Saturday
YOUR HOUSE & HOME AD.
in The World will be repeated free in the Evening World. This insures over 400,000 circulation.

The EVENING EDITION World.

Sunday
HOUSE AND HOME ADS.
Receive a circulation of 500,000. They are repeated in the Monday Evening World free

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 12, 1893. PRICE ONE CENT.

REMEMBER---SATURDAY AND SUNDAY---HOUSE AND HOME DAYS

LAST EDITION.

EIGHT PAGES.

LEFT THEM TO STARVE.

Then Barred a Relief Wagon Loaded With Food for the Sufferers.

MORE SHAME TO BROOKLYN.

Provisions for Quarantined and Hungry People Can't Be Delivered.

NEGLIGENCE TO BE HIDDEN.

Remarkable Action of Health Officials to Stay Exposure.

The Brooklyn Board of Health, to cover its own almost criminal negligence, this morning did a most extraordinary thing.

HEALTH COMMISSIONER GRIFFIN.

It refused to allow the starving people quarantined at 155 Prospect street to receive the food which "The Evening World" had sent there to relieve their sufferings.

The story of the ten families, consisting of twenty-four adults and ten children, having been left without food since last Saturday, through the negligence of the Brooklyn Board of Health, which had quarantined the big tenement at 155 Prospect street, owing to the discovery of small-pox there, was told exclusively in yesterday's sporting Extra of "The Evening World."

It was a heart-stirring story. The neighbors had heard the children in the quarantined house cry from hunger.

The children's parents, not being allowed to leave the house, were unable to relieve the little ones' sufferings.

The parents themselves were suffering from hunger.

They had sent out appeals begging in God's name for something to eat.

The Board of Health had promised to send the people food, but had neglected to do so.

The story was one that would appeal to any sympathetic person.

Sent a Wagon Load of Food.

To relieve the pressing necessities of these poor people "The Evening World" this morning purchased a wagon load of provisions and sent the food to the house in charge of reporters, who were instructed to deposit the food on the quarantine line, so that the quarantined families could come there and get it.

The wagon-load of provisions included the following:

Thirty-four quarts of milk.
Sixty-eight loaves of bread.
Ten pounds of butter.
Twenty-five pounds of bacon.
Ten dozen eggs:
Fifty-two pounds of corned beef (cooked).
One barrel of potatoes.
Two hundred pounds of ice.
Ten pounds of coffee.

Remarkable as it may appear, when "The Evening World" reporters arrived at the quarantined house with the wagon-load of provisions they were informed by the policeman on duty that he had received orders not to permit the food to be placed on the sidewalk even.

Dr. Baker's Order.

The policeman said he had received this order from Dr. Baker of the Health Board:

"Don't let 'The Evening World' make any capital out of this case," was Dr. Baker's injunction to the policeman.

The intention of "The Evening World" to send food to these starving people had not been advertised. No attempt was being made to make capital out of the case.

Tenants had written to "The Evening World" appealing for provisions.

It was simply a humane and charitable act on the part of "The Evening World" to send the food to the starving families. The reporters were astonished at the policeman's refusal to permit them to unload the food.

"THE EVENING WORLD'S" RELIEF WAGON IN FRONT OF 155 PROSPECT STREET.

The policeman told the reporters they would have to see Capt. Eason, his commander.

The reporters started in search of the Captain, and mean time the starving people had to wait.

The neighborhood was aroused to indignation by the action of the authorities.

How the Wagon Was Received.

When "The Evening World's" relief wagon drove up before the pest-smitten house there was a crowd of people in the street, and the doors to the quarantined house were crowded with pinched-faced men and women.

Three men who stood beside a waiting carriage looked grim and ugly.

It soon became known that the wagon was loaded with provisions hastily packed by J. B. Corwin, of B. A. Trowbridge's Fulton Market stand, and sent by "The Evening World" for the relief of those who were being starved in prison by the Brooklyn Health authorities.

One of the three men turned to Policeman Gorman, who was on guard before the house, and said gruffly:

"Don't allow anything to be delivered here from that wagon. We don't propose to let 'The Evening World' make any capital out of this."

Then he leaped into the carriage, was closely followed by the other two and they drove away in hot haste.

People in the street said the man who issued this remarkable order was Chief Inspector Baker, of the Brooklyn Sanitary Bureau.

People Cry "Shame!"

The people in the street cried "Shame, Shame!" and the hungry-eyed people in the doorway clamored to the policeman to let the provisions be delivered.

The officer was inexorable. He said, however, that if he had an order from Capt. Eason he would let the representatives of "The Evening World" deliver the food for the unfortunates in his charge.

For two hours the reporter searched in vain for the power that in this astounding fashion was depriving the starving people in the quarantined house of food.

Capt. Eason was evidently close by, for one officer, after whispering with another, went away and was back in three minutes with this announcement, delivered in a bulldog tone of voice:

"Capt. Eason says that nothin' is to go into that house without an order from the Health Department."

Capt. Eason's Action.

Nobody could be found at the Health Department offices save a clerk, and finally, when Capt. Eason was found, he vociferated this remarkable statement:

"I don't let anybody give out alms in my precinct if I can help it!"

Capt. Eason insisted in one breath that the people in the house wanted for nothing, and had so reported to him.

In another he said that Sergt. Harkins had obtained from the people in the house lists of such things as they needed, and had ordered the goods from reputable dealers in the neighborhood.

"But here are the goods—good corned beef and bacon, eggs and bread and butter and coffee and potatoes and milk for the babes and ice for all, right at the door," protested the reporter.

"All we ask is that your officers shall not prevent us from delivering them on the sidewalk where the people may come out and get them.

"It is not asked that the quarantine shall be violated. No one seeks to enter the pest-stricken house. There is no spread of contagion to follow—simply the feeding of the starving."

"Can't help it; I don't think those people need anything. If they do it is the business of the Health Department to take care of them."

"But that is exactly what the Health Department is not doing, and you would prevent any one else from doing it."

"He Had His Orders."

It was of no avail. The Captain said he had his orders from Chief Inspector Baker, and the goods could not be landed.

Meantime the people in the house were clamoring for food. They declared that the authorities had not yet provided a crumb for them, and they were literally starving.

A census of the population of the house was refused "The Evening World" by the Health Board, but Widow Kelly, who has acted the good samaritan to the imprisoned people, gave the following list from memory:

Mrs. Rose Kelly, eighty years old.
Edward Welch and two children.
Thomas Carter and child.
Mrs. Dooley and two children.
Mr. James Sherrill and baby.
Mr. and Mrs. Hayden and child.
Mr. and Mrs. Smith and three children.
Mrs. Broncaco and child.
Mrs. Vetter and child.
Patrick Farrell and child.
Charles Mangold.
William Sheerer.

A Pitiful Story.

Welsh, Marigold Sheerer, Mrs. Kelly and others united in the story of their privation since last Saturday.

All the sustenance they had had up to that time was what had been sent in by their not overwealthy neighbors.

When Sergt. Harkins finally arrived and asked for lists of their necessities some of the women jeered him, saying:

"We ask nothing for the Health Board or the police force. We wrote to "The Evening World," and it has come to us as it always does when people suffer. We want what they have brought to us."

After hours of fruitless effort to convince the worthies who run the Health Department of Brooklyn that the people in the beleagued house should be fed at once, even though it was by a private concern the wagon was driven away.

Its contents were left with Manager C. A Thompson, of B. F. Haviland's splendid grocery, at the corner of Bridge and Prospect streets.

Along with the goods was an order from Mrs. Anna V. Kelly, the tender hearted little grocery-keeper at 155 Prospect street. This order called for goods exactly like those in "The Evening World's" wagon.

Manager Thompson signed a receipt for the bill and promised to deliver the food to the plucky little widow at her grocery store, along with a note that reads like this,

They May Get the Food.

To the people quarantined at 155 Prospect street and left to starve by Brooklyn's health authorities.

In response to your appeal "The Evening World" offers its sympathy, and believing that sympathy that offers no relief is an empty, useless thing, sends this food for the helpless ones here, trusting that the gift will be accepted in the spirit in which it is sent.

The food has been divided into ten parts, one for each of the ten families in need. With the hope that their suffering may soon end. "The Evening World" makes this offering.

The food should be apportioned so that none of the thirty-four persons here shall be neglected.

And so, after six days of confinement in their sulphur-fumigated tenement house in deprivation of the plainest necessities of life, the thirty-four poor people at 155 Prospect street are relieved.

Trying to Shift the Blame.

When another "Evening World" reporter called at the Board of Health office this morning Commissioner Griffin was absent, but Dr. Baker, Secretary of the Board, was rushing about excitedly giving orders to inspectors to go to the quarantined house.

Between times he was trying to locate Capt. Eason, of the Second Precinct, who, he claimed, was to blame for the alleged negligence that had left the families without food since Saturday night.

When questioned by "The Evening World" reporter, Dr. Baker began an excited explanation with a view to exonerating the subordinates of the Health Department from all blame. He said:

"I don't know anything about it. I sent Dr. Callahan down there Tuesday to see if those people needed food. He reported that they were well supplied—that is, he said that they had as much as they were used to.

"People in their circumstances want all they can get. They'd take a whole grocery if we'd send it down to them.

"I sent Dr. Callahan down again Wednesday, and he reported that they were in need of food. I then put the matter in the hands of Capt. Eason, in whose precinct the house is located, and asked him to furnish them with food."

Knew They Were Starving.

"But," said the reporter, "is it not the place of the Board of Health to see that the people in quarantined houses are supplied with food?"

"Yes," said Dr. Baker, "but sometimes we put it in the hands of the police."

Dr. Baker then telephoned to Capt. Eason to ascertain why the people were not supplied with food.

The sergeant in charge replied that while he knew that the people were starving he supposed the Board of Health was attending to it.

Dr. Baker was asked if it was not a fact that in many instances where houses had been quarantined, if the people were not left in a starving condition.

He emphatically denied that such a state of affairs had ever existed before since Dr. Griffin's appointment as Health Commissioner.

About a year ago, however, there was an entire block of houses on Atlantic avenue quarantined, and some of the tenants were left without food for several days.

As the reporter left the Health Office Dr. Baker called out:

"Come back this afternoon, and by that time we will have made some arrangements to send food down to these people.

LEAVES THE GERMAN CLUB.

Mr. Herman Ridder Resigns and Mr. Ottendorfer May Also.

Mr. Herman Ridder, business manager of the Staats-Zeitung, has resigned from the Deutscher Verein, and thereby hangs a tale.

The exclusive German members of the Society, which is better known as the German Club, are extremely averse to having their names or the reports of their doings appear in type in a newspaper.

It seems that the Deutscher Verein gave a dinner to the officers of the German war vessels now in this port.

A reporter for the Staats-Zeitung was sent to the banquet to get a report of the proceedings. He sent in his card, and two members of the Club, Ferdinand Motz and L. Behr, came out to say that he would not be admitted. No seats had been provided for reporters.

The reporter stated that he did not care for the banquet—all he wanted was the news.

Just then Mr. Ridder came along, and the reporter appealed to him for instructions. He interceded with Messrs. Motz and Behr, but in vain. They refused to admit the reporter.

"Well, if he cannot attend as a reporter," said Mr. Ridder, "he shall be my guest."

"But," ejaculated Messrs. Motz and Behr in chorus, "you cannot expect any of us to sit down at a table with a reporter."

Mr. Ridder flushed with anger. He replied:

"Gentlemen, if you are too good to sit at the same table with a reporter, I am too good to dine with you," and he turned on his heel and left the hall, accompanied by the reporter.

Mr. Oswald Ottendorfer was at his office this morning, but declined to be interviewed. It is said to be probable that he, too, will withdraw from the Deutscher Verein.

WOULD KILL HIS RIVAL.

Greek Florist Assaulted a Competitor and Is Under Arrest.

In the Yorkville Police Court this morning Justice Meade held Constantine Velahicoz for examination on a charge of assault upon Bernard Papochristofus, aged twenty-seven, of 177 East Eighty fourth street. These men are Greek florists. The defendant had a flower store at Seventy-sixth street and Third avenue.

Some time ago Papochristofus opened a store on the opposite corner. Competition ran high, and finally Velahicoz told his rival, it is alleged, that if he didn't go out of business at that place he would kill him.

Papochristofus paid little attention to the threat, but this morning at 7.30, when the latter appeared at the flower market, Thirty-fourth street and East River, Velahicoz, who was present, jumped upon him and began to beat him.

Policeman Sachs, of the Thirty-fifth street squad, heard the fracas and arrested the assailant.

TOOK LAUDANUM TO DIE.

Paul Baumgart Found Unconscious in a Boarding-House.

A man, supposed to be Paul Baumgart, thirty-five years old, is dying in St. Vincent's Hospital, from the effects of a dose of laudanum taken with suicidal intent.

Baumgart was found unconscious in a bed in Schirmer's lodging-house, 262 Bowery, with an empty laudanum bottle by his side. He was employed in the lodging-house several years ago, but disappeared suddenly, and was not seen again until three days ago.

A memorandum book in his pocket contained the name of Paul Baumgart, and the address of Franz Joseph Gunther, a carpenter, of 187 East Third street. Gunther could not be found this morning.

Investigation for Flatbush Commission to Examine Charges Against Town Officers.

Justice Bartlett, of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, to-day appointed Charles J. Patterson, Nelson G. Carman and Albert Josephson a commission to investigate irregularities in the government in the Town of Flatbush.

The commission was appointed on the application of G. A. Schrieber and thirty other taxpayers, who make affidavit that the moneys of the town have been unlawfully and corruptly expended.

The application was made especially with a view to inquiring into the acts of Supervisor Richard L. Baisley, Town Clerk John S. Schenck, Justices of the Peace John M. Wilson, John T. Ford and Elias M. Hendrickson, and John M. Wilson, John S. Schenck, John T. Ford, Joseph Krier, John Kraft and Herman Lohman, Trustees of the Board of Education in School District No. 3.

Receipts for Croton Water Rent.

Water Register Riley has figured out the receipts from water rents since the Croton water system was opened in 1642. The total receipts amounted to $46,591,442.18. The revenue for 1892, as compared with 1891, shows a decrease of $53,521.31.

To Represent the 600 at Chicago.

BOSTON, May 12.—Blair Irwin, sixty-seven years old, a native of Sligo, Ireland, and a survivor of the battle of Balaklava and the charge of the light brigade, is making arrangements to walk from Boston to Chicago, carrying the American and English flags.

Cordage Statement Ready Next Week.

Receiver Edward F. C. Young, of the Cordage Trust, said in his office in the First National Bank of Jersey City this morning that he would have a statement of the affairs of the Trust ready next week, he hoped by Monday or Tuesday.

Ash-Cart Drivers Return to Work.

The 120 ash cart drivers of the Street Cleaning Department, who struck yesterday because they had to haul eight loads a day, returned to work to-day. The matter was compromised.

Fire Does $700 Damage.

A fire in the basement of 55 Allen street, occupied by Isaac Hoffman, did $700 damage to the stock of printers' supplies stored there.

A MIXTURE of charcoal and sand will purify water. A mixture of dandelion, rhubarb and some other herbs, known as HIXON'S SARSAPARILLA, will purify your blood. It costs 20 per cent. less than any other. Hiker's, 220 st. and 6th ave. *.*

SUMMING UP BEGUN.

Pigot's Case Will Probably Go to the Jury To-Day.

Expert Builders Questioned as to the Prices of Grand Stands.

A Political Side to the Columbian Celebration Scandal Trial.

Opinion was about equally divided this morning as to the probable result of the trial of James H. Pigot, the plan clerk of the Building Department, who is now defending himself in the Brooklyn Court of Sessions against an indictment charging him with complicity in presenting a false and fraudulent bill of $11,400 against the city for a grand stand from which the Aldermen and their political friends reviewed the Columbian Celebration at the Prospect Park Plaza last October.

Up to a short time before the close of the evidence for the people there was a general feeling that District-Attorney Ridgway and his bright, young assistant, John F. Clarke, had forged a strong chain around the defendant. But the testimony of the people's expert, it is thought, weakened the case to a certain extent.

The action of Gov. Flower in signing the bill allowing the Columbian bills to be reaudited and Mr. Ridgway's apparent earnestness in prosecuting Pigot have furnished topics for conversation among the spectators at the trial.

It is thought the District Attorney is a candidate to succeed Mayor Boody, and politicians agree that if the present trial results in a conviction Ridgway would be a hard man to defeat. And the Democratic machine is in sore need of such a candidate.

It was nearly 11 o'clock this morning when the trial was resumed. Lawyer O'Dwyer then called Alderman McGrath to the witness stand.

He testified that he was a member of the Special Committee on the Columbian Celebration. Heaney and Water were made a Sub-Committee on Stands. Witness understood that a man named Ross had received the contract. He was not present at the meeting when Ross's bill was audited.

John E. Williams, a contractor and builder, next testified that he had not seen the stands. He had been in court subpœnaed as a witness for the people, but had not been called upon to testify.

A stand twelve feet high and built on the plan of the stand erected at the Park plaza would be worth $7.60 per running foot. If the stand was fifteen feet high it would be worth $7.75.

"If the cost of the materials and labor was $5,882.80, and the time consumed in constructing the stand was four days, and you received $550 for the stand after it was used, what would be a fair price to charge for it?"

Objected to; overruled.

The witness tried to crawl out of answering the question and Mr. Ridgway said:

"It's only a question of hanging on, and I'm paid by the month."

The witness then said that he considered 50 per cent. of the cost of materials and labor would be a fair profit to charge. This caused a sensation.

"Now, I want to ask you have you ever talked with me about testifying here?"

"No, sir."

Lawyer Wernberg objected. He said the witness had been subpœnaed by the District-Attorney. Mr. Ridgway said he had never seen him before.

"John J. Leonard, another builder, said he thought if a grand stand was twelve feet high it would be worth $7.50 a running foot; if it was three feet higher he would charge 75 cents per foot additional.

"Have you ever had any experience in building stands of this kind?" he was asked on cross-examination.

"No, sir; but I've taken them down."

"How do you reckon your price?"

"Lumber, $2 per foot, or $2,600 for a 1,300-foot stand; twice that amount for labor, $5,200," the witness replied.

William J. Conway, a builder, was next called to give an estimate of a fair price for the stand.

"If I had a short time I'd want a good price for it. If the stand was 12 feet high I'd want $8 per foot. If it was 15 feet high I'd add 50 or 75 cents."

"How do you figure out the cost?" asked Mr. Ridgway.

"Well, I'd have to have time to figure it out."

"But you just gave an estimate of a fair price?"

"Well, I think the lumber would be worth $3 per foot, the labor $5 per foot, or $10,400 in all."

Andrew J. Warren, of 108 Arlington avenue, an architect and builder, said that a stand 1,300 feet long and twelve feet high would be worth $8.40 to $8.50 per foot. If the stand was fifteen feet high he would charge about $9 per foot.

Witness admitted he had not seen the bills for the lumber used in constructing the stands. He did not consider the cost of the material had any bearing on the price he would charge for the stand.

He only gave an estimate of what he thought the stand when completed would be worth.

Several witnesses testified to having known Pigot for years and that his reputation was good.

Lawyer Wernberg then announced that Police Surgeon A. W. Ford had been subpœnaed, but was not in the courtroom. The case was complete with the exception of Dr. Ford's testimony.

He expected to prove by Dr. Ford that Ross was too ill to appear to testify. District-Attorney Ridgway said the prosecution would admit that Ross was too ill to come into court.

Mr. Wernberg then rested, and District-Attorney Ridgeway said he had no more testimony to offer. He then suggested that the defense begin to sum up, so as to conclude before recess.

Mr. Wernberg said he would not confine himself to any specified time.

A recess was then taken.

After recess Mr. Wernberg began summing up for the defense. While he was speaking Col. John R. Fellows entered court and took a seat on the bench beside Judge Moore.

JOHN HURLEY BROUGHT BACK.

He Held Up a Man on a Street Car and Jumped His Bail Bond.

John Hurley, alias George O'Brien, alias "Jimmy" Nelson, was brought to this city from Camden, N. J., this morning to answer for holding up a man in a Grand street car on Nov. 6 last.

Hurley and Patsy Tagney, his accomplice, were held in $2,000 bail for trial and jumped their bond. Hurley was arrested at Gloucester last week on suspicion, discharged and re-arrested at Camden.

Tagney was accused of putting a revolver to the head of the man they held up. He has not been caught.

Clover Leaf California Wines, equal to imported. ACKER, MERRALL & CONDIT. *.*

CHARGES AGAINST MEE.

Waiters' General Organizer Alleged to Have Broken Faith.

Charles Brown, an Alliance waiter, at the San Remo, makes charges against General Organizer Mee, of the Waiters' Alliance, who is steward and paymaster at the San Remo.

Brown was the organizer of the successful strike at the Park Avenue Hotel just before the naval parade ceremonies. He said that Mee did not secure for the waiters the $25 per month wages that was promised them, and that he also charged unreasonable sums for trifling breakage. Brown has left the hotel, and said it is likely that others would follow.

Walter McKenna, who spoke for Mee, said it is possible that Mee had charged for breakage, but that he had no power to pay the men more than $32 a month.

There is still some dissatisfaction at the Savoy, and a committee from the Chimney Corner will wait on the manager this afternoon to adjust matters.

The report of the strike at the Gerlach last Wednesday evening has been denied by Mr. Gerlach, who said that the report arose from the fact that his head waiter, who had asked for several days off, had not returned, and, as Mr. Gerlach supposes, misrepresented the case to several waiters, who went out, and every one has returned.

The Cooks' Alliance met yesterday at 50 East Tenth street, and added twenty-two members to the 220 that they already had.

PROTECTED HER AGED FATHER.

Deaf Mute Carrie Staring Cut John Victory's Head Open.

Carrie Staring, a deaf mute, of 272 Wayne street, Jersey City, was arraigned before Justice O'Donnell in that city to-day, charged with assault by John Victory, who lives in the same house.

The little brother of Victory had seized and choked the little sister of Carrie in the yard, the screams of the child bringing Carrie's aged father to its rescue, and he, catching the boy, shook him.

The boy attempted to strike the old man with a pick handle, which Staring took from him and went upstairs to his apartment.

John Victory, the boy's brother, then attempted to assault the old man, when his daughter, Carrie, seized the pick-handle and with it dealt Victory a blow on the forehead, inflicting a deep flesh wound causing him to beat a hasty retreat.

Justice O'Donnell promptly discharged Carrie.

MRS. MORELLO GOES FREE.

The Indictment for Murder Dismissed by Recorder Smyth.

Constanza Morello, wife of Antonio Morello the saloon keeper at 52 Mulberry street, who was jointly indicted with her for the murder of Francisco Melo in the "Bend" on Dec. 4, was discharged this morning in Part I. of the Court of General Sessions, Recorder Smyth presiding.

This disposition of the case was followed in view of the indorsement on the back of the indictment by Assistant District-Attorney Davis, who declares that after considering the evidence laid before the jury in the trial of her husband he believed it would be impossible to convict her.

The jury in convicting her husband concluded that she had been insulted and maltreated, and the shooting was the result of it. Mr. Davis therefore recommended the dismissal of the indictment, and Recorder Smyth did so.

GIBBONS TO MEET DEMPSEY.

Paterson Boy Perhaps to Replace Billy Smith.

BOSTON, May 12.—Austin S. Gibbons telegraphs Capt. A. W. Cook from Passaic, N. J., that he has accepted $6,000 to fight Jack Dempsey.

It is inferred that Gibbons replaces Billy Smith in the match to box Dempsey at the Coney Island Club June 30, owing to the death of Smith's wife.

BOOTH REPORTED WORSE.

Said to Have Passed a Restless Night at the Players' Club.

Dr. St. Clair Smith called earlier than usual at the Players' Club this morning, and it is reported at the Club that Mr. Booth had rather a poor night.

It was said that Mr. Booth was somewhat more restless last night and very drowsy this morning.

Wandered from Home and Fell Into a Water Trough.

Elizabeth Shannon, aged six and a half years, a deaf mute living at 80 Franklin street, Jersey City Heights, wandered from her home last night, and at the corner of Marshal and First streets, Hoboken, fell into a water trough. She was taken to the Hoboken police station, and at a late hour was called for by her step-father, John Grottey, and taken home.

Change of Venue Ordered.

Justice Pratt, of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, this morning handed down an order changing the place of venue of the breach of promise suit of Clotilde Cassborne against Adolphe Renoux from Kings to New York County. The plaintiff alleges that Renoux promised to marry her in February, 1892. Renoux makes a general denial.

Assaulted an Officer.

William Connelly, aged twenty-two, of 2490 Second avenue, was held in $500 bail in the Harlem Court this morning by Justice Simms on a charge of assaulting Policeman Bowdon of the One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street squad. The officer went to arrest Connelly for annoying a woman at 2491 Second avenue, when he was assaulted and had to call for help.

City Railroad Restrained.

Justice Cullen, of the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, this morning granted a temporary injunction retraining the Brooklyn City Railroad from crossing the tracks of the Long Island Railroad at Fresh Pond and Bushwick Junction.

Part of His Ear Shot Away.

James Green, twenty-two years old, of Troy, N. Y., was sent to jail for thirty days by Justice Kimmerly, in Jersey City this morning, for disorderly conduct. Green was howling along the street last night and started to run when Policeman Williams tried to arrest him. Williams fired his revolver, he says, to scare the man, but the bullet cut off the lobe of Green's ear.

Strawberries Are Dear, but you can buy Old Dominion Cigarettes without paying exorbitant prices. Photograph in each package. *.*

MORE WESTERN BANKS FAIL.

Suspensions at Several Small Towns in Indiana.

A Private Concern Goes Under at Williamsburg, Ohio.

PORTLAND, Ind., May 12.—About 1 o'clock this morning a courier from Dunkirk arrived here, and announced the failure of the Dunkirk Bank, which is owned and controlled by Dwiggins, Starbuck & Co., of Chicago.

Attachments were at once filed, and a deputy-sheriff left immediately to levy on all the available property.

The bank has gone under for at least $75,000, and the amount may reach $100,000.

The firm controlling this bank owns a number of others, and these are reported gone to the wall. The Geneva Bank, one of their enterprises, has also failed.

CINCINNATI, O., May 12.—The private banking firm of Dwiggins, Starbuck & Co., of Williamsburg, O., has failed. The assignment was made to D. W. Atchley, at Batavia, shortly before midnight, and was caused by the failure of the Columbia Bank, of Chicago, of which Mr. Dwiggins was cashier.

The Postmaster at Williamsburg ordered the arrest of Lawrence P. Good, expert accountant, who had started for Cincinnati, this morning. Good was taken into custody on his arrival here. The order for arrest charges Good with embezzlement.

SAN JOSE, Cal., May 2.—The liabilities of the Santa Clara Bank, which failed yesterday, are now stated to be $200,000. Assurances had been given by the officers of the bank that depositors would be paid in full, but it is now believed that settlements must be affected at very much less.

KOKOMO, Ind., May 12.—The Commercial State Bank of Russiaville and the Farmers' Bank, at Greentown, both under one management, closed their doors this morning with deposits of $60,000. They were caught in the Columbian Bank failure of Chicago. They were recently crippled by a large milling company failure.

MAY SETTLE IT TO-DAY.

Definite Action by the Rapid Transit Commission Expected.

The meeting of the Rapid Transit Commission, which has been called for 3.30 o'clock this afternoon, will, according to Commissioner Bushe, be an executive session, at which it is not unlikely that some definite reply will be made to the suggestions and propositions recently made to the Board by the Manhattan Railway Company, through its President, George J. Gould.

If all the Commissioners are present it is certain that some action will be taken towards solving the rapid transit problem, as the matter was thoroughly discussed on both sides at the last meeting Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Bushe says it is not expected that the Manhattan Company will be represented at the meeting this afternoon. The great question to be decided is that of the compensation which the city will receive for the privileges and concessions which it has offered to grant to the Railroad Company.

Several other matters are pending, and it may result in a material modification of the resolutions passed by the Commission in April last, so far, at least, as the terms upon which the new franchises are to be granted to the Railroad Company are concerned.

ATWELL GOES TO SING SING.

The Bigamous Physician Completely Crushed by His Sentence.

Dr. David Rogers Jones-Atwell, whose alleged political pull failed him at the time it was most needed, and who was sentenced yesterday afternoon to two years and five months hard labor for bigamy, was taken to Sing Sing this afternoon by Deputy Sheriffs Burke and Brown.

Dr. Atwell looked exceedingly downcast this forenoon when seen in his cell at the Tombs. He refused to talk about his case except to denounce as a pack of lies the stories printed in vindication of Mrs. Josephine Hamilton's character.

The man who wrecked her life appears to be completely crushed by the turn affairs have taken.

He presented a marked contrast this morning to the nattily attired and self possessed physician of a few days ago as shackled to an officer he started on his trip up the river.

If Atwell behaves himself he will only have to wear the prison stripes one year, eleven months and ten days.

KNOCKED DOWN A WOMAN.

Lower Broadway Has Another Runaway This Morning.

Lower Broadway had another exciting runaway about 10.30 this forenoon, when a horse drawing a truck belonging to F. Deaner, and driven by John Weber, ran down from Church street, through Fulton.

At the Broadway corner the horse plunged into the passing pedestrians, knocking down a Mrs. Williams, a young and pretty woman of Brooklyn.

A crowd collected, but the young woman was not hurt. She was cared for by the Broadway police, and escorted in safety to the bridge.

STEAMSHIP LAHN RELEASED.

Thoroughly Fumigated and Passengers' Luggage Disinfected.

The steamship Lahn, of the North German Lloyd Company, which developed three cases of small-pox on board on the trip from Bremen, was released this morning, after having been detained at Quarantine just twenty-four hours.

The steamer was thoroughly fumigated and the passengers' baggage disinfected. Only 347 steerage passengers from the Lahn were sent to Hoffman Island, where they will be detained for observation for a few days.

Committed for Arson.

James J. Mary, aged forty-seven, of 563 Third avenue, who was arraigned on Wednesday in the Yorkville Court, on a charge of arson, in trying to burn his furniture for the insurance, was this morning committed, without bail, by Justice Meade, to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Val. Blatz's Milwaukee Beer, bottled by the brewer's agent for family, hotel and export trade. Everett Ward, 554 West 25th st., N. Y. *.*

LAST EDITION.

EIGHT PAGES.

GIVE UP THE SEARCH.

Prison Officials Think Pallister Got Safely Away.

Don't Expect to Find His Body in the River.

They Laugh at Lawyer Purdy's Story of the Escape.

SING SING, N. Y., May 12.—Still shrouded in mystery is the whereabouts of Thomas Pallister, the condemned murderer, who escaped from Sing Sing Prison on the night of April 20, and who, it is believed, murdered his fellow fugitive, Frank W. Rohle, whose body, with a fractured skull and a bullet in the head, was found floating in the Hudson near here Wednesday morning.

Coroner Ackerson and State Detective Jackson, of the prison, this morning abandoned the search for the body which Capt. Free Jenks, of the steamer Lewis D. Black, and his crew are positive they saw floating off Haverstraw yesterday morning, and which it was surmised might be that of Pallister.

Capt. Jenks this morning told an "Evening World" reporter that he was still confident that it was a man's body he had seen, but in a five-hour search of both sides and the middle of the river, from Tarrytown to Haverstraw, yesterday afternoon, State Detective Jackson was able to find only one body, and that was a black cat.

Coroner Ackerson also devoted most of the afternoon to searching the river. He has been forty-seven years at the Haverstraw dock, and has recovered many bodies. He could discover nothing, but said he would resume the search at daybreak this morning, and if he learned anything would at once notify the prison authorities. At 11 o'clock nothing had been heard from him; neither had Capt. Jenks nor any of the numerous boatmen around here seen any body to-day.

State Detective Jackson and the other prison authorities are inclined to think that Capt. Jenks was mistaken, although they do not question the sincerity of his opinion.

While the prison people still believe that Pallister escaped in safety after murdering Rohle, they consider preposterous the published statement of Lawyer Andrew J. Purdy, Pallister's counsel, in a morning paper, that Pallister was taken directly to New York in a Whitehall boat by four Battery boatmen, who had waited near the prison dock for him for four nights, and then smashed Rohle's skull with an oar and shot him because he insisted on getting into the boat with Pallister.

The dime novel suggestion that Pallister, while in the death-house, was kept posted of his friends' movements by signs known only to Sing Sing convicts, caused much amusement to the prison officials. One of them high up in authority remarked:

"Purdy is talking through his hat."

Warden Durston was much amused over the story also. He told an "Evening World" reporter that Lawyer Goldberg had not claimed Rohle's body, and that unless he did in a few days it would be useless for him to do so.

"Of course," said the Warden, "if Mr. Goldberg, or any one else for that matter, comes here with authority from Rohle's relatives he can have the body."

Regarding the reward for Rohle's body, Warden Durston said that Superintendent of Prisons Lathrop had entire jurisdiction, and he would not venture an opinion as to whether Fisherman Cronk, who found the body, would get the $250 offered by the Governor or even the $50 generally given for the return of a convict.

As the Governor's offer and the regular offer of $50 are for the recapture of a convict, with no reference to his being dead or alive, the impression prevails that Cronk may not get a cent for his trouble. In consequence Sing Sing boatmen are not over-anxious to scour the river on speculation.

Regarding Mrs. Harris's complaints that the erasures on her son Carlyle's last statement were made by outside parties, Warden Durston said this morning:

"Monday morning Harris sent word to me that he wanted to make a few charges in his statement and wanted a pen and ink. I refused to let him have a pen for obvious reasons, but gave him a lead pencil.

"Dr. Irvine, at his request, scratched out the words he desired with a penknife, and then Harris, to completely obliterate them blurred them by dipping the pencil into ink. The erasures, anyway, were made in the part that referred to his spiritual welfare, of which he seemed to be in considerable doubt."

Pretty Domestic Arrested.

Mrs. Rosa Walker, aged sixty-two, who keeps a boarding-house at 105 East Twenty-sixth street, next door to the Putnam House, procured a warrant in the Yorkville Court for Lulu Cornelius, aged twenty-five, a pretty waitress, formerly in her employ, in which she was charged with grand larceny. She was held in $300 for examination.

Jockey Held for Stabbing a Woman.

Thomas Leavy, a jockey, twenty-three years old, of 99 Third avenue, was held for trial by Justice Tainter, in Essex Market Court this morning, charged with stabbing Bella Webber, twenty-six years old, of 93 Third avenue, in the left shoulder and right hand with a penknife. They got into a quarrel last night at East Seventh street and Second avenue.

Forger Reilly's Trial Postponed.

The trial of young Walter Reilly, who absconded to Virginia after committing alleged forgeries to the amount of $3,500, which was set down for to-day in Part III. of the Court of General Sessions, was postponed on account of the absence of several important witnesses for the people.

The Fredericks Jury Disagrees.

The jury in the case of Antonio Fredericks and his son Angelo, who were tried in the United States Circuit Court for attempting to pass counterfeit money in Mulberry street saloons, disagreed, and the prisoners were today remanded back to Ludlow Street Jail until Tuesday next, when they will be arraigned for a new trial.