MORE SOLDIERS OUT.

West Virginia Troops to Protect Senator Camden's Mines.

Cripple Creek Strikers Have Real Military Leaders.

Arms for Illinois Citizens—The Situation About Houtzdale.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., May 29.—Companies I and G of the State militia, of this city, were ordered out by Gov. MacCorkle this morning to proceed to the Camden mines to protect the men at work there from Ohio strikers. The soldiers were on a train within forty minutes after orders came.

POMEROY, O., May 29.—Senator Camden's mines in Spillman, W. Va., eight miles below here, are being moved on by 600 strikers, who went there by boat this morning. The works are guarded by a Sheriff and ten deputies with a Gatling gun. These are the only mines in operation in the district, and a determined effort is being made to close them. The hills surrounding the works are thronged with persons watching the movements of the strikers. All say there will be no trouble unless precipitated by the authorities.

Arms for Illinois Citizens.

LA SALLE, Ill., May 29.—One hundred Winchester repeating rifles and several thousands of rounds of ammunition arrived to-day for the Citizens' Protective Association.

Col. Bennett received orders to send two companies of militia to Wenona to-day. While the troops were boarding a special train a telegram was received that the rioters had word of the movement and had fled.

The police have found the missing Pole, Birkowski, supposed to have been murdered as a spy. He was concealed in a neighbor's house, badly injured, but will recover.

Miners Led by Military Men.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., May 29.—It is learned that the strikers in Cripple Creek are under command of J. J. Johnson, who has taken a course of military instruction in West Point, N. Y., and three or four German military officers. One German officer is said to have planned the fort on Bull Mountain, which is so well located.

DENVER, Col., May 29.—Gov. Waite has determined to go to Cripple Creek to-night to investigate the situation. He will visit the miners' stronghold, talk with the strikers and ascertain for himself to what extent they are interfering with the rights of the mine owners.

No Kyle Plant Raid To-Day.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., May 29.—The threatened raid on the Kyle plant did not take place to-day. Despatches report everything quiet through the region, and many of the plants working with increased forces. At the Murphy mine near here last night the strikers cut loose a number of loaded and empty cars, and they were badly wrecked. A large section of track was also torn up, but there was no other damage.

Sympathy for Houtzdale Miners.

HOUTZDALE, Pa., May 29.—Since the operators have refused the proffered arbitration by Gov. Pattison, the miners in this district and at Osceola Mills are more determined than ever, and public sentiment which was about equally divided has turned in favor of the strikers.

Houtzdale miners are of the opinion that the first attempt to introduce new men will be made by Beerwind, White & Company, at their mines near Punxsawtawney, where the Company has, it is said, made preparations to resume operations.

Everything is quiet here, but the miners are watching every move of the operators very closely.

Miners Warned to Take Their Tools

LONACONING, Md., May 29.—A bombshell was thrown into the camp of the coal-mine strikers yesterday by the Presidents of the American, George's Creek and new Central coal companies posting notices advising their miners and employees to take their tools from the mines to-day. This will be followed by the companies paying off their employees and discharging them. Every indication now points to one of two things—a resumption of work at the old rate or the closing of the mines for the season

Iowa Miners Armed.

OTTUMWA, Ia., May 29.—Six hundred strikers went to Evans to-day to try to induce the miners there to go out. The Centreville miners, who were well armed, were the leaders in the movement. The Governor has an side on the scene, and the National Guard will be ordered from this city and Oskaloosa if needed.

The strikers openly declare that they purpose violence Thursday if the colored miners do not come out. Supt. Baxter and the working miners are all armed and prepared for an attack.

MINONK, Ill., May 29.—Two miners were arrested to-day for passing through the lines in Camp Culver. Sheriff Tool with a force of deputies made the arrests. Many Italian miners from Roanoke, twelve miles distant, are here, but there is no indication of trouble.

Indiana Situation Desperate.

BRAZIL, Ind., May 29.—The strike situation in this district is becoming desperate. All night long the strikers in Knightsville kept watch for freight trains, but the Vandalia Railroad had been warned and held the trains until morning. The strikers have made up a purse to-day to prosecute the Vandalia for running two loaded trains by a crossing without stopping.

Miners are guarding every railroad in the county. Last night several hundred strikers held a north-bound passenger train on the Chicago and Indiana Coal Railroad and demanded to be hauled to Stone Bluff. The trainmen refused, and the strikers, fearing the law for stopping the mails, let the train proceed. The miners now threaten to stop the water-works and the street car line in this city, and it is feared that there is serious trouble ahead.

