Weather Indications—Rain or snow; warmer.

IT IS SO
ALWAYS IF IT IS SO STATED IN THE WORLD ALMANAC FOR '94.
ON ALL NEWS-STANDS, 25 Cts.

The World.
EVENING EDITION
"Circulation Books Open to All"

Weather Indications—Rain or snow; warmer.

GOOD HELP
IS NEVER EASY TO GET. DO YOU KNOW THAT IN 1893 THE WORLD PRINTED
27,993 MORE
HELP WANTED ADVERTISEMENTS
THAN THE HERALD, TIMES, TRIBUNE, SUN AND ALL THE OTHER NEW YORK NEWSPAPERS COMBINED?

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 10, 1894. PRICE ONE CENT.

"ALL THINGS TO ALL MEN."---THE WORLD ALMANAC for '94---All News-Stands, 25 Cts.

EXTRA.
2 O'CLOCK.

MR. PLATT, HE SMILES

Non-Partisan Police Board Bill a Crafty Move.

Root, Reid and Others Were at Work on an Opposition Bill.

U. S. District-Attorney Mitchell States Some Objections.

The so-called non-partisan police bill, introduced in Albany last night and which was published in full in this morning's "World," has set the political pot boiling at a lively rate in this city.

Every one surmised that a bill bearing on the subject would be introduced soone or later, and several days ago its provisions were outlined in "The World." The surprise this morning is over the fact that the bill is the means of causing open warfare in the Republican camp, the end of which it is difficult to see.

The bill is the outcome of the deal entered into between Boss Platt on the one hand and Boss Croker on the other. It legislates the present Police Commissioners out of office and provides for the appointment by Mayor Gilroy of four other Commissioners within ten days after the passage of the act.

Two Commissioners are to be Republican and two Democrats. They are to hold office for the terms of four and six years respectively.

For reasons which are at once apparent to the public, the bosses decided upon that measure.

The reform element of the Republican party was, however, against it, and it was mainly for the purpose of adopting some other scheme that Whitelaw Reid gave his dinner to Republicans on Monday night.

The matter was talked over there, but Mr. Platt, who was one of the guests, could not be brought around to the reformers' way of thinking. They wanted a single-headed commission, or in fact to do away with commissioners altogether, and vest the full power in the Superintendent, who would, of course, be directly responsible to the Mayor.

Mr. Platt left the festive board long before the other guests, and after his departure a committee was appointed to prepare a police bill. They have held no meetings of any kind since.

Elihu Root was the chairman of the Committee, and Assistant District-Attorney Mitchell one of the prominent members. Not one of them ever saw the bill which was introduced last night, nor, in fact, did they have the slightest idea that any such measure was to have been introduced.

Mr. Platt, however, knew all about the bill, for he admitted as much when seen at his office at 49 Broadway by an "Evening World" reporter this morning.

"I know, of course," he said, "that there was such a bill, and that it would be introduced sooner or later; but I did not know it was to have been introduced last night.

"Beyond this," he added, "I decline to say anything. I will not discuss the bill in any manner at this time," and Mr. Platt smilingly turned away.

"Well, I am a member of a committee appointed to draft such a bill, and I know nothing whatever of this one," said United States District-Attorney Mitchell. "In the absence of the bill which I suppose we will get a draft of, I do not think it would be wise for me to talk about it. Our committee has not met at all yet, nor do I know when it will. Mr. Root is the chairman, and he will be the first to take action.

"Now, while I don't express any opinion of the merits of this particular bill, I think I may safely point out some of the points which will have to be considered.

"In the first place the public is well aware that for years there was an 'honorable understanding' between both political parties that we should have a non-partisan Police Board.

"The public also knows how that "honorable understanding" has been broken. The law was not specific enough, and left the Mayor to appoint whom he pleased.

"Now, what the public wants is a board, a commission or a something which can be held directly responsible. Even with four Commissioners equally divided as to party, the question is, can any party be held responsible?

"Both could be held liable for the offences which are daily charged, for the corruption and violations of the law which are daily hinted at. It would be impossible to put our finger upon anyone.

"Then again, if we are to have a non-partisan board, why should there be four members, with all the expense which that implies? Would not two be sufficient?

"Of course I want you distinctly to understand that I suggest nothing. I simply point out the arguments to be published before such a bill passes."

Elihu Root was not at his office when "The Evening World" reporter called, and Mayor Gilroy, it was announced, would not get to his office until late.

The story generally believed in political circles, however, is that everything has been fixed for the present bill to go through. Platt and Croker using the whips freely, and that Gov. Flower will sign it. In the event of the bill becoming a law it is believed that both Commissioners McClave, an alleged Republican, and MacLean, Independent Democrat, will go.

