SHORTS BADLY PUNISHED.

The Stock Market Goes Up on Washington Advices.

Lackawanna Scarce and Commanding High Prices.

With the exception of General Electric, which fell off 1 3-8 to 39 3-4, the stock market opened strong, with an improving tendency.

The bulls were encouraged by a sharp advance in Americans at London and by the light offerings of stocks here. The leading features were New England, Sugar, Chicago Gas and the Grangers.

New England rose 1 1-2 to 2 1-2, Burlington and Quincy 1 1-4 to 80 3-8, American Sugar 1 1-8 to 87, Chicago Gas 1 3-8 to 55, Western Union 7-8 to 79 1-2, North West 3-4 to 97 1-2, Distillers 3-8 to 29 1-4, Rock Island 5-8 to 62 3-8, Louisville and Nashville 3-4 to 51, Northern Pacific preferred 1 to 26 1-4, and Union Pacific 3-4 to 20 3-4.

New England is strengthened by the statements of insiders that the Company will succeed in putting through its scheme for an entrance into this city.

The weakness of General Electric is due to the talk about impending resignations by two or three leading directors and various rumors about a reorganization of the Company. Nothing definite, however, is known in regard to the matter.

The Bank of England rate is unchanged 3 1-2 per cent.

The upward movement in the stock market made more rapid progress as the day advanced, and severe punishment was meted out to the shorts. Lackawanna, for instance, which closed yesterday at 144 5-8, was wanted badly. One broker bid 145, then 146 and so on up to 149, where a couple of hundred were secured. Later there were transactions at 149 1-2.

The stock has been scarce for some time, and there is a latent short interest which cannot be covered except on the terms dictated by holders.

The Grangers, industrials and Western Union made sharp advances.

The sharp change in the temper of speculation was largely due to Washington advices that the Senate will repeal the Sherman law at an early day. President Cleveland's letter to Gov. Northen, of Georgia, also had stimulating effect.

It is stated that negotiations have been reopened for a traffic arrangement between the Lackawanna and Toledo, Ann Arbor & North Michigan. The statement by the former has control of the latter is denied.

The steamship Origaba, from Havana, brought 5,000 Mexican silver dollars to Muller, Schall & Co., and 100,000 Mexican dollars to James E. Wood in transit to London.

Foreign exchange is firm, but business is limited and the demand is less active than yesterday. Bankers quote bills sold at 4.85 a 4.85 1-2 and demand at 4.87 a 4.87 1-2. Rates are not up to the shipping point and the chances are that no gold will be shipped this week.

Stocks continued to advance on the belief that the Sherman law will be repealed at an early day. The bulls held control of the market and maintained the rise to the end.

Mr. J. B. Dumont, who has been a member of the Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange for the last ten years, was forced to suspend payments by the extraordinary break in Evansville & Terre Haute last July and in consequence tendered his resignation.

On Sept. 21 Mr. Dumont was reinstated in membership by the Committee on Admissions, and yesterday at a meeting of the Governing Committee Mr. Dumont was elected to fill the vacancy caused by his own resignation.

Sir Henry Tyler, President of the Grand Trunk Railway, said to-day that Russell Sage exercises no control over the Grand Trunk Railroad, and that Americans have no connection whatever with the road.

The Clearing-House Loan Committee cancelled $1,400,000 in loan certificates to-day. Total amount outstanding $26,255,000.

An additional $300,000 certificates has also been called for to-morrow, making a total of $960,000.

There was an increased demand for commercial paper, and some of the city banks were in the market as buyers. Prime names sold at 6 a 8 per cent. The currency movement still favors this centre, and an increase in the bank reserves is looked for on Saturday.

The sales of stocks were 191,300 shares; silver certificates, 35,000 ounces. In the unlisted department 23,400 shares of Sugar and 1,350 Lead were traded in.