CLOSED FOR LACK OF COAL.

Railroad and Other Shops Feel the Effects of the Strike.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. LOUIS, May 29.—Specials from railroad centres of Missouri, Kansas and Arkansas indicate that business there is becoming affected by the coal miners' strike and the consequent scarcity of coal. At Sedalia, Mo., the Missouri Pacific shops shut down at noon yesterday for the remainder of the month. The shops of the Central branch railroad at Atchison, Kan., have been closed down indefinitely.

At Van Buren, Ark., the Missouri Pacific round shops and round-house are at a standstill, nothing but passengers and perishable freights moving. Lincoln, Ill., the roller mills have closed down, and yesterday the electric street cars were obliged to stop running.

Garment-Workers Strike.

(By Associated Press.)

BOSTON, May 29.—The Garment-Workers' Union, of this city, has three new strikes on to-day, all of the employers in the factories of Lovski & Balcom, 46 Essex street; Goldman & Cohen, 41 North street, and Contractor Bloom, 16 Waltham street, being out. About 125 persons are out, and a long contest is likely.

Fort Wayne Policemen Strike.

(By Associated Press.)

FORT WAYNE, Ind., May 29.—The streets of Fort Wayne were patrolled last night by less than one-half the usual police force. The new Republican Board of Safety last evening announced the names of twelve patrolmen who would be dismissed from the force next Friday. These men went on a strike last night. Some paraded the streets in uniform, but refused to do police duty.

DYNAMITE IN THE MINES.

Cripple Creek Strikers Could Have Killed All Non-Union Miners.

(By Associated Press.)

DENVER, Col., May 29.—Information has been received from Cripple Creek that even had the strikers been driven from the camp, the men who took their places in the mines would be in imminent peril. Every mine in the camp over which there has been trouble is "loaded." Large quantities of dynamite have been stored in the shafts back of the timbering by the strikers, and hidden wires attached to these charges in such a manner that they could have been exploded and every person in the mines instantly killed, while the men who operated the battery remained out of sight.

STRIKERS GETTING ANGRY.

Another Invasion Threatened of the Hackensack Mills.

HACKENSACK, N. J., May 29.—At the meeting of the strikers of the West Hoboken, Homestead and Hackensack silk mills last night, the Paterson weavers were denounced for having filled the strikers' places.

The Superintendent of the Hackensack mill having determined not to take back any of the strikers, the latter are becoming desperate, and serious trouble and another invasion are apprehended.

'WEALERS WORRY DENVER.

Chamber of Commerce Will Consider the Coxeylite Question.

(By Associated Press.)

DENVER, Col., May 29.—The Chamber of Commerce meets to-day to discuss what shall be done with the Commonwealers. There are about 1,200 here now, and more are making for this point, and the matter is serious.

Superintendents of all trunk lines running East are here to be ready for any emergency, and spies are among the unemployed to watch their movements and give notice of any intention to capture a train.

FRYE THE CHIEF 'WEALER.

Gets His Commission as Commander from Coxey.

(By Associated Press.)

CINCINNATI, May 29.—Gen. Frye just before leaving the city yesterday, received a commission from Coxey, as Commander-in-Chief of the Commonweal army of the United States. Gen. Frye has started for Hyattsville, where he will make his headquarters.

His 'Wealers Proved Tramps.

(By Associated Press.)

COLUMBUS, O., May 29.—J. C. Mosher, who left here on May 22 in command of thirty-six Coxeyites, and who returned Saturday night, says he found his men were mainly tramps, who threatened depredations unless given food. When so left the crowd it went to pieces.

PERSIAN MONARCH SOLD.

Capt. Merritt, of Wrecking Fame, Gets Her at Auction for $19,500.

The steamship Persian Monarch was sold at public auction to-day. Capt. I. J. Merritt, of the Merritt Wrecking Organization, was the purchaser, paying $19,500. The steamer was sold as she lies at her dock at Erie Basin, with the exception of her medicine chest, the telegraph from the bridge to the engine-room, the safe and a few articles of furniture in the captain's room.

The Persian Monarch went ashore off Eastport, L. I., the night of May 2 last, and while ashore had her rudder and rudder post wrenched off and received other damage. She was hauled off by the Merritt Wrecking Organization and taken to Erie Basin, after which an inquiry into the conduct of her commander, Capt. Bristow, and his officers was made before a board at the office of the British Consul-General, which resulted in Capt. Bristow being deprived of his certificate for six months.