It is also believed that either Martin or Sheehan will make way for ex-Register John Reilly, Tammany leader of the Tenth District, who has long desired such an appointment.

The odds are in favor of the retirement of Martin.

DEADLY DUEL IN INDIANA.

Two Farmers Killed in a Shooting Affray.

(By Associated Press.)

WEST BADEN, Ind., Jan. 10.—William Mahan and Sam Morgan, living on adjoining farms, yesterday began quarrelling over business affairs. Morgan drew a revolver and shot Mahan twice, fatally wounding him. Mahan drew his gun and shot Morgan near the heart, inflicting a mortal wound.

The wounded men, lying on the ground, continued shooting until their revolvers were empty.

DEMOCRATS HOLD THE FORT.

But It Is Said They Are Anxious to Compromise.

New Jersey Senators Await a Legal Decision.

TRENTON, N. J., Jan. 10.—The second day of the Legislative fight started this morning, with the Democratic Senators still holding the fort. Immediately after the adjournment of the "Rump" Senate, as the Democratic branch has been termed, the doors of the Senate chamber were locked and the keys entrusted to Michael Nathan, who was Sergeant-at-Arms of the last session.

The Republican Senators met at 8 o'clock in the Assembly Chamber. Previous to opening the session they demanded the keys of the Senate Chamber of the Superintendent of the State House, but were refused.

There was much enthusiasm when President Rogers called the Senate to order in the Assembly Chamber. Nothing was done and the session adjourned until 2 o'clock this afternoon.

Some of the Republicans wanted to force their way into the State chamber, feeling assured that once inside they could withstand all efforts of the Democrats to regain their chamber.

The cooler heads restrained them from such an act, and they will continue to hold sessions in another part of the State House, until the Democrats give up or Gov. Werts puts his foot down on the "Ramp" Senate.

Attorney-General Stockton is expected to give his opinion as to which is the legal body some time to-day. Already, it is said, the Democrats have made overtures to the Republicans, agreeing to surrender the chamber if they are given a few of the offices.

The Republicans refused, feeling confident that they will yet be recognized as the legal body.

At 10.30 this morning Senator Adrian called the Democratic branch of the Senate to order and eight Senators answered to their names, Miller and Perkins, of Cape May, being absent.

The latter, it is said, is beginning to report and there are doubts as to whether he will hold out with the bolters.

HIGHER PAY AND MORE CLERKS.

Changes Made Before Ex-Comptroller Myers Left Office.

Before ex-Comptroller Myers left office he made several increases in salaries and clerks, which are made known to-day through the City Record. Increases in salaries were granted as follows:

Reeves E. Selmes, law clerk, from $2,850 to $3,000; Edgar M. Folsom and Andrew J. Kelso, examiners, at $1,800 a year, and Julius Meyer, examiner, at $1,150 a year, to $1,300 each; William H. Taylor, clerk, from $1,200 to $1,300; Howland B. Hall, stenographer, $1,250 to $1,400; Joseph O'Keefe, office boy, $12 a week; Edwin Wilson, examiner of claims in Auditing Bureau, $1,600 to $1,700.

Robert Campbell, of 213 West Fourteenth street, was appointed by Mr. Myers as clerk in the Bureau of Collection of Assessments at $1,200 a year.

Thomas Dunlap, Jr., Michael E. Gannon, Edward L. Jones, Edward E. O'Conner, Clarence H. Smith, John A. Gray, Charles R. Henriques, E. B. McLean, J. K. Parkhurst, W. C. Taggard, temporary clerks in the tax office, were removed.

Lewis W. Sandforth, Deputy Collector of City Revenues, was also removed.

The sureties in the sum of $100,000 on Sheriff Clancy's bond are John McQuade, treasurer of Tammany Hall; ex-Senator George W. Plunkitt and John M. Tracy.

TRIBE OF BEN HUR ORGANIZE.

New Secret Order Adopts the Name of a Famous Book.

(By Associated Press.)

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 10.—The Supreme Tribe of Ben Hur is the name of a new secret order which was incorporated here yesterday. The Society was christened by Gen. Lew Wallace, the author of the famous book Ben Hur, and was organized with the full consent and permission of Harper Brothers, publishers of Gen. Wallace's works, who have the copyright on the book and its title.

The ritual and its features are founded upon the principles laid down in the Tale of the Christ. The Society made several new departures from the old secret societies in its beneficial plan. Crawfordsville, the home of the author, has been chosen as the headquarters of the Supreme Tribe, and will have the first local tribe of the new order.

