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PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JULY 11, 1893. PRICE ONE CENT.

Saturday and Sunday---World's House and Home Days.

EXTRA.

2 O'CLOCK.

EIGHT PAGES.

TWELVE DEAD TAKEN OUT.

Ruins at Chicago Yield Ghastly Relics of the Fierce Flames.

BUT ONE BODY IDENTIFIED.

Mayor Harrison Says the City Will Take Charge of Fair Buildings.

FOR ITS OWN GOOD NAME.

All Structures to Be Inspected and Made Safe for Visitors.

WORLD'S FAIR GROUNDS, CHICAGO, July 11.—At 8.30 this morning the remains of five more of the victims of yesterday's fire at the cold storage building were removed to the Morgue, burned beyond recognition.

Added to the seven that lay in the Morgue at midnight, this made twelve dead so far taken out of the ruins.

Only one body has been positively identified, that of William Denning, although seven firemen who called thought they saw in one heap of charred remains a resemblance to their comrade, M. McQuade, driver of Engine No. 3.

Four of the bodies bore little likeness to dead humanity. One gunny sack, when opened showed a damp mass of charred matter. Close inspection revealed black and fleshless bones, and only by these were the firemen enabled to tell that they had found what was left of a man.

During the evening many women called—wives, mothers and sisters of firemen. They were told that it was useless to go below and gaze upon the bodies as there was no hope of identifying the dead.

THE SEARCH FOR THE DEAD.

It was after 7 o'clock last night before the ruins became cool enough to conduct anything like a systematic search for bodies. Before that time, however, several charred fragments of what had been human forms had been pulled out from the debris, each fresh "find" being accompanied by some gruesome circumstance.

The sounding of ambulance gongs and the rush of the hospital staff with stretchers, excited the crowd, which made efforts from time to time to break the cordon established by the guards and police.

"Keep back! Keep back!" the officers would cry, and then suddenly realizing that perhaps their curiosity was out of place at such a time the people returned to their places.

One of the bodies first taken out was fearfully burned. Arms and legs were missing, and the flesh of the face had been burned away. Somebody said the victim was a guard and that a remnant of his coat with a brass button clinging to it had dropped from the shrivelled trunk as it was removed from the wreck.

Ten minutes later a company of firemen at work near the big smoke-stack stumbled over something in the ruins. One big pipeman took hold of the obstruction and drew from it a thigh bone. This body, like the one taken from the north front, was burned beyond recognition. It was that of a man whose arms had been burned off at the elbows. The head was gone and the legs were mere stumps.

A FOOTBALL PLAYER AT WORK.

"Here's another body, boys," cried big Ben Donnelly, the famous football player, who was assisting the firemen and guards, and who stood coatless and hatless in the wreckage. A half-dozen guards sprang into the tangled mass of iron and tugged away at a body which lay beneath a beam. When the burden under which it rested had been removed the headless, armless and legless trunk was rolled up in a piece of canvas and taken away.

The morbid curiosity of the crowd then began to take a demonstrative turn. Men and women tried to break through the lines and follow the ambulance corps and its ghastly burdens, but the guards held them back, and sternly reprimanded them for their eagerness to inspect the dead.

Chief Sweenie stood at the east front, near the Columbus statue. His face was black, and the hot water rushing along the street was up to his ankles.

"Eleven of my men are in there," he said. "There may be more, but eleven are surely dead. I cannot say anything about the construction of the building. It was inflammable and extra hazardous because of the manner in which it had been cut up into rooms. It burned like a flash, and nothing could have saved it. It was all over when I got here."

Fifteen men in the employ of the Harter Electric Company were putting in wires in the tower when the fire broke out. Two of them have not been accounted for, and it is feared they lost their lives. One was named N. M. Hartman. The other was a new man, whose name was not known by his fellow-workmen.

THOUSANDS AT THE RUINS TO-DAY

When the search for bodies was resumed this morning 10,000 people crowded around the debris, eagerly watching the work.

It seemed quite evident that the bodies discovered this morning were not the remains of firemen. The locality in which they were found seems to preclude this possibility.