The Closing Quotations.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amer. Sugar Ref.	86¼	87⅞	86	87⅞
Amer. Sugar Ref. pref.	85	86⅝	85	86¼
Amer. Cotton Oil	33	34⅝	33	34⅝
Amer. Cotton Oil pref.	67	68½	67	68½
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe	19	20	19	20
Baltimore & Ohio	67	67	67	67
Canada Southern	45⅞	45⅞	45¼	45¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	16	16	15⅞	16
Chicago Gas	54¼	57⅞	53⅞	56⅞
Chi., Bur. & Quincy	79⅞	81⅞	79⅞	81⅞
Chicago & Northwest	97⅞	98⅞	97¼	98⅞
*Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	54	59½	53⅞	58⅞
Chi., Rock Isl. & Pac.	62¼	64½	62¼	63¼
Chi. & Eastern Ill.	55¼	55¼	55¼	55¼
Chi. & Eastern Ill pref.	91	92½	91	92½
Cler., Cin., Chi. & St. L	22	22¼	22	22
Col. & Hock. Valley	19	19⅞	19	19⅞
Col. & Hock. Coal	7½	8	7½	7½
Del., Lack. & West	140	149¼	140	146
Delaware & Hudson	119	119	118	118
Denver & Rio Grande pf.	10¼	10¼	10¼	10¼
Denver & Rio Grande pf.	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞	28⅞
Dis. & Cattle Feed	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞	22⅞
Gen. Electric	41	42⅞	39⅞	41⅞
Laclede Gas	14¼	14¼	14¼	14¼
Laclede Gas pref	60	60	60	60
Lake Shore	118½	118½	118½	118½
Lake Erie & Western	15	15	15	15
Lake Erie & Western pf.	67	67	67	67
Louisville & Nashville	50⅞	52½	50⅞	52½
Lou., New Alb. & Chi.	14	14	14	14
Lou., N. A. & C. T. ctfs	13½	14½	13½	14½
Manhattan Consol	125	125½	125	125½
Minn. & St. L. T. Rec.	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾
Missouri Pacific	22	22½	22	22½
Mo., Kan. & Tex	11	11	11	11
Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	18	19¼	18	19¼
Nat. Cord Co. 24 paid	23¼	24⅞	23¼	24½
Nat. Lead Co.	25½	26¼	25½	26¼
Nat. Lead Co. pref.	95½	97½	95½	96½
New Jersey Central	106	106	106	106
New York Central	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
N. Y. & Nor. pref.	9½	10	9½	10
N. Y. & New England	26¼	27½	26¼	27½
N. Y., C. & St. L. 24 pf.	21	22	21	21
N. Y., Lake E. & W.	13⅞	14⅞	13⅞	14⅞
N. Y., Susq. & W. new	13½	13½	13½	13½
N. Y., S. & W. pf. new	42¼	43	42	43
Northern Pacific	6½	7	6½	7
Northern Pacific pref.	20¼	21¼	20	21
North American	5	5⅛	5	5⅛
Ontario & Western	14⅞	14⅞	14⅞	14½
Pacific Mail	17¼	18	17¼	17¼
Phila. & Reading	15¼	16⅞	14¼	16¼
Pitts., C., C. & St. L.	15	15	15	15
Pull. Palace Car Co.	167⅞	168	167⅞	168
R. & W. P. Ter. 24 pd.	3¼	3½	3¼	3½
R., Wat. & Ogdens	107	107	107	107
St. Paul & Omaha	33	34	33	34
Silver Certificates	74½	74½	74½	74½
Southern Pacific	18	18⅞	18	18⅞
Texas Pacific	6⅞	6⅞	6¼	6¼
Tenn. Coal & Iron	14½	15	14½	15
Tol., Ann Arb. & N. M.	8	8	8	8
Union Pacific	20¼	22	20¼	22
U. S. Rubber	30	30	30	30
Wabash pref.	15	15¼	15	15¼
West. Union Tel.	78	80¼	78⅞	80¼
Wheel., & L. Erie pref.	42	42	42	42
Wis. Central	6	6	6	6

*Ex. div.

Attempted Suicide.

Emil Grath, forty-eight years old, a watchmaker, of 218 Johnson avenue, Brooklyn, attempted suicide about 2 o'clock this afternoon by jumping into the East River from a Broadway ferry-boat. Capt. John Morris, of the tug Baltimore, saw Grath jump overboard, and rescued him. He was put in the prison ward at Bellevue.

MRS. NEAME'S STORY.

(Continued from First Page.)

were different from bruises a man might receive in falling on the pavement?"

"Well, a man wouldn't strike in quite so many places at once," drawled the witness, whimsically, and the first laugh of the day was brought out.

Dr. Webster said that the wounds "looked very much as if they had been done by the heel of a boot."

O'Sullivan passed Ellison's cane up to the doctor. The witness examined it and said the ferrule end of the cane was from one-quarter to one-half inch in diameter.

"Did you ever see the seal on a ring as large as that?" asked the lawyer-doctor.

Dr. Webster had seen such a seal ring.

"Could a man, wearing a seal ring and striking another a blow in the eye, inflict such a wound and leave such a mark as that which you found in Mr. Henriques's eye?"

The witness thought it quite probable. To other questions he said Henriques had a pulse of 120, and he thought that much higher than would result from excitement.