PROMINENT MEN ON THE LIST

Ex-Congressman Among Those Applying for Green Goods.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 10.—The decision at Washington in regard to would-be purchasers of "green goods" promises to result sensationally. Inquiry at the office of Inspector J. P. Johnson developed the fact that the 1,800 names in the possession of the office include those of physicians, lawyers and prominent professional and business men all over the United States.

The number is particularly large in Illinois, Missouri, Arkansas and Wyoming. It was also stated that letters applying for bogus money written by at least one Congressman, a candidate for Governor and many Federal and civic officials are in the hands of the authorities.

STUDENTS MUST NOT MARRY.

Hillsdale College Faculty Issues an Order to that Effect.

(By Associated Press.)

HILLSDALE, Mich., Jan. 10.—The Faculty of Hillsdale College has promulgated a remarkable order, which will take effect to-day. The students who enter college single cannot get married during their course and remain in college. People already married, however, are not barred. Many students are angry.

They say that the married people do better work than the single ones, because they are not all thinking of absent sweethearts. During the past two years there has been an epidemic of marriages among the theologians. Strong efforts will be made to have the rule repealed.

QUIRK'S MEMORY KEEN, TOO.

That Is, When the Austin Incident Is in Question.

Sure He Saw the Missing Man in September, 1892.

The trial of the insurance case of Austin against the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association was resumed before Justice Patterson, in Part III. of the Supreme Court, this morning, with James Quirk, of Bartlett's carry, in the Adirondack wilderness, on the witness stand.

Quirk was the tenth woodsman called by Col. E. C. James, counsel for the Insurance Company, to prove that a man looking very much like the photograph of John C. Austin was in the Saranac Lake region in September, 1892, fourteen months after the alleged drowning of John C. Austin at Manhattan Beach.

Quirk told substantially the same story as the other guides. He saw a man of thirty-five years, light hair, light mustache, corduroy hunting suit, broad brimmed white cowboy hat, and high-topped laced shoes. On being shown the photograph of John C. Austin, late of Lord & Austin, prosperous ship builders, at 18 Broadway, the witness said it was a good likeness of the man in the white hat.

In agreements with the other witnesses Quirk said this man had for a companion a short, thickset man, younger and with a black mustache.

Quirk said he drew the men across Bartlett's carry, a distance of 104 rods between Little Tupper and Upper Saranac Lakes.

Under cross-examination by Mr. Trull, the witness declared doggedly that he had never seen any other man in the region wearing a slouch hat, "woodshoes," or corduroy hunting suit.

"It is rare, down our way, when we see one of those Cranberry Lake boats, like the one this party had. It was what we call a 'dark shellaced' boat," he said.

The witness couldn't remember the height, complexion or other characteristics of any other party he had carried over Bartlettt's Carry.

"If I had the book here I could tell you pretty quick how many I carried any day, and all about them," said the witness, hotly.

Quirk was quite sure that he "drawed the Cranberry Lake boat across" some time between Sept. 8 and 15, 1892, but he was not very clear as to how he fixed the date.

Old Fenton, white-haired, small-eyed, bald and severe, eyed every witness with unrelenting gaze, waiting his turn to tell what he knew from Fenton's, No. 4. Behind him giggled hisp retty, brightey-ed daughter. Beside her was that prim, devoted sister, Nurse Mahar, her red tresses combed back in Puritanic primness from her temples. The little boys, whose fortune is at stake on this trial, were not in court.

Quirk told how he met Smith in the village in February, 1893, was told about the $1,000 reward for the discovery of John C. Austin, supposed to have feigned drowning for the benefit of his children who would get his life insurance of $15,000 in the Mutual Reserve Fund Life Association, and $10,000 in the United States Mutual Accident Association; how he signed an affidavit before "the Squire," telling what he knew and how he got the usual $5 fee from the Insurance Company's detective for his services.

The relation of all this brought smiles from President E. B. Harper, Detective Smith and Col. James.

On redirect examination Col. James drew out that Quirk had been engaged four times in one week to draw the Cranberry Lake boat for these two strangers across the land lying between the little lakes of the neighborhood, giving him a particularly good opportunity for observing them.

Thomas Haley came next. Haley is brother-in-law to two or three of the preceding witnesses. He lives at Saranac Lake village with his daughter, and has been a guide "more or less since '58."

He testified that the wilderness extended ninety to one hundred miles east and west, and about the same north and south. The densest part of the forest was toward Tupper and Cranberry Lakes, on the west.

LOOKING FOR HIS WIFE.

Henry Jansen Became a Nuisance to the Thompsons.

