Leather Saved.

Drop a 14-word "Room Wanted" ad. in THE WORLD to-morrow. It will cost you 30 cents, but the replies you get will find the room and save you shoe leather.

The World.

EVENING EDITION

"Circulation Books Open to All."

"Circulation Books Open to All."

Temper Saved.

Try 30 cents' worth of "Rooms Wanted" advertising in THE WORLD to-morrow—"House and Home Day." You'll get a sun-bathed corner room by telling over 450,000 persons what you want.

PRICE ONE CENT. NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1894. PRICE ONE CENT.

LAST EDITION.

A VANDERBILT SENSATION.

Report from Paris that Mr. and Mrs. Willie K. May Separate.

STORY IS DOUBTED HERE.

The Trouble Said to Have Begun in the Sudden Break-Up of the Valiant Yacht Party.

ANOTHER WOMAN THE CAUSE?

She Recently Set Up Expensive Establishments in Paris and Deauville.

(Copyright, 1894, by the Press Publishing Company, New York World.)
(Special Cable Despatch to The World.)

PARIS, Aug. 28.—For a month past very definitely stated reports have been current among American friends of Mr. and Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt in London and Paris that formal negotiations were in progress between them for a judicial separation. Failing that, it has been said there was a probability of a suit for divorce on the part of Mrs. Vanderbilt.

MRS. WILLIE K. VANDERBILT.

There is no doubt that Mrs. Vanderbilt has consulted friends as to the advisability of instituting such proceedings.

The name of Nelly Neustretter, a very well known woman living in Paris, though of Dutch birth, is mentioned in this connection, with what authority is not known. She has recently established herself in expensive apartments in Paris and at Deauville, with an elaborate entourage of servants.

WILLIE K. VANDERBILT.

The domestic difficulties between Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt reached almost a climax last spring, when the party on the splendid yacht Valiant broke up in the Mediterranean under circumstances which at once widely separated all its members.

Mrs. Vanderbilt went to England, where Scott Murray's beautiful estate, Danesfield, near Henley, on the Thames, had been rented for her.

Mr. Vanderbilt remained in Paris for the first months of summer, but has recently been at Deauville, returning to Paris last Friday.

In June last Cornelius Vanderbilt came to London to interpose his strenuous offices to stop further, and especially public, proceedings, but was unsuccessful in restoring peace, and returned home.

Mrs. Vanderbilt committed her interests to Col. William Jay, of New York, who, with Mrs. Jay, has been at Danesfield until last week. He is now at Homburg, Mrs. Vanderbilt being also in Germany.

Col. Jay is to be in Paris on Sept. 15 as a guest of James Gordon Bennett.

A formal proposition has been made by Mrs. Vanderbilt for a separation on terms of an annual allowance of $300,000, the custody of her children and the

(Continued on Second Page.)

BLOODY STREET ROW.

One Man Killed and Six Men and a Woman Badly Hurt.

Mrs. Dunworth Threw the Rock Which Broke Ray's Neck.

Riot Alarm Called the Chicago Police to the Scene.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—A desperate fight, which necessitated the turning in of a riot alarm and the calling out of three patrol wagons filled with police, occurred late last night in front of 4117 Ashland avenue. One man was instantly killed, two were fatally hurt and four men and one woman seriously injured. The dead man was:

HERBERT RAY, neck broken with paving stone and stabbed in right breast.

Fatally injured:

WILLIAM DUNWORTH, left eye knocked out; skull fractured.

PHILIP McGRATH, skull fractured.

Seriously injured:

James Dunworth, right arm broken in three places.

Patrick Cassidy, left arm badly cut.

John Ring, head cut.

Michael Donahan, head cut.

Mrs. Lizzie Dunworth, right arm terribly cut.

At 4117 Ashland avenue, Mrs. James Cook has a saloon on the first floor and the Dunworth family, with Cassidy, who is a brother of Mrs. Lizzie Dunworth, the wife of Mr. Dunworth, live on the second floor.

The Dunworths had a lodger named John Marshall, who was too delinquent in paying his rent to suit the Dunworths. On Sunday Cassidy attempted to collect the rent by force and was badly beaten by Marshall.

Last night Cassidy and Marshall resumed their fight, and the latter, who had with him several friends, chased Cassidy into the street. The fight was warming up nicely, when John Dacey, a friend of Cassidy, came along. He had a revolver, and tried to shoot the Marshall crowd, but his weapon would not work.