The Persian Monarch was built in Dumbarton, Scotland, in 1880, by McMillan. She is 300 feet long, 43 feet 1 inch beam, 25 feet in depth, has 500 nominal horse power and is said to have a speed of 11 1-2 knots per hour. She has accommodations for about thirty first-class passengers. One of the members of the firm of Sanderson & Son, her agents in this city, stated that the original cost of the vessel was about $300,000.

NO ORGAN YET.

National Municipal League Not Ready to Run a Newspaper.

At the second and last day's session of the National Municipal League, at the City Club, 677 Fifth avenue, to-day, First Vice-President Charles D. Richardson, of Philadelphia, presided.

Charles I. Bonaparte, of Baltimore, Chairman of the Executive Committee, reported regarding the advisability of the League purchasing a Philadelphia periodical to be used in its interests, that such action would be premature until the League had issued an address to the public showing what right it had to exist.

The League will hold a mass-meeting to-night in the Manhattan Athletic Club's Theatre. James C. Carter, President of the City Club, who was yesterday elected President of the League, will preside. Each of the following gentlemen will speak upon the subject of Municipal Reform in the city in which he resides: Prof. E. J. James, of Philadelphia; Ansley Wilcox, of Buffalo; Thomas McIlvaine, of Cincinnati; J. J. McNamara, of Baltimore, and Marcus T. Hun, of Albany.

Bishop Wigger Going to Europe.

NEWARK, N. J., May 29.—Bishop Wigger, accompanied by the Rev. C. F. Carroll, will sail for Europe on June 6. On June 14 the Commencement exercises at Seton Hall College in South Orange, where the Bishop resides, will be presided over by Bishop McQuaid, of Rochester.

Relief in Hood's

Biliousness and Indigestion Are Quickly Cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., May 6, 1894.—I have been a great sufferer for 10 years with biliousness and indigestion, and have doctored without getting any relief. I was induced last fall to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I found relief very soon after taking it. I have taken it this spring with such good results that I feel like a different person. MRS. E. BLACK, Gloxford st.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

BT. JOHNSVILLE, N. Y., May 13, 1894.—I have taken two bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and it has helped me very much. My mother had the grip and it left her with a bad pain in her side. She has taken one bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and the pain is gone. REUBEN WALRATH.

Hood's Pills cure all liver ills, biliousness, indigestion, constipation, sick headache. 25c.

CAN'T PUNISH THE DOCTORS.

Fourth Ward Physicians Didn't Intend to Conceal Small-Pox.

Seven New Cases Discovered by the Health Authorities.

While the circumstances seem to indicate that the physicians who attended the concealed cases of small-pox in the lower end of the Fourth Ward about two weeks ago, are guilty of gross negligence, and are in a great measure responsible for the spread of the contagion in that neighborhood, Dr. Doty, Chief of the Bureau of Contagious Diseases, declares that the Board of Health is powerless in the matter of punishing the offenders.

The physicians, Dr. Doty declares, are only technically guilty of a violation of the law, and therefore any attempt to criminally prosecute them would undoubtedly fail.

The several physicians who were summoned before the Board of Health to explain why they had failed to report small-pox cases for which they had prescribed stated in every instance that they were uncertain as to the nature of the disease. They all declared that they had only been called once before the appearance of any eruptions. A prescription was left, which was filled at some near-by drug store by some relative of the patient, and perhaps no other visit was ever made by any physician to the patient again.

The accused physicians also pleaded that there was no object for them to attempt to conceal the facts from the Board of Health, as the people were invariably very poor and unable, as a rule, to even pay for the medicine prescribed, much less the professional services.

This explanation was partially corroborated by the discovery of several convalescent patients who had been treated and nursed by members of the family during the period of infection, without the knowledge of even other families in the same tenement. In that way the disease was spread to numerous families.

Had it not been for a house-to-house canvass, both day and night, by Health Inspectors, prompted by the persistency with which cases developed in the lower end of the ward, there would undoubtedly have been an alarming outbreak of the disease, and scores of patients where there are now comparatively few.

Notwithstanding the especial precautions exercised by the health officials, cases continue to crop out in the vicinity of Cherry Hill and in the squalid tenements down along the river-front towards Battery Park. But the disease, Dr. Doty feels assured, will not become epidemic, and there need be no fear of any considerable spread, as the ward is kept under the closest surveillance by an increased corps of inspectors.

Yesterday there were only five cases found. One of the patients, Minnie Kuger, twenty-one years old, of 86 James street, walked into the Bureau of Contagious Diseases during the afternoon and said she feared she had small-pox. An ambulance very opportunely happened to be passing and the patient was removed to the Reception Hospital.

