ODORS WILL CEASE.

Dumps on Coney Island Meadows to Be Carefully Watched.

If Garbage Is Scattered the Permit Will Be Revoked.

Dr. Purdy's Report on the Nuisance Underestimates It.

Health Commissioner Emery of Brooklyn, to-day received a report from Dr. Charles Purdy, giving the result of his inspection of the dump on the shores of Coney Island Creek, the foul condition of which was told in Tuesday's "Evening World."

In his report, Dr. Purdy denies that any garbage is being dumped there, but admits there is a foul odor. He will not say positively that the odor is not an annoyance to the residents of Coney Island, because he never happened to be there when the breeze was blowing in that direction.

He says means will be taken to put a stop to the smells, and Health Commissioner Emery says the dump will be carefully watched to see that the law is not violated. Thus the Coney Island residents are assured of speedy relief, and "The Evening World" has won another victory for the people. Dr. Purdy's report is as follows:

July 17, 1894.

S. Taylor Emery, M. D., Commissioner of Health.

Dear Sir: Concerning the complaint that improper material has been dumped on the meadow side of Coney Island Creek, I have the honor to report as follows:

Previous to June 22 the only inspection I made was from the bank of the creek opposite the dump, the creek at this point being about 75 feet wide. I judged from these inspections that nothing worse than ashes, waste paper, tin cans and street sweepings were being used.

On June 22 I crossed to the dump in a row boat, but failed to find any garbage. The only odors I observed seemed to be of the nature of ammonia, which, I thought, was caused by the small percentage of horse manure taken up with the street sweepings.

On July 7 I visited the place, and, while the odor was more pronounced than before, on account of the hot weather, it did not cross the creek. And I reported to Dr. Wyckoff that I did not think it could do any harm, as it was so far away from any habitation.

When I visited the place yesterday the odor was worse than at any previous time, and while it did not extend beyond the immediate vicinity I decided to recommend that they be required to cover the material with sand, of which they have an abundance, and are using it to fill in a part of this same section.

They certainly are not using garbage, and any one who wishes to see the difference should inspect this dump, an dthen that on the dykes between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues, near Eighty-seventh street. They are using garbage there, and in consequence, the odor is disgusting, as reported.

I cannot say that with a land breeze the odor from the Coney Island Creek dump would not reach residences on the land, but the reason that since the odor has become stronger, I have not been there when a land breeze was blowing.

Concerning the report in "The Evening World," it is very incorrect. I simply stated that up to the time of my last visit I had found no garbage, and if I found them dumping any on my next visit, they would be made to stop it. Very respectfully,

CHARLES G. PURDY, M. D.

"I will give instructions," said Commissioner Emery, "that this dump must be carefully watched, and if the city ordinances are being violated the offenders will be punished. The contractor will have to keep the terms of his permit or it will be revoked.

"Dr. Burroughs is making a thorough investigation of affairs in New Utrecht, and I expect a report from him within a few days.

"Shore Inspector Ferguseon is supposed to take care of New Utrecht, but reports that I have received indicate that the work has been imperfect.

"We will endeavor to arrive at an understanding with Mr. Ferguseon, whether he is going to do it properly; if not, we will take the matter into our own hands."

THEIR CASES CONTINUED.

Chinese Smuggling Trials Postponed Until September.

The Chinese smuggling cases got into a snarl this morning and all because Chinese Inspector Scharf, of the Custom-House, appealed to Assistant United States District-Attorney Watt to continue as many of them as possible to next September. Mr. Watt agreed to do so and the first case on the docket, that of Mark Shue, was adjourned to Sept. 27.

When the case of Lew Han, accused of accepting a bribe to make a false affidavit, was called, Inspector Scharf insisted on an immediate trial. Mr. Watt looked surprised.

"You said a while ago you wanted the cases continued," said Mott.

"Not this one," answered Scharf.

"I say you did."

"That is not true," said Scharf, with emphasis.

"I say it is true," snapped back Mott. "You don't know one minute what you say the next."

"Well, here, I'll stop all this," interposed Commissioner Shields. "This case will be tried at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and if the Government isn't ready I'll discharge the defendant."

As the criminal branch of the United States Circuit Court does not sit until Oct. 10, and the Chinamen are all out on bail, there does not seem to be any particular hurry why the examinations should not be adjourned until September.

WON'T PAY FOR HIS FUNERAL.

Suicide Wagner's Widow Says She Is Neither Able Nor Willing.

The body of Philip Wagner, who shot himself in Central Park last evening instead of obeying a summons to the Harlem Police Court yesterday afternoon, where he was wanted on a charge of non-support of his wife and three children, will probably be buried by his brother, Andrew, who is foreman in Ferguson's wood turning establishment, 491-495 West Thirtieth street.

