Weather Indications: Fair.

THE LAST SUNDAY

Before Moving-Day should be taken advantage of by Real Estate men to place their unrented premises before the people through

THE WORLD.

NO EXTRA CHARGE ON SUNDAY.

The World.

EVENING EDITION

Circulation Books Open to All

Weather Indications: Fair.

Average Circulation of THE WORLD for March, 1894,

460,929 PER DAY.

A Gain of 57,596 Per Day in One Year.

A Gain of 140,359 Per Day in Three Years.

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, APRIL 27, 1894. PRICE ONE CENT.

REAL ESTATE MEN, Take Advantage of the Last Sunday in April to Advertise Your Offerings in The World. No Extra Charge on Sunday.

EXTRA. 2 O'CLOCK.

LAST DAY AT ALBANY.

State Legislature of 1894 Winding Up Its Business.

Journal References to Sulzer's Row in Assembly Expunged.

Annual Tax Rate Fixed at 2.18—Last Year's Was 2.58.

(By Associated Press.)

ALBANY, April 27.—The last day of the session of the Legislature of 1894 commenced in the Assembly at 9.30 o'clock this morning. Most of the members were in their seats. Notwithstanding the lateness of the adjournment last night a large crowd of visitors was present.

Immediately after the reading of the Journal Mr. Ainsworth reported from the Ways and Means Committee Senator Lexow's bill appropriating $25,000 for the purpose of paying the expenses of the Senate Committee appointed to investigate the New York Police Department. It was made a special order for 10 o'clock.

Mr. Ainsworth presented a privileged resolution that all statements and references in the Journal to the contempt proceedings connected with the vote on the Factory Inspectors' bill be expunged. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. Keck presented a resolutoin recalling from the Senate, Senator Ahearn's Huckleberry Railroad Amendment bill, which passed the Assembly last evening.

Mr. Sulzer vigorously protested. He declared it was an outrage and was unprecedented in legislation. He declared that the rules plainly specified that no bill could be recalled except by the introducer, or some one authorized by him.

Mr. Roche loudly protested and denounced the proceedings as being most arbitrary and unwarranted. The Speaker held that the bill being a Senate bill the point did not apply.

Mr. Sulzer appealed from the decision of the Chair.

A motion by Mr. Fish to table the appeal was carried, and the motion to repass the bill was adopted—yeas 70, nays 41.

Mr. Thornton, from the Conference Committee on the Supplementary Supply bill, presented a report. The item of $6,000 for copying the muster rolls of soldiers and sailors in the late war was stricken out. The report was adopted.

Mr. Ainsworth introduced the annual Tax Rate bill. He congratulated the Republican majority that the rate this year was two mills and eighteen-hundredths, wile last year's rate was 2.58. The bill was passed.

IN THE STATE SENATE.

All-Night Session Causes a Thin Attendance This Morning.

ALBANY, April 27.—When the Senate was called to order at 9.30 o'clock this morning, half of the seats were empty. The session until 2 o'clock this morning proving too much for the Senators.

Immediately after President Raymond, of Union College, had finished the prayer Senator Saxton moved to dispense with reading the Journal at present, and that it be taken up later. His object was to move its correction in striking out the names of Senators Childs and Coffey on the vote for the "Huckleberry" Railroad bill.

Flatlands Annexation.

(By Associated Press.)

ALBANY, April 27.—Senator Wolfert's bill providing for the annexation to the City of Brooklyn of the town of Flatlands passed the House to-day.

Saxton Dock Bill Passed.

(By Associated Press.)

ALBANY, April 27.—Senator Saxton's New York Department of Docks bill passed the Assembly to-day—yeas 71, nays 31.

A BANK BURGLAR'S PARTNER.—The Extraordinary Career of a New York Police Justice, now on the Bench, Who Was the Friend and "Pal" of the Notorious "Red" Leary and Kate Gorman, the Queen of Shoplifters, in NEXT SUNDAY'S WORLD.

SUGAR AGAIN A FEATURE.

Washington Rumors Cause a Boom in the Price.

Sugar again led the whole market in point of activity to-day. The pool in it marked up the price rapidly another three points, sales being effected at 92 3-4.

The jump is based on a repetition of the Washington talk about the trust having obtained assurances that it will be given increased protection.

The latest yarn is that the advalorem duty will be 46 per cent., with a sufficient additional specific duty to suit the trust. Small traders are chary about touching the stock at these prices, because the report is around that the rise lacks the support of the leading interests.

