, March 6.—Aside the only feature of Wall Street operations this morning was the weakness of the Trust stocks. President Cleveland's emphatic declarations against a continuance of these monopolies occasioned a very marked feeling on the securities, and some movement of holdings came out. American Sugar declined 4 to 122½, National Lead 2 to 38, National Carbon 2½ to 90½, National Lead preferred 1½ to 97½ and Colorado Coal 1½ to 65½.

The general market showed a disposition to improve, but the rise was brought to a sudden halt by the drop in the Trusts. The trading was not particularly active. Early rumors from London reported the market there for American firm and higher, and this contributed to a firm opening. There is a general feeling of confidence that the new Administration will deal promptly with the financial problem and that it will do all the good in its power to prevent possibility to the finances of the country.

The sum of $2,500,000 gold has been engaged for shipment to Europe to-morrow, by the steamship Aller. Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. will ship $1,500,000 and Lazard Freres $1,000,000.

Reports are again in circulation to the effect that the New York and Northern is about to pass into the control of the New York Central. It is admitted that negotiations are in progress looking to that end, but it is intimated that they may not be concluded for some time.

The total westbound shipments by the railroads from Chicago last week were 81,942 tons, against 90,522 tons for the corresponding period last year.

A Chicago special says that Swift & Co. have decided to go into the cottonseed oil manufacturing business, and have taken out a license to incorporate the Consumers' Cotton-Seed Oil Company. Swift & Co. also called a meeting of stockholders to increase the capital stock of that Company to fifteen millions.

The bears continued in control of the stock market, owing to the renewal of gold exports and the flurry in money. At an early hour the rate for call loans got up to 50 per cent., and borrowers had to scurry around lively to get accommodations. The heavy withdrawal of money from the West and South, together with the gold shipments, have placed the market temporarily in the control of lenders, and there is a disposition among the latter to apply the screws.

After lending at 30, money was offered at 15 per cent., and an easier feeling prevailed.

Exchange was demoralized by the high interest rates. The bankers reduced their posted quotations twice, the last time to 486 and 488, and actual business was at considerably lower figures, say 485 for long and 487 for demand sterling.

The stock market continued weak until after midday, when a rally of 1-4 to 1 per cent. ensued on the easing up of the rates for money. Reading and New England were both active on reports that certain English and American holders of the former had secured the co-operation of a prominent banking firm to force an investigation into the affairs of the McLeod management.

All sorts of rumors are flying about concerning the Sugar dividend. In some quarters it is asserted that 2 per cent. will be declared for the quarter, and the payment an extra dividend of 10 per cent. ordered at the same time. Others, who claim to know, say that the Company intends to pay 10 per cent. extra during the current year, but will give out 2½ per cent. each quarter, instead of paying it in a lump.

It looks as if the affairs of the New York & New Haven Company, which has the backing of some of the best-known bankers and wealthiest capitalists in the country, will dabble up the Boston & Maine and control the entire New England railroad system. It appears that efforts are being made to bring about an arrangement between the New Haven and Boston & Maine Committees will meet to-day.

The net gold in the Treasury is $84,066,000, the lowest point yet reached.

Engagements to-day included 100,000 ounces of silver by Mackay for shipment on the Aller to-morrow and 100,000 ounces on the Teutonic Wednesday were announced to-day.

The stock market was heavy in tone throughout the afternoon. Some operators were influenced by Chicago dispatches that a strike of Western Union employees is sure to take place, and sold out. The dealings, however, were not large, by any means.

Posted rates of sterling exchange were down to 486 and 488. The activity in money was chiefly responsible for the further decline. Bonds lost ¼ this afternoon from 30 to 50 per cent. Call loans were at 50 per cent., 30 having been freely bid. The brokers found it more difficult to secure accommodations than for some time, except on approved collaterals.

Nostrand, Colgate & Co. and Ladenburg, Thalman & Co. will ship $1,250 ounces of silver by Wednesday's Havre. Handy & Harman will ship 50,000 ounces of silver per Ss. Aller, and 50,000 ounces silver per Ss. Teutonic. Zimmerman & Forshay will ship 25,000 ounces of silver and 50,000 Mexican dollars by the Aller.

The Treasury Department received offers of 877,000 ounces of silver, and purchased 400,000 ounces, at 85½ and 85¾.

The sales of stocks were 271,855 shares, of which 50,700 was Sugar and 7,000 Lead, 25,000 ounces of silver and 10,000 barrels of Pennsylvania oil were traded in.

Mining Stocks.