Wagner's widow, whom he had abandoned eight times in the last six years, says she is not able or even willing to give the remains of her husband burial. Mrs. Wagner, who occupies three rooms on the top floor of 235 East One Hundred and Second street, said her husband had been a woodturner and earned good wages, which he squandered in drink. When she asked for money, she says she received blows.

WHERE IS ANNA SCHMIDT?

Missing Since She Lost Her Situation Last Tuesday.

Carl Schmidt, of 409 East Thirty-first street, called at Police Headquarters this morning to make inquiries concerning his fourteen-year-old daughter Anna, who disappeared Tuesday afternoon and has not been seen since or heard from by her parents.

Anna had been employed by Dr. Rhodes at 1126 Park avenue. She was discharged Tuesday afternoon and another domestic engaged in her place. She failed to return home. Her father is distracted by her disappearance and has asked the police to search for her.

The girl was despondent over her dismissal by Dr. Rhodes, and her relatives fear she may have committed suicide.

Librarian Wilson Dead.

William Henry Wilson, a librarian of the Astor Library, died in this city on July 15. He was seventy-eight years old. He was the grandson of Peter Wilson, a graduate of Aberdeen, who came to New York in 1762, and became Principal of Hackensack Academy. In the beginning of the year 1854 he was placed on the regular staff as librarian in charge of the current card catalogue. He remained in that service until his death, universally respected for his quiet and gentlemanly bearing, as well as his scrupulous attention to duty.

POLICE BOARD NOT ESTOPPED.

(Continued from First Page.)

Man Levy, in addition to the other defendants, also moved for an adjournment for a reasonable time.

He objected very strongly to interruptions by President Martin and Mr. Wellman and stated that he had no proper opportunity to consult with his client. The whole force of the District-Attorney's office, he said, had been three weeks in preparing the cases, and to compel his clients to go on within forty-eight hours after being served with the complaints showed indecent haste.

Wellman Insisted Upon Going On.

Mr. Wellman, in reply, said that Capt. Doherty had known of the charges against him for six weeks, and to his knowledge had been preparing his defense for the last eight days.

He insisted upon going on with the trials at once, because, he said, the longer the delay granted, the harder it would be to get the witnesses to attend, and, in fact, he had knowledge that efforts were now being made by persons, presumably in the interest of the defendants, to intimidate them and keep them away.

This brought Lawyer Grant to his feet, and he bitterly denounced Mr. Wellman's statement as an untruth and declared that he (Mr. Wellman) ought at least to keep within the bounds of a respectable attorney. He asserted that his opponent was making the statement he did with the intention of deceiving the Commissioners, and for several minutes the air in the close little courtroom had a decidedly bluish tinge.

When the lawyers had quieted down President Martin in a very deliberate manner announced that the Board had decided to grant an adjournment in the case of Levy, but in the cases of Capt. Doherty and Officers Hoeb and Meehan they would proceed at once.

Fromme Sprang the Bomb.

"In that case," said Lawyer Fromme, rising and shaking a formidable-looking type-written document with a blue paper cover, "we will herewith serve upon your Honorable Board a writ of prohibition, issuing from the Superior Court, which, as you will observe, prohibits you from proceeding further with the trial of these defendants until the Court has looked into the matter further."

"What's that?" gasped President Martin in astonishment, as he reached out and grabbed the paper which Mr. Fromme held out to him, while Mr. Wellman looked incredulous.

"It's all there," said Mr. Fromme, "if you will take the trouble to look it over. You are cited to appear before Judge Dugro in the Superior Court at noon today and show by what right you propose to try these defendants."

The Commissioners all flocked about Mr. Martin and gazed with much perturbation on the paper, which was finally handed to Mr. Wellman. A glance showed that it was all right, and he admitted the fact without more ado.

Capt. Doherty Looked Happy.

A broad smile appeared on the faces of many of those in the audience, and there was a suspicion of a twinkle in Capt. Doherty's eyes, and he smoothed down his big mustache with the palm of his hand to straighten out his features.

The Commissioners, and particularly President Martin, were evidently disconcerted, and when it was finally announced by the latter that an adjournment would be taken until 2 o'clock, while Mr. Wellman would go down and oppose the writ, the room was speedily cleared.

The Commissioners retired to their private rooms and declined to be interviewed. It was Commissioner Kerwin's first big case, and the same was true of Commissioner Murray.

Murray and Kerwin Puzzled.

They didn't seem to understand the thing at all or appreciate the tremendous import of the thing which had just occurred. Commissioners Martin and Sheehan however, were evidently greatly upset by the occurrence, and the former especially looked as dark as a thunder cloud.