MAYOR HARRISON TO ACT.

Mayor Harrison was almost overcome when he heard of the calamity, but he finally said: "Well, this settles one thing, the city of Chicago is going to assume control of those buildings as far as protecting life is concerned, and will do so at once. To-day I will see that all these buildings are carefully inspected, and if changes necessary for the safety of the people are found advisable they must be made.

"Every day 15,000 people visit the top of the Manufactures Building. I have seen myself fully 6,000 people there at once. In the event of a fire panic hardly two of them would escape. These things must be looked to, and they will if it takes every police officer in Chicago.

"It is a little late now, but the city will take no more chances. That cold-storage building would never have been built if the city had possessed a voice in the matter, and now she is going to speak so that the world will know that the blood of these men is not upon us, and that we will have no more of these awful catastrophes if we can avoid it."

BARDWELL MAY HANG ANOTHER.

Colored Man at Milan, Tenn., Said to Be the Ray Girl's Slayer.

CAIRO, Ill., July 11.—News was received here late night that a colored man had been arrested at Milan, Tenn., who is fouds to have been an accomplice of Miller, who was lynched at Bardwell, Ky., last Friday.

The man arrested is said to have been not only a partner in the crime, but is the one that actually committed the murder of the Ray sisters.

The Sheriff of Bardwell, Ky., has been notiged, and if the prisoner to be man claimed, another lynching is in prospect.

A passenger conductor on the Illinois Central, who brings the news of the arrest, says the man fought desperately, but when finally overpowered admitted that he murdered the girls and that Miller knew it and refused to divulge it.

A NEGRO UPRISING FEARED.

Mayor of Bardwell, Ky., Telegraphs for 100 Winchester Rifles.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 11.—A negro uprising is feared at Bardwell as the result of the recent lynching of Miller, the negro who was charged with the murder of the Ray sisters.

The Mayor of Bardwell has telegraphed to Paducah for 100 Winchester rifles.

WHISKEY TRUST IN SESSION.

The Meeting Is Secret and Devoted to Routine Business.

PEORIA, Ill., July 11.—The directors of the Distillers' Cattle and Feeding Company met in regular session here yesterday morning, there being a full board present. It was a session of great secrecy and continued till late in the afternoon. President Greenhut stated that the directors were not yet ready to give anything out for publication.

As soon as routine business has been concluded the directors will consider the rebellion of Mr. Woolner and the Takamine process of making whiskey. Mr. Greenhut believes that both questions will be settled.

EDITOR HOWARD SHOT.

A Brother Journalist Resents an Article in His "News."

SAVANNAH, Ga., July 11.—At Blakely Saturday night Editor W. H. Robinson, of the Blakely Observer, shot Editor T. M. Howard of the Early County News, the bullet lodging in the shoulder.

The difficulty arose from an article printed in Howard's paper reflecting on the character of two women who had just arrived in town. Howard's wound is not serious.

MRS. DUNHAM SEEKS DIVORCE.

Her Husband, an Ex-Congressman, Said to Have Been Cruel.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., July 11.—Mrs. Elizabeth B. Dunham has returned from Chicago and has commenced an action at Canton, S. D., for divorce from Ransom W. Dunham, of Chicago, ex-Congressman and former President of the Chicago Board of Trade.

She alleges cruelty and infidelity. Dunham has retained ex-Congressman Gifford as his local attorney. It is said the case will be tried before a jury.

Village Fires in Canada.

OWEN SOUND, Ont., July 11.—Fire late last night destroyed the Ross block and the Selden House, outbuildings of the Royal Hotel and several small stores.

ST. JOHN, Neb., July 11.—The village of Fairville for the third time in a brief period was destroyed by fire yesterday afternoon. The burned district includes all of the finest residence portion of the town.

FLYLENE positively protects horses and cattle from annoyance of flies, gnats and mosquitoes. *.*

LOST HIS LOVE AND MONEY.

Lausen's Sweetheart Married Another on the Ship Coming Over.

He Wants to Recover the Money Sent to Pay Her Passage.