When Mr. O'Sullivan had finished, Mr. Wellman asked if, in the opinion of Dr. Webster, the wound on Mr. Henriques's eye had been made by a blow from a seal ring. Mr. Brooke objected to this as calling for a mere guess, but Dr. Webster replied positively:

"No, sir; in my opinion it was done with the end of a stick."

"Why, doctor?" drawled O'Sullivan.

"Well, because in the first place, Henriques told me he had been jabbed with a stick, and that seemed like a reasonable explanation of the wound."

Dr. Webster examined the broken-handled cane, and said that he would not think the stick with which Henriques was jabbed had a ferrule as long as that.

James McMahon, one of the hackmen who ran to the rescue of Henriques, came next.

"I was standing by my rig in front of 14 East Thirty-ninth street, when some person hollered out: "There's a fight!" and I turned around and saw two men in the gutter. There were five of us who all ran together. When we came up we found Mr. Ellison and Mr. Henriques in the gutter. Mr. Ellison was on his knees on top of Mr. Henriques, who was lying on his back. Mr. Ellison was beating him with a cane and with his fists. We took Mr. Ellison off and some others raised Mr. Henriques to his feet. He was all bleeding. Mr. Ellison tried to get away and get at him again, but we held him. He did get near enough to kick him in the eye. Some others took Mr. Henriques home. He was very weak."

Cross-examining, Mr. Brooke drew out that the witness heard no shot fired and saw no pistol. McMahon said that he heard Mr. Ellison call Mr. Henriques in the eye, but Henriques told him of it.

John Grillin, another hackman, followed in corroboration of McMahon.

He saw Ellison with his knee on Mr. Henriques's chest as he lay on his back in the gutter.

"Ellison was using both hands. He had a cane in one hand, and he was jabbing Mr. Henriques with the cane and pounding him with his fist at the same time. The men took him off and he tried to get at him again."

"Did you see him kick Mr. Henriques?" asked Mr. Wellman.

"I saw the boot go, but I can't say I saw him kick him. He kicked at him."

Solomon J. Freiman, a cotton broker, at 79 Broad street, identified Ellison as a man he had seen at Jacques's Sixth avenue restaurant, at a little after 7 o'clock on the evening of June 5 last.

"Did you hear Ellison say anything to a man named Allen?" asked Mr. Wellman.

"Yes. He told Mr. Allen that he had just had a row with a man in Thirty-ninth street, who had insulted him; that he had hit him, and the man had drawn a pistol on him, and he had pounded the man. He said: 'You will see an account of it in the papers to-morrow, and I'll probably be arrested when I reach my room.'"

Mr. Brooke thanked Mr. Wellman for bringing this witness and excused Mr. Fatman without a question.

John W. Wright, a clerk and starter for H. McGuire's hack stable, was at the door of the Union League, 1 East Thirty-ninth street, the evening of June 5, when he saw Ellison pass, going towards Madison avenue. He followed the hackmen who ran to the relief of Henriques. He saw Ellison jab his adversary with his cane, and pound him with his fists about the head.

"I saw Ellison strike Henriques in the face a half dozen times. I saw him kick at Henriques's head after McMahon, Young and others had dragged him off Henriques. I saw no revolver."

To Mr. Brooke the witness said that the Union League Club was about a block from the scene of the fray, and that when he first looked Ellison and Henriques were on the sidewalk and got into the gutter later on.

The hackmen had already started to run that way.

George Conard Allen, a merchant, 201 Produce Exchange, was the next witness. He had known Ellison more than twenty years. It was to him that Ellison said at 7 o'clock P. M. on June 5, at Jacques's restaurant, on Sixth avenue, that he had had a row with a man; that the man insulted him; he struck the man; the man then drew a pistol and he licked him.

Ellison showed me a cane; he said he had broken it on the man, and he expected to be arrested for it."

Mr. Brooke in cross-examining only succeeded in bringing out more strongly the upset of events.

Ellison's brow knitted in a troubled way at this. He felt that he was much damaged by it, and the stories of the hackman.

Recess.

After recess the weaving of the net about Ellison was continued, with Annie Prince, a young colored woman, in the witness chair. Miss Prince is a seamstress employed at the home of Mr. Henriques, and she testified that she had frequently seen Ellison loitering about the street near the house after he had been forbidden the house.

The Recorder struck her evidence out, saying, sententiously:

"All she has proved is that Ellison was seen once or twice in a public street, where he had a perfect right to be."

"Mrs. Neame," called Mr. Wellman.

There was a flutter, a buzz and a readjusting of seats, a coughing and clearing of throats at this, and every eye watched the door till "the woman in the case" appeared.