Just before the adjournment was taken Capt. Doherty arose to state that an impression had been created by something which appeared in the newspapers that he was going to make some startling disclosures about the disposition of tribute money, should he be pushed too closely by the Commissioners.

He said he simply wanted to state that nothing which he had said, either in public or private, could give rise to any such report.

"The Commissioners pay no attention to any such reports," said President Martin, severely, "and, coming from such a source, they are not worth considering."

DEBS'S THREAT IN VAIN.

Work Goes Right on at the Stock-Yards in Chicago.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, July 19.—The Debs manifesto, resulting in the Overton edict, warning all railroad men at the stock-yards to desist from work or be "branded as scabs," seemed to have little effect to-day on the men to whom it was addressed, or upon the situation at the stock-yards generally.

Railroad employees returned to their work as usual, switching was continued, and the packers seemed inclined to treat the matter as a joke.

The receipts of the different packing houses showed that business was improving. There came in 13,000 head of cattle, 28,000 hogs and 5,000 sheep.

The stock-yards company will endeavor to solve the problem of securing protection for its men outside of working hours, by locking and boarding them in its own buildings. Cots were placed in some of the houses to-day.

The rough treatment of workingmen by strikers still goes on, and coupling pins are being used on heads nearly as often as on trains.

DR. O'BRIEN'S RIG STOLEN.

Thomas Cronogne Arrested While Trying to Dispose Of It.

Thomas Cronogne, twenty years old, of 211 East One Hundred and Ninth street, was held in $1,000 bail for trial in the Tombs Court this morning, charged with stealing a horse and carriage.

Dr. Michael O'Brien, of 161 West One Hundred and Twenty-second street, while attending a patient at 60 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street July 9 left his horse and carriage unattended in front of the door. When he came down stairs it was gone.

The rig was tracked to Coney Island and thence to Brooklyn, where Cronogne was arrested while attempting to dispose of it. Cronogne pleaded not guilty.

FOUR BURNED, TWO WILL DIE.

Bottom of a Converter Blown Out at Homestead Mills.

(By Associated Press.)

PITTSBURG, July 19.—The bottom of a converter at the Homestead steel works, of Carnegie & Co., at Homestead, blew out at 10.30 o'clock to-day, scattering 3,200 pounds of molten metal in every direction.

Four workmen, who were in the pit, were terribly burned, two of them fatally. Their names are:

Peter Nelson, burned all over the body, will die; Dietz Timothy, Diamond, terribly burned about head and breast, will die; Michael Holleran, dangerously burned; William Davis, head and face burned, will recover.

Manager Leederer Not Ill.

FAR ROCKAWAY, L. I., July 19.—It was reported that George W. Lederer, the theatrical manager, who lying ill at Far Rockaway, but Mr. Lederer, who is stopping here, said the report was a fake.

WILL OF MR. PHELPS.

$50,000 Given to Yale College for a Building on the Campus.

Large Trust Funds Are Set Aside for the Children.

Many Friends and Employees Receive Generous Bequests.

HACKENSACK, N. J., July 19.—The will of the late William Walter Phelps was filed in the Bergen County Surrogate's office here to-day.

It is dated Sept. 11, 1885, and names his son, Capt. John J. Phelps, Thomas R. White and William E. Bond as executors and trustees. He gives to his friends, Dr. William T. Lusk, Henry C. Eno, John H. Lindsey, Charles Miller and D. Dodge $1,000 each; $5,000 each is left to his namesakes Walter Phelps Dodge and Walter Phelps Bliss, and to Charles Wordhoff Mr. Phelps leaves $10,000.

Patrick O'Neill, the family coachman, and Caroline Weissenbacker receive $300 each. Mrs. Bennett, wife of the head gardener, gets $500; Walter Phelps Hall, $250; Hugh A. Herrick, $500; Minnie D. Nichols, $1,000; Ellen S. Reid, $1,000. The incomes of these bequests are to be paid during his or her life semi-annually.

A fund of $300,000 was left in trust to Countess Von Rottenberg, the daughter of Mr. Phelps, and another trust fund of $500,000 was made to his son Sheffield. The interest is to be paid semi-annually. In case of the death of the Countess or Sheffield Phelps the money is to go to their children.

To his son, John, Mr. Phelps gives his residence, including all the tools around the place, the cattle and the family vault at Simsbury, Conn.

The balance of the estate, subject to a life interest to his wife, is divided share and share alike. The property extends from the Hackensack to the Hudson rivers.

Mr. Phelps gives $4,000 to the rest of the employees, $25,000 to William E. Bond, $5,000 to Thomas R. White and $50,000 to the Yale University for the erection of a building on the campus.

LOTS OF $10 TICKETS SOLD.

Great Demand for the Cut-Rate Steerage Passage.