Henry Jansen, jr., twenty-eight years old, was charged with disorderly conduct, in Lee Avenue Court, Williamsburg, today, but Justice Connolly suspended sentence on his promising to go home with his father.

The elder Jansen, who lives at 1851 Bergen street, was in court and gladly took his son away with him. Young Jansen was married a year ago, and shortly afterwards his wife left him. Almost immediately afterwards the husband was taken down with typhoid fever, and when he recovered it was seen that his mind was badly affected.

In some way he got the idea that William Thompson, of 286 Hewes street was harboring his wife, and he called there so often, that he came to be regarded as a regular nuisance, and consequently was arrested. All who know him, however, say he is harmless.

IMPRISONED IN THE WRECK.

One Man Killed and Four Injured by a Railroad Collision.

(By Associated Press.)

CLINTON, Ia., Jan. 10.—One man was killed and four others were injured as the result of a railroad collision on the bridge here yesterday. Edward Bentley, of Clinton, was killed and Martin Murray was dangerously injured. A. Robertson and Elmer Schafer, both of Garrison, and Chester Nelson, of Gordonville, were slightly injured.

The men were all in the telegraph office at the end of the bridge. When the train struck several cars were dashed against the telegraph office, wrecking it, and imprisoning the occupants in the ruins.

UNION LEAGUE FARCE.

Solemnly Endorses County Reorganization Committee.

The political joke of the season is the action of the Union League Club last night.

Most of the gentlemen appointed by the Republican County Committee to draft a plan for reorganization of the Republican party in this city are members of the Union League Club Committee on Reorganization. Last night the Committee met and solemnly endorsed the plan of reorganization reported by the County Committee on Reorganization.

CAMDEN MINISTER DROWNED

Rev. Henry N. Cheeseman's Body Found in the Delaware.

He Had Cried for Help—Two Men Arrested on Suspicion.

CAMDEN, N. J., Jan. 10.—The police are to-day investigating the drowning of Rev. Henry N. Cheeseman, pastor of the Eighth Street Methodist Church, whose body was picked up in the Delaware River at the foot of Chestnut street late last night.

The police think there was foul play.

Some sailors on a vessel on the Delaware heard cries of "Help! Help!" coming from the river. They rushed to the side of the vessel, and in the darkness saw a man struggling in the water. They immediately started to rescue him, but when they got him he was unconscious. He never recovered consciousness. He was identified as Rev. Henry M. Cheeseman.

Officer Zaezer also heard the clergyman's cries for help, but could not distinguish him in the darkness. Later two men were found in a shanty on the wharf. Their peculiar actions aroused the suspicions of the police, and they were arrested. They gave the names of Isaac George and Solomon Willets. They deny any knowledge of the minister's death.

Some friends of the minister say he had been suffering lately from the grip, and there is a possibility that he became temporarily deranged from this malady and wandered off into the water. He had not the slightest cause for suicide.

The reason for suspecting foul play is that Mr. Cheeseman had been an ardent Prohibitionist. He had persistently fought the saloons in Camden at all times, preaching against them and doing all in his power to close them up. It is argued that by so doing he may have antagonized some vicious people.

Mr. Cheeseman had been located in Camden for six years. He was an able preacher, and was very popular. The arrangements for his funeral have not yet been completed.

HOPES OF SKATING BLASTED.

Another Siege of Grip-Breeding Weather on Hand.

According to Forecaster Dunn, Gothamites are to be subjected to another siege of disagreeable grip-breeding weather.

The storm originated in the lower lake region, and moved eastward last night, accompanied by light snow and sleet. Mr. Dunn said it should reach New York during the day.

There was a severe rainstorm in the Southern Atlantic and Gulf States this morning. Elsewhere the weather was generally fair, excepting in the Middle Atlantic States, where it was cloudy.

While the temperature has been almost stationary in this section during the past twenty-four hours, one of the greatest atmospheric changes ever known takes place in the Northwest. At Bismarck the mercury has risen sixty-four degrees within twenty-four hours, fifty-six degrees at Rapid City, Dakota, forty-six at Denver, and thirty-two at St. Vincent, Minn. To offset this a decided change in the temperature took place in the lower Mississippi Valley, and the mercury tumbled with alarming rapidity.

To-day's rainy weather will not only spoil the chances of skating at Manhattan Field, but will also break up the ice on Van Cortlandt Lake, which was thrown open to skaters last night. Nearly two inches of ice had formed over Manhattan Field, and if the cold weather had remained, the Field would probably have been thrown open to-morrow.

ACCUSED OF BRUTALITY.

Paul Kanzler Held on Otto Beck's Charge of Assault.