While Sugar was on the jump the bears devoted their attention to the railway list and succeeded in bringing about a decline of 1-8 to 7-8. Burlington & Quincy fell 7-8 to 79 1-8; Rock Island, 3-8 to 75; General Electric, 3-4 to 38 1-8, and Lead, 1-2 to 38. Later on Chicago Gas rose 1 to 64 1-2; General Electric, 1 1-8 to 39 1-4; Cordage, 3-8 to 23 7-8, and preferred, 1-2 to 46 1-2.

The market was not affected by the announcement that Lazard Freres will ship $1,200,000 gold by to-morrow's Europeans.

Of the $1,200,000 gold to be shipped by Lazard Freres to-morrow, $625,000 will be taken from the Sub-Treasury, and the remaining $575,000 from the banks.

CLAMOR FOR MONEY.

Crowd of Depositors Besiege the Harlem River Bank.

Examiners Judson and Barker Take Charge of Affairs.

Cashier Hinckley Says All Claims Will Be Paid in Full.

Bank Examiner Judson arrived at the Harlem River Bank with Examiner Barker shortly before 10 o'clock this morning. They found a crowd of depositors besieging Cashier Hinckley for information concerning the bank's affairs.

Many of the depositors seemed to be under the impression that Cashier Hinckley could give them their balances irrespective of the fact that the State Banking Department was in charge. Mr. Hinckley had great difficulty in making them understand that he was powerless to give them their money.

Mr. Judson straightened matters out in a few minutes and ordered that the bank be cleared and the doors closed. This was done, and all the forenoon the crowd of rom twenty-five to fifty depositors hung about the bank doors and discussed the probability of their losing their money. One excitable gentleman, who, from his conversation, appeared to be in the green grocery business, was heard to offer his account for 50 cents on the dollar.

Several depositors posted notices on the bank's door to the effect that all checks they had issued yesterday drawn on the Harlem Bank, would be cashed on presentaion at their places of business.

Cashier Hinckley told an "Evening World" reporter that there was not the slightest doubt that the depositors would be paid in full, if they so desired, after the Bank Department had made its report. Former President Alfred Leszynski came to the bank this morning and denied to the press representative that he owed the bank $10,000, as stated in a morning paper. His statement was corroborated by Cashier Hinckley, who said Bank Examiner Judson made the mistake through confounding Mr. Leszynski with that of another person having the same name.

Mr. Judson said he was not in a position yet to make any definite statement as to the institution's affairs. All he could say was that he had gone over the cash this morning and found it, as he expressed it, over.

Cashier Hinkley said the statement that the bank's directors owed the institution money was incorrect. The directors, he said, had never been borrowers, but on the contrary, had given their personal notes to secure loans made on a piece of property on Ninety-fourth street, which Bank Examiner Judson, at his last examination a month ago, thought was not properly secured. This, Mr. Hinkley said, was done to save the stockholders and not the depositors, whose money has been safe all the time.

Mr. Judson and Mr. Barker at noon were going over the books and would not be prepared to say anything definite for a day or two.

ROBBED RAILROAD DEPOTS.

Thieves at Montvale, Park Ridge, Pearl River and Woodcliff.

Carry Off a Slot Machine and Rifle Money Drawers.

MONTVALE, N. J., April 27.—Detectives of the New Jersey and New York Railroad are looking for thieves who last night broke into the depots at Park Ridge, Pearl River, Montvale and Woodcliffe. Entrance to each depot was gained by prying the catches off the windows. Ticket cases, money drawers, express packages and slot machines were rifled and the contents carried off.

From the Park Ridge depot the thieves carried the slot machine, which weighs over two hundred pounds, nearly a quarter of a mile below the station and broke it open and cut off the lower end of the bag that contained the pennies.

At Montvale and Pearl River a number of express packages were rifled, but nothing of any value was secured.

It is considered strange that this raid was made on a Thursday night, while all other raids during the last seven years have been made on Friday nights.

MISS GERRISH PREVAILS.

Henry G. Hilton Refuses to Settle His Suit for $125,000.

Sylvia Gerrish has issued her ukase, and Henry G. Hilton, acting upon it, has promptly declined $125,000, which his father, Judge Hilton, has offered him on behalf of the firm of Hilton, Hughes & Co., in settlement of Henry G.'s suit for $500,000.