Rudolph Lausen, a well-to-do saddler, of 61 South Second street, was greatly disappointed to-day when Justice Goetting, in the Lee Avenue Court, Williamsburg, told him that there was no way in which he could recover his sweetheart or the cash he had given her.

About six months ago Lausen left Warsaw, Russia, and came to this country. He prospered beyond his expectations, and a short time ago wrote to his sweetheart in Russia, Catherine Obernatz, asking her to come to him. With the letter he sent a draft for $250.

Catherine, who is a soprano singer, made all her preparations and started for this country. On the steamer coming over she made the acquaintance of Ladislaus Berlinsky, a tenor singer, and the two relieved the monotony of the second cabin passage by singing duets.

Last Saturday Lausen waited on the dock as the ship came in, and saw Catherine waving her handkerchief to him. When she stepped ashore she was accompanied by a stalwart six-footer.

"You ought to know Ladislaus Berlinsky,' said Catherine, addressing the saddler. "I met him on the ship coming over, and we got to like each other so well that a German minister on the ship married us. Isn't it a delightful surprise?"

Lausen was nearly knocked out by the "delightful surprise." After a few minutes he recovered his speech, and earnestly demanded the return of his $250.

"But they wouldn't give it to me," he explained afterwards, "and when I talked fierce-like, Berlinsky kicked me. I couldn't fight him, because he was too big."

On Sunday Mr. and Mrs. Berlinsky moved to Williamsburg, and Lausen thought that he could now recover his money, but Justice Goetting told him that a criminal prosecution would do him no good, although he might have some remedy in a civil suit.

"I want to get even with that fellow with the high voice," he said. "It's bad enough to lose the girl and the money, but when I realise that another fellow has got both of them, I want to fight, even though the man is bigger than I am."

CAUGHT THROUGH A LETTER.

Forger Schlicter's Brother Dropped It Near a Detective.

Detective Sergt. Trainer, of Inspector McLaughlin's staff, brought to General Sessions this morning Louis Schlicter, twenty-two years old, whom he arrested yesterday in Philadelphia on a bench warrant.

Previous to May 1 Schlicter was private secretary to the manager of the claim department of the Preferred Accident Insurance Company, of 208 Broadway. It was his duty to write and inclose checks to those whose claims had been allowed by the Company.

It is alleged that Schlicter, instead of sending the checks, forged the indorsement of the claimant and cashed the checks at the Merchants' Exchange Bank.

He disappeared May 1, and several days later complaints began to pour in.

One claimant, A. C. McCoy, of Hollidaysburg, Pa., who was allowed $142.86, came to town and appeared before the Grand Jury with K. A. Atwood, the Secretary of the Company, and Schlicke was indicted on a charge of forgery in the second degree.

A warrant was issued and given to Detective Trainor, who located Schlicter's brother and followed him. He saw him drop an envelope addressed to J. N. Gaylor, 146 North Tenth street, Philadelphia.

Trainer picked up the envelope and took itto Secretary Atwood, who declared the address was in Schlicter's handwriting. Trainer went to the address given and arrested Schlicter. He had been to the Gloucester race track and was feeling rather gloomy.

He was arraigned before Judge Cowing this morning and committed to the Tombs in default of $1,500 bail.

GERTIE CARLEY IN COURT.

The Girl Dr. Lawrence is Accused of Performing an Operation On.

Gertie Carley, the seventeen-year-old girl upon whom Dr. Kate Lawrence, of 261 West Thirty-ninth street, is accused of performing a criminal operation, and who is now under arrest, together with the girl's lover, Oscar Berger, was sufficiently recovered to appear in the Yorkville Court this morning.

Gertie denied emphatically that any operation had been performed upon her, and was held in $2,500 bail to appear for examination Thursday.

Bail was furnished by Michael Murphy, a grocer, of Sixtieth Street and Amsterdam avenue.

TWO MINERS IMPRISONED.

An Explosion of Fire Damp in a West Virginia Mine.

CUMBERLAND, Md., July 11.—An explosion of fire damp took place yesterday in Mine No. 1, of the West Virginia Central Railroad property. Ninety miners were at work in the various drifts at the time.