Very fortunate the crowds of people who visit the Bureau daily to have their children vaccinated had thinned down to a half dozen or less, none of whom, it was found, had come in contact with the infected visitor. However, the building was disinfected as soon as the patient was removed.

Other cases sent to North Brother Island were Charles Englehardt, thirty-six years old, of 232 Park Row, who was taken from Bellevue Hospital, where he had gone for treatment; John Lavery, twenty-two years old, of 32 Oak street, and Joseph Lampson, twenty-five years old, from the New York Dispensary, and Amerigo Caponingro, nineteen years old, of 81 Madison street.

Ralph Mirron, two years old, of 332 West Thirty-sixth street, and Thomas Columbus, fifteen years old, of 32 Oak street, were also reported suffering from small-pox this morning. They were removed to North Brother Island.

REFRACTORY TARS TRACKED

Mutinous Sailors of the Lydgate Reshipped on the Scottish Isles.

The shipping agents, who furnished the crew for the British bark Lydgate, about which so much talk of unseaworthiness has been indulged in for a week past, played a clever trick upon the mutinous portion of the crew late last night.

Upon the Lydgate's arrival here thirteen of her foremast hands ran away, and thirteen new men were shipped in their places.

Next the hue and cry went up on board that the Lydgate was top-heavy, and that she was not properly laden and would capsize as soon as sail was made on her.

So these thirteen men refused to go to sea in her. Late last night the shipping agents, who had advanced $40 in wages to each man, went alongside with a tugboat, ostensibly to bring the refractory sailors ashore. Meanwhile the British ship Scottish Isles dropped down from her dock and anchored within a few hundred yards of the Lydgate.

The sailors threw their luggage aboard the tug, and gayly went over the side of the "Jonah" ship, with visions of a night's frolic dancing before their eyes.

The tug lines were cast off and she very soon made fast to the Scottish Isles, and the men were ordered to tumble aboard. There they found the shipping agents, accompanied by the British Vice-Consul, with the shipping articles of the Scottish Isles spread out before him. The men were offered a chance to sign in the Scottish Isles for Java or go ashore in irons and sail in the Lydgate for Shanghai.

They were completely taken by surprise, and as the only reason they gave for not carrying out their contract in the Lydgate was that they considered her unseaworthy, they inscribed their names on the Scottish Isles' articles.

The Lydgate has a full crew on board and will sail to-morrow morning if the wind serves. Her new crew express perfect confidence in her seaworthiness.

NO FEARS FOR LANCASTER.

Admiral Gherardi Thinks She Is Making a Southern Passage.

"Anxious about the Lancaster?" said Rear Admiral Gherardi, at the Navy-Yard, to-day. "No, sir, and I shall not be if she is not heard from for twenty-five days yet."

The Lancaster is one of the few relics of the old navy. In the auxiliary class, that is, she is a fully-rigged ship, and is also equipped with steam power. She passed Gibraltar May 2, homeward bound, from the China station, where she was relieved by the cruiser Baltimore. She is commanded by Capt. A. T. McCormick, and is now twenty-seven days out.

Rear Admiral Gherardi stated that the Lancaster is probably coming by the southern route, which would take her nearly down to the West Indies. This would allow her to make her northing with the N. E. trades.

He thought she would make most of the way under sail, as she can, under favorable conditions, sail from ten to twelve knots, while under steam her greatest speed is eight knots.

The Rear Admiral said, however, that he had no means of knowing what her orders are, and will not expect her until the newspapers announce her off Fire Island.

"Her career as a cruiser is over," he concluded. "I believe it has been decided to equip her with modern armament and use her for a gunnery training ship; but I can't say what station she will be attached to."

The Lancaster was launched in 1859 and was considered the most formidable warship afloat at the time.

PRAYERS OF 211,906 WOMEN.

Thus Far Presented to the Suffrage Committee at Albany.

Constitutional Convention Reassembles in the State Capitol.

(By Associated Press.)

CAPITOL, ALBANY, May 29.—There was not a quorum present this morning when the hour of meeting of the Constitutional Convention arrived, and the empty seats predominated largely. What has gotten to be the usual number of yellow ribboned petitions praying for woman suffrage were upon the members' desks and petitions from these counties with the appended number of signatures were handed up:

Dutchess, 3,163; Essex, 2,399; Herkimer, 2,129; Steuben, 5,943; Suffolk, 2,246; Sullivan, 1,523; Warren, 1,876; Washington, 3,216; Westchester, 2,253; Wyoming, 5,401; total to date, 211,906.