She is a slight little creature, with great coils of red-brown hair, big, appealing brown eyes and a soft voice. She was dressed in a tailor-made costume of black, relieved only by a bunch of violets in her black bead hat. She kissed the Holy Book, sank into the witness chair, and in response to the first question of Mr. Wellman, said:

"Lena Olyve Neame."

She testified with a particular carefulness of articulation, dividing all her words into syllables.

"He said the day after my divorce: 'You must marry me. I have only seven cents in the world. I have no friends. You must marry me.'

"And when I told him I would never marry him he said I must. 'It is all your father's fault,' he cried angrily. 'It is his fault and I'll kill him! I'll kill him! I'll brand your name. I'll ruin you in the eyes of the world so that no woman, no man will dare to know you. As for your father, I'll kill him! I'll kill him! I'll kill him!'"

Mrs. Neame's voice was pathetic. There were tears in it. It trembled, and the frail little woman seemed almost overcome when suddenly she dropped tragic, and in a calm recitative tone narrated some details of occurrences that intervened between this and the morning of June 5. Then the melodramatic voice was resumed in telling of that meeting.

She said that Ellison threw her on a sofa, hurting her, and that he spit in her face. She had known him six or seven years.

"It was at the Grand Central Depot. He seized me by the arm and said, 'I want to speak with you a moment.'

"I told him to unhand me, that I did not want anything to do with him. Then he said, with vile oaths and calling me an awful name, 'This is all the doings of Billy Henriques, and I'll get even with him.'"

Mrs. Neame identified a letter written to her by Ellison Feb. 28, in which he says that he learns that her father has asked Supt. Byrnes for protection for him, and has told the Superintendent that not only he but his wife and daughter, Mrs. Neame, are in much fear of Ellison, and all wanted protection from him. Ellison says in this letter, "I can believe this of them, but hardly of you, Leila! Tell me if it is true." &c.

After obtaining several denials from Mrs. Neame of her intimacy with Ellison, Mr. Brooke asked in cross-examination:

"You had a considerable correspondence with Ellison, didn't you?"

"I wrote a few notes in answer to notes from him."

"Your correspondence extended down to a time a little beyond Feb. 28, the day of your father's visit to Supt. Byrnes and the night of the scene in which Ellison threw you on the sofa, didn't it?"

"No, sir; I think not."

She identified several notes as having been written by her. She used letter-paper with a crest and the motto in Latin, "I love and I hate," but she denied the authorship of other notes purporting to have been written by her, and said she had given some of her paper to Ellison at his request. She said that her father went to Supt. Byrnes at her request.

"You have said you went to Long Branch, Newport, Atlantic City and other places with Ellison, in his behalf, in the matter of his alleged assault upon High Slevin?" began Mr. Brooke.

"Yes, sir; unfortunately for me I was with him when the assault occurred in front of the Madison Square Garden. I had to go to see Mr. Slevin and his wife to ask them to let Mr. Ellison off, for Ellison insisted that if I didn't I must go to court and perjure myself by telling the Court that Mr. Slevin had insulted me. There was no insult. Mr. Ellison never thought there was. He told me that he had intended for a long time to knock — out of Slevin."

"The prosecution has brought out that when you sued your husband for divorce he made answer naming Mr. Ellison co-respondent," began Mr. Brooke.

Expectation was on tiptoe, but Mr. Brooke's inquiry went no further than as to Mrs. Neame's sacrifice of self-esteem by dining, breakfasting and suffering with Ellison for months after that.

"Your crest is a lion rampant, is it not?"

"That is the crest of my father; the family crest."

"What is the Ellison crest?"

"I don't know, without its chandeliers."

The witness laughed hysterically at this sally of wit.

"Well, you have some articles, haven't you, with the Ellison crest?"

"I have an umbrella with a silver head which Mr. Ellison purchased in Gorham's, and I afterwards had to pay for."

"As a matter of fact, was it not commonly understood and a matter of family talk that you were to marry Ellison when you got your divorce?" asked Mr. Brooke.

"Never. He wouldn't work. He said he was an old dog and it was hard to learn new tricks," snapped the lady with the henna-colored hair.

On redirect examination Mr. Wellman asked:

"Have you ever seen Mr. Ellison imitate your hand writing?"

"I have. He could imitate my hand, or my aunt's, so closely as almost to defy detection. He did imitate my hand, writing notes as if they came from me, and showing them about among his club friends, bragging about them and blackening my name."

"Now, explain to the jury how it happened that you received Ellison at your table and in your parlor after you had been accused with him by your husband."