The exodus of passengers in the steerage of the ocean liners to Europe continues. For cut-rate tickets the demand is so great that all possibility of a further reduction by competing houses is past.

The White Star line to-day is selling tickets at the $10 rate without any stipulation as to the vessel on which the holder of the ticket shall sail. The next steamship of this line to sail is the Teutonic, which departs on the 25th, and her steerage will be full. The Company stopped booking her to-day and some who cannot find accommodation and withhold tickets, will have to go by the Britannic on Aug. 1. The Teutonic carries 90 passengers in the steerage, but as freights are light now, it is possible that she will take put fully 1,000. Those who were left over from the steerage of the Paris of the American line, yesterday, left by the Columbia, of the Hamburg line to-day. There were nearly 200 of them.

The Servia, of the Cunard line, which sails on Saturday, cannot carry all the steerage passengers who desire to go by that vessel.

The Rhaetia ordinarily carries 500 in the steerage. On Saturday she will have about 800.

JUMPED ON MULLEN.

William Thompson Sued for $10,000 for Assault.

William Thompson was arrested late yesterday afternoon by Deputy Sheriff Walgering upon an order signed by Justice Andrews, of the Supreme Court, in an action brought by Frank Mullen, who resides at Briggs avenue and Garfield street, to recover $10,000 damages for assault. Thompson could not furnish bail of $1,000 and was lodged in Ludlow Street Jail.

Mullen alleges that on July 2, while he was in a restaurant at One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street and Mott avenue, he was assaulted by Thompson without provocation and knocked down. After knocking him down, Mullen alleges that Thompson jumped on him and broke two of his ribs and his collar bone.

PULLMAN MEN RETURNING.

Manager Busy To-Day in Registering Employees.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, July 19.—At the Pullman works to-day Manager Middleton was busily engaged registering men willing to work.

The announcement that the shops will open as soon as a sufficient force is secured has developed considerable weakness among the strikers, and it is claimed that in two hours the manager registered 325 men.

A force of about 1,000 will be necessary before the works will resume.

HAD HER LOVER ARRESTED.

Bason Wouldn't Marry the Girl Who Followed Him.

George Bason, a mason, of 214 Van Sicklen avenue, Brooklyn, was arraigned in Gates Avenue Court this morning, charged by Annie Lowen with deceiving her under a promise of marriage. Bason and Annie were lovers in England, and she followed him to this country. She found a home with a sister, who is a domestic in the family of Dr. Purdy, on Franklin avenue, while she searched for Bason, who had become a well-to-do boss plasterer in East New York.

He refused to marry her, however, and then Annie visited the Charities Commissioners and secured a warrant for Bason's arrest. Being unable to find bail this morning, he was remanded to Raymond Street Jail.

STOLE DIAMOND RINGS.

Ida Knee Found Them in a House Where She Was Visiting.

Ida Kull, eighteen years old, of 36 Floyd street, Brooklyn, was held on the charge of grand larceny in the Gates Avenue Court this morning.

Yesterday she visited a friend who is a domestic in the home of Mrs. Lewis, on Lewis avenue, and while there, she admits, she stole three diamond rings which were lying on Mrs. Lewis's dressing table. She pawned them and says she gave the money to her widowed mother, who is said to be in absolute want. Ida was soon arrested and her trial was set down for to-morrow.

250 Dogs Killed in Newark.

NEWARK, N. J., July 19.—Two hundred and fifty unlicensed dogs were put to death by the poundmaster to-day. One week ago the poundmaster gave notice that if the dogs were not licensed by to-day all dogs in the pound would be killed. One hundred of the dogs were killed with poisoned meat, and the other 150 dogs were put in a big cage and thrown into the Passaic River from the Commercial Dock.

BIRMINGHAM GOT ANGRY.

Hausler Asked Him Why He Wore a Policeman's Shield.

Policeman Birmingham, of the Delancey street station, is apparently afraid that he has got himself in trouble, and for that reason took witnesses to Essex Market Court to-day to prove that he was justified in arresting Chas. Hausler, of 608 Eleventh avenue, yesterday afternoon in front of the Grand street ferry-house.

Birmingham said that while he was making an arrest Hausler interfered and tried to tear his shield off from his coat.

Hausler denied the charge. He flatly contradicted the policeman and was corroborated by his father, who was in his company at the time. Both say that there was a fight, and that the policeman walked away without trying to stop it.

Young Hausler then approached the officer, and, pointing to his shield, asked him why he was wearing it. This so enraged the policeman that he promptly took charge of Hausler and marched him to the Delancey street station-house.

Birmingham wanted to call his witnesses to prove that the defendant was disorderly and deserved to be arrested. Justice Feitner refused to listen to the policeman's witnesses and discharged the defendant. The latter will prefer charges against Birmingham at Police Headquarters.