Mr. Cookingham presented a memorial and petition from Gaylord W. Bigelow and others against appropriations for sectarian purposes.

Mr. Becker presented a memorial and petition of a select committee of the New York Medico-Legal Society praying for the abolition of the office of Coroner and resolutions of the Alumni Association of the Medical Department of the Buffalo University indorsing the same. Referred.

J. I. Green presented a resolution that the District-Attorneys of the State be requested by the Secretary to forward to the Convention a list of persons under indictment for the commission of crime in their respective counties and now confined in prison awaiting trial, also a list of persons actually confined in prison awaiting indictment with cause of arrest. Tabled under the rule.

Among the amendments proposed to-day were the following:

Mr. Jacobs—Senate to consist of nineteen members and an elector shall vote for eleven. Term of office to be three years, and no person shall be eligible until he is thirty-two years old.

Mr. W. H. Veeder—Providing for legislative apportionment every ten years, to be enforced by the Court of Appeals.

Also, forbidding consolidation of towns or villages without a majority vote of the inhabitants.

Also, providing that the number of delegates to future Constitutional Conventions shall be the same as the number of members of the Legislature.

Mr. Burr—Prohibiting monopolies and trusts in this State.

Mr. Roche—Prohibiting the granting of pensions to any civil officer except members of the Police or Fire departments.

Mr. Roche—Requiring the Legislature to provide a method for voting absent soldiers and sailors.

Mr. Moore—Making terms of office of Supreme Court Judges ten years, doing away with pensions and retiring all Judges when they reach the age of seventy-five years.

Mr. Dean—Providing for a Superintendent of Railroads and Transportation to succeed the Railroad Commission.

Mr. Cookingham—Providing for fifty Senate districts and 200 Assembly districts.

Mr. Fuller—Declaring that the State of New York is an inseparable part of the nation.

Mr. Lincoln—Providing that a voter must be a resident of an election district six months before voting.

Mr. Lincoln—Allowing women who pay taxes to vote.

Also, providing for voters registering at least thirty days before voting.

Also, allowing the Legislature to confer the right of suffrage on women.

MR. ALLEN ENJOINED.

Commodore Vanderbilt's Grandson Must Pay Back Alimony.

Supreme Court Justice Patterson to-day granted a temporary injunction restraining Vanderbilt Allen from drawing any of the income of the trust estates held for him by the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company and the United States Trust Company, and restraining the companies from paying him, until he has satisfied a judgment of $1,583.33, for back alimony, which his divorced wife recently obtained against him.

Allen, it is alleged, has married again and now resides in Europe.

Justice Patterson to-day also issued an order requiring Allen to show cause June 5 why the injunction should not be made permanent.

Vanderbilt Allen was the favorite grandson of old Commodore Vanderbilt. His mother was Ethelinda Vanderbilt Allen, to whom the Commodore left a $100,000 trust fund for the benefit of her children.

Vanderbilt Allen, in December, 1880, married Edith De Silver, of Philadelphia, who, April 1, 1887, obtained an absolute divorce from him, making Edith De Belleville, an actress, the co-respondent. A previous attempt to obtain a limited divorce from him on the ground of cruelty was unsuccessful.

CHARTER MAY BE REVOKED.

Hoffman House Corporation Seems to Be Guilty of Contempt.

NEWARK, N. J., May 29.—Vice-Chancellor Green this morning granted a rule to show cause why the charter of the Hoffman House corporation should not be forfeited under the provisions of the statutes, because the books of the concern were never brought to this city as the Chancellor had ordered.

An order was made by the Vice-Chancellor on Jan. 3 directing the production of the books, and when on Jan. 9 they had not been brought to Newark an order to show cause why the corporation should not be adjudged guilty of contempt of Court was made.

No person appeared in the corporation's behalf, and the rule was made returnable at Jersey City next Friday.

Schooner Alta Ashore.

(By Associated Press.)

HALIFAX, N. S., May 29.—The schooner Alta, from Wallace, N. S., bound to New York, with building stone, is ashore at Picton Island, and likely to become a total wreck. There was a thick fog when she struck. The vessel is fully insured in Halifax offices.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound CURES

Irregularity,

Suppressed or Painful Menstruation, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Feeding, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility, Kidney Complaints in either sex. Every time it will relieve.

Backache, Faintness,

Extreme Lassitude, "don't care and want to be let alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy, or the "blues." These are sure indications of Female Weakness, some derangement of the Uterus, or

Womb Troubles.

Every woman, married or single, should own and read "Woman's Beauty, Peril, Duty," an illustrated book of 30 pages, containing important information that every woman should know about herself. We send it free to any reader of this paper.