"Because he threatened to go against me and testify against me in my husband's suit for divorce. He was never allowed to dine with us after Jan. 29, although he came and ate up the crumbs after we had finished eating."

Mr. Brooke asked mildly why, if Ellison knew nothing against her, she was afraid.

"Because," said the pretty tragedienne; "because I was afraid he would perjure himself against me, as he wished me to do for him in the Slevin matter."

Mr. Brooke asked about several visits of Mrs. Neame to Ellison's room, and about her connection with an amateur theatrical organization.

Mrs. Neame denied her dramatic aspirations, but the audience "caught on" and there was a murmur as the dramatic witness left the stand and the room.

Harry Blount, a colored man, testified to seeing Ellison in the neighborhood of the Henriques home daily for two months before the assault.

Dr. Wynkoop, of 12 Madison avenue, described the condition of Henriques as the result of the encounter with Ellison.

WORK OF TRAIN WRECKERS.

An Express Ditched and Three Tramps Killed in Alabama.

MOBILE, Ala., Sept. 28.—On the Mobile and New Orleans division of the Louisville and Nashville road, at Gulf Port, this morning, passenger train No. 2, consisting of three sleepers, passenger and smoking coach, mail and baggage, and express car and engine and tender, went into an open switch.

The train was running forty-five miles an hour when the accident occurred. Investigation after the accident showed that the switch which had been properly set and locked, had been opened by wreckers. The lock was burst off with a large pine knot and thrown away. Three negro tramps riding on the blind baggage between the tender and the baggage car, were killed. Another negro tramp was probably fatally injured. The engineer and fireman were dangerously hurt, and two postal clerks, the express messenger and baggage-master were slightly wounded.

EIGHT NEW CASES.

More Victims of Yellow Jack at Brunswick, Ga.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., Sept. 28.—Eight new cases of yellow fever are reported to-day. The patients are: C. A. Steiner, white and Mary Lamar, Isaac Lamar, Hattie Brown, Lou Oliver, Lizzie Robinson, colored; Mrs. G. W. Cowman and W. E. Dempster, white.

One suspicious case, that of William Winchester, has been reported, and one discharged, Alice Kelly.

Further details of the fresh outbreak in Brunswick will be found on another page.

FAMISHED LITTLE ONES.

Their Father Ill and Their Mother Unable to Keep Them.

The four little children of Mrs. Hannnah Schwarz, of 29 Mott street, were committed to the Hebrew Orphan Asylum by Justice McMahon, in the Tombs Police Court to-day on the application of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children.

Moses Schwarz, father of the children was taken ill six months ago with heart trouble and rheumatism. He was discharged from the hospital recently as incurable. Mrs. Schwarz was unable to support the entire family, so she had to let four of her children go. The children were half starved.

Jockey Field Killed.

CINCINNATI, O., Sept. 28.—A special from Lexington, Ky., to The Inquirer says:

"At the race track yesterday Bradley Bros' Miss Boston ran into a young thoroughbred owned by Eugene Leigh and ridden by George Field. Field was thrown and his neck broken. His parents live in Toronto, Ont."

When Greek Met Greek.

Vilenos Villick, a Greek, eighteen years old, of 8 Roosevelt street, was held in $1,000 bail in the Tombs Court this morning for examination on a charge of assault. He quarrelled with Charles Hoppinson, eleven years old, last night and cut his head open, using a brick. Hoppinson's wound was dressed at the Chambers Street Hospital. He was too ill to appear to-day.

An Arizona Village Destroyed.

TUCSON, Ariz., Sept. 28.—The central portion of Casa Grande, forty miles from here, consisting of hotels, stores, saloons and a few dwellings, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The loss is about $50,000.

Broker Egbert Dead.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Sept. 28.—William W. Egbert, forty-two years old, who was a member of the New York Stock Exchange for ten years, died at his home in Mountain avenue, Montclair, last night of typhoid fever. He had been sick two weeks.

Postmaster for Nutley, N. J.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Among the fourth class postmasters appointed to-day was H. A. Connolly, Nutley, N. J.

VOGEL BROTHERS.

(CLOTHIERS AND OUTFITTERS.)

8TH AVE., COR. 42D ST.

Our stock of Men's Suits of all kinds is now ready for your inspection. All our clothing is manufactured by us on the premises, particular care and attention being given to every detail, both as regards making, style and finish. $12.00 TO $25.00

We call your special attention to our elegant line of Double and Single Breasted Sacks and Three-Button Cutaway Frock Suits. $15.00

Catalogues mailed upon application.

8TH AVE. & 42D ST.

OPEN EVENINGS. ESTABLISHED 1857.