Mrs. Dunworth then came to the rescue of Dacey and Cassidy with some paving stones. Just at this time Ray and Donahan came along in a buggy. Just how they got mixed in the fight nobody knows.

A paving stone hurled by Mrs. Dunworth struck Ray at the base of the brain and broke his neck. He also received a stab that would have proved fatal had the paving stone been less effective.

By this time a dozen men were in the fight on each side and fists, knives, clubs, revolvers and stones were all in active operation.

A call was sent for the police, and just as they began to arrive a strange man, with Donahan's assistance, put the body of Ray into the buggy and drove away. After going several blocks they discovered that Ray was dead, threw the body into the street and drove away.

The police arrested half the neighborhood and carted the wounded away to the hospital.

REPLYING TO BRECKINRIDGE.

Kentucky Judges Answer the Colonel's Speech with Vigor.

(By Associated Press.)

LEXINGTON, Ky., Aug. 29.—There is considerable excitement here over Col. Breckinridge's latest speech.

Judge Burham, who was so unmercifully criticized, met Breckinridge on the street last night and a wordy war ensued. There was no attempt at hostilities by either one, but the exact language used by them cannot be learned, as there was only one witness, and he refuses to talk.

At the Owens Club meeting last night, in a short speech, Judge Durham said that the speech of Col. Breckinridge referred to was the worst thing he ever heard come out of the mouth of a man, and that he knew that a gentleman would not make such a speech.

Judge Morton, who was also criticized by Col. Breckinridge, said he intended to reply to Breckinridge's speech last night, but that as he had to go out of the city, to be gone two days, he would postpone it until Friday night, when he will address the people at the Court House.

SHOT IN HIS OTHER LEG.

Valentine Glaser, with a Cork Leg, Stopped a Bullet Meant for Another Man.

George Gilroy, a roofer by trade, twenty-six years old, of 427 East Seventy-third street, was held in $2,500 bail for further examination by Justice Meade in the Yorkville Police Court today for shooting Valentine Glaser, a one-legged man, of 417 East Seventy-third street, in the only leg he had left.

It appears that Gilroy and an unknown man were drinking in John Mahon's saloon, at 1359 First avenue, when they got into a dispute. The stranger, not wishing to fight, made a hasty exit from the saloon. Gilroy followed him closely, and on reaching the street, drew his revolver and fired.

He missed him and shot Glaser in the right thigh. Glaser dropped to the sidewalk and Gilroy turned and fled. Gilroy had gone but a block when a man who had witnessed the shooting knocked him down with a blow on the head with a bottle. The force of the blow laid open Gilroy's scalp.

Gilroy's scalp was sewed up at the Presbyterian Hospital and Dr. Saxe, of 255 East Seventy-second street, extracted the bullet from Glaser's thigh.

Freight Rate War Threatened.

(By Associated Press.)

CHICAGO, Ill., Aug. 29.—Since last Saturday morning the Atchison and Erie has had in effect a reduced freight tariff. It quotes a rate of 25 cents per 100 on packing-house products from the Mississippi to New York, against the agreed rate of 25 cents. Only yesterday did competing lines learn of the existence of the tariff, although it was legally filed with the Interl-State Commerce Commission, some of them at least, and perhaps all of them, will ignore the three days' notice of reduction in rates and meet the tariff this morning.

Attempts to Wreck a Train.

(By Associated Press.)

WILLOW SPRINGS, Mo., Aug. 29.—An attempt was made last night to wreck the passenger train eastbound on the Kansas City, Springfield and Memphis, due here at 9.18 from Macomb. Obstructions were placed on the track and the engine derailed. After running a short distance another obstruction was struck and the engine again left the track. A liberal reward has been offered by the railroad for the miscreants.

MR. LEKAN, 22 William st., was cured of insomnia by the ELECTROPOISE. No medicine. Not a battery. Call or write. 1122 B'way.

SHEEHAN SUSPICIOUS.

Hints that Katie Schubert Fled to Save McLaughlin.

Satisfied that the Only Witness Against Him Has Gone.

Wellman Laughs and Says He Can Find Her at Any Time.

Has "Katie Schubert" decamped for Europe?

This question was much discussed by those who have loitered about Police Headquarters and followed the trials of Captains, Ward men and Sergeants before the Board of Police Commissioners.