When the younger Hilton's devotions were sidetracked some time ago from his wife and children and the rest of the family, to Miss Gerrish, the actress, it was simultaneously found that his expenditures were taking him too far out upon the financial sea, and consequently the great dry-goods firm, of which he was a member, treated him like another Jonah, and threw him overboard on Sept. 7 last.

Miss Gerrish thereupon advised this discarded member to sue the firm for $500,000, which he did.

After many delays Judge Hilton, seeing that his son was bound to take the matter into court, invited that young gentleman's counsel to investigate the firm's books and see just how much was due to his client. The investigation proved that, with the $60,000 per year which his client had been spending for some years, his share would tip the scales at about $125,000. He advised young Hilton to accept this amount.

Miss Gerrish advised the young man not to do so, and he took her advice. The lawyer thereupon gave him a power of substitution, and Miss Gerrish is now cudgelling her brains to think out some fit lawyer to succeed him.

TELLING ON GANTZ.

Neighbors in the Next Flat Testify in the Divorce Case.

Katie Cook Looked Down an Air-Shaft Into Gantz's Parlor.

Her Testimony Makes Even the Defendant Smile.

Judge Dugro, opened court half an hour earlier than usual this morning in order that the trial of the action of Walter H. Gantz for an absolute divorce from Cornelia A. Gantz may be finished as quickly as possible.

Mrs. Gantz entered the court-room alone a few moments before the arrival of the Judge.

She wore the same costume as yesterday except that she had substituted a pair of tan-colored, undressed kid gloves for black ones.

A conspicuous feature of her dress today was a large and very brilliant pair of diamond earrings, which she at times fingered nervously.

Co-respondent Hayward and his wife, who have been constantly in attendance during the preceding days of the trial, were not present.

Lawyer Buecher made his opening speech for the defense late yesterday evening, and examined one witness.

The first witness to-day was Katie Cook, a servant, formerly employed in the flats, 315 West Fifty-eighth street next doord to where the Gantz's lived.

"Did you ever see a woman, not Mrs. Gantz, in Mr. Gantz's flat with him?" asked Mr. Beecher.

"Yes, sir."

"Well, tell us about it."

'On one occasion while Mrs. Gautz was away from home, I went up on the roof and looked down the air-shaft and into one of the windows of the Gautz apartments."

"What did you see?"

"I saw Mr. Gautz in the back parlor with a woman."

Witness, at the request of Mr. Beecher, Mrs. Gautz's counsel, then described how Mr. Gautz and the woman were clad.

Mrs. Gantz sat directly facing the witness, and but a short distance from her, whilee he gave this testimony. When the witness told of the scantiness of the woman's dress, Mrs. Gantz smiled and again nervously fingered her earrings.

Lawyer Dalley put the witness through a searching cross-examination. He showed her a diagram of the flat building, and made her point out where she stood and the location of the window.

"Was there a carpet on the floor of the room in which you saw Mr. Gantz with the strange woman?" asked Mr. Dailey.

"I don't know. I wasn't looking for carpets," replied the witness.

Mrs. Mary Barry, who lived in the flat building 315 West Fifty-eighth street in 1891, was the next witness.

She swore that in the Summer of 1891, while Mrs. Gantz was away from home, she had seen from her kitchen window into the dining-room window of the Gantz flat.

"What did you see?" blandly asked Mr. Beecher.

"I saw Mr. Gantz sitting near the window with his feet on the sill, and sitting on his lap was a pretty young woman."

"Was the woman you saw Mrs. Gantz?" asked Mr. Beecher.

"No, sir."

Co-respondent Hayward came in shortly before noon and took a seat very near the jury box. He had not been there many moments, however, before a court officer saw him and had him move to another part of the room, farther away from the jurors.

MULLER RETELLS HIS STORY.

How the Plot Was Formed Which Ended in Brandt's Death.

The second trial of Dr. Meyer for the killing by poison of Ludwig Brandt was resumed this morning in Part II of General Sessions.

Carl Muller, the alleged accomplice who has turned State's evidence, took the stand again.

He said he first met Ludwig Brandt at Dr. Meyer's home, 331 Centre street, Chicago, June 3, 1891. In conversation Brandt said then that he had read in a newspaper that Gustav M. A. J. Baum was under arrest in Cincinnati. Baum was the erring son of a German family.

Meyer, Brandt and Muller proposed to insure Brandt's life in the name of Baum, and while Baum was in jail, Brandt was to feign illness, a bogus corpse was to be put in his bed and a physician's certificate of the death of Baum (Brandt) thus obtained on which to claim the $8,500 insurance money.