The mine was soon filled with flames and smoke. The men made a wild dash for the shaft, and all succeeded in escaping but two. The latter were imprisoned in an isolated drift, and are supposed to have been burned to death.

Arrested for Kicking a Woman.

Patrick Downey, twenty-four years old, of 147 Butler street, was arrested this morning on complaint of Mrs. Margaret Colligan, of the same address, who alleges that he entered her apartments during her husband's absence, and on being repulsed by her knocked her down and kicked her about the body.

Infant's Body in the River.

The body of a few hours' old female child was discovered in the Hudson River at the foot of One Hundred and Seventieth street at 6 o'clock this morning and was taken to the West One Hundred and Fifty-second Street station.

BOODY GETS THEM.

Judge Moore Gives Him Permission to Copy the Minutes.

The Mayor's Affidavit Calls His Accusers Base Perjurers.

He Declares that He Wants Their Names to Punish Them.

Ex-Secretary of the Navy Benjamin F. Tracy spent half an hour this morning pleading with Judge Moore in the Brooklyn Court of Sessions, to give Mayor Boody an opportunity to vindicate his character.

Before that, "Boss" Hugh McLaughlin also had an interview with the Judge, presumably upon the same subject. The two were in conference over twenty minutes.

As a result, Mayor Boody will get all the opportunity he desires. He will be allowed to inspect and take a copy of the minutes of the June Grand Jury, which said he ought to be indicted, and which would have indicted him but for District-Attorney Ridgway's interpretation of the law. The Mayor can take the responsibility of making them public.

The strangest part of this morning's proceedings was that, besides making the motion to inspect the minutes, Gen. Tracy went into a long eulogy of the Mayor, and the District-Attorney followed suit.

Mr. Ridgway further took occasion to vindicate himself and his interpretation of the law, at the same time, threatening the member of the Grand Jury that first made the complaint.

The ground taken by both lawyers was to the effect that the evidence upon which the Grand Jury's presentment was based was perjured.

The court-room was crowded when, promptly at 10 o'clock sharp, Judge Moore ascended the bench, and then Gen. Tracy arose to make the motion.

He began by reading the presentment of the June Grand Jury, which censured the Mayor and the cold thirteen members of the Board of Aldermen. Then he asked that the Mayor, in order to vindicate his character, be permitted to inspect the minutes and make a copy of them.

Reading from a petition which the Mayor had sworn to a short time before, he told of the action of the Board of Aldermen on June last, in giving away certain street railroad frachises.

He found that the company obtaining the franchise, generally known as the Flynn syndicate, had guaranteed proper compensation to the city in the nature of a yearly tax upon its gross receipts.

The Union Street Railroad Company, said the Mayor, had appeared on the scene also, and offered a gross sum instead of a yearly rental for the franchise, and he had been advised that such an offer could not be accepted.

He told how he signed the application in good faith, and left for Chicago next day. Then he went on to say that during his absence some evil-disposed person went before te Gradn Jury and gave evidence that was false and perjured against him.

There was not one of his official acts, he declared, that was not open to any one for investigation, but he demanded the name of the alleged purjurers, the evidence they had given, and then that they be punished. All that he had ever done, he alleged, was in the interest of the city and in perfect good faith.

Gen. Tracey then made a plea in the same strain. He began by pointing out that there were other ways open to aggrieved persons anxious to punish offenders than by the Grand Jury. It was open to all to go before a police magistrate or to a Justice of the Supreme Court.

He contended that the Grand Jury room ought not to be nor was it ever inended o be a place where perjurers could blacken the character of a lifetime.

The positive manner in which District-Attorney Ridgway reiterates the statement that his contention concerning the powers and duties of the Grand Jury is correct has considerably stirred up a number of lawyers who take the opposite view.

Among the latter is Mr. William J. Gaynor, whose fight against corruption anud dishonesty has made him anything but a favorite with the politicians.

When he insisted at first that the Grand Jury had power to indict for misdemeanor, he spoke offhand. Since then, however, he has gone carefully over the law books with the result that he is ready to fight the case at all points.