SUPERVISOR DONOVAN FREE.

Plumber Anderson's Charge Dismissed by Justice Haggerty.

Supervisor Simon Donovan, of the Twenty-second Ward, appeared before Justice Haggerty, in the Myrtle avenue police court, Brooklyn, this morning, in response to a summons issued at the instance of Henry Anderson, a plumber, of 238 DeKalb avenue, who charged him with using violent and threatening language towards him.

Anderson says he was engaged to do certain work in the Hall of Records. One day he called at the building to see how the work was proceeding, and he found another plumber at work. The newcomer said he had been hired by Donovan. Anderson objected and took the matter before the Master Plumbers' Association. He notified all parties to appear on Tuesday night. Donovan was a witness for Anderson a rival.

During the hearing Donovan lost his temper, Anderson declared, and threatened to wipe the floor with him.

In court the Supervisor admitted that he might have used harsh language while he was excited, but declared that he had no intention of injuring Anderson.

Justice Haggerty dismissed the case.

STRIKERS WILL ARBITRATE.

Trouble May Be Settled in Newark Hat Factories.

NEWARK, N. J., July 19.—The striking hatters held another all-night session in their hall at 163 Tenth street last night. During the session a telegram was received from the Secretary of the State Board of Arbitration, who resides at Paterson, offering the services of the board to the strikers in the city. The telegram was received with cheers, and a committee was appointed by the strikers to confer with the board with a view of effecting a settlement.

A man named Anton, one of the striking hatters, made a speech, in which he declared it was better to starve than to work like machines for nothing.

The seventeen boys who were apprenticed to Fish's factory to learn the trade, were called out this morning. It was learned by the strikers that the non-union workers were unable to finish hats properly, and that the manufacturers had to send to New York hatters for men to finish the hats properly.

The Board of Arbitration may meet here to-day or to-morrow and try to settle the strike.

PRAISE FOR KERWIN.

Mr. Delaney Thanks the Mayor for His Able Appointment.

From the mountain fastnesses of Pennsylvania a voice is heard in praise of Gen. Kerwin's appointment as Police Commissioner. The voice is that of J. C. Delaney, who writes from Harrisburg to Mayor Gilroy thanking him, in the name of old soldiers, Irishmen and Irish-Americans, for the distinction conferred on Gen. Kerwin.

"Gen. Kerwin," writes Mr. Delaney, who has evidently kissed the blarney stone, "stands for all the typical Irish gentleman represents—clean, able and the very soul of honesty and manhood.

"It was my personal pleasure, Mr. Mayor to hear from the lips of Gen. Sherman the highest encomiums on Gen. Kerwin as a fearless but sagacious soldier, and a prediction that if the war had lasted another year, and the life of the young Irish officer spared, he (Kerwin) would have reached one of the highest ranks."

FOUR YEARS FOR GIBSON.

Mr. Adams's Ungrateful Butler Sentenced to Sing Sing.

Robert Gibson, the effeminate young man who robbed Mrs. Edith Adams, wife of Frank Adams, the Front street merchant, of $2,000 worth of jewelry while he was employed by Mr. Adams at 55 East Fifty-fifth street, pleaded guilty before Judge Cowing in Part 2 of the Court of General Sessions this afternoon and was sentenced to four years in Sing Sing prison.

Mrs. Adams gave a reception a few evenings ago, and Gibson concocted a drugged Roman punch for the guests. While the guests were in a drowsy state Gibson rifled Mrs. Adams's jewelry box and fled.

Detectives Doran and Geody, of the Central Office, arrested Gibson last Saturday. He was playing an engagement at the Alhambra Theatre, in which he figured in the role of "Evangeline De Moir."

WERNER HAS NOT RUN AWAY.

Ready to Repeat His Lexow Committee Testimony.

Carl Werner, who testified before the Lexow Committee, called at "The Evening World" office this afternoon and denied flatly the report that he had left the city to avoid testifying before the Police Commissioners' investigation. He stated that he was in business in New York and was attending regularly to his affairs. Werner thinks it most peculiar that if the detectives really wished to find him they did not do so, as he says he has made no effort at all to avoid being recognized. While the detectives have not troubled him, Werner says that he has been offered by persons he declines to name, strong inducements in the way of promises of money, not to appear before the Police Commissioners, but to "take a little a little fresh air in the country."

BLAZE IN A PILE OF COTTON.

Two Alarms Sent In, and It Was Subdued Quickly.

A pile of 300 bales of cotton in front of pier 35, North River, foot of Spring street, caught fire at noon to-day, causing for a time intense excitement. An alarm was turned in from the Savannah line pier and another one from box 212, corner of Spring and West streets.