Katie Schubert is the woman who for eight years maintained a disorderly house at 144 Chystie street. She is the only witness before the Commissioners who has testified that she paid "blood money" for protection directly into the hands of Captains.

She has been used as a witness in the trials of Capt. Devery and his Wardman Gleanor, and Capt. Cross and his Wardman Smith.

Incidentally she testified that she paid $500 into the hands of Inspector William McLaughlin, when he was Captain of the Eldridge street spuad and in the presence of James Burns, who was for nine weeks McLaughlin's ward man.

McLaughlin has never been brought to trial, Messrs. Wellman and Osborne declaring that they did not have the corroboration of Mrs. Schubert's story, required by law.

Alice Ryder corroborated Mrs. Schubert against Cross and Smith by laying her hand on the Captain's shoulder and saying that he, more than any other man in the room, looked like one of the men she saw at the house a few nights after she had counted out $500 in small bills for Mrs. Schubert, the purpose of which she did not know.

It is claimed that Mrs. Schubert's story against Devery and Glennon is corroborated by the fact that her house was permitted to run during Capt. Devery's administration.

Incidentally in the trials now on, Commissioner Sheehan, who has urged that Inspector McLaughlin be brought to trial, has brought out that the house was running while he was in command, and one one of the charges against Burns is that he neglected to close up Mrs. Schubert's house.

Mrs. Schubert, who was the widow of Fred Wendt, had about $3,500 in the Citizens' Savings Bank, Bowery and Canal street. The cashier of that bank testified yesterday that Mrs. Wendt drew out all her raccount last Thursday. She is now Mrs. Max Adler, and last Saturday she sold the furniture in her place, 69 East One Hundred and Second street, and disappeared.

Mr. Wellman said yesterday that the story already afloat that Mrs. Schubert had run away to escape punishment for the perjuries which she indulged in on the trial of Capt. Cross and afterwards admitted to be false statements on cross-examination was sheer nonsense. He added that Kate Schubert was in New Jersey, where he could reach her at any moment.

Steamships sail from Hoboken Tuesdays and Wednesdays and it was told by a German at Headquarters to-day that Mrs. Schubert had really sailed for Europe.

Commissioner Sheehan remaked to an "Evening World" reporter:

"When I urged that Inspector McLaughlin be placed on trial, I said in open Board that if that woman Schubert were noe examined immediately on her allegations against McLaughlin she never would be, for we would never be able to have her here again, and I believe that that statement of mine will be verified. I think I shall be able to substantiate it."

Commissioner Sheehan declined to say whether he blamed any one for letting Kate Schubert get away, or whether he thought it was in the interest of any accused officer.

"Rot and nonsense!" exclaimed Mr. Wellman, when told what Commissioner Shehan said. "I have not let Kate Schubert get away to save McLaughlin or any one else. She is in Hoboken, and she has not, nor will she, 'skip to Europe.'

"Her husband, Max Adler, called to see me at my hotel last evening. I don't know why she got her money out of bank, and sold all her belongings. I will produce her to-morrow if it is necessary."

The officials of the North German Lloyd, to which the steamship Aller belongs, said this afternoon that they knew nothing about Mrs. Schubert's having sailed on that or any other of their line of steamships. Her name, at all events, was not on the passenger list of either the first or second class, nor of the steerage.

The Aller sailed yesterday morning at 7 o'clock.

Badly Kicked by a Horse.

Edward Gerry, twenty-eight years old, while grooming a horse in the Appel brewery, at Meserole street and Bushwick avenue, Williamsburg, yesterday afternoon, was kicked in the head by the animal. He was removed to his home, 242 Stagg street, and it was said this morning that his condition is serious.

STEPHENSON MUST WAIT.

Police Commissioners Again Adjourn the Trial of Accused Captain.

TO GO ON TO-MORROW SURE.

Verdicts Against Cross, Devery and the Ward Men Expected To-Day.

BURNS FACING THE MUSIC.

He Has Made a Streng Defense, Which Is Drawing to a Close.

Police Captain Stephenson, with his lawyers, Ira Shafer and John Vincent, were again on hand at Police Headquarters when, at 10.45 this forenoon, his case was called.

Mr. Shafer said he was ready to proceed. He objected to the term "ready to proceed to trial," and intimated that he should demand a postponement.