There were several conversations, in one of which Dr. Meyer told Muller that he had been to see Baum, and was about to go to Germany to find out whether Baum had told him the truth about his family there and their wealth.

He was going to take Mrs. Meyer along, introduce her as the wife of Baum and play upon the sympathies of Baum's parents, get a lot of money for them for the purpose of getting young Baum out of prison, come back and use the money in carrying out the scheme for insuring some man under the name of Baum.

Baum was ill at the time, and the scheme then was to wait till Baum died, when they would collect the amount of the policies.

Baum didn't die. He got well, and was given his liberty. He was soon in jail again, this time in Mexico, and then the insurance scheme was modified, and the substitution of a corpse to impersonate Baum decided upon.

The conspirators, Meyer, Mrs. Meyer, Muller and Brandt, came to New York to work out the scheme. For the purpose Brandt married Mrs. Meyer under the name of Baum. Notice of a transfer of the insurance claim to Mrs. Baum and of their removal to New York was sent to the several insurance companies, and they came to New York in January, 1892.

It was not easy to get a corpse, and an effort was made by Dr. Meyer to get a sick man who would allow them to nurse him until he died, a physician to be called in to treat "Baum."

Brother and Sister Drowned.

(By Associated Press.)

HELENA, Mont., April 27.—Edward Ryan, jr., and his sister, Nellie, from near Boulder, were swept away by water in a slough near Three Forks yesterday afternoon and drowned. They were looking up a new claim for a ranch.

Are You Nervous?

Is it whiskey? Can't you stop? KEELEY'S DOUBLE CHLORIDE OF GOLD CURE will do it. Address Manager, 20 West 24th st.

HAS 50 WITNESSES.

How Police Capt. Slevin Will Contest Mr. MacLean's Charges.

Rumor that the Commissioner's Witnesses Are All Parkhurst Agents.

He Charges Neglect of Duty by the Oak Street Commander.

Police Capt. Edward Slevin, of the Oak street station, was put on trial today before the Police Board on charges preferred by Commissioner MacLean.

The charges specify that the Captain neglected to suppress certain disorderly houses in his precinct, located respectively at 9 James slip, 75 and 90 James street and 110 1-2 Cherry street.

In answer to these charges Capt. Slevin claims that the house at 90 James street is a respectable tenement, occupied by sixteen families, and that he has never heard a complaint against it. The Dunham Manufacturing Company ocupies the whole building at 9 James slip.

The two remaining houses at 75 James street and 110 1-2 Cherry street, the Captain admits were at one time houses of ill-fame, but after several raids the places were suppressed, and now he alleges that there is nothing objectionable in the character of either of these houses.

It is on the two latter specifications that the Commissioners decided to try Capt. Slevin. Commissioner MacLean says that the Society for the Prevention of Crime has had nothing to do with the preferring of these charges. Yet it is said that nearly all the witnesses in the case against Capt. Slevin are agents of that Society, and it was rumored this morning that even Dr. Parkhurst himself would testify.

The court-room at Police Headquarters was thronged half an hour before the opening of the court, which had been called for 11 o'clock, and there was an army of bluecoats, headed by Sergt. Walsh, on hand from the Oak street squad, all ready to testify in behalf of the accused Captain.

A dozen or more women and a score of citizens were also present in behalf of Capt. Slevin, so Mr. Howe, his lawyer, said, making a total of at least half a hundred witnesses to be called for the defense if the Commissioners would allow him to do so.

The witnesses in support of the charges did not show themselves, at least were not to be distinguished in the crowd which filled the seats in the small court-room. Capt. Slevin, himself in full uniform, was a conspicuous figure.

FELL ON A BABY CARRIAGE.

It Broke Little John Yecks's Fall, and He Was Not Hurt.

NEWARK, April 27.—Little John Yecks last night fell from the third-story window of his parents' residence, 67 Stone street.

A baby carriage was passing and the child fell on it, thus breaking his fall.

When picked up the boy was uninjured, and had only a few scratches as the result of the fall.

SURPRISED AT THE COMBINE.

Sessions's Supporters Were Sheppardites and Reformers.

Couldn't Beat Bell But They Astonished Politicians.

The election of Col. James D. Bell as President of the newly-organized Kings County Democratic General Committee last night has occasioned considerable surprise among Brooklyn politicians.