The following are the closing quotations of mining stocks at the Consolidated Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Amentas	.01	.05	Homestake	11.00	
Dial	.01	.05	Horn Silver	3.50	3.90
Alice	.80	.85	Iron Silver	.35	—
Adamantine	.10	—	Iron Hill	.10	—
Aspen M. & M.	1.00	—	Kingstonian	—	—
Best & Belcher	1.45	—	Last Chance	.03	.06
Bodie	.01	.02	Leadville	.14	—
Barcelona	.05	.10	Little Pittsburg	.01	—
Bonanza	.03	.10	Mexican	1.30	—
Brunswick	.05	.07	Mountain	.01	—
Belmont	.15	.35	Mono	.01	—
Catalonia	—	.10	Mount Cyrus	.02	—
C. K. & N.	.50	—	Navajo	.10	—
Chollar	.40	—	Ontario	35.00	—
Crown Point	.10	—	Ophir	1.00	—
Crown Point Cons.	.15	—	Q. A. Miller	—	.08
Celtic	—	1.00	Plymouth	.25	1.25
Colorado	—	—	Phoenix Ariz.	.07	—
Con. Cal. & Va.	2.15	—	Phoenix Ariz.	.10	—
Crown King	—	—	Robinson Con.	—	.50
Deadwood	.11	.14	Savage	.75	—
Bonds	15.00	—	Sierra Nev.	1.05	—
Scrip	1.00	—	Standard	1.40	—
Dunkin	.01	—	Stormont	—	.04
Deadwood Terra	1.00	—	Sacramento	—	.10
Eureka Con.	.03	—	Silver Star	—	—
Florence & Cedar Point	.01	—	Sun Beam	—	1.10
Gould & Curry	.70	—	Utah Hop's	.75	—
Hale & Norcross	1.00	—	Sacramento	—	.01
			Tom Tough	—	.01
			Union Con.	—	.50
			Wonder	.15	.25
			Yellow Jacket	.10	—

Auditor on Charge Discharged.

Joseph Rosenberg, of 948 Ninth street was discharged today in Essex Market court, where he was arraigned on the charge of absenting from his job in the Custom House. He married the girl yesterday, after he had been arrested on the complaint of her sister, Mrs. Ida Green, who found despite living with Rosenberg without the formality of marriage.

Woman Beggar Gets Three Months.

Catherine Fritzi, a female tramp, was sent to the Island for three months by Justice Tainter, in the Essex Market Police Court to-day, for begging on East Fourth street.

THE ATLANTIC AVENUE TRACKS.

Corbin Threatens to Move the Long Island's Terminal to East New York.

There was a conference at Mayor Boody's office to-day in reference to depressing the Long Island Railroad tracks on Atlantic avenue.

Mr. Corbin, for the Long Island Railroad Company, offered to bear the expense of depressing the tracks, provided the Atlantic Avenue Railroad would do the same.

President Martin said that the Company would not bear the expense.

Mr. Corbin had the plans of his tunnel scheme with him, and wanted a delay of two months until he should determine positively what should be done in regard to it. This was refused, and the Committee adjourned until next Wednesday, although it is the committee's intention to draft a bill to present to the Legislature.

Mr. Corbin said that if no satisfactory conclusion could be arrived at the Long Island Railroad Company would remove its terminal facilities from Flatbush avenue to East New York.

The following gentlemen were present: Mayor Boody, Corporation Counsel Jenks, representing the city, and Austin Corbin and Lawyer Kelly, representing the Long Island Railroad Company, President Norton and Lawyer Beardsley, representing the Atlantic Avenue Railroad, and Eugene L. Blackford, Henry Hawes and Capt. Hayes, representing the citizens.

HELP FOR THE BERNSTEINS.

Their Four Children Were Suffocated in the Henry Street Fire.

William Solomon, of 241 Henry street, subscribed and collected among his friends $200 for Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Bernstein, whose four children were suffocated in the fire that destroyed their home at 184 Henry street last Friday.

Mr. Solomon's list is as follows: William Solomon, $10; Louis Wolf, $25; Hippman Silverman, $10; David Steckler, $10; Stoppelmann, $5; J. Jacobs, $2; A. V., $2; Wertheim's collection, $7.75; M. Phillips, $2.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernstein are now being cared for by friends at 40 Park street. Their children were buried at Bayside, L. I., yesterday. Mr. Solomon and his friends hope to get sufficient funds for them to open a little store, so that their minds may be occupied during the disability that now threatens them to be wrecked off.

CHICAGO TO INVITE TALMAGE.

He Will Be Asked to Preach in the Windy City During the Fair.