"These charges are long, numerous and serious," said Mr. Shafer. "Bribery is charged, and if the charge is true the State prison yawns for him."

Mr. Wellman said the Stephenson case would soon be reached.

"Do I understand the learned public prosecutor that we are to be compelled to wait here till he is ready to hear our motions?" Mr. Shafer asked.

Every time Mr. Shafer addressed the Commissioners he referred to the "learned public prosecutor" with peculiar unction.

Mr. Wellman said the trials of Burns, Devery and Glennon were still on, but would be concluded in an hour or two. He suggested, however, that Capt. Stephenson be allowed to plead, and then a time set for his trial, but the Board decided to go on with the Burns trial and adjourn the trial of Capt. Stephenson till to-morrow.

This will allow the Board to hold its regular meeting at the close of the trial of Burns.

Henry Wendling, of 165 East One Hundred and Seventy-third street, and formerly of 60 Rivington street, was called as the first witness of the day. He testified that he had been for eight years in the plumbing business at 17 Delancey street.

Wendling used to do plumbing for Mrs. Schubert, and from his books, testified that he did some repairs in the house Jan. 22, March 15 and 19, April 14, Jan. 10, 11 and 29, 1892.

This covered a part of the period when McLaughlin was in command of the precinct and Burns was his ward man.

Mrs. Schubert has testified that all during those months her house was wide open to the general public.

"How did you find it?" Mr. House asked.

"Why, it was difficult to get in myself. The house was apparently closed," was the reply.

"The shutters were closed," he continued, "the doors locked, and after ringing the bell, I was let in either by Mrs. Schubert or the cook.

"The awnings were taken down and the house was gloomy. My work took me to all parts of the house, and I saw no inmates nor any sign of business."

Mr. Wellman contented himself with showing that the plumber had testified exactly like this in the trial of Capt. Cross.

It was shown that in the Cross trial Wendling has testified that on going to Mrs. Schubert's during the Cross administration he had found a chain on the door, which was so new to him that he asked the cause, and Mrs. Schubert replied that the new Captain, Cross, had raided the house and was too hard and wouldn't let them run.

Mr. House got the plumber to say that he had first been summoned to go to the District-Attorney's office, and had refused to sign an affidavit prepared for him there because it contained statements that were untrue.

Mr. House objected to some question put by Mr. Wellman, and declared that the Court had clearly defined the law on that point.

"Very well; you will be entitled to the benefit of the Court, for we overrule the objection," said President Martin.

"What!" cried Mr. House. "Do we understand you to say, Mr. President, that you have already decided this case against us, so that we will be obliged to appeal to the courts?"

Mr. Martin flushed, but made no reply.

Every Room That Lacks a Roomer,

Every Roomer That Lacks a Room

should be represented in The World to-morrow. Every 14 words (30 cents) of Houses and Rooms advertising gets free insertion in The Evening World—gets one insertion in over 450,000 Worlds—for it's our "House and Home Day."

OPENING THE CIRCUS.

An Unparalleled Attraction Has Been Secured for This Season.

BIG STRIKE BREWING.

Workmen Connected with Building Trades May Step Sept. 1.

Contractors, Builders and Architects Have Been Notified.

Object to Material Furnished by Cheap Suburban Labor.

It is probable that one of the greatest strikes this city has ever witnessed will be inaugurated on Sept. 1.

The Building Trades Conference appealed some time ago to the Board of Walking Delegates to take some steps looking towards the abolition of the system adopted by a great many contractors of employing materials produced by cheap or convict labor. The Board investigated the complaint, and last March gave notice to architects, builders and contractors that if the practice of employing the materials in question was continued after Sept. 1 of this year, strikes would be authorized on every building affected.

Many contractors signified their intention of complying with the Board's demand, but the great majority failed even to reply to it. Yesterday the Board of Walking Delegates again took the subject under advisement, and unanimously adopted the resolution to order strikes as indicated in the notice of last March. This resolution will go into effect on Sept. 1.

Accordingly, on and after that date any walking delegate is empowered to order a strike without any further formality on any building where the objectionable material is employed.

President Rausch, of the Building Trades' Conference, and who is also Secretary of the Board of Walking Delegates, told an "Evening World" reporter this morning that the practise of bringing in material from rural districts where labor is cheap, has the inevitable tendency of driving laborers away from the metropolis.