They are not astoninshed at the election of Mr. Bell, but by the fact that the old Willoughby street machine delegates linked arms with the Sheppard Independents, two factions heretofore fighting for supremacy, and both went down together supporting Archibald L. Sessions, the reformer.

The delegates from the Edward M. Shepard reform faction nominated Mr. Sessions because he was one of them, and he was supported, it was said to-day, by Willoughby street because the nomination of Bell was a bitter pill for the machine to swallow.

Mr. eBll, although a few years ago a machine Police Commissioner, has always been fighting the ring politicians on their own ground and behind the breastworks. It was the first meeting of the new County Committee, and to-day politicians talked of nothing else.

By the election of Mr. Bell, however, it was generally admitted that the machine had been defeated, but the followers of Boss McLaughlin found consolation in the fact that their hardest antagonist, the Shepard element, "went with them."

Chairman Bell received 390 votes, and Sessions 179.

A BANK BURGLAR'S PARTNER.—The Extraordinary Career of a New York Police Justice, now on the Bench, Who Was the Friend and "Pal" of the Notorious "Red" Leary and Kate Gorman, the Queen of Shoplifters, in NEXT SUNDAY'S WORLD.

BAD RUNAWAY ACCIDENT.

C. A. SPooner, of Ramsey, N. J., and His Sister Seriously Hurt.

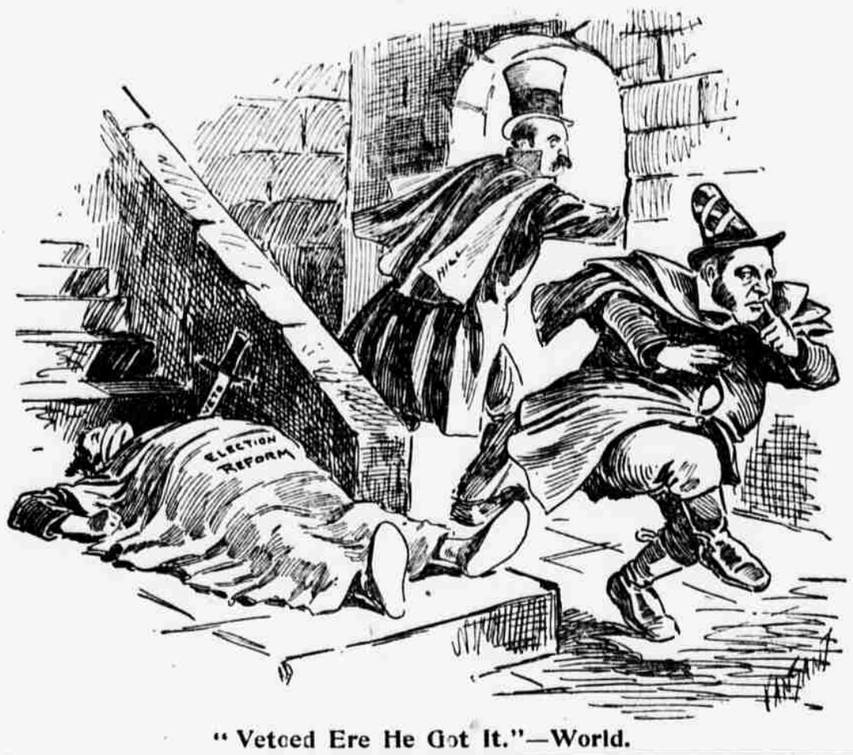
(By Associated Press.)

NYACK, N. Y., April 27.—C. A. Spooner, of Ramsey, N. J., with his sister, took a drive in the Ramapo Valley of Western County last evening and met with a terrible runaway accident. Both were thrown out of the carriage. Miss Spooner struck on her head and is in a critical condition from internal injuries. Mr. Spooner was also badly hurt.

The runaway team went over a mile to Mahwah, where they ran over James Devine, seriously injuring him.

Mr. Spooner is widely known in New York business circles. He is interested extensively in large flour mills in Virginia.

THE FIRST VICTIM.



"Vetoed Ere He Got It."—World.

ALL NEWS OF PEACE.

Northern Pacific Not Disturbed by Coxeyites To-Day.

Kelly in Hard Luck and His Men Deserting in Iowa.

Coxey's Own Start Out for a Thirteen Mile Maryland Tramp.