CRISP WEATHER COMING.

The Hackensack Prophet's Cyclone Not On the Weather Map.

Despite the prediction of Weather Prophet De Voe, of Hackensack, that a cyclone is due to-day, the local weather service officials declare for the next two days the present crisp and clear weather will prevail. De Voe's cyclone is nowhere visible on the weather map to-day, and the Weather Bureau officials are of the opinion that it will fail to materialize.

Observer Smith, of the Weather Bureau in this city, said this morning that fair weather is generally prevalent throughout the country, with accompanying moderate temperature, chiefly in the territory east of the Mississippi River. Reports were received of a killing frost during the night throughout the lake region and Ohio Valley, and the only danger that may deprive New Yorkers from a continued enjoyment of the present "good weather" lies in a storm area that prevails in the far Northwest, with a southeasterly movement.

Observer Smith is of the opinion that it will be several days before this storm reaches here if its course is not diverted to the northeast when it reaches the upper lake regions. To-morrow ought to be warmer, with plenty of sunshine and clear skies.

JERSEY'S FINANCE BOARD.

Rumors that Edelstein and Peterson Have Won the Fight.

Considerable excitement was caused in political circles in Jersey City this morning over a report that a decision has been filed in the cases brought by John Edelstein and George U. Peterson, for the removal of Finance Commissioners Fraser and Detwiller, who were appointed by Mayor Wanser to succeed the complainants.

The decision will not be made public until the November term of the Supreme Court. It is said the decision is in favor of Edelstein and Peterson.

This being the case the Board of Finance will again undergo a radical change. It will leave President Hillier and Alderman-at-Large Simpson as Mayor Wanser's sure supporters, and Edelstein and Peterson opposing them, with Alva Bedell, who deserted the Democrats during the recent struggle for possession, as an independent.

The Democrats believe that Bedell can be won over, which would again place the Financial Board in the control of Democrats.

GLEASON'S NEW PARTY.

He Will Run for Senator on the Anti-Monopoly Platform.

Ex-Mayor Gleason, before he left Long Island City for the Minnola Fair to-day, said he was making good progress in organizing his new party which is to be called the Anti-Monopolists. He said that petitions were being circulated throughout Queens and Suffolk Counties for signatures, and that already 500 names had been secured. He said that 50,000 signatures are obtained the ex-Mayor will formally organize his new party.

He proposes to run for Senator this Fall on the Anti-Monopolist ticket, and he said that although he will have all the corporations against him, he expects to be elected in the Senate District comprising Queens and Suffolk Counties.

Politicians who visited the Minnola Fair, and ex-Mayor Gleason expects to capture many new converts to his anti-monopolist party.

TO REINSTATE FATHER MURPHY.

Conference To Day Said to Have Adjusted Differences.

PATERSON, Sept. 28.—There was a meeting today between the friends of Rev. Father Murphy and Dr. Smith, of St. Joseph's Parish, in this city, with a view of settling the trouble which resulted in Father Murphy being suspended as pastor of St. Joseph's Church by Bishop Wigger.

For several days the friends of Father Murphy have been making every effort to have him restored to the pastorage of the church.

At the meeting to-day it is said that the trouble was adjusted, and that it was understood that Bishop Wigger will reinstate Father Murphy. The meeting was conducted behind closed doors.

WANT JACOBS REMOVED.

One of a Committee to Appraise Property Condemned for L Road.

Attorney Lowell, representing property holders along Myrtle avenue, Brooklyn, applied to Justice Bartlett to-day for an order to vacate the appointment of Stephen B. Jacobs as one of three Commissioners to appraise property that is to be condemned.

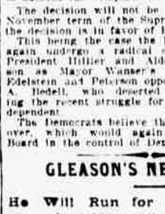
The property is wanted by the Brooklyn "L" road. Mr. Lowell alleged that the Company had Mr. Jacobs appointed by Justice Pratt without his knowledge.

Justice Bartlett decided he would not interfere in what another Justice had done.

Stole a Horse and Wagon.

Peter Malone, a horsesmith, thirty-three years old, of 82 Greenpoint avenue, Brooklyn, L. I., was held in default of $1,000 bail by Justice Voorhis, in the Essex Market Police Court this morning, charged with stealing a horse, wagon and grocery store, worth $400. Herbarum left the horse and wagon in front of a house on Twelfth street, yesterday, when Malone jumped in the wagon and drove away. He was overtaken and arrested by Policeman Coffee, of the Twelfth Precinct.