All druggists sell the Pinkham medicines. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills, 25 cents.

BULLS GAINED MORE COURAGE

They Used the Outstanding Short Interest to Put Up Stocks.

Burlington and Quincy Attacked but Quickly Rallied.

The bulls displayed a little more courage this morning, and advanced the entire list, using the heavy outstanding short interest as a lever with which to lift the market. They experienced little difficulty in alarming the bears in Chicago Gas and Sugar. The former rose 1 to 72 5-8, and the latter 1 3-8 to 100 5-8. The gains otherwise were 1-8 to 3-4 per cent., but the volume of trading was light.

The gold shipments to Europe had no effect upon the market, while the fact that securities in London were quoted firm served to encourage the traders on the "long" side. St. Paul rose 5-8 to 59 5-8, Rock Island 1-2 to 68 1-4, Missouri Pacific 1-2 to 27. Lead preferred 3-4 to 83 3-4, Reading 3-4 to 17 1-4, Western Union 3-8 to 83 7-8, Distillers 3-8 to 24 1-4, and Cordage 3-8 to 23 1-4.

After 10.30 A. M. there was a pressure to sell Burlington & Quincy under which that stock declined from 77 1-8 to 76 3-8. Manhattan fell 1 to 116 and Long Island Traction 3-4 to 14 3-4. Speculation soon became strong again.

The April statement of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, concerning which the bears have been making all manner of comments for a week or more, proved to be unexpectedly favorable.

The gross earnings decreased $494,752, but as operating expenses were reduced $610,708, net earnings were $115,956 larger than last year. The fixed charges were $22,880 less than 1893. The net result of the operations was a surplus over fixed charges of $40,322, against a deficit of $98,514 in 1893.

As soon as these figures were made known the bears took alarm and rushed in to cover. Burlington rose from 76 3-8 to 77 5-8. Sugar and Chicago Gas were also prominent, the former selling up to 101 1-4 and the latter to 73. The floating supply of stocks generally was small and there was an unmistakably bullish tone.

The stock market was firm during the greater part of the afternoon. Chicago Gas and Sugar were the special bull cards, and sold up to 74 and 101 7-8 respectively. The former afterwards reacted to 73 and the latter to 100 3-8. Speculation generally left off strong.

The sales of listed stocks were 98,400 shares, in the unlisted department 30,000 shares of Sugar and 1,400 Lead were traded in.

The Closing Quotations.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.
Amer. Tob.	85	85	84⅝	85
Amer. Sugar Ref.	99⅝	101⅞	99⅝	100⅞
Amer. Sugar Ref. pf.	92	92½	92	92
Atch., Top. & Santa Fe	8⅛	8⅛	7⅞	8⅛
Balt. & Ohio	73	73	73	73
Chicago Gas	71⅝	74	71⅝	73½
Chic., Bur. & Quincy	77⅛	77½	76⅝	77⅛
Chic. & Northwest	108½	108⅝	108⅛	108½
Chic., Mil. & St. P.	59⅛	59⅝	59⅛	59⅛
Chic., Rock Is. & Pac.	67⅞	68⅛	67⅞	68⅛
C., C., C. & St. L.	37	37	37	37
Consolidated Gas	135⅝	136½	135⅝	136½
Del., Lack. & West.	161	161⅛	161	161⅛
Den. & Cattle Feed	23⅞	24⅛	23⅞	24
Evans. & Terre Haute	59	59	58	58
General Electric	35	35⅛	35	35
Iowa Central pf.	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛
Lake Shore	132	132⅛	132	132
Long Island Traction	15⅛	15⅛	14⅞	14⅞
Louis. & Nashville	45⅛	45⅝	45⅛	45⅝
Manhattan Consol	117	117⅛	116	117⅛
Mich. Central	96	96	96	96
Missouri Pacific	26⅝	27⅝	26⅛	27⅛
Nat. Cord. Co.	23	23⅛	23	23⅛
Nat. Lead Co.	37⅞	38⅛	37⅞	38⅛
Nat. Lead Co. pf.	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
New Jersey Central	108	108	108	108
New York Central	97⅞	97⅞	97⅛	97⅞
N. Y. & New England	3⅞	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
N. Y., Chic. & St. L.	14	14	14	14
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf	66	66	66	66
Northern Pacific pf.	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝
North American	4	4	4	4
Ontario & Western	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
Phila. & Reading	16⅝	17⅝	16⅝	17⅞
Pull. Pal. Car Co.	164	164⅛	164	164⅛
Rich. & West Pt. Ter.	10⅝	11	10⅝	11
Rome, Wat. & Ogdens.	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛	110⅛
St. P. & Duluth	24	24	24	24
Southern Pacific	19⅝	19	18⅝	19
Texas Land	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
Texas Pacific	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
Tenn. Coal & Iron	17	17⅛	17	17⅛
Union Pacific	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝
West. Union Tel.	83⅝	84	83⅝	83⅞
Wheel. & L. E.	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛

Mining Stocks.