Lawyer James McNaught, of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, received a flood of telegrams from the West at his office in New York this morning. They all state that matters have quieted down considerably since the arrest of the Butte train stealers at Forsythe. The number of prisoners captured at that place is 331, the remainder of the contingent having deserted as soon as they heard that the United States troops were getting ready to leave Fort Keogh. The deserters who hastened to the surrounding mountains have not yet been captured.

The 331 prisoners are now on their way, escorted by two companies of troops and a strong posse of marshals, to Helena, Mont., where they will be arraigned. The leaders will be placed on trial first, and the other "industrials" will be held in default of procuring bonds until the trials have taken place.

The Seattle contingent of Coxeyites marched four miles yesterday, and encamped at the Fair Grounds, on the line of the Northern Pacific and Puget Sound Shore Road. A man named Shepard is in command, and he has stated they will capture a train at Puyallup to-morrow. Troops from Vancouver Barracks are en route for Puyallup, and they will give the train-stealers a warm reception.

An ex-United States Senator from the West, whose name or the State which he used to represent Mr. McNaught declined to give for publication, telegraphed to that gentleman this morning as follows:

"For God's sake, stiffen the back of this weakening Governor and Court. Let us know whether we are to have law or larceny; order or anarchy."

At the office of the Union Pacific, 36 Wall street, Receiver Oliver W. Mink said that he had received no messages from the West to-day, but he understood that the mob which captured the station at Troutdale, Ore., had restored the Company's operator to his office, from which they ousted him yesterday.

ORDER CHEAP COAL NOW.

"The World's" Offer of $4.50 Per Ton Good Only Until May 1.

Only two days more remain during which "The World's" present offer to sell coal to consumers in New York and Brooklyn at $4.50 a ton will remain open.

If the people will consider their own interests they will utilize this interval to place their orders for their next season's supply of coal. It is hardly probable that prices will remain at their present level much longer, to say nothing of the exceptionally low rate now offered by "The World."

An indication as to the future course of prices is furnished by the decision of the general sales agents of the hard coal producing companies at their monthly meeting yesterday.

They decided to make no change in the present rates, but fixed the output for May at 2,800,000 tons. This is only one-half the estimated capacity for production in the anthracite mines, and is 900,000 tons less than the allotment made by the agents for May, 1893.

This allotment is purely arbitrary, and the amount is cut down this year in order to starve the market and furnish a basis for putting up prices later on when the scarcity begins to be felt.

Consumers should unite to break this ring. "The World" offers them a chance to escape paying tribute to the combine for a few days longer at least. Send in your orders, and remember that "The World" will fill each one in its regular turn according to the terms, and that all orders received up to May 1 will be filled. "The World" offers them a chance of the branch offices of "The World," both in this city and Brooklyn, as well as at the main office in the Pulitzer Building.

"MY PRINCE," SHE SAYS.

Gossip May Talk, but Poniatowski Will Wed Miss Burke.

She States that the Arrangements Will Be Completed Soon.

Miss Maude Burke, the California heiress, was seen this morning at the home of her guardian, Gen. Harris W. Carpentier, in regard to the published statement that there was some doubt about her expected marriage to Prince Andre Poniatowski. It was even hinted that there was no engagement between the lady from the Golden Gate and the Prince.

From what Miss Burke says it would appear that the gossip-mongers are not reliably informed. Miss Burke spoke of Monseigneur as "My Prince." She said the arrangements for the wedding would not be completed for a day or two. Then "My Prince" would call at the newspaper offices and tell the reporters about it.

It is said that Miss Burke is going to Europe to remain until June, but whether she would go as Princess Poniatowski she would not say.

RINGLER'S INTERNATIONAL?

Rumor that the Brewer Has Leased the Old Park Row Hostelry.

Col. Van Brimmer Postpones His Sale and Will Remain in Charge.

Just as Auctioneer Silo was ready to ask for a bid on lot 1, at the advertised sale of the furniture in the International Hotel, 17 and 19 Park Row, this morning, Col. Joshua Van Brimmer, the proprietor, whispered a few words to him. An announcement of the indefinite postponement of the sale was immediately made by Mr. Silo.

Proprietor Van Brimmer explained that he had determined to sell out because when he asked Ruland & Whiting, the agents of the sixteen heirs of the Greenwood estate, to which the property belongs, for a reduction of rent rent and allowances for needed repairs, they had quietly raised the rent $5,000 a year.

His lease expires May 1. He has been paying $15,000 a year rent, and the alterations and repairs that he considers necessary amout to some $16,000.