"Workingmen who are compelled to pay high rents here," he said, "cannot possibly hope to compete with suburban laborers, whose living expenses are immeasureably cheaper. And as for competing with convict-labor, it is entirely out of the question. Contractors, after all, gain but very little by employing material turned out by such labor, while to the New York workingmen the loss is great.

"The Board of Walking Delegates has therefore concluded that the only way to check the evil, is by declaring a strike against every contractor who uses the obnoxious material on any of his buildings."

There is a strike at the new church on Seventy-sixth street, between Third and Lexington avenues. The stair-builders have quit work there on account of the employment of some cabinet-makers to do stair work. It is a standing rule that union workingmen engaged in one class of work shall not do the work peculiar to another class. The stair builders allege that the cabinet-makers have violated this rule.

LOITERING NO CRIME.

Justice Ryan Scores Policemen for Illegally Arresting Women.

Justice Ryan, in the Essex Market Police Court, to-day again announced that he did not propose to lock up women for walking through the streets at night, and told the officers present that arrests of that kind were illegal.

"A great many mistakes are made by policemen who arrest women for merely passing through the streets," he said. "That is called loitering. Now, there is no such crime as loitering, and I warn you to be very careful whom you arrest.

"A woman once arrested feels disgrace that can never be wiped out of her memory."

Four women who were arrested for "loitering" were then discharged.

Wages to Be Reduced Sept. 1.

(By Associated Press.)

PORTLAND, Ore., Aug. 29.—Receiver McNeil, of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, has notified engineers and firemen that the proposed reduction in wages will go into effect Sept. 1. The men will appeal the case to the United States court for a restraining order.

BOWERS WANTS FAIR PLAY.

Demands Reports of Committees of the Constitutional Convention.

The Republican Caucus Leads to an Exciting Harangue.

(By Associated Press.)

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 29.—Soon after the gavel fell in the Constitutional Convention this morning the Democrats showed that they had heard of the caucus of Republicans and its decisions. Led by Mr. Bowers, they began at once to obstruct the consideration of the cities article by asking for a report from the Committee on State Officers as to the term of office of Senators and Assemblymen. Mr. Bowers said that it was impossible to work intelligently on the cities article where it alluded to elections.

Mr. Root, in a decidedly caustic manner, said, "Mr. President, the present occupation of some members of this body seems to be to give instructions and tell the Committee what to do with certain propositions."

Mr. Bowers came down into the well and said excitedly: "We propose to be treated fairly in this matter. All committees were ordered to report by a certain date, and there is no reason why they should not immediately report."

Mr. Cochran moved that the Committee on Judiciary be ordered to report forthwith a decision as to whether the Convention would adjourn on Sept. 15.

A number of Republicans voted with the Democrats, and the motion was carried.

Then Mr. Bowers moved that the Governor and State Officers Committee report forthwith. This was lost by a strictly party vote.

Mr. Roche kept up the fight by calling attention to the fact that, unlike the conventions of 1867 and 1846, the canal question was being entirely ignored.

NOT THE BRIDGE JUMPER.

Bernheim Notifies the Morgue-Keeper that Brown Is Alive.

Acting Keeper of the Morgue John Faine received the following letter this morning:

NEW YORK, Aug. 28, 1894.

To the Captain at Reception Morgue, City.

Dear Sir: I beg leave to inform you that the identification of the body made by Samuel Seagrove, of 48 Christie street, city, as that of David Brown, Brooklyn, is incorrect. I have viewed the body personally, and find the same not to be that of Brown, and to-day learn that Brown arrived home last evening, having been searching for work. Very truly yours

(Signed) LEO BERNHEIM.
56 East One Hundred and Sixth street.

The body referred to is that of the man who was killed last Friday night by jumping from the Brooklyn Bridge to the Clyde line pier.

Seagrove, after identifying it, said that Brown's wife would call at the Morgue on Monday afternoon, and make arrangements for the burial. She has not called, and the Morgue officials now understand why she did not, as her husband is alive.

The body is still at the Morgue, and will be buried as an unknown man.

PULLED HIS WHISKERS.

James Dunn Plucked Out a Handful of Hirsch Salivin's Hair.

Hirsch Salevin, a packpeddler, living at 110 East Broadway, was complainant in the Yorkville Police Court this morning against James Dunn, of Fifty-eighth