With a dozen streams playing on the blazing bales, the fire was subdued almost as rapidly as it caught. The cotton was part of a 1,000-bale cargo which arrived last night from Savannah by the steamship City of Birmingham, of the Savannah line, and was consigned to Liverpool.

The fire is supposed to have originated from a lighted cigar, thrown from a passing street-car.

JOSEPH VINDICATED.

Justice Andrews Declares There Is No Pretense of Bribery.

He Denies Lawyer Epstein's Motion to Recover $629.

He Alleged $500 of It Was Paid to "Fix" a Judge.

Lawyer Abraham Joseph, of 273 Broadway, who was charged two weeks ago by Lawyer George H. Epstein, of 206 Broadway, with having charged a client $500 for "fixing" a City Court Judge, was vindicated to-day by the decision of Supreme Court Justice Andrews. He dismissed Epstein's motion to compel Joseph to pay $629 to Mrs. Goldenson, Epstein's client.

The decision of Justice Andrews also vindicates Calef Justice Ehrlich, of the City Court.

The original suit of Mrs. Goldenson, in which Joseph acted as her attorney, was against the Bowery Savings Bank to recover moneys on deposit, which had been given to her by the depositor, now dead. Justice Ehrlich allowed the plaintiff $2,715.

Subsequently Mrs. Goldenson employed Lawyer Epstein to recover $629 from Lawyer Joseph, which, she alleged, he was holding back. This came up as a motion before Justice Andrews, and in his answer Lawyer Joseph alleged that from the $629 there was to be deducted $500, which Mrs. Goldenson had, under a written agreement, consented to pay Joseph's brother, Herman, as a retainer to secure his services in the original suit against the Savings Bank.

Lawyer Epstein replied that Joseph had represented to Mrs. Goldenson that the $500 was to "fix" the Judge.

Joseph denounced this accusation as a lie. The decision of Justice Andrews is as follows:

A case is not made out which would justify the court in summarily requiring the respondent's attorney to pay over money and in casting a stigma upon his character. All the statements contained in the moving papers tending to show that the assignment of $500 was obtained by a false representation as to what was to be done with it are contradicted in the answering affidavits, and there are several circumstances which tend to prove that such statements in the moving papers are untrue.

The assignment of the $500 is dated March 15, 1894, which was the day on which the action in the City Court was tried, and yet the petitioner and her husband and son-in-law all swear that the application for the $500 and the execution of the assignment took place two or three weeks after the trial.

Again, the petition claims that Herman Joseph's name was used merely as a cover, but it is undisputed that he tried the action and was successful. Moreover, when Mrs. Goldenson subsequently wrote a letter to Herman Joseph, indignantly asserting what she claimed to be her rights, she made no allusion to Weinberg.

If Mrs. Goldenson and her attorney believe that she has a just claim against the attorney she should bring action at law against him on the trial, of which the witnesses on each side can be examined and cross-examined in open court.

It is hardly necessary to add that there is not the slightest pretense on the part of the petitioner or her attorney or any one else that the $500 or any part of it was used for bribery or was of any benefit to any one excepting Herman Joseph. Motion denied.

Justice Ehrlich stated to-day that he would await developments before taking any action or determining whether anything should be done. He intimated that contempt proceedings may be commenced later.

Later in the day Judge Ehrlich said that under Justice Andrews's opinion he did not see that there was any action that he could take.

Lawyer Herman Joseph stated that as soon as he could prepare the moving papers he would make a motion to have Lawyer Epstein, Mrs. Goldenson, Louis Goldenson and the latter's son-in-law brought before the Court. He did not state just what charges would be made against them.

TO HELP HIS MOTHER.

Why Little Morris Kessler Became a Vegetable Peddler.

Among the push-cart venders arraigned before Justice Feitner, in Essex Market Court, to-day was nine-year-old Morris Kessler, of 151 Attorney street. He was arrested by Policeman Master, of the Union Market station, for selling vegetables from a push-cart in Rivington street, at 9.45 o'clock this morning.

Justice Feitner was at a loss what to do with the infant push-cart peddler, and finally committed him to the Gerry Society, pending an examination. The boy said that he was peddling to help his mother, who was home attending to a sick child.

"My father died six months ago, and as I am the oldest of the children, I believed that it was my duty to help my mother," he said.

Policeman Masters admitted to Justice Feitner that he was ashamed of himself for making the arrest.

Painters Elect Officers.

(By Associated Press.)