Mr. Van Brimmer refused to go into details why the sale had been postponed. All he would say was that he had received assurances from reliable parties that he could stay on at the present rent. For how long, he was unable to say. It might be one or six months, or as long as he wished. He did say, however, that the property had been leased for ten years, to whom, he could not state.

It was reported, however, that Frederick A. Ringler, of the Ringler Brewery Company, was the new lessee. Mr. Ringler was in the International this morning, but he refused to say whether he was the lessee or not. Ruland & Whiting, the agents, also refused to talk about the matter.

One of the best pleased of men at to-day's outcome of the sale is "Billy" Rienn, who for ten years has had charge of the International bar. He is such a well-known and popular essential of the hotel that its closing would be as sad as his own funeral to him.

The International, along in the fifties and sixties, was one of the crack hotels of New York. It was opened in 1852 by D. Earle, father of Gen. Earle, of hotel fame, as Earle's Hotel, and was patronized by all the leading Southern politicians. Clay and Webster made it their headquarters.

After Earle, J. Powers took it, and gave place later on to Fred Frese. In 1870 Col. Von Brimmer became proprietor. The hotel's name was changed to the International in 1874; up to then it was named after the several proprietors.

You read the Evening World! Do you read the Sunday World?

MENACED BY MINERS.

Five Thousand Strikers Marching on an Illinois Town.

They Propose to Force Workmen to Desert Toluca's Mines.

Acting Governor Declines to Send Troops at Sheriff's Request.

(By Associated Press.)

TOLUCA, Ill., April 27.—The little mining village of Toluca, situated in the heart of a vast prairie, in Marshall county, is wide awake this morning. An army of nearly 5,000 coal miners from Spring Valley, Laceyville, Lentonville, La Salle, Peru and Oglesby went into camp at 1 A. M. at what is known as the Big Sandy, four and a half miles north of this place.

The Spring Valley, Ladd and Lentonville men left Spring Valley at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon, 2,500 strong. They were met at Mount Palatine by miners of La Salle and vicinity. The army took Mount Palatine by storm and went into camp. They were accompanied by seven brass bands, a fife and drum corps, and seven commissary wagons, the contributions of the business men of Spring Valley and vicinity. Food was distributed to the army at this place, and a riot ensued among the men.

Throngs climbed upon the wagons, and those who had charge of the distribution had great difficulty in managing the hungry miners. The army is commanded by Frederick Knowls. At Mount Palatine an attempt was made by the leaders to hold a mass-meeting, but the men were so anxious to march on to Toluca that the leaders failed to get their attention.

The programme of the army when they arrive here this morning is to call a mass-meeting immediately and try to use moral suasion upon the Toluca miners to quit work and help the cause. Many of the marchers are old men, and ther are some women among them. Besides the commissary wogan, there are nearly a hundred teams, containing people who are making the trip through curiosity, making the procession nearly three miles in length. There are stome that are very hot-headed, but it is believed that the leaders can hold them in check.

Commander Knowls, immediately upon the arrival of his men here, will interview Mayor Twist and attempt to get him to issue an order closing the saloons, as it is feared, if some of the men get much liquor in them, serious damage will result. The situation is regarded in a serious light, and, anticipating trouble, the Devlin Coal Company ordered the mines shut down yesterday afternoon.

Troops were asked for by Sheriff Lenz, but Acting Gov. Gill declined to call out the militia, sending word that he would come to Toluca himself and talk with the strikers.

A BANK BURGLAR'S PARTNER.—The Extraordinary Career of a New York Police Justice, now on the Bench, Who Was the Friend and "Pal" of the Notorious "Red" Leary and Kate Gorman, the Queen of Shoplifters, in NEXT SUNDAY'S WORLD.

POLICEMAN NEARLY KILLED.

Attacked on a Towpath by Three Thieves.

JERSEY CITY, N. J., April 27.—Policeman Michael Gibney, of the Fourth Precinct, is lying at his home in a critical condition from an assault upon him by three men whom he encountered on the tow-path of the Morris Canal, on Pacific avenue, this morning.

Gibney was patrolling the tow-path about 1 o'clock, when he saw three men carying a lot of lumber on their shoulders. When they saw him, they dropped the lumber and ran.

He captured one man, and while taking the man to the station, the other two rushed upon him and one of them struck him on the head with a bottle, inflicting a dangerous wound.

The three then attacked him. They took away his night stick and beat him with it, and tore his uniform and stole his shield. The men then escaped.