Paul Kanzler, twenty-three years old, of 2941 Third avenue, foreman in Herman Blank's bakery, 2053 Third avenue, was held in $2,500 bail in Harlem Court this morning charged with assaulting Otto Beck, sixteen years old, and apprentice in Blank's employ.

Beck is in Harlem Hospital with a fractured hip as a result, he alleges, of the assault, which took place on Dec. 10 in the bakery. He has been in the hospital four weeks, and the doctors say it will be four weeks more before he can leave. Even then they say Beck will be a cripple for life.

According to Beck and Louis Wetzel, a journeyman in the bakery, Beck was sprinkling the floor preparatory to sweeping. He spilled the water and some of it splashed against the legs of Kanzler. He became enraged at this, and picking up Beck, it is alleged, threw him violently on the floor. He then kicked and cuffed the boy into insensibility.

Beck says Kanzler called at the hospital and threatened to kill him if he told anyone of the assault.

Kanzler denies the charge, and says Beck received his injuries by falling out of bed.

ST. GEORGE'S BURNED.

It Was the Oldest Church in the Village of Astoria.

ASTORIA, L. I., Jan. 10.—St. George Episcopal Church, on Main and Woolsey streets, was burned to the ground at 6.30 o'clock this morning.

The fire started about 6.15 o'clock. The flames burned fiercely, and at 7 o'clock the entire building was destroyed. The loss is $15,000. The fire is believed to have originated from a defective flue.

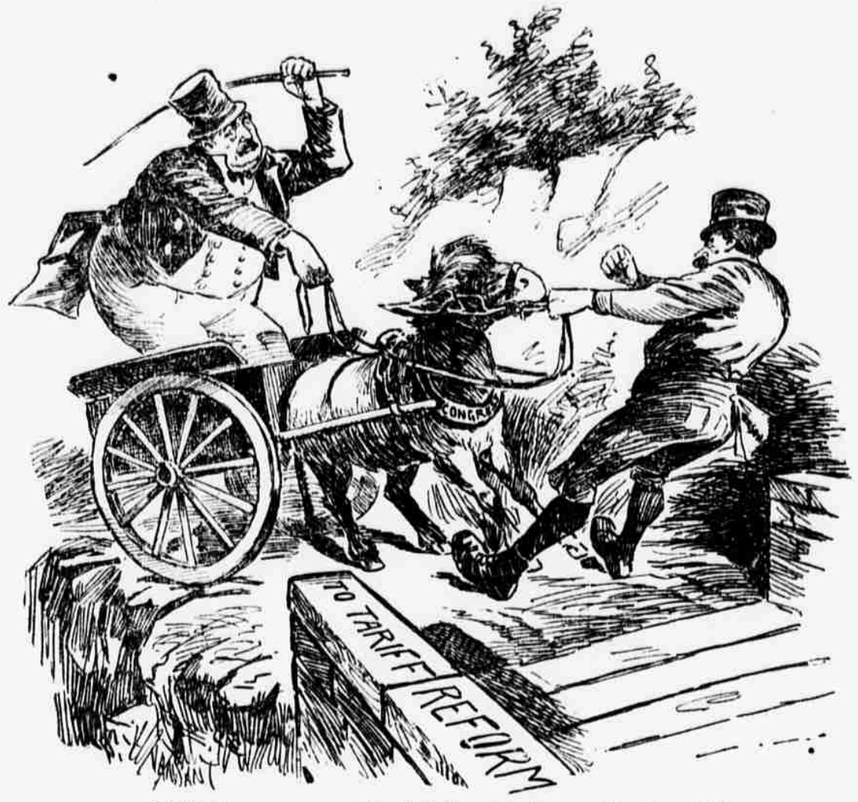
St. George's was the oldest church in Astoria. Charles M. Belden is the pastor. The church was attended by most of the well-known residents of Astoria.

In the early days of Astoria John Jacob Astor was much interested in the community. Three bills were presented to the Legislature providing for a name for the settlement. The first name was Sunswick, the second Hallett's Point and the third Astoria.

John Jacob Astor promised to contribute $5,000 to build a church, provided the name Astoria was adopted. Hence this place received the name of Astoria.

After the bill was passed naming the place Astoria John Jacob Astor changed his mind about presenting the $5,000 for the church, and instead only gave $500. Other amounts were subscribed by other people, and St. George's Church was built.

THAT BALKY ANIMAL.



Will he go over the bridge or down the bank?

WORRIED ABOUT HER BRAIN.

May Barrowcliffe Startles Dr. Varick by a Question To-Day.

Her Mother's Reputation Restored by a Hostler's Confession.