ON THE OUTSIDE—



that is the best place to keep the huge, old fashioned pill. Just as soon as you get it inside, it begins to trouble you. What's the use of suffering with it, when you can get more help from Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets? These tiny, sugar-coated granules do you *permanent* good. They act mildly and naturally, and there's no reaction afterward. Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are prevented, relieved, and permanently cured.

They're the smallest, the easiest to take, and the *cheapest*—for they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction or your money is returned.

You pay only for the *good* you get.

Nothing else urged by the dealer, though they may be better for him to sell, can be "just as good" for you to buy.

How's Your Shirt?

A made to order shirt all ready for you—and no alterations; sleeves exactly your length—bosom your width. Open back or open front. Neck size correct. No bother—no time lost. Here's your price—choose it. $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $2.00. No fit, no sale. At our downtown store.

Does It Fit You?

Clothes and Hats at Both Stores.

HACKETT, CARHART & CO.

Stores 265 & 267 B'way below Chambers St. 420 & 422 B'way corner Canal St.

GEN. YOUNG'S MARITAL TROUBLE

His Sister Sues Him for $20,000 for Libel.

Another phase of the troubles of Gen. Henry C. Young, of Cincinnati, and his wife, was shown before Justice Ingraham in the Supreme Court Chambers to-day.

The General has tried in three ways to get rid of his wife, and has thus far been unsuccessful. She was the divorced wife of Robert Smith when the General married her in Connecticut in August, 1886.

The General began suit for absolute divorce in Cincinnati. He discontinued that action and began another for a separation on the grounds of abandonment. Then he was ordered to pay her $100 a month.

Subsequently the General turned up in this city with a suit to annul his marriage on the ground that she was prohibited by the decree of divorce in the Smith suit from remarrying. It was held, however, that Young's marriage to Mrs. Smith in Connecticut being valid, there was valid everywhere. This ruling put an end to that suit.

During all this trouble Mrs. Caroline M. Collins, Gen. Young's sister, stood by the wife and cared for her. The General, as alleged, called to support his wife. Mrs. Collins sued her brother for $6,000 for necessaries furnished to his wife.

The General, it is said, tried to intimidate his sister by threatening to charge her with crimes, but ineffectually. He is alleged to have accused her of committing at his wife's solicitation and furnishing her with a house and the opportunity. These charges resulted in another suit against the General, wherein Mrs. Collins asks for damages in the sum of $20,000 for libel. The General failed to put in an answer within the required time in this latter suit, and his default was taken, but he was permitted to put in an answer to-day on payment of costs.

Mining Stocks.

The following are the closing quotations of mining stocks at the consolidated Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am Flag	.01	—	Iron Sil.	.10	—
Alice	.20	—	Iron Hill	.04	—
Adams C.	.25	—	La Cresta	.03	.08
A.M.&Ste	.25	—	Lt. Con.	.10	—
Belle	.30	—	Lt. Chief	.16	—
Belcher	.10	—	Ph. R.Cr.	.40	—
Brevoort	—	.50	Rob Con.	—	.50
Crown Pt.	.10	—	Savage	.25	—
Chrysolite	—	.15	Sierra N.	.40	—
Con. Cen.	—	.50	Standard	1.00	—
C. C. & Va.	1.10	—	Siemr&L.	—	.08
Comstock	—	—	Sac Sab	—	.18
Stock	.05	—	Sm. Hopes.	.20	—
Bonds	—	10.00	S. M. Co.	—	—
Scrip	15.00	—	of L. V.	.05	—
Dead. Ter.	.75	1.00	Shoshone	—	.03
Eureka C.	.20	—	Tioga	—	.05
E. DeSmet	.10	—	Un. Con.	.25	—
Gould & C.	.15	—	Ward Con.	.14	—
Hale&Nor	.35	—	Yellowjacket	.30	—
Homestake	8.50	—			
Horn Sil.	2.65	—			

Railroad Earnings.

For the month of August Wabash earned gross [illegible] a decrease of $122,00[illegible] expenses $[illegible] a decrease of $14,038, and net $[illegible] a decrease of $17,40[illegible].

The annual report of the Long Island Railroad shows gross earnings $[illegible] net earnings $[illegible] income, $[illegible] $[illegible] dividends 2 per cent, $[illegible] surplus $[illegible] improvements, $[illegible] total surplus $[illegible].

For the month of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy earnings of $[illegible] a decrease of $[illegible] expenses $[illegible] a decrease of $[illegible] net earnings $[illegible] a decrease of $[illegible] interest, $[illegible] surplus, $[illegible] a decrease of $[illegible].

The annual report of the American Telegraph and Cable Company shows a surplus of $[illegible] a net surplus of $[illegible].