EXTRA. 2 O'CLOCK.

FOR KILLING A BOY.

Merkel Held to Answer for the Death of Young Beekman.

Accused of Striking the Lad While the Latter Was Playing.

He Is a Wealthy Landlord and Boys Were Afraid of Him.

Gottlieb Merkel was arraigned in the Lee Avenue Court, Williamsburg, today, on a charge of assault, but when Justice Goetting was informed that his victim, according to the complaint, had died an hour after the warrant was served, he ordered that a warrant for homicide be made out, and sent Merkel to jail without bail, for examination on May 4.

Merkel lives in a row of houses which he owns, on Knickerbocker avenue, and is of very excitable disposition.

He is accused of being responsible for the death of fifteen-year-old Charles Beekman, who lived with his widowed mother at 264 Jefferson street.

Alongside of the house 84 Knickerbocker avenue, in which Merkel lives, is a large vacant lot, which the boys of the neighborhood use as a playground. Merkel always seemed to take delight in driving the youngsters away, and, it is said, in consequence of his harsh actions half a dozen small boys were injured by him. No complaints were ever lodged, however, for Merkel is wealthy and, besides, the parents of most of the injured lads lived in houses which he owned.

The Beekman boy worked in an office in this city and was regarded as a very steady, well behaved young fellow. On Monday afternoon he was playing ball in the lot with a number of his playmates, and they were so intent on the game that they did not notice Merkel when he entered the lot.

Merkel, it is alleged, came quietly behind young Beekman and struck him twice on the back of the neck at the base of the brain. Merkel is a very strong man and Beekman is a delicate boy. The boy dropped to the ground, it is stated, with the blood spurting from his mouth and nostrils. He was carried to his home unconscious, and his mother was too frightened to even complain to the police. Justice Goetting, who lives in the ward, heard of the occurrence and sent for Mrs. Beekman, who told her story. As it appeared that the boy was confined to his bed with spinal meningitis, the magistrate issued a warrant for Merkel's arrest on a charge of assault. Officers Kane and Winters locked Merkel up at 8 o'clock last night. At 9 o'clock Beekman died.

A BANK BURGLAR'S PARTNER.—The Extraordinary Career of a New York Police Justice, now on the Bench, Who Was the Friend and "Pal" of the Notorious "Red" Leary and Kate Gorman, the Queen of Shoplifters, in NEXT SUNDAY'S WORLD.

HIS DEATH STILL A MYSTERY.

Prisco May Have Been Killed by a Train or Murdered.

His Widow Says He Had No Watch and Little Money.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., April 27.—The body of Antonio Brisco, the Italian Tammany Hall politician, is still at the New Brunswick Morgue. The dead man's wife and several Italians called to see the body this morning and to make arrangements to have the remains brought to Jersey City, where the deceased resided.

It is still a question whether Prisco was killed by an early freight train on the Pennsylvania Railroad, near Franklin Park, early yesterday morning, or was murdered and his body afterward placed on the track.

From a statement of Mrs. Prisco some think that her husband was killed by a train. She says he had no watch or chain, and di not have much money. Coroner McDede says that if Prisco was murdered it was for revenge and not for his money and valuables.

The Coroner is endeavoring to trace Prisco's movements on Wednesday night when he was last seen alive. Mrs. Prisco received a letter from her husband on Wednesday stating that he would leave his farm at Dean's for his home in Jersey City the following day. The railroad men think Prisco was killed while trying to get on the early freight train for Jersey City yesterday morning.

Mrs. Prisco told the Coroner she did not know of anyone who had made threats to kill her husband, who was a leader among Italians in New York in securing them jobs in the Street-Cleaning Department.

The Coroner is investigating the reports that Prisco had trouble with certain Italians with whom he is alleged to have broken his promises to obtain employment for them after they had paid their money.

A permit will probably be granted today for the removal of the body to Jersey City. The Italians propose to give Prisco a big funeral.

Prisco's brother came to New Brunswick this morning from New York. He can throw little light on the manner of his brother's death, though he is inclined to believe the murder theory.

Weather Forecast.

The weather forecast for the thirty-six hours ending 8 P. M. to-morrow is as follows: Fair, stationary temperature, southwesterly, backing to southeasterly, winds.

The following record shows the changes in the temperature during the morning hours, as indicated by the thermometer at Perry's pharmacy: 3 A. M., 34; 6 A. M., 35; 9 A. M., 40; 12 M., 44.