Superintendent of Police Smith, of Jersey City, this morning gave out a statement from Dr. Varrick, of the Jersey City Hospital, to the effect that while Miss May Barrowcliffe was being questioned she became confused and asked:

"Don't you think there is something the matter with my brain?"

This is taken to indicate that Miss Barrowcliffe is beginning to realize her true condition, and it suggests the startling possibility that she may not entirely recover from her mental trouble.

Supt. Smith refused to discuss the case in any way or say anything further with regard to the theory that she might have been injured by falling from the bluff above where she was found. All but the police and Dr. Varick consider this theory nonsensical.

Dr. Varick's report states that Miss Barrowcliffe has asked a few intelligent questions, but said nothing to give a clue.

A startling story was exploited this morning with regard to Miss Barrowcliffe's mother, who first learned that her daughter was living through newspaper accounts of the assault.

Miss Barrowcliffe does not yet know that she was not the daughter of her father's second wife, and when she learns that her real mother is now living she will also hear what are said to be the facts that led to the separation and divorce of her father and mother.

It will be remembered that the former was granted the divorce on statutory grounds.

A reputable physician now makes public a statement made to him by a hostler at a Reno, Cal., hotel in 1892, by which it appears that Mrs. Barrowcliffe was the victim of spite.

The story was told by the hostler while under the influence of liquor, and was to the effect that while young he was a painter, and at one time was doing some work for a family named Barrowcliffe in Jersey City.

He alleged that he insulted Mrs. Barrowcliffe, and being repulsed, sought revenge by telling his friends that she was not true to her husband.

That report became current, the hostler confessed, and led other men to send Mrs. Barrowcliffe notes which fell into the hands of Mr. Barrowcliffe. He said the divorce proceedings resulted from these.

PLANS FOR AN ARMORY.

Architects Invited to Submit Them to the Board.

The Armory Board published in the City Record to-day an invitation to architects to submit competitive plans for the Ninth Regiment Armory, to be erected in Fourteenth street, near Sixth avenue.

The building is to extend from Fourteenth to Fifteenth streets; the front on Fourteenth street to be rock-faced, and the front on Fifteenth street to be of brick, with stone trimmings.

The entire cost of the building, including all work and materials necessary to complete it in every respect, both interior and exterior (other than fixtures for lighting, furniture for galleries, company and admin's ration rooms, and which will be otherwise provided for), is not to exceed $285,000, including the fees of the architect whose plan is selected. He is to be the supervising architect. His fees are limited to 4 per cent. of the amount of the contract.

The plans must be presented with the view of inviting proposals for the erection of the building for a gross sum, and must be presented to the Committee on Plans on or before the 15th day of February, 1894.

The official map of the site is on file in the Register's office and also in the Department of Public Works, and must be consulted by architects for such information as they may need in that respect.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold everywhere, and it always cures coughs and colds. *

HUNGER DROVE HIM TO CRIME

Wengelein's Excuse for Making and Selling Obscene Photographs.

Held for the Grand Jury on Anthony Comstock's Complaint.

John Wengelein, a photographer, was held in $1,000 bail for the Grand Jury in the Tombs Court this morning charged with making and selling obscene pictures. Anthony Comstock was the complainant, and he exhibited to Justice Tainter several photographs of a disgusting nature.

Comstock received information some time ago that an unknown man was selling obscene photographs to Elevated Railroad employees. The man worked cautiously, and never approached any one but a uniformed employee.

Comstock's agents failed to locate the man, and Comstock himself took up the matter. He traced Wengelein to his home on the third floor of 218 East Eighty-fourth street. An agent went to the house with a letter of introduction and ordered some photographs.

Comstock then secured a warrant from the Tombs Court, and Wengelein was captured with bue little difficulty.

"What have you to say?" asked Justice Taintor, after he had heard the evidence.

"I was forced to print and sell the pictures in order to get gread for my children. I had no money, nothing to eat, and my credit was exhausted. Only absolute necessity caused me to do what I did," answered the prisoner.

"Your Honor," put in Comstock. "This man made and printed these pictures in his kitchen in the presence of his wife and two children. Of course, I am sorry that he was drawn to such straits by necessity, but the fact remains that he is guilty."

Wengelein was once a cavalryman in the United States Army. When he quit his military career he obtained employment with Sarony, and remained with him several years.

Then a man named Gambier, who was also employed by Sarony, induced him to enter into a partnership. The pair went into business together, but did not succeed. Sarony would not take Wengelein back, and the latter has had but little employment since.

Comstock, in his search of Wengelein's flat, secured thirty-nine printed pictures, sixteen negatives and four negatives in frame ready to print. Wengelein's method was to visit the "L" road on pay days.