For the month of August the Louisville and Nashville earned gross $[illegible] a decrease of $[illegible] expenses $[illegible] a decrease of $[illegible] net earnings $[illegible] a decrease of $[illegible] interest, $[illegible] surplus, $[illegible] a decrease of $[illegible].

The annual report of the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific shows surplus $[illegible] a decrease of $[illegible] after paying their 7 per cent dividend.

Concordia Schuetzenbund Troubles.

There is trouble in the Concordia Schuetzenbund, which meets at 213 Bowery, a branch of which is Jean Volkman is captain. A quarrel took place the other night, and three other companies threaten to follow the lead. The trouble is said to be due to dissatisfaction with President Kahrer.

Died of Her Burns.

Mary Nelson, thirty-eight years old, of 217 Fifth street, who was burned about her body in her clothing catching fire from an oil lamp at her home on Monday, died in Bellevue Hospital to-day.

YOUR OPPORTUNITY

OCCURS THIS WEEK TO OBTAIN A SUBSTANTIAL AND ELEGANTLY FINISHED SIDEBOARD AT 1-2 ITS ACTUAL VALUE, SO DON'T FAIL TO DROP IN AND SEE US AT ONCE.

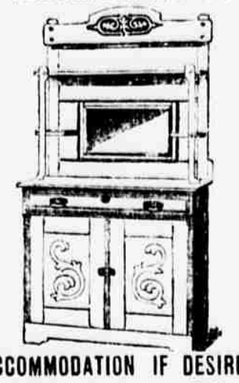
Jordan, Moriarty & Co.,

155, 157 AND 159 EAST 23D ST.,

FURNITURE, CARPETINGS, &c.

ONLY 8.98;

Worth at Least $15.00.



ACCOMMODATION IF DESIRED.

Satisfactory Arrangements Made with the Purchaser.

B. Altman & Co

To-Morrow, Friday.

MEN'S, LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S

Fine Hosiery,

25c., 48c., and $1.25.

Formerly sold for 50c. to 2.50.

IN THE SENATE TO-DAY.

Mr. Hoar Refutes a Slander on a Colleague of Twenty Years Ago.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Teller (Rep., Col.) calling for information as to the anticipation of interest on the Government bonds since July, 1890, was adopted by the Senate to-day after a discussion which lasted three-quarters of an hour.

The Repeal bill was then taken up, and Mr. Hoar (Rep., Mass.) entered into a long statement in refutation of a slander in a Peoria paper on a former colleague of his (Mr. Hooper, Chairman of the House Banking Committee twenty-eight years ago) referring to a supposed bribe from Baron Seyd, a distinguished French writer on financial subjects, not only on Mr. Hooper, but on the American Congress and the American people.

After the discussion ensued by Mr. Hoar's remarks, Mr. Peffer (Pop., Kan.) spoke on the Repeal bill.

He declared that if the Administration Senators would accept his amendment (the restoration of the law for free coinage of gold and silver) the Repeal bill could be passed in twenty-five minutes, and Senators could go home after the timely church and go home for a week or two. He (Mr. Peffer) would be willing to accept, on behalf of the people of Kansas.

IN THE HOUSE TO-DAY.

Black, of Illinois Speaks for Federal Elections Repeal.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Less than a hundred members of the House were present at the opening this morning.

At the conclusion of the morning hour the Federal Elections Repeal bill was taken up and Mr. Black (Dem., Ill.) spoke in favor of the repeal.

WERE TRAIN ROBBERS FOILED?

Reported Attempt to Hold Up an Express in Pennsylvania.

CONNELLSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 28.—It is reported here that an attempt was made last night to hold up the midnight express on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, shortly after the train left McKeesport.

The report is denied by the officials of the Company, but one of the passengers said that soon after the train pulled out from McKeesport it was suddenly stopped. The trainmen rushed to the front and kept the passengers in the cars.

The train was filled with passengers returning from Chicago.

Another rumor is that the railroad [illegible] Erie & Pittsburg and the Pittsburg & [illegible] Railroad, a subsidiary road of the latter, [illegible] and that freight trains [illegible] on the Erie section of the latter road [illegible] with two fifteen-foot [illegible] [illegible] the [illegible] Erie, and there a gang of [illegible] [illegible] the freight.

Wire News in Brief.

James B. Eads, a famous engineer, is [illegible] from Chicago for Mexico.

The first delegation of Spiritualists [illegible] in Chicago yesterday. It numbered [illegible] Thomas Coker, Professor of Mathematics [illegible] Chicago University, [illegible] Chicago.

The attempt to blow up the Chicago [illegible] with d