The following are the closing quotations of mining stocks at the Consolidated Exchange to-day:

	Bid	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Am. Flag	.03	–	Iron Hill	.05	–
Alice	.15	.25	La Cresse	.03	–
Adams Con.	.15	–	Lead Con.	.08	–
A. M. & S. Co.	.25	–	Little Chief	.11	–
Bodie	1.10	–	Mexican	1.45	–
Bulwer	.19	–	Ontario	7.50	–
Breese	.10	–	Ophir	3.20	–
Brunswick Con.	.02	.03	Orient'l & Mil.	–	.08
Belmont	.13	–	Plymouth	.20	–
Cal., B. H.	.50	–	Pb. R. Ct.	.10	–
Col. Con.	.10	–	Savage	.60	–
C. C. & Va.	5.00	–	Silver Nevada	1.00	–
Consolidated Stock	.05	.08	Standard	1.50	1.75
Bonds	.05	.10	Stormont	–	.05
Scrip	.07	–	Santiago	–	.50
Dead. Ter.	.05	–	San Sebastian	–	.10
Eureka C.	.10	–	Silver Cord.	.03	–
F. Desmet	.10	–	Sun. Hours	.15	–
Gould & Curry	.90	–	Tom. M. Co. L. V.	.05	–
Hale & Nor.	.60	–	Yosemite	–	.50
Homestake	12.50	–	Union Con.	.70	–
Horn Silver	2.40	–	Ward Con.	.15	–
Iron Silver	.10	–	Yel. Jacket	.75	–

COTTON EXCHANGE MEETING.

In Good Financial Condition, According to Annual Reports.

The annual meeting of the members of the Cotton Exchange was held at 11 o'clock to-day. The report of President James O. Bloss showed that there had been seven deaths during the year, which is less than the average for several years past. The deceased members were: Henry D. Jones, Charles Munzinger, G. H. Rountree, W. N. Patteson, J. T. Murray, George B. Earle and J. H. F. Mayo.

The Trustees of the Gratuity Fund reported assets of $103,332.90, and liabilities of $18,812.50, leaving a balance to the credit of the fund of $84,520.40, showing a gain of about $6,000 per year.

From May 1, 1893, to April 30, 1894, there were inspected 123,313 bales of cotton and certificates of grade issued for 113,332 bales.

The net profits on the building for the year were $6,133.34. Payments on the building account for the year were $6,769.91, and receipts $67,903.25. During the year $22,650 was collected for annual dues. The running expenses of the Exchange for salaries, telegraphic service, &c., amounted to $27,728.31. The expenses of conducting the Exchange during the year exceeded the income by $1,528.13, against a deficit last year of $7,842.45.

MORE GOLD ENGAGED.

Thursday's Steamer Will Take $1,100,000 to Europe.

The steamship Havel, which sailed for Europe to-day, took out $1,000,000 gold, of which Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co. shipped $500,000, and Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. $500,000.

The former firm has also taken $500,000 to be shipped on the steamship Augusta Victoria, which sails on Thursday, and Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Co. will forward $500,000 by the same steamer.

WHEAT LOWER, COTTON HIGH

Longs Buy Cotton on Higher Liverpool and Sell Wheat.

Wheat took a tumble to-day. Local longs had taken a good deal of wheat yesterday in anticipation of a sharp rise in prices on reported frost due last night in the wheat belt. The frost did not come to time, and the longs scrambled to unload. Weakness abroad helped along the depression.

The decline here was nearly one cent a bushel, and about three-quarters of a cent at Chicago. July here sold off to 57 3-4c., and in Chicago to 55 1-4c. Corn and oats were easier and quiet. July corn sold at 43 5-8c. here.

Cotton was decidedly stronger early, with an advance of 5 points at the start. This was on better Liverpool and Manchester markets. June opened at 7.00; July, 7.06, and August, 7.10 a 7.12 There was good buying for local and foreign long account and also for local shorts. Receipts at ports to-day were 3,000 bales, against 6,000 last year.

PETROLEUM TO RIVAL OLEO.