"If you look at section 248 of the Code of Criminal Procedure," he said to an "Evening World" reporter, "you will see whether Mr. Ridgway's contention that the Grand Jury has no power to indict public officials guilty of misdemeanor or not is correct. That section reads:

"'When a Grand Jury is impanelled the Court must read to them the provisions of the code from section 252 to 267, both inclusive.'

"Now, take the first important one of these sections, No. 260. It is divided into three headings, and the third one reads that 'the Grand Jury must inquire into the wilful and corrupt misconduct in office of public officers of any description in the county.'

"You see that the law requires the Judge in every case in charging a Grand Jury, to charge them that they must inquire into the misconduct in office of public officers. That being so, is it not ridiculous to say that when the Grand Jury in obedience to the charge, does inquire into the conduct of public officers, that the Judge and District-Attorney must then, as it is claimed, inform them that they have no jurisdiction in the premises and must quit.

"Now look at section 252. It says: 'The Grand Jury has power, and it is their duty, to inquire into all crimes, connected or triable in the county, and to present them to the court.'

"The word 'crime,' in criminal law, is generic, and includes all criminal offenses, whether felonies or misdemeanors.

"'If you turn now to section 3 of the Penal Code,' continued Mr. Gaynor, 'you will find the definition of crime, as I have given it to you, namely, the word 'crime' covers every kind of criminal offense, high and low. If you go on to section 4, it says exactly this:

"'A crime is either a felony or a misdemeanor.'

"So you see that the section which makes it the duty of the Grand Jury to inquire into all crimes includes misdemeanors.

"But it is said that section 60 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, which relates only to Brooklyn, leaves the Grand Jury without jurisdiction to indict for misdemeanors, because that section says that police justices in the city of Brooklyn have exclusive jurisdiction to try and determine all complaints of misdemeanors committed in said city.

"This, in my opinion, is very plain. Police justices have exclusive jurisdiction to try all complaints, says section 60. That is to say, all complaints made before them. A complaint being before a police justice, he has exclusive jurisdiction of that particular complaint. That by no means says that the Grand Jury has no jurisdiction over misdemeanors.

"The word 'complaint' has nothing to do with the Grand Jury's jurisdiction. Complaint can only be made to a magistrate, and the complaint having been made, the magistrate has exclusive jurisdiction over it. But if no complaint be made, he has no jurisdiction.

"In such a case, the Grand Jury has the jurisdiction that it always had, ever since the first Grand Jury sat, in the history of the English race.

"I need not enlarge on this," said Mr. Gaynor, in conclusion, "for this is just what was decided when Tweed protested to the indictment for misdemeanors against him that the court had no jurisdiction, and claimed that he had to be sent to one of his police justices to be disposed of. The law under which Tweed was indicted was exactly the same as this section 60."

DR. POTTER ESCAPES CONTEMPT.

And Secures an Adjournment of His Supplementary Proceedings.

It was a small crowd that assembled in Judge Van Wyck's City Court Chambers this morning to hear what Rev. Dr. Daniel C. Potter, of the Baptist Tabernacle, would swear to in supplementary proceedings regarding his inability to satisfy a judgment for $1,000 and costs, obtained against him by Janes & Taylor, carpenters, at 103 South Fifth avenue, for money loaned without security in 1891.

At 10 o'clock the case was called and the parson failing to respond, J. H. Hull, lawyer for James & Taylor, suggested that the good doctor be given a half hour of grace and if he was not on hand at the end of that time that an order be issued compelling him to come forward and show cause why he should not be adjudged in contempt of court in failing to obey his orders to appear, and be punished therefor.

At 10.20 the stocky figure of the Second avenue clerical gentleman appeared at the door. It beckoned to Mr. Hull. Mr. Hull responded. There was a confab in the hall and then the lawyer and parson approached the seat of Justice. Mr. Hull said that Dr. Potter had made some promises which induced him to consent to an adjournment for one week. Judge Van Wyck swore Dr. Potter to true answers make to all questions put to him as to his property (or the lack of it), and then everybody went away.

SANTA MARIA IN FLOWERS.