CHICAGO, March 6.—A report is in circulation here to-day that an invitation will probably soon be extended to Rev. T. De Witt Talmage to give his sermons in the Auditorium here during the World's Fair.

While his own congregation in Brooklyn would undoubtedly oppose a permanent removal of their pastor to this city it would, most probably, be thought, in view of the extraordinary requirements of Chicago during the ensuing six months and the greatly popular opportunities for influence it would give Dr. Talmage, permit him to remember time.

FIGHT FOR A LOTTERY PRIZE.

Mrs. Collins's Suit for $7,500 Thrown Out of Court.

Justice Beach in Supreme Court, to-day dismissed the suit of Mrs. Margaret Collins against Keele, Wertheim & Schiffer, to recover $7,500, one-half of the winnings of a lottery ticket, in the drawing of August, 1891.

Mrs. Collins and her sister, Mrs. Nellie Luger, subscribed 50 cents each for the ticket. Mrs. Luger's husband collected her $7,500 and went into business with it. Mrs. Collins demanded her share. The defendants admitted they had the money, but declined to give it up, as both sisters claimed it, and they didn't know to whom it belonged. The matter will the Court and not enforce lottery contracts.

The Quotations.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Tob.	101	101	101	101
American Sugar	122	122	118	118½
American Sugar Ref. pref.	97½	97½	97½	97½
American Cotton Oil	44	44	44	44
American Cotton Oil pref.	84½	84½	84½	84½
American Dairy	5	5	5	5
Alton & Terre Haute	35	35	35	35
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe	37½	37½	37½	37½
Batavia & Oil Co.	50	54	50	50
Canadian Pacific	75½	75½	75½	75½
Canada Southern	57½	57½	57½	57½
Central Pacific	34	34	34	34
Chesapeake & Ohio	20½	20½	20½	20½
Chicago Gas	70½	70½	70½	70½
C., B. & Quincy	97½	97½	97½	97½
Chicago & Northwest	110	110	110	110
Chic. & Northwest, pref.	140	140	140	140
Chic., Mil. & St. Paul	76½	77½	76½	76½
Chic., Burl. & Quincy	122½	122½	122½	122½
Chic., Rock Isl. & Pac.	84	84	84	84
Chic. & Eastern Ill.	75	75	75	75
Clev., C., C. & St. L.	50½	50½	50½	50½
Col. & Hock. Coal & Iron	20½	20½	20½	20½
Col. & Hock. Valley	20½	20½	20½	20½
Col. & Hock. Coal pref.	75	75	75	75
Consolidated Gas	143½	143½	143½	143½
Del., Lack. & West.	145	145½	144½	145½
Delaware & Hudson	127	127	126½	126½
Denver & Rio Grande	15	15½	15	15½
Erie	27½	27½	27	27½
Evansville & Terre Haute	47	47	47	47
Flint & Pere Marquette	16½	16½	16½	16½
Green Bay & Winona	11	11	11	11
Illinois Central	97½	97½	97½	97½
Lacledes Gas	12	12	12	12
Lake Shore	126½	126½	125	125
Lake Erie & Western	27	27	26½	26½
Long Island	74½	74½	74½	74½
Louisville & Nash.	74½	74½	74½	74½
Louis., N. Alb. & Chic.	34	34	34	34
Manhattan Consol.	134	134½	133½	133½
Mich. Central	101½	101½	101½	101½
Missouri Pacific	37½	37½	37½	37½
Mobile & Ohio	26	26	26	26
Nashville & Chattanooga	90	90	90	90
Nat. Cord. Co.	61½	61½	61½	61½
Nat. Lead Co.	116½	116½	116½	116½
Nat. Lead Co. pref.	97½	97½	97½	97½
Nat. Linseed Oil	36½	36½	36½	36½
New York Gas	143	143	143	143
New Jersey Central	119	119	118	118
New Haven & Hartford	250	250	250	250
N. Y. & Northern pref.	17½	17½	17½	17½
N. Y. & New Haven	193½	193½	193	193
N. Y., Lake Erie & W.	14½	14½	14½	14½
N. Y., L. E. & W. pref.	27½	27½	27½	27½
N. Y., Susq. & West.	17½	17½	17½	17½
N. Y., Susq. & West. pref.	17½	17½	17½	17½
Norfolk & West. pref.	22½	22½	22½	22½
Northern Pacific	13½	13½	13½	13½
Northern Pacific pref.	50	50	50	50
North American	5½	5½	5½	5½
Ontario & West	17½	17½	17½	17½
Or. Sh. & R. Nav. & Ore.	75	75	75	75
Pacific Express	120	120	120	120
Phila. & Reading	9½	9½	9½	9½
Pullman Palace Cars	195	195	195	195
Rich. & West Point Ter.	20½	20½	20½	20½
Rich. & Danville	80	80	80	80
St. Louis & San Fran.	11½	11½	11½	11½
St. L., Southwestern pref.	32½	32½	32½	32½
Southern Pacific	29½	29½	29½	29½
Southern Railway	9½	9½	9½	9½
Texas Pacific	7½	7½	7½	7½
Union Pacific	43½	43½	43½	43½
Wabash	14½	14½	14½	14½
Wabash pref.	31½	31½	31½	31½
West Shore	120	120	120	120
Wheeling & Lake Erie	17½	17½	16½	16½
Wheeling & Lake Erie pref.	60	60	60	60