TO BE BURIED FRIDAY.

Father Corrigan's Body Lying in State in Hoboken Parish House.

The body of Rev. Patrick Corrigan, late pastor of the Church of Our Lady of Grace, of Hoboken, will be buried Friday morning at 10 o'clock from the church. A solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at 9.30 o'clock.

Bishop Wigger will not come to Hoboken to-day. This morning he sent Father Wallace, Chancellor of Seton Hall College, to represent him. Father Wallace brought with him credentials from Bishop Wigger authorizing Father Fitzpatrick, who was one of Father Corrigan's curates, to take charge of the church until Father Corrigan's successor was appointed.

Father Corrigan's body is now lying in state in one of the reception-rooms of the parish house. Scores of parishioners viewed the body all the forenoon.

Father Corrigan's death has created widespread sorrow among the members of his congregation, by whom he was greatly beloved.

TO REACH DESERVING POOR.

Tammany's Eighth District Fund to Be Given to Church Charities.

The officers of the Eighth Assembly District, Tammany Hall Relief Fund, have decided to distribute the money raised for the deserving poor of the district through the several church organizations in the district.

This decision was reached because of the disinclination of many, although actually in want, to publicly apply for relief.

TRIAL OF VAILLANT BEGINS.

Rumor that a Bomb Was Found Outside the Court-House.

Admission Only by Pass—General News by Cable.

(By Associated Press.)

PARIS, Jan. 10.—The trial of Auguste Vaillant, the Anarchist, who on Dec. 9 last threw a bomb which exploded in the Chamber of Deputies, was commenced to-day.

Just previous to the trial a report was circulated that a bomb with a burned fuse was found outside the court.

The Palace of Justice, in which the trial took place, was surrounded by guards, and nobody was allowed to pass through their ranks unless possessed of a pass, and even then not until his identity had been fully established.

The court was thronged with people when Vaillant was brought in at noon, closely guarded by policemen.

The opening proceedings were of a purely formal nature.

Prussian Income Tax Statistics.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Jan 10.—A Berlin despatch to The Times says that the income tax statistics for Prussia show that the number of rateable persons was increased during the past year by 43,591, but that the total obtained from the tax decreased 1,652,717 marks.

Steamers Lost in the Black Sea.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Jan. 10.—A dispatch to The Times from Odessa says that during the recent fearful storm in the Black Sea one English, one Greek and two Russian steamers were lost. Their crews were saved.

DRANK OIL OF VITRIOL.

Riha Had No Work—A Became Despondent and Committed Suicide.

A jury was impanelled by Coroner Creamer of Williamsburg this morning, in the case of Francis Riha, who committed suicide at his brother's home, 710 Humboldt street, last night, by swallowing a quantity of oil of vitriol.

Riha was a working jeweler, but has been out of employment ever since he came to this country, eight months ago. Recently he became despondent, and on Sunday he told some friends that he would kill himself if he did not get work before long.

Last evening, while his brother and sister-in-law were on the parlor floor, Riha went into the basement, and took the poison. When discovered, he was in terrible agony, and died before a doctor arrived.

COST THEM $10 EACH.

Brokers Charles Miller and William Hennessey Fined for Fast Driving.

Charles Miller and William Hennessey, real estate brokers, of 114 East Broadway, were fined $10 in Harlem Court this morning for fast driving on upper Seventh avenue.

Policeman Holohan, of the mounted squad saw Miller and Hennessey last evening driving at breakneck speed down Seventh avenue at One Hundred and Forty-fifth street. He hailed them and told them to slacken their speed. In response they whipped up their horses, and the policeman gave chase.

The latter overtook them at One Hundred and Fortieth street, and arrested Miller. Hennessey then stopped and surrendered.

Poultry Show Next.

Preparations are being made for the Poultry and Pigeon Association's annual exhibition at Madison Square Garden, Feb. 5, 9, 10, 11 and 12. Premiums will amount to $5,000. Entries will close Jan. 25.

EXTRA.
2 O'CLOCK.

LEAPED FROM FIRE.

Mrs. Holz Badly Injured in a Houston Street Blaze.

Occupants of a Big Tenement Thrown Into a Panic.

Many Brave Rescues by Fire Laddies and Policemen.

Shortly after 4 o'clock this morning fire broke out in the cellar of the five-story tenement-house known as "The House of Death," at 50 East Houston street. The building derives its name from the extraordinary number of deaths which have occurrred there during the past year.