A Brooklyn Florist's Ingenious Modelling of Columbus's Flagship.

Visitors to Greenwood this morning were attracted by a magnificent floral exhibition in front of a florist's on Twenty-fifth street. The design represents Columbus's flagship, the Santa Maria, and it was entirely constructed of growing flowers. The interior of the vessel is a mass of moss.

The ship is 8 feet long, 3 feet in depth, and the hull is formed of bright green echevexia; the railing along the sides is of red and yellow alternanthera. Columbus is represented standing in the bow with a telescope in his hand. The flowers which form the design are all planted in firm earth.

If you have that tired feeling after shopping Buxton's beverages will stop it. Try Calawba Sling, Frappe Bresle or Ice-Cream Soda. 23d st. and 5th ave. *.*

EXPERT TESTIMONY ON CROTON WATER.

CHORUS OF STATESMEN.—Who says that there's anything wrong with New York's water supply?

A SHELBYVILLE BANK FAILS.

Many People Involved in the Fall of the House of Thornton.

Kansas City Safe Deposit Company Makes an Assignment.

SHELBYVILLE, Ill., July 11.—Thornton's Banking House, Thomas M. Thornton, proprietor, has made an assignment for the benefit of creditors.

The crash was wholly unexpected, as the house has long been looked upon as one of the strongest private banks in Central Illinois. It was the depository of the county, city and township funds, the County Treasurer alone being involved to the amount of more than $50,000.

Mr. Thornton has large landed estates and other good security, and it is hoped he will be able to pay dollar for dollar to all depositors. He reserves nothing and in any event will be left penniless.

The bank has always enjoyed a large patronage and been backed by ample capital, and was, therefore, a popular depository for rich and poor. Hundreds of business men and farmers are involved, and the failure will probably prove a great bloow to all business interests. A statement of assets and liabilities is promised this afternoon.

As a result of the Thornton Bank failure Charles E. Woodward, of the Star Mills, of this city, was compelled to assign to-day. Liabilities, $76,000; assets, $85,000. C. S. Woodward is the assignee.

The Thornton assignees are Judge Anthony Thornton, J. T. Herrick and Philo Parker.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 11.—The Kansas City Safe Deposit and Savings Bank, one of the largest institutions of its kind in Missouri, made an assignment this morning. Its liabilities and assets are not yet known.

Business Troubles.

Harcombe & Co., of Ogden, merchants, made an assignment yesterday. Assets, $42,000; liabilities, $25,000.

Lessee Zabel, of the Schlitz Park Opera Company, Milwaukee, made an assignment yesterday. His company has been losing $2,000 a week.

Yesterday C. A. Reese was appointed by the Galveston, Tex., District Court receiver of the Galveston Trust Company.

MADE HER OWN DIVORCE.

Mrs. Reichert Pasted the Decree on Her Kitchen Door.

Anton Reichert was in the Lee Avenue Court, Williamsburg, to-day vainly trying to secure a warrant for the arrest of his wife.

Reichert, who is sixty-five years old, has been in St. Catherine's Hospital for several weeks. He was discharged last night, and when he went home found that his wife, to whom he had been married just before being taken ill, had left his home at 115 Scholes street.

The wife, it is alleged, divorced herself from Reichert two days after he had been taken away and pasted her manufactured decree on the kitchen door where it could be readily seen.

In addition to losing his wife, Reichert has lost a good portion of his furniture. He believes his wife has gone with another man.

THE NEW YORK ALMOST READY.

Big Cruiser Will Be Put Into Commission in a Few Days.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 11.—The armored cruiser New York is now within a few days of readiness for commission. The Cramp Company have begun the final planing of her decks and mounting of her turret batteries. Shipment of her crew is proceeding rapidly at the League Island Navy-Yard.

The first cruise of the New York will be an event in the history of the navy. She will first be made the flagship of the home squadron. Then she will go to Europe, and probably finish her first three years commission by a voyage around the world.

Bushwick Wheelmen's Outing.

The Bushwick Wheelmen will hold their second annual excursion next Saturday afternoon. The steamer and barge Neilson will leave foot of South Fifth street at 3 o'clock and a good time is promised to those who attend.