TWO RACE TRACKS ARE FIXED.

Passage of the Repealers Will Be Permitted at Trenton.

Guttenburg and Gloucester Licenses, It Is Believed, Will Hold.

TRENTON, N. J., March 6.—To-night and to-morrow will witness some lively contests in the Legislature, between the race track men and the Law and Order League people. Petitions which would, if strung together, reach several miles, have been signed all over the State, and they will be presented to the Legislature to-night.

To-morrow the committee appointed at the indignation mass-meeting held here last Wednesday will appear in the Assembly. With them will come one thousand interested racetrack people, and these will demand to be heard, whether they are invited or not.

Just what the legislators think of these petitions is not known, as they adjourned before the mass-meetings became so demonstrative. One member, Assemblyman Lance, of Lambertville, has expressed a change of heart, but considering some of the others nothing is known. They have now been at home nearly a week, and the constituents of some of the Senators and Assemblymen have been hounding them night and day.

Senators McAlpin, of Sussex, and Miller, of Cape May, have had things hot, decided implements for them, and it is said that they are wavering. While Senator Terhune, of Morris county, who promised during his campaign to vote against any such bills, and Senator Stokes, of Cumberland, who introduced the measures in the Senate, will move to refer the Committee from further consideration of the bills to-night, and it is thought he will be successful.

The question most generally asked is whether the Legislature will run away for good, or stay and face the music. There is said to be too much unfinished business on the calendar for the sake to fall on since the adjournment this week. Many of the members would positively refuse to go home, because they have not secured the particular legislation for which they were sent to Trenton.

So far only fifty laws have been enacted and are on file in the office of the Secretary of State.

Rumor comes from Camden that "Pitch" Thompson is willing to let the Lame repealers come out of the Committee and have a clear passage. Gloucester and Guttenburg are fixed. They have been licensed for five years, and even if the repealers go through they will not take away their licenses. Their licenses hold good until the expiration of the time granted in the license.

It is said that Thompson is willing to do this for its political effect. It is thought he some that the counsel for the Racetrack people understood this, and that they will be prepared to go through with the Gloucester and other race tracks moving so rapidly to secure their licenses. The others can, however, fix themselves before the repealers are passed.

It is probable that Mr. Lane, of Union, will have a clear vote in the Assembly to-night to learn the strength of the racetrack people.

FAYERWEATHER WILL CASE.

Motion to Strike It from the Calendar Argued in Special Term.

The Fayerweather will case came up again to-day before Justice Patterson in the Supreme Court Special Term on a motion by the executors of the will of Mrs. Fayerweather to strike the case from the calendar until some of the issues should be tried, when a motion would be made to have the case tried by jury.

Col. James and William Blakie appeared for the motion, which was opposed by John E. Burgess, ex-Judge Arnoux, Charles E. Miller, Evarts, Choate & Beaman and others for the defendants on the ground that it was different from the pleadings and claiming that the plaintiffs had had plenty of time to prepare their case for trial.

The executors of Mrs. Fayerweather are suing the executors of Mr. Fayerweather to have the settlement of the will contested set aside on the ground of undue influence. Only twenty-five of the fifty-two defendants have answered the complaint.

Woman Killed in a Collision.

ST. PAUL, March 6.—At Bellingham, Minn., yesterday, a mixed train was standing at the station when a freight train crashed into it. The mail and passenger coaches were telescoped, and the cars were soon destroyed by fire. Mrs. Fernand, of Bellingham, was crushed to death.

Mrs. Steinway's Funeral.

The funeral of the late Mrs. William Steinway took place to-day at noon from the family residence, 9 Gramercy Park. Rev. Dr. Gresser conducted the funeral services at the house, after which a large number of friends followed the body to Greenwood Cemetery. The