NIAGARA FALLS, July 19.—The Master House-Painters and Decorators' Convention concluded its work yesterday, and the annual election of officers resulted as follows: President, Daniel W. Holland, Troy; First Vice-President, James McCarland, New York; Second Vice-President, William Finck, of Buffalo; Secretary and Treasurer, William H. Brennan, Troy; Delegates to National Convention, T. J. Donovan, Buffalo, and Thomas Richards, of Brooklyn. The Executive Board includes the officers and the following: Thomas Silcock, Brooklyn; A. H. Lorton, New York; F. P. Coppins, Buffalo; William Cherry, Buffalo; John Beattie, New York; J. F. Bond, of Rochester, and Thomas Williams, Brooklyn. New York was selected as the next meeting place.

Lucretia O. Putnam,

of Forristdale, Mass., was utterly miserable and sick.

Her spine, liver, heart and brain were all diseased.

The weight of her body caused terrible pains in her back, and it was sometimes several hours before she could dress. This woman's trouble was in her womb, affecting her whole constitution. She found new life in *Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.*

She says: "I am like one raised from the dead. I was sick so long I thought I never could get well.

"The suffocating, gasping attacks and awful bearing-down feeling left me, my appetite returned, and my friends wondered at my improved looks. I believe Mrs. Pinkham's remedies are a sure cure for the misery of our sex."

Serge Suits, $9.80 & $11.40

Would be great value at $15.00 and $18.00, being some of the Hammerslough, Saks & Co.'s stock we bought at 40c. on the dollar.

Black and Blue shades.

AT BOTH STORES.

EUGENE P. PEYSER,

383 Broadway, NEAR WHITE.

123 & 125 Fulton St., NEAR NASSAU.

THEIR NEW CLUB-HOUSE OPEN

Professional Woman's League Holds a Reception To-Day.

Joseph Jefferson Arrives from Buzzard's Bay to Join the Festivities.

There is nothing in the Weather Bureau hot enough to wilt the enthusiasm or melt the ardor of the Professional Woman's League. This afternoon may be as red hot as Anarchy, but it is the League's afternoon "at home," and the League ladies will be at home, and the League house, 1569 Broadway, will be as cool and refreshing as a well-organized refrigerator.

Midsummer and all, as it is, the reception is a little out of the usual order. Invitations, penned on vivid yellow notepaper, read:

Dear Madam: The President and Executive Committee of the Professional Woman's League request the pleasure of your company to a private view of the League House on Thursday, July 19, at 3 o'clock. The favor of a reply is requested.

GENIE W. ROSENFELD,
Ch. of Executive Committee.

Mr. Joseph Jefferson accepted an invitation. Others will doubtless put in an appearance, but one guest like the genial "Rip" is glory enough for any host, and, as a little hero worshipper was heard to say, "It will be a great day, even if nobody else comes."

Mrs. A. M. Palmer, Mrs. Edwin Knowles, Mrs. Genie W. Rosenfeld and Miss Mary Shaw will receive; the buds of the League will show the house, and the Committee on Entertainment will serve ices, tartines and tea.

The house is a great institution. The last tenant was none other than the Young Women's Christian Association, and although a sort of odor of sanctity prevailed the premises were thoroughly renovated and magical improvements made at minimum expense.

To the astonishment of the "Long Acre" neighbors the ground floor was offered for rent, the upper floors sufficing for the needs of the League. Middle rooms were converted into practice rooms for dancing and Delsarte pupils; the gymnasium is on the top floor; hall bedrooms were found to be the right size for private lessons in French, stage literature and musical history, leaving the main rooms for library, reception, dining and assembly purposes.

The floors are "done up" in brown, a preference is shown for the friendly round table, the windows are neatly hung, and the walls are peopled with the best and most beautiful faces in musical and dramatic art.

NEED INVESTIGATING.

Who Is to Blame for These Steamboat Collisions?

Thousands of Lives Trusted Daily to the Care of the Pilots.

Local Inspectors Will Endeavor to Fix the Responsibility.

Samuel G. Fairchild, Local Inspector of the United States Steamboat Inspection Bureau, said this morning that a rigid inquiry would be made into the causes of the accidents that have recently occurred to three steamboats of the Iron Steamboat Company.

The Company failed to make a report of the collision last Tuesday night between the Cetus and the Cepheus off Norton's Point. The Inspector said that twenty-four hours more would be granted the Company in which to file its report.

The boats of the Iron Steamboat Company are said to carry each year over a million men women and children to and from various pleasure resorts in this vicinity, and the Company admits that during its busy season at least 10,000 men, women and hildren pass through its hands every twenty-four hours. The responsibility thus assumed by the Company is enormous.

It is not known as yet where the blame for the accidents to the boats of this line properly belongs, but the fact is apparent that carelessness on the part of those who handle the boats may mean great loss of life.

Fortunately no lives were lost in the collisions of three steamboats of the Company within the last two days, though one man was severely injured in the Cetus-Cepheus accident.