MAY HAVE SPREAD TYPHUS.

Patrick Haggerty Sat in the Street, Too Ill to Move.

Taken to North Brother Island Yesterday—He Died To-Day.

The Bureau of Contagious Diseases was somewhat alarmed this morning about the case of Patrick Haggerty, who was taken to North Brother Island yesterday ill with typhus fever and died there at 8 A. M. to-day.

Haggerty was found sitting in front of 4 Hester street yesterday morning by a policeman of the Twelfth Precinct. He was removed to Gouverneur Hospital and the Health Department was notified.

When his case was diagnosed as typhus fever inquiry was instituted to learn where he caught the disease.

Haggerty said he was thirty-five years old and lived at 4 Hester street. How long he had been sitting in front of the house before the policeman noticed him is not certain.

Many people were passing through the street, and it was not until somebody called the attention of the policeman to the illness of the man that the danger of contagion was removed from the street.

At 4 Hester street and 98 Bowery, at both of which places Haggerty claimed a residence, people disclaimed any knowledge of the typhus patient.

The usual precautionary measures in the way of fumigation were observed by the inspectors of the Bureau of Contagious Diseases.

The Health Board was also notified this morning of the death on North Brother Island of Carl Ismar, aged thirty-seven. He was taken to the island June 12, suffering from typhus fever.

Andrew Hansen, aged thirty-two years, of 50 Varick street, and James Burns, aged twenty, were to-day removed to North Brother Island ill with typhus.

Hansen was found at home, and Burns was taken from Bellevue Hospital.

BEARS IN CONTROL.

Western and London Failures Help Depress the Market.

The bears had full swing in the stock market this morning and succeeded in depressing the whole list. A weak feeling existed in consequence of additional failures out West and of the embarrassment of two firms on the London Stock Exchange.

Uneasiness also prevailed at that centre where the fortnightly settlement is in progress, and the foreign houses here had orders to sell stocks on a larger scale than usual.

The bulls are still unable to give the market support, owing to their inability to secure time money, and the room is decidedly bearish. The decline, which was equal to 4 3-4 per cent. in General Electric and 1-2 to 2 1-2 per cent. in the remainder of the list, was accompanied by a material increase in the volume of transactions.

General Electric declined from 68 1-4 to 63 1-2, ex-dividend; American Sugar 1 5-8, to 80 3-8; Manhattan 1 1-2, to 120 1-2; Tennessee Coal & Iron 2 1-2, to 12 1-2; Chicago Gas 7-8, to 67 1-2; Missouri Pacific 3-4, to 29 3-4; Atchison 5-8, to 20 1-2; St. Paul 5-8, to 64 3-8; Rock Island 5-8, to 67 1-2; Lake Shore 5-8, to 118 7-8, and Union Pacific 5-8, to 22 3-8.

National Cordage jumped 11-4, to 11, on the decision of the Reorganization Committee to extend the time for the deposit of stock and for the payment of the first installment to the new preferred stock.

Money opened at 6 a 8 per cent. on call.

The silver market was weaker, certificates falling to 71 1-2 at the Stock Exchange, 50,000 ounces changing hands. Commercial bar silver declined to 70 1-2.

The Treasury last evening purchased 100,000 ounces of silver at 71 1-2.

A cable from London says: "Two failures have been declared, Charles Frederick Dawson, a dealer in the American market, and John F. H. Read, a very old broker and a director of the Great Eastern Railway. Mr. Read was probably the best known and most popular member of the Stock Exchange. He was reported to be very wealthy.

EXTRA.

2 O'CLOCK.

EIGHT PAGES.

SUICIDE FOR LOVE.

Susanna Bartsch's Sweetheart in Hungary Proved False.

Early This Morning She Shot Herself Through the Heart.

Her Sister's Child Sat Crying Beside the Body.

Susanna Bartsch, a comely young Hungarian, committed suicide early today by shooting herself in her bedroom at 1976 Park avenue, where she lived with her married sister.

The deed was prompted by news from the old country that her lover, who had promised to marry her, had fallen in love with another girl, whom he was going to make his wife.