The house is a tumbledown, ramshackle affair. It is one of the oldest in the vicinity, having stood there for over seventy-five years. The entrance to the house is barely three feet wide, and from this door a flight of stairs, steep, narrow and rickety, leads upward. The halls, even on the brightest day, are pitch dark. The house belongs to the Weeks estate.

Bernard Gerrity, who lives on the top floor with his wife and seven children, started for the bakery at 4.35 o'clock. When he reached the second floor he was met by a volume of smoke. Without stopping to investigate its source, he rushed into the street with a cry of fire.

Near the corner of Mott street, two men stood talking. When they heard the cry and saw the smoke they rushed to Police Headquarters, which is directly around the corner on Mulberry street, and had an alarm turned in.

Then the two men ran around to the burning building to help get the tenants out. The men were Robert Fuller, of 65 Macdougal street, and Robert Clifford, of 64 Stanton street.

No flames could be seen, but the smoke poured from every crevice of the building on the ground floor. On this floor there is a barber shop and a tin store. The first is kept by Frank Thompson and the latter by Nikolas Kupfer.

Fuller saw little Loretta Maxwell, six years old, in night gown and barefooted, clinging to the coping on the first floor. She had climbed from the third floor down the fire-escape, but could get no further.

Fuller shouted to the child to cling tightly to her support until he could get to her. He then climbed up the barber-pole, thus reaching the coping, where little Loretta was caught in his arms and passed to Sergt. Kelleher below, who had just arrived. She was taken out of the cold to Gerrity's saloon near by.

By this time the tenants were in an uproar. At every window there were white and frightened faces.

Some men and women started to jump, and were only deterred by the cries of the big crowd in the street.

Just as the first engines arrived, Mrs. Holz, who lives on the third floor, over the tin shop, stepped out on the window sill. The firemen of Engine Company 63 started to put up a scaling-ladder, all the time crying to her not to jump.

But she had evidently lost her head, for before the ladder could be adjusted with one wild cry she stepped from the window. Her right leg was broken and she suffered internal injuries.

In the room from which she jumped her husband was ill in bed of pneumonia. The scaling ladder was adjusted, and Firemen Ford and Gerrigan carried the man out.

Six ambulances had been summoned to the scene by Sergt. Jack Kelleher, of Police Headquarters—two each from St. Vincent's, Bellevue and New York hospitals. The report had got abroad that a dozen people were burned.

The firemen had found the fire in the cellar. It was in a place hard to get at under the circumstances, and the blinding smoke made it well nigh impossible to get a line of hose where it could be used to effect.

Fireman Gorman, of Engine 55, was the first one to get at the second-story window. He smashed in the windows of the room occupied by Mrs. McIntyre. She is a widow, and is known by everybody for blocks around as the woman who cleans Supt. Byrnes's office. With her live her two young sons, a woman named White, who is seventy years old, and Patrick Hayes.

Gorman found these five people almost unconscious. Chief McGill and Assistant Foreman Breslin were soon in the room, and the air coming in through the window despelled the smoke sufficiently to revive all but Hayes.

All were carried down the ladder, the two women by Policeman Charles J. Muller, of the Mulberry street station. When Hayes was taken out he was entirely unconscious. He had been overcome by the smoke. He, with Mrs. Holz and her husband, was taken to the New York Hospital.

By this time there were ladders up to the building on the front and east side. On the fourth floor live a family named Dixon. The nineteen-year-old daughter is deaf and dumb. She did not seem to comprehend what was the matter, and struggled fiercely with the firemen who carried her down the ladder.

The firemen had the most trouble with the family of Jacob Merkle, who lives on the third floor. Their room looks out on the east side of the building into a little court-yard. Up to the second story there is a little jewelry store that runs back only twenty feet, leaving the court-yard space behind it. The Merkle's window is directly over this yard.

Firemen Fox, Hulslander and Ward, of Patrol No. 2, put up a ten-foot ladder on the jewelry store. The end of this ladder was five feet from the Merkle window.

Merkle and his two sons, Henry, ten years, and Jacob, twelve years, swung from the window and were caught by the firemen.

But there was more difficulty with Mrs. Merkle. She weighs 200 pounds. While the firemen were getting a twenty-five-foot ladder to reach from the courtyard to the window, Mrs. Merkle got a clothes-line about her and was about to lower herself. Fortunately the ladder was placed before she made the attempt.

Firemen Farley, of truck No. 8, carried her down. Of the seven families in the house, every member was carried down ladders by the firemen. Not one attempted to walk through the dense smoke.

When the fireh ad been extinguished it was found to have started in the corner of the cellar. It is said to have been caused by homeless men, whom Barber Thompson permitted to sleep there. It is thought that an hour from their pipes fell in a lot of rubbish.