Chicago Men's Scheme to Combine It with Vegetable Oils.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, May 29.—William H. Lee and Fred C. Laird, of Laird & Lee, the publishers, and Alexander W. Winter have secured patents on a process for combining mineral and vegetable oils, which, it is claimed, will revolutionize the manufacture of butterine, oleomargarine, compound lard and other imitation products of the packing-houses. It is expected by the owners that the new oil will enter into competition with the cotton and cotton-seed oil industries, and prove another bonanza to the producers of petroleum. The owners of the patent say they have refused an offer of $2,000,000 for their rights.

Business Bad at Buenos Ayres.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, May 29.—A despatch to The Times from Buenos Ayres says that business is paralyzed, owing to the rise in the gold premium and the falling off in exports.

SAY IT'S A FARCE.

Brooklynites Disgusted with the Old Excise Board Investigation.

Two of the seven members of the Aldermanic Committee appointed to investigate the alleged corruption in the various departments of the Brooklyn city government resumed their inquiry at the City Hall this morning, again taking up the case of ex-Excise Cashier William D. Lohmann, who is serving a sentence of four years and four months for stealing $20,000 from the Department.

Persons who attended the investigation expecting to hear some sensational testimony on the business methods employed by the old Excise Board left in disgust, declaring that the investigation had resolved itself into a farce.

The only witnesses on the stand this morning were ex-Excise Commissioners John Cahill and John Schlemann. The only question of any importance was put to Commissioner Schlemann as follows:

"Did you ever know of any person paying more for a liquor license than the price prescribed by law?"

Mr. Schlemann promptly answered in the negative.

FUNERAL OF REV. DR. KOHUT.

Rabbi Gotthelf Delivered the Address in the Synagogue.

The funeral of Rev. Dr. Alexander Kohut took place from Temple Ahawath Chesed, Fifty-fifth street and Lexington avenue, this morning. The funeral address was delivered by Rev. Dr. Gustav Gotthelf, Rabbi of Temple Emanu-El. Rev. Dr. Benjamin Szold, of Baltimore, delivered the oration at the grave.

The pall-bearers were: Marcus Kohner, D. Greenfield, Simon Herzog, M. Kellner, S. Surim, A. R. Altmaier, A. J. Adler, Louis Ash, Joseph Pollak, M. Steiner, M. Kuttner, Joseph C. Wolf and Sol Oppenheimer.

The following were also present: Judge Joseph Newburger, Register Levy, Joseph Blumenthal, Lazarus Leeb, Rev. Dr. Sabato Morais, J. H. Fleisch, L. Woolstein, Dr. K. Kohler, Mrs. R. Mendel, Maurice H. Harris, Moses Maisner, Isidor Cohen, Adolph Colman, Herman Lustig and Hauffmann Kohler. Many religious organizations were also represented.

Clearing-House Building Fund.

(By Associated Press.)

ALBANY, May 29.—The New York Clearing-House Building Company has increased its capital from $375,000 to $900,000.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
Then she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

FLINT'S FINE FURNITURE VERY CHEAP.

As manufacturers having extraordinary facilities for the cheap production of furniture, we can offer the newest and finest styles at the most moderate prices. Our samples of White Maple are much admired.

Our stock comprises all kinds, from the finest to be found anywhere to the plainest.

To illustrate, we have in great variety well-made, artistic

BEDROOM SUITS AT $18 TO $500.

ELEGANTLY UPHOLSTERED PARLOR SUITS, $54 TO $1,000.

HANDSOME SIDEBOARDS, $18 TO $400, &c., &c., &c.

Special designs made and the work executed at lowest prices and most thorough manner for all kinds of fine woodwork, such as Mantels, Mirrors, Wainscoting, Offices, Inlaid Floors, &c.

ON ACCOUNT OF REMOVAL IN AUGUST TO OUR NEW BUILDINGS, 43, 45 AND 47 WEST 23D ST., WE HAVE CUT PRICES TO REDUCE STOCK.

"BUY OF THE MAKER."

GEO. C. FLINT CO.,

STORES, 104, 106 and 108 WEST 14TH ST., BET. 6TH AND 7TH AVES.

MANUFACTORY, NOS. 154 AND 156 WEST 19TH ST.

COWPERTHWAIT

WILL FURNISH A HOME FOR $1 A WEEK.

Collections made IF REQUESTED.

PARK ROW & CHATHAM SQ., N. Y.

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS.

CALLS HIS COUSIN A LIAR.

E. S. Stokes Denies the Statement that He Is Insolvent.

W. E. D. Stokes Wants a Hoffman House Company Accounting.

"It is a