Susanna Bartsch was born and brought up in a village near Rokos, Upper Hungary. Her father is a farmer, in comfortable circumstances.

Susanna's hand was sought by numerous young men in the village, but she fell in love with Paul Kotler, a young tailor, who made the uniforms for the artillery.

Kotler, before he became enamored of Susanna, was in love with her younger sister Julia, and the latter was married to some one else and has since died.

Kotler and the fair Susanna kept company for several years and were betrothed. He promised to make her his wife when he had served his time in the military.

Susanna was happy, but as the time approached when her lover was to leave the army, and it became known that they were to be married, his parents objected to the marriage.

Susanna had already gone so far as to purchase her wedding dress. The lovers held clandestine meetings after Kotler's family made known their opposition to the match and decided on what course they would pursue.

Susanna's brother John was coming to this country to visit another sister, who is the wife of Hugo Bukmann, who keeps a grocery store at 1976 Park avenue.

Mrs. Bukmann had two children by her first husband, and her brother was going to bring them over. The lovers arranged that Susanna would come to this country, and Kotler promised her that as soon as he finished his military service he would follow her and make her his wife.

Accordingly Susanna came over with her brother and her sister's children. Her lover saw her off, and before the steamer sailed he went with her and purchased her bridal veil.

His last words before they parted were that it wouldn't be long before he would come to America and claim her for his wife.

Susanna arrived here four months ago, and has since been living with Mrs. Bukmann. About a month ago she received a letter from her lover in which he said that he was getting ready to come over.

The news made her glad and she went about her work in a happy frame of mind.

She was expecting her lover almost any day, and was making preparations for the wedding. But one day last week another letter came from her aunt in Hungary, which told her that Paul had proved faithless, and that he was not coming now; that he was going to marry another girl.

The news of her lover's faithlessness made Susanna despondent and melancholy. She went about morose and unhappy.

Her friends tried to cheer her, but she said her heart was broken.

Bukmann went to market about 4 o'clock this morning. Susanna slept in a bedroom with her sister's ten-year-old child, Minnie.

At about 5.20 o'clock this morning Mrs. Bukmann was awakened by hearing Minnie crying, "Mamma," several times.

She got up and went into the room, where Susanna slept to see what was the matter. She found her sister lying on the floor.

Susanna had shot herself right through the heart. The child Minnie was sitting alongside of the body crying.

Dr. E. Vidal, of 59 West One Hundred and Thirty-third street, was sent for and pronounced the young woman dead.

The 34-calibre revolver with which she shot herself belonged to Gracie Beekman, but it disappeared a couple of weeks ago, and it could not be found.

It is supposed that Susanna hid it away where she could find it in case she wanted it.

It is believed that she had an idea that her lover would not keep his promise, and that she would make up her mind to kill herself if that proved true.

She was only twenty-four years old.

BOYS PLAGUED THE BUTCHER.

But Those Arrested Claimed to Be Innocent of All Wrong.

Six little boys wept in unison in the Lee Avenue Court, Williamsburg, to-day, while their six mothers stood behind them, and pleaded in chorus for mercy. Justice Goetting finally discharged them with a warning.

The boys were: John Bersch, Julius Moritz John Page, Richard Haup, Cooney Veit and Charles Veit, and they all belong to the Throop Avenue Presbyterian Mission and live in Hopkins street, near Broadway. They are a bright, well-dressed lot of youngsters and denied that they did any wrong.

J. Greenberg, a butcher, of 770 Broadway, claims that the boys, assisted by about fifty others, whose names he does not know, have made life a burden for him for many weeks.

"They hang cats on the hooks alongside of game," complained the old man. "They come in here and order meat, and when I cut it off they tell me to eat it myself. They get antique eggs, and use my door as a target, and as it is a screen door, it is not pleasant for those of us inside."

The prisoners, one and all, denied that they had bothered Greenberg, but laid all the blame on boys from a rival Sunday-school.

After the case had been disposed of the indignant mothers captured Greenberg in the corridor and talked to him until he was very unhappy.