The latest accident occured about 8.30 o'clock last night. The Pegasus was going down the north River with sixty-five passengers on board. She collided with the cattle-boat Gen. McCallum, of the Central Stock Yard Company, of Jersey City.

The McCallum plowed a hole ten feet deep into the hull of the Pegasus, just forward of the midship gangway on the starboard side. The McCallum was uninjured.

The collision occurred several hundred feet out in the river off East Sixteenth street. Although there was a panic among the passengers, they were safely landed at the White Star dock. The Pegasus was towed to the foot of Twenty-seventh street, Brooklyn. The damage to the boat is estimated at $3,000. The machinery was not injured.

The report of the accident filed with the local inspectors by Capt. Halsey, of the Pegasus, is as follows:

"The Pegasus left the foot of West Twenty-second street for pier 1. When off Sixteenth street, near mid-river, I saw ahead one light on the starboard bow, which I and my pilot, Mr. Dalton, thought belonged to a steamer going down stream. I blew two whistles and he answered with one. I then saw that the Gen. McCallum was coming head on. Then I blew two more blasts, and again he answered with one.

"I ordered the engines reversed and steamed at full speed astern, striking the Pegasus and crushing a ten-foot hole in her starboard side. I saw no side lights displayed on the Gen. McCallum."

Capt. Vandenberg of the McCallum, had not made a report to the inspectors at noon to-day.

It was said by one of the attaches of the steamboat inspection office that Capt. Halsey should have blown one short blast on the whistle, to be answered by the other vessel, both boats passing to the right or port side of each other. Instead, Capt. Halsey blew two whistles, a rule applicable when two vessels are supposed to be "far starboard of each other."

The captain of the McCallum, who evidently understood the first rule mentioned, answered with one whistle to Capt. Halsey's two blasts.

Capt. Vandenberg may be held accountable for the absence of side-lights.

The Iron Steamboat people say that the McCallum was at fault and will claim damages. But little information could be obtained at the office.

Two of the seven boats of the Company are laid up, the Cepheus and the Pegasus. The Cetus, injured last Tuesday, was put in commission yesterday. The Company has abandoned the Rockaway Beach route for the present.

Manager Rawland, of the Company, said to-day that an investigation was being made. The accident off Norton's Point was, he said, simply due to the fog, and was unavoidable.

WILSON PLEADS NOT GUILTY.

The Justice Says He Was Ignorant of the Law as to Fees.

Martinez Pleads Guilty and Sentence Is Suspended.

Judges Hudspeth and Kenney, in the Hudson County Court-House, Jersey City, to-day heard the pleas of Justices of the Peace, Henry Martinez and William Wilson accused, in their official capacity, of extortion and receiving fees illegally.

Justice Martinez pleaded guilty and sentence was suspended in his case. Justice Wilson, through his lawyers pleaded not guilty, claiming that if he had done anything wrong it was through ignorance of the law and that he had returned every cent of money he had obtained through his misinterpretation of the law, to those to whom it belonged.

Decision in his case was reserved.

Winfield S. Weed and Peter Beck, the other Justices accused, have already been punished by fines.

The offense of this quartet was one of the most flagrant ever complained of in New Jersey. In their judicial capacity they took advantage of every ignorant peddler, or costermonger, who was arraigned before them, to levy excessive fines, and then remit the same upon partial payment, which, it was alleged, went into their own pockets.

When indicted on such complaints, the justices claimed that they were entitled by law to receive them.

GRIEF MADE HIM A SUICIDE.

Death of Two Children Crazed an Indiana Farmer.

(By Associated Press.)

EVANSVILLE, Ind., July 19.—Thomas Logsdon, eighteen years old, was killed recently while loading a hay wagon on the farm of his father near Shawneetown, Ill. His father was then in Shawneetown, after medicine for his daughter, Rose, fifteen years old, who was sick. The news of the accident was a great shock to her, and during her brother's funeral she fainted away. She died that night from the effects of the shock, and was buried yesterday.

Last night the father, crazed by the two deaths, cut his throat with a pocketknife and cannot recover.

Senator McPherson Didn't Sail.

United States Senator John R. McPherson did not sail for Europe yesterday on the American liner Paris. At the Company's office this morning it was said that the Senator had secured a passage on the Paris, but telegraphed from Washington last Monday giving up his stateroom. He gave no reason for the change.

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Imported Vicunas Suits, single or double breasted; perfectly tailored	9.48	Trousers, White Duck, first-class material and workmanship	90c.
Boys' Suits, all wool, 14 to 19 years; durable and well made; long pants	3.50	500 pairs Men's Trousers, plain and stripes	98c.
		Overcoats, light weight, suitable for seashore and country wear	6.98

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