straining their eyes to pierce the haze that settled upon the inner harbor in the effort to get a view of the quaint specimens of marine architecture of a bygone age as presented in the caravels.

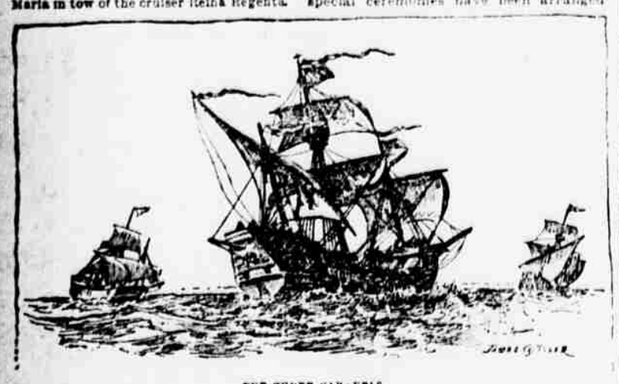
At 10.30 o'clock the low, rakish hull of the Spanish cruiser Infanta Isabella came into view, and presently there loomed up fifty feet in her rear at the end of a stout hawser the squatty-looking Pinta.

As the Infanta Isabella and her ancient tow passed Governor's Island she boomed out a resonant salute that danced along the churning waters to the Battery wall and reverberated and dissipated itself in the busy whirl of lower Broadway.

The Pinta sped by the Battery at 10.40, and was cutting a wide swath in the North River a few minutes later.

Trailing along a half mile behind came the cruiser Nueva Espana, towing the caravel Nina, which looked for all the world like a thing of papier mache often seen in theatrical productions and known as "property boats."

As far in the rear again was the largest of the prototypes of ancient craft, the Santa Maria in tow of the cruiser Reina Regenta.



THE THREE CARAVELS.

(After James G. Tyler's masterpiece, "The Dawn of the New World.")

As each of the Spanish men-of-war sped by Governor's Island their ten and twelve pounders belched out thunderously respectful salutes, and they were intermittently continued as the caravels rode along to their anchorage in the North River.

The roofs of all the tall buildings commanding a view of the river were crowded with sightseers, and the dome and upper floors of the Pulitzer Building offered surpassing coigns of vantage from which to watch the uncommon spectacle. The wharves along both sides of the water front were likewise crowded with people.

The Dolphin escorted the Reina Regenta up the river.

As soon as they reached the positions assigned them they came to anchor.

The United States school ship Enterprise, stationed at Boston, reached the North River yesterday afternoon and proceeded to an anchorage off West Ninety-fifth street. The Enterprise marks the upper end of the river fleet line.

Description of the Caravels.

The chief of the three caravels, the Santa Maria is 75 feet long, 25 feet beam, has a depth of 13 feet 8 inches amidships, and weighs 127.57 tons. That is a good deal less than the tonnage of many pleasure yachts that cruise about in New York Bay. Her hull is short, wide, and very high as compared with the ships of to-day.

The ends have considerable overhang, being sufficiently broad to have large displacement, thus enabling them to bear the great weight of the castles. The castles, in fact, look as though they made up the greater part of the 127.57 tons. The sides of the boat have quite a bulge. The gunwale is high, broad and thick.

The stern is entirely flat, in the shape of a shield, with a large hole called the helm port above the transom, through which the tiller passes. The rudder is a broad blade, like the rudder now used on the city's mud scows. The boat has only one deck, and she has little appearance of comfort. Her rigging consists of three masts—main, fore and mizzen. She is painted black, with white trimmings. Altogether, there is nothing that ever floated in New York harbor to compare with her.

The Pinta and the Nina are smaller than the Santa Maria, but are of the same pattern. The Pinta is 52 feet long on her keel, 65 feet long on her main deck and has 23 feet breadth of beam.

The Nina is 46 feet long on her keel, 50 feet long on her main deck and has 18 feet breadth of beam. The three boats will be objects of almost as much wonder to New Yorkers to-day as the originals were to the native American Indians four hundred years ago.

SPANIARDS GIVE WELCOME.

The Consul-General and a Party Go Down the Bay.

About thirty prominent New York Spaniards went down the bay on the tugboat E. S. Atwood this morning, to welcome their countrymen in port and have an opportunity to examine the Spanish caravels.

In the party were the Spanish Consul-General, Arturo Baldasano, and his secretary. Others on board the tugboat were:

R. Florez, J. Llera, M. Janer, E. Castillo, Jose Vega, F. Coma, C. Vigil, J. Mendez, J. Sabater, J. F. Ramirez, Capt. Alemany, F. Valero, J. M. Ceballos & Co., J. de Barril, J. Vidal, and William B. Remlap.

The steamer Blackbird will take representatives from the Spanish societies down the bay to-morrow. The officials of the Brooklyn Navy Yard will also go down the bay on board a Navy-Yard tug.

THE THREE GALA DAYS.

Programme of the Festivities Which Begin To-Morrow.

Everything is now in readiness for the naval review, and the festivities will be inaugurated in earnest to-morrow morning.

The international fleet of war-vessels will leave the anchorage in the lower bay at 9 A. M. to-morrow, and proceed slowly in double column to the review position in the North River, above Thirty-fourth street.

The sight will be an imposing one, and to many it will no doubt be the most interesting feature of the entire celebration, for it will be the only opportunity that will be afforded of seeing the entire fleet of warships in motion.

While the ships are passing up the river, the ceremonies of the unveiling of the statue of John Ericsson will be in progress at Battery Park. These will begin at 9.30 A. M., so that just as the statue is unveiled the monitor Miantonomoh will be opposite Castle Garden and will fire a salute from one of her big guns.

Upon arriving at the review position, the ships will drop anchor, and for the remainder of the day the usual naval discipline will prevail.

There will be no visiting aboard ship to-morrow. At 9 in the evening the officers of the war vessels will be entertained at the Union League Club.

President Cleveland and his party are expected to arrive from Washington at 5 P. M. The President will be escorted to the Victoria Hotel, where he will remain during his stay in town. Mrs. Cleveland is expected to accompany him.

Thursday will be a busy day. At 8 o'clock the vessels of the naval fleet will all be dressed with flags and bunting, and the river will present a gala scene. Hundreds of tugs, yachts and excursion boats with big loads of sight-seers and colors all a-flying, will be out early to secure the best positions from which to watch the review.

At 9 o'clock the patrol boats will close the river at the north and south ends of the column and form a cordon around the fleet. President Cleveland and his Cabinet officers, with a few invited guests, will board the Dolphin at the foot of Twenty-fourth street at 10 A. M. and then the fun will begin.

As the reviewing vessel passes up between the double line of warships their big guns will belch forth fire and smoke in National salutes, and there will be an uproar and concussion the like of which New York has never before heard.

As soon as the Dolphin has completed the course the President will receive the commanders of the squadron on board, and then go ashore, when the whole fleet will fire simultaneously the National salute of twenty-one guns.

After that the patrol boats will withdraw and the excursion boats will circle about the fleet, so that the people will have a chance to inspect at close range every one of the big vessels.

At the Hotel Waldorf there will be a dinner at 8 P. M. given in honor of Gen. Grant's birthday, at which many of the officers of the fleet will be present.

The big hall at Madison Square Garden will open at 8 P. M. It is estimated that the attendance will be 5,000 to 10,000. The amphitheatre will be handsomely decorated for the occasion, and special ceremonies have been arranged for the reception of the President and other distinguished guests, including the Duke de Veragua, foreign ambassadors, the various admirals and State and local officials. The American and foreign naval officers will attend in full uniform.

On Friday the great feature of the day will be the land parade of the sailors and marines from the fleet, who will be escorted by the New York and Massachusetts naval reserves and the First Brigade of the National Guard under Gen. Louis Fitzgerald.

The sailors and marines will land at Forty-second street, where the column will form, and the line of march will be from the ferry through Forty-second street to Fifth avenue, then down to Fourteenth street, to Broadway and thence to the City Hall, where the procession will be reviewed by the Mayor and the commanding officers of the fleet.

At 2 P. M. the Mayor and the Committee of One Hundred will give a formal reception to the commanders of squadrons and vessels at the City Hall.

The under officers of the fleet will be entertained by the Committee of One Hundred at luncheon at 3.30 P. M. at the Hotel Waldorf, and at 8 P. M. the Chamber of Commerce will give a grand banquet to the commanding officers at the same place.

President Cleveland will start for Chicago at noon on Friday by special train, and at 6 P. M. the Duke de Veragua and his suite will also start for the West.

FOREST FIRES UNDER CONTROL.

Port Republic Homes Destroyed by Last Night's Flames.

EGG HARBOR CITY, N. J., April 25.—The two forest fires which were burning in the heavy pine timber in Galloway Township last night, one near Port Republic, and the other near Pomona and Germania, are now under control. A heavy rain fell during the night and is now falling. All danger is past and no further damage is reported.

The fire near Port Republic destroyed the homes of John Anderson, Enoch Paneoast, William Smallwood, together with all of the outbuildings on the Moss Mill Road. It burned up several acres of cedar and pine timber owned by Capt. E. A. French, Adolph Johnson, Peter Bisley, ex-Sheriff Collins and Johnson Brothers, of Chestnut Neck. The loss is variously estimated from $20,000 to $50,000.

Profoundly Grateful

FOR HELP DERIVED FROM HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA.

Symptoms of Cancer Removed—Rheumatism Cured.

"Chicago, Ill., Feb. 27, 1893.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

"Dear Sirs: I am profoundly impressed with the medical virtues of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was threatened with cancer, and disagreeable eruptions on my back and other places. The cancer was appearing on my lip. Providentially I obtained a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and by the time it was gone the bad symptoms had nearly all disappeared. I have used four bottles, and I believe it has

Saved Me From Premature Death.

I am now almost 73 years of age, and I work like a tiger. And I know that Hood's Sarsaparilla has had much to do with my vigor and strength. I recommended it to my wife, who had suffered so much with rheumatic troubles, as also with female weakness. In two years she has used about three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to-day, and for the last six months, she seems like a new being. We are

Hearty and Robust

as the young people who live with us. We do want the afflicted to know what Hood's Sarsaparilla has has done for us, and I feel it a duty to let people know in this way of the help obtained. With grateful acknowledgment to C. I. Hood & Co." REV. O. H. POWER, 2924 Hanover st., Chicago, Ill.

HOOD'S SARSAPARILLA CURES

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, cure headache. 25c.

HEARING FOR HARRIS.

Commissioner Raines Taking Testimony in the City Court.

Effort to Establish that Helen Potts Was a Morphine Eater.

Gov. Flower Said to Have Decided Already to Extend Clemency.

The work of taking testimony for the purpose of determining whether Carlyle W. Harris, the condemned wife-poisoner, is entitled to Executive clemency on the application made by his counsel, William F. Howe, was begun this morning in Part III. of the City Court by ex-Senator George Raines, of Rochester, who was appointed a special commissioner by Gov. Flower for the purpose.

Commissioner Raines reached this city from his home in Rochester last night and had a two-hours' conference with District-Attorney Nicoll and Lawyer Howe in the Hoffman House.

The nature of the testimony and the number of witnesses whom Mr. Howe intended to call in support of the affidavits forming the basis of his application for Executive clemency for his client, namely important newly discovered evidence, were then disclosed and it was decided to begin the rehearing, which is almost equivalent to a new trial, without fail this morning.

District-Attorney Nicoll said that he would have a representative at the examination, and would in all probability call several witnesses in rebuttal.

Lawyer Howe was at his office early this morning and had a consultation with Mrs. Harris, the mother of the condemned youth, and the order of calling the witnesses was determined upon.

Although it could not be definitely learned who the witnesses for Harris would be, it is known that there will be at least thirty, but the task of supplying the evidence that Helen Potts Harris was addicted to the morphine habit will devolve on three witnesses.

With the cross-examination of these witnesses, in addition to those to be called by the District-Attorney, it is not believed that the examination will be concluded before the end of the week.

The appointment by Gov. Flower of a special commissioner to hear the new testimony in the case is construed by many as an indication that he is much inclined to commute the sentence of the wife-murderer.

This impression is somewhat intensified by a dispatch from Albany this morning which declares that the Governor has virtually decided to extend the applied-for clemency, and that he has already communicated that decision to Mrs. Harris.

Aside from the voluminous petitions that have been received by him for clemency, the Governor is said to have based his decision, if indeed on general principles, which, if true, may largely contribute to a favorable decision in the case.

The hour fixed for the hearing was 11 o'clock, and by that time about twenty-five spectators, exclusively men, were in the court-room. Lawyer Howe arrived promptly, but three witnesses and Assistant District-Attorney Battle with a handful of specially prepared subpœnas bearing the great seal of the State, and stenographic board, of the several sessions, had preceded him by a few minutes.

At 11.10 Assistant District-Attorney Wellman, who is to cross-examine the witnesses for the people, came into court.

Commissioner Raines arrived at 11.15 o'clock accompanied by Private Secretary Myer, of the District-Attorney's office.

After the usual exchange of greetings by counsel Assistant District-Attorney Wellman raised the question of excluding the witnesses from the room. Mr. Howe made no objection and three witnesses, two of whom were women, were excluded from the room.

Mrs. Annie B. Carman, an elderly lady with spectacles, was allowed to remain. She was the first witness for Mr. Howe, and her testimony was calculated to be of a sensational character.

Mrs. Carman said that her home was in Ocean Grove, N. J., and that she lived there in the Summer of 1889, directly opposite the cottage occupied by Mrs. Harris.

During June and July of that year she said Mrs. Potts and Helen were walking with Carlyle. Helen Potts was frequently in Mrs. Carman's house, as she was a schoolmate of her daughter.

"Did you ever see Carl Hayman?" asked Mr. Howe.

Mr. Wellman entered his first objection to bringing in Carl Hayman, on the ground that there was much said about that person, but he had never materialized.

Mr. Howe said it was necessary to bring out the fact of this person's presence at Ocean Beach in 1889.

This was further necessary because Mrs. Potts, according to friends, had stated that Hayman had been at Ocean Beach at that time.

Furthermore, Mr. Howe declared that Mrs. Potts on one occasion had remarked that she had her doubts about Helen killing herself.

Commissioner Raines was inclined to consider the question proper, despite Mr. Wellman's objections on the ground of illegal and immaterial evidence.

The Commissioner further explained that the scope of his duties in the matter enabled him to transcend the rules of evidence. The question was allowed, and Mrs. Carman told of a conversation she had with Mrs. Potts in April, 1892.

Mrs. Potts called on her one day and, in speaking of Carlyle's conviction, said that while she was glad the trial was ended she hoped he would not be convicted, as she had doubts of the young man's guilt. It would drive her crazy if he were executed, as she was in doubt whether her daughter had killed herself.

Mrs. Carman knew Dr. Hugh S. Kinmouth, of Asbury Park, and as far as she was aware he had a good reputation.

Mr. Wellman was unable to shake her testimony regarding either the conversation or her acquaintance with Dr. Kinmouth, whose character was attacked by the District-Attorney at the previous hearing.

Miss Grace Carman, a daughter of the witness, swore that she was intimately acquainted with Mary Helen Potts, had gone to school with her in Ocean Grove and was in the same class.

During July and August, 1889, she frequently saw Carlyle and Helen together at Asbury Park.

One day during April she called on Mrs. Potts and then the latter said: "Grace, I think Harris executed a shameless mind, as I have always been in doubt as to whether Mary killed herself."

Miss Carman told Mr. Wellman that as far as she knew Helen never took morphine. It was true that they both were very intimate, but after being at Asbury Park to go to the Comstock Boarding School the intimacy wore off. At the public school in Asbury Park the witness said in public was studied with other branches of chemistry, but she was sure that Helen never took it.

Mr. Howe then handed the witness a small photograph, which she said was "nearly a picture of Helen," and she stepped down.

Recess was then taken until 2 o'clock.

SHOT AT HIS PURSUERS.

A Bold Thief Fails to Capture a Purse and Escapes.

The police of the Tenderloin Precinct are investigating an attempted highway robbery which occurred in Broadway near Twenty-ninth street shortly after 10 o'clock last night.

A stylishly dressed woman, accompanied by a tall, aristocratic-looking man, was passing the Sturtevant House, when a rough-looking man jumped out of the doorway, grabbed a purse the woman held in her hand and ran, pursued by the woman's companion and a crowd attracted by the disturbance. The thief fired a shot over the heads of his pursuers which checked them temporarily, during which pause he made his escape.

The woman and her companion disappeared with the purse which the thief dropped in his flight.

Pennsylvania Railroad to the Columbian Exposition.

Tickets have been placed on sale by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to the World's Columbian Exposition at Chicago. Full information as to rates, routes and conditions can be obtained upon application at any of the company's ticket offices.

LIABILITIES OVER $1,000,000.

Yates Failure Drags Down Three Big Concerns at Columbus, O.

Idaho's Governor Involved in a Financial Crash at Moscow.

COLUMBUS, O., April 25.—The big Yates failure at Rochester, N. Y., precipitated failures here with liabilities aggregating $1,000,000. The concerns that are involved are the Ohio Coal Exchange, the Crescent Coal Company and the Jacksonville Store Company, of Jacksonville, Athens County.

At the request of those interested in the two first mentioned companies receivers were appointed this morning by Judge Pugh for them, and executions for $12,000 against the Jacksonville Company were sent down upon which it will be closed.

The Coal Exchange Company had been selling a great deal of coal to Yates to supply the Northwestern trade. When the Yates failure came they had $50,000 of his paper on their hands, $50,000 of the paper of the Ontario Coal Company and $50,000 of the Lehigh and Franklin Coal Company. All are now insolvent.

The capital is $100,000, and is owned by Joseph F. Todd and A. B. Doty, of Chicago, and A. G. Mauck, of this city. Doty, Mauck and McKelvey, of Sandusky, own the stock of the Crescent Coal Company, whose name is at Jacksonville. L. E. Rankin was made receiver of the Ohio Coal Exchange and F. S. Knox receiver of the Crescent Company.

The liabilities of the Exchange Company are said to be $600,000, and those of the other company $40,000. The assets of these companies will reach, it is estimated, $400,000.

MOSCOW, Ida., April 25.—McConnell and Maguire Company, the largest mercantile house in Idaho, in which Gov. McConnell is the head, was closed by the Sheriff yesterday when attachments for about $1,000,000 were issued.

More attachments are expected to-day, which will increase the liabilities materially. The assets amount to about $80,000 in stock and a large book account. The firm was incorporated for $100,000.

A branch house known as the McConnell-Chambers Company, conducted at Pullman, Washington, made large purchases of wheat and the firm profited largely thereby. The recent depression in the wheat market, however, is said to have caused heavy losses and the firms were unable to meet their obligations.

Gov. McConnell is deeply sympathized with by his numerous friends. It is thought that the firm may pay dollar for dollar.

ITS FUNDS EXHAUSTED.

The Theatre of Arts and Letters Said to Be in a Bad Way.

It is reported that the Theatre of Arts and Letters, an organization formed for the purpose of elevating the theatrical profession and promoting the interests of dramatic art, is in financial difficulties.

The President of the Society is Henry Burden McDowell, who is said to have deposited $20,000 in the name of the organization when it was founded, and that the receipts from subscriptions for the season were at least $15,000.

The Company has given only five performances in this city, and others in Boston, Brooklyn, Bridgeport and New Haven, covering a season of about forty weeks. One of the actors, Eugene Ormonde, has threatened to bring suit for $100 due him for his services, and others are asking for their money, it is said, but have been unable to get it.

According to Mr. Ormonde, Mr. McDowell says that the funds of the organization are entirely exhausted, and that money had to be borrowed to get the company back to New York after its recent engagement in Boston. Managers Palmer and Frohman are interested in the scheme and have given substantial aid to it. Where the money has gone is a mystery, for the expenses of the organization have not been heavy, and it is said that only very bad business management could have brought matters into the present unfortunate condition.

A PREACHER'S SUICIDE FOR LOVE.

He Swallows Poison at the Door of His Quondam Fiancee.

COLUMBUS, O., April 25.—Claude Wilson, an eloquent young divine of the Methodist Episcopal Church, died last night from rat poison.

Wilson had a charge at Shawnee, where he showed a high gift of eloquence, but his eyes failed him and he had to return to his father, John Wilson, a prominent citizen.

The young man was in love with Miss Carrie Kingston, and the two were engaged. The young lady thought the wedding should be postponed until Wilson had recovered, and after a quarrel over the matter she broke the engagement.

Sunday Wilson called on her and said if she did not marry him at 10 o'clock yesterday morning he would kill himself. He put in an appearance and was ordered away by the young lady's brother Frank.

The preacher drew a revolver, but was promptly knocked down. Wilson crawled to the porch, arose, and dramatically swallowed the poison.

$102,000 Embezzler Extradited.

MOBILE, Ala., April 25.—In 1888 George A. Pearce, Secretary of the Planters and Merchants' Insurance Company, of this city, decamped $102,000 short in his accounts. The Sheriff of Mobile County recently discovered that Pearce was in business at Abilene, Tex., and was respected in business, social and religious circles. Yesterday Gov. Hogg honored the requisition and the Sheriff is on his way home with the prisoner.

Missing Man Returns Home.

GARRETSON, S. D., April 25.—Albert Gerard, who has been missing from home since Friday last, returned to his family on Richmond road last night. He claims to have been to Newark. He said he had severe pains in his head last Friday and left home. He is unable to give any account of himself.

Thieves Will Wear His Finery.

During the night thieves entered the apartments of Herman Knickson, 213 Hopkins street, Brooklyn, and stole jewelry and clothing worth $50.

Frying with lard is not at the best agreeable, often making the kitchen unpleasant and disagreeable. But all such unpleasantness has been removed wherever Cottolene has been substituted for lard. Besides this great advantage Cottolene possesses many other merits over lard. It is wholesome, agreeable and gives a piquant flavor to everything that is prepared with it. One trial is certain to result in the banishment of lard for cooking purposes. Physicians commend Cottolene. As a shortening, and for frying, it has proved far superior to lard.

Send three cents in stamps to N. K. Fairbank & Co., Chicago, for handsome Cottolene Cook Book, containing six hundred recipes, prepared by nine eminent authorities on cooking.

Cottolene is sold by all grocers.

City Office

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Produce Exchange, New York.

EDWIN BOOTH'S CONDITION.

He Passes a More Restless Night, but Is About the Same.

Arousing Himself at Intervals to Partake of Nourishment.

The reports from the sick-room of Edwin Booth, the tragedian, to-day are not of an encouraging nature. While the sick man has not lost any during the last twenty-four hours, it is also certain that his condition has not improved.

He did not rest as well last night as he did the night before, and frequently called to Miss Vosburg, the night nurse, in a manner which showed that his brain was still clouded.

The greater part of the night he lay in a semi-conscious condition, and when he roused himself at intervals to partake of nourishment it was only to lapse again into the drowsy stupor which has marked the course of his illness ever since symptoms of apoplexy were manifested.

At the request of Mr. Booth's daughter, Edwina, Dr. F. Tremont Smith remained at the club-house again last night.

This morning when Miss Wallace, the day nurse, took up her watch by the bedside Mr. Booth's pulse and temperature were nearly normal.

A member of the club, who is very near to the great actor, and who receives frequent reports from the sick-room, said this forenoon:

"There is no denying the fact that Mr. Booth is in a very delicate and critical condition. He has shown remarkable vitality thus far, but there is no doubt that a recurrence of the hemorrhage in the brain means death. That is what we fear."

Mr. Booth is occupying one of a suit of five rooms on the third floor. His chamber looks out upon Gramercy Park from a great double window at the eastern corner of the house. The shades are kept drawn to keep out the light, which would irritate the sick man in his present state.

Mrs. Grossman called as usual this forenoon to get the report of her father's condition.

Dr. St. Clair Smith called to see Mr. Booth at 10.30 and remained about half an hour. When he came out he said that he feels very much encouraged at Mr. Booth's condition, and thinks that he is in a fair way to recover if nothing unfortunate occurs.

He even thought that Mr. Booth could stand another attack and said he was very hopeful.

Nevertheless the doctor's manner indicated that Mr. Booth is a much sicker man than it is admitted. When asked how Mr. Booth spent the night, Dr. Smith said evasively, "All right."

VERAGUA'S HONORS AT CHICAGO.

The Duke to Have the Freedom of the City and to Sit Next the President.

CHICAGO, April 25.—The City Council last evening adopted resolutions welcoming the Duke de Veragua and the other descendants of Columbus to the city, and instructing the Mayor and a committee of the Council to present to them the freedom of the city on their arrival.

Two committees of the Council, each to be headed by the Mayor, were appointed to receive and entertain the Duke of Veragua and party and President Cleveland and party. The Mayor was also instructed to appoint a committee of fifteen to meet the Philadelphia Aldermen, who will arrive with the Liberty Bell next Friday. The World's Fair Ceremonies Committee at its meeting yesterday decided upon plans for seating the visitors on the platform at the opening exercises. President Cleveland comes first, then the descendants of Christopher Columbus, followed by the members of the Cabinet and other dignitaries.

The Board of Lady Managers have decided to celebrate the opening of the building in Music Hall. Only a limited number of invitations will be issued.

RUSSIAN EXHIBITS ARRIVE.

They Include Seven Boxes of Diamonds from the Ural Mountains.

BALTIMORE, April 25.—The Danish steamer Gorm, containing the Russian exhibit for the World's Fair, in 2,339 cases, arrived here yesterday from Libau, by way of Shields, Eng. She left Libau March 31.

The captain of the steamer stated that the value of his cargo was $1,000,000, and that among the articles are eleven packages from the Imperial Government, which were insured for 420,000 roubles, or $231,000. There are seven boxes of diamonds from the Ural Mountains, and other districts in the Russian Empire.

The exhibit also includes valuable pieces of Russian statuary, paintings and other specimens of the fine arts. Manufacturers are also represented.

The framework of a Russian theatre, which will be erected in the Russian village at the Exposition grounds, is also on the steamer. Village life among the Russians will be portrayed by peasant subjects of the Czar, who are passengers on the Gorm.

A BONAPARTE'S MARITAL KNOTS.

English Courts Finally Succeed in Getting Them Tied Straight.

LONDON, April 25.—In the case of Louis Clovis Bonaparte, son of the late Prince Louis Lucien Bonaparte, who brought suit to have his marriage with the woman calling herself Rosalie Clovis Bonaparte declared null and void on the ground of the previous marriage of Rosalie to a Mr. Megone, without subsequent lawful divorce, the decree declaring the marriage null and void has been made absolute, the validity being thus established of the subsequent marriage of Louis Clovis Bonaparte to Laura Elizabeth Scott.

Two Persons Run Over.

Bertha Isen, three years old, daughter of John Isen, of 279 Delancy street, is in Gouverneur Hospital, having been run over by a Delancy street horse-car. Driver Patrick Harden was held for examination at Essex Market Court to-day.

Joseph Nash, an express driver, of 206 Mott street, was also held for examination for reckless driving. Samuel Felbradt, of 13 Suffolk street, was run over by Nash's wagon yesterday and severely injured.

Tonsberg's Machinery Disabled.

The intelligence was received in this city to-day that the Norwegian steamship Tonsberg put into St. Michael's in the Azores on April 22 with her machinery disabled. The Tonsberg was bound to Philadelphia from Bilboa, which port she left on April 2.

Coming Events.

Challenge debate at the Young Men's Christian Association, Twenty-third street and Fourth avenue, this evening.

Annual dinner of the Goethe Society at Hotel Brunswick this evening.

Bishop Potter and others will deliver addresses at the meeting of the Burial-Reform Association, 132 East Fourteenth street, this evening.

Annual reunion of the Farragut Association at the headquarters, Grand and Ludlow streets, this evening.

Thomas F. Commerford Association summer-night's festival at Sulzer's Harlem River Park and Gardens, April 27.

Lecture by Assemblyman William Sulzer and others at Tammany Hall this evening in aid of the homeless and outcast children of Manchester, Eng.

Annual ball of the Gotham Athletic Club at Maennerchor Hall, 205 East Fifty-sixth street, April 29.

Termination of the annual Convention of the Civil-Service Reform Association with a banquet to the out-of-town delegates at the Hotel Savoy to-morrow evening.

NO LETTER CAME FOR HER.

So Mrs. Underwood Grew Despondent and Shot Herself.

Her Husband Had Gone to London to Fight for a Legacy.

Mrs. Ellen Underwood, forty-two years old, shot herself early this morning at her home, 206 Clinton street, with suicidal intent. She was removed to Gouverneur Hospital, where it is said her death is only a question of hours.

The woman was born in England and was married nearly twenty-five years ago to Robert Underwood, the son of a well-to-do builder of London.

They came to this country twenty-two years ago. Underwood went into the paint business, and at one time owned two stores. For the past few years, however, he worked as a painter, having met with reverses.

The couple never had any children. They have lived in the Clinton street house five years, and were much respected by the neighbors.

Last Summer Underwood's father died, leaving all his money to his daughter and a daughter-in-law, cutting off his four sons without a penny. In August Underwood sailed for England to contest his father's will. His wife remained here and was befriended by Daniel Pierson, an old friend of her husband who boarded with them.

Pierson is an engineer in a sawmill in Fifth street. He helped Mrs. Underwood to get along, and also sent her husband money.

She received a letter from her husband every month. The last letter she received was in March. At that time her husband hadn't yet succeeded in getting any money from his father's estate. For the past week she was expecting to hear from her husband, but no letter came. All day yesterday she looked for a letter, and she often remarked, "I wonder why it don't come."

When Pierson got home yesterday he found Mr. Underwood despondent. She spoke to him about no letter coming, and he told her it would probably be here to-day.

About 5.30 this morning Hugh Stinson and his daughter, who live on the same floor, were awakened by a pistol shot, and found Mrs. Underwood lying in the hall outside of her room. She had sent a bullet into her right temple. Her husband's revolver lay next to her. Engineer Pierson was aroused, and called Policeman Dorrian, who had the woman sent to Gouverneur Hospital.

In her room was found a card, on which the unfortunate woman had written the following. It was addressed:

Dear Brother Dan.

God bless you for your kindness to me and my dearest husband. My head is very bad and I see so many things around me.

Mrs. Underwood always referred to Pierson as "Brother Dan" because he had done so much for her husband and herself.

At Gouverneur Hospital it was said there was no hope for Mrs. Underwood's recovery.

HENRY WALDRON ON TRIAL.

Must Answer for Shooting a Stranger He Thought a Burglar.

FLEMINGTON, N. J., April 25.—The trial of Henry Waldron, the Whitehouse farmer who shot Philip Hartrum last February, was resumed this morning. Hartrum was driving home from the village, and was stuck in a snow drift near Waldron's place. It was at night, and he walked upon Waldron's back stoop and pounded at the door.

Waldron was frightened and thought Hartrum was a burglar. He fired a charge of buckshot into Hartrum and then left him on the back stoop. The night was intensely cold and Hartrum, who laid there until morning, was nearly frozen to death.

The case has attracted much interest here, and the country folks have come from a considerable distance to witness the trial. In the testimony to-day it appears that after Hartrum was shot and was lying in the snow Waldron set his dog on him. Hartrum testified to this, and furthermore declared that when he asked for something to eat Waldron would not give it to him unless he paid for it first.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CREED

"Infant Damnation" Overture Negatived at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 25.—At the meeting of the Presbytery of Philadelphia yesterday there was a warm discussion over the "Infant Damnation" question. Before the matter could come to vote it was decided to negative the overture, but request the General Assembly to hand down an overture striking out all reference to the election of infants.

The overture relating to the doctrine of predestination was affirmed by a vote of 35 to 15 after a hot debate, led by Drs. Craven and Worden. The following overtures were affirmed without debate:

Numbers 5, 8, 9, 11, 13, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 27 and 28. The following were negatived: 1, 3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 12 and 26.

ACTRESS KILLED BY POISON.

Carrie Granville Swallows Deadly Drugs Taken for Toothache.

NEWARK, April 25.—Miss Carrie Granville, a member of Lorenzo Brothers' Specialty Company, which is filling an engagement at the Grand Opera-House here, died at an early hour this morning from the effects of the accidental swallowing of a quantity of cresote and laudanum.

Miss Granville had been suffering from toothache, and had recourse to the mixture to relieve the pain. She accidentally swallowed some of the poison, and at once realizing what she had done, notified the other members of the company, who sent her to a hospital.

The doctors tried hard to save her life, but all their efforts were fruitless, and she died at 3 o'clock this morning.

Dead Woman in the River.

Warden Grimes, of the Snake Hill Penitentiary, reports that the body of an unknown woman was found floating in the Hackensack River this morning. It was that of a person about fifty years old, who wore a brown dress, black stockings and button gaiters. Her face bore a scar extending from the right eye upward to the scalp. The body had been in the water but a short time.

WORLD'S HOUSE AND HOME DAYS ARE SATURDAY, SUNDAY.

House and Home Ads. in the Morning World on these days are repeated in THE EVENING WORLD FREE.

HIS SENTENCE AFFIRMED.

Court of Appeals Acts in Escaped Murderer Rohle's Case.

Watchman Losee's Story of the Strange Noise He Heard.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 25.—The Court of Appeals this morning handed down a decision affirming the conviction for murder in the first degree of Roehl, who recently escaped from Sing Sing Prison.

SING SING, N. Y., April 25.—Warden Durston, who is to have charge of the prison here after May 1; C. R. Baker and Superintendent of Prisons Austin Lathrop, arrived at the prison to-day. It is not known what the object of their visit is, unless to investigate the recent escape of the two murderers.

So far as known there is no clue to their whereabouts. The prison officials are keeping up their search for the missing men and profess confidence in the ability to recapture them.

To-day State Detective Jackson gave up work on the case temporarily, as he was obliged to go to Poughkeepsie this morning to testify as a witness in the case of Frank Appo, the green-goods man, who was shot by a countryman whom he tried to swindle.

John W. Losee, a night watchman in the lime works just outside of the prison walls, turned up last night with a new statement regarding Rohle and Pallister.

"On Thursday night last," he said, "I heard loud hammering in the prison yard. The noise came from the direction of the death-house. I thought it was made by convicts chopping wood. The noise sounded like the breaking and splintering of wood.

"It was in the neighborhood of 9 o'clock.

"I thought it queer that the convicts should be chopping wood at that hour.

"After awhile the noise stopped and I paid no further attention to it. I am now convinced that the noise was that made by Rohle and Pallister in breaking through the roof of the death house."

Losee has offered no explanation why he failed to make this statement before. He is in the employ of the prison. This statement reflects seriously upon Keepers Maher and Glynn, who have testified that they were on the outside of the death-house last Thursday night. It also reflects seriously upon the other prison guards who were about the yard and walls that night. Warden Brown will investigate this new phase of the case.

Although Warden Brown and Principal Keeper Connaughton assert positively that there was no collusion on the part of the keepers, and appear entirely sincere in their belief, yet, if Losee tells the truth, his statement lends color to the theory that there was collusion on the part of the guards in the escape of the two men, and that probably Rohle's brother's money played a part in it.

William Scott, superintendent of the Country Club at Nyack, said two men approached the janitor of the Club on Saturday last and asked for work.

The janitor referred the two men to Mr. Scott. Instead of seeking Mr. Scott, however, they left the place and walked towards the Hudson River. Mr. Scott professes to think the two men were Rohle and Pallister.

A man, who is reported to resemble Rohle, stopped at the house of Frank Hastings in West Nyack on Saturday and asked for something to eat. He was well dressed. When the food was brought him he ate it as if he was very hungry. When he had finished he went towards the Hook Mountains. The country is very wild thereabouts and affords abundant hiding places.

Last night a pardon arrived at the prison from Gov. Flower for Thomas F. Finley, who was sentenced to seven years for forgery. Finley has been in prison since September, 1891.

When Finley first entered the prison he was a bookkeeper in the stoneyard. He was then changed to the detectives' office, where he kept the books until the date of his pardon. Finley has been a model prisoner. He was greatly pleased to secure his liberty.

This morning Warden Brown received a postal card mailed from Station F, New York City, and dated April 24, 1893. The card was addressed to the Warden. It read:

Esteemed Friend:

We arrived safe and secure yesterday at our friends' expense. We also had a good dinner at friends' expense, which may be a saving to the State. Good-by; you will never see us again in this country. (Signed) ROHLE, PALLISTER & CO.

CAPTAIN AND FOUR MEN LOST.

Swamped in a Boat While Leaving the Wrecked Lake Steamer Ohio.

SALT SAINTE MARIE, Mich., April 25.—The steamer Ohio, from Buffalo to Chicago, with coal, was towed into Datuth to-day nearly a total wreck.

While well up in Lake Huron during the recent hurricane, her rudder was carried away and her machinery knocked to pieces.

Capt. Evans and four sailors left the steamer in a life-boat for Cockburn Island, and it is almost certain that they were lost, as no news has been received of them.

The eleven men remaining on board suffered terribly.

In addition to the Captain, the names that can be learned are as follows:

First Mate A. B. Sangras, Second Mate Miller, of Buffalo; Engineer A. G. Frazer, Canada; Second Engineer Charles Bradley, Erie; Fireman Dan Cahill, Buffalo; Wheelsman Peter Grant, Buffalo; Cooks John Lapham and his wife, of Buffalo.

NOT A BOMB-MAKER, HE SAYS.

Frank Miller Denies Knowledge of the Maspeth Manufactory.

Frank Miller, whose name was recently mentioned with Henry Rupprecht, Henry Marschell and Ernest Goldschmidt, as being prominently identified with the Anarchistic bomb manufacture at Maspeth, L. I., came to Brooklyn today from St. Louis, and is stopping at 315 Manjer street.

To an "Evening World" reporter this morning he emphatically denied any participation in or knowledge of the making of the bombs.

He admitted knowing Rupprecht, Marschell and Goldschmidt, but only as workmates in E. V. Crandall's Standard Whiting Works at Maspeth.

He says he left Maspeth on Saturday, April 1, and went to St. Louis, returning only to clear his reputation. Miller further admits hearing Anarchistic talk in the shop and knowing that some of the workmen were Anarchists, but said he paid no attention to their affairs.

FOUND DEAD IN HER CASTLE.

**Rev. Father Smith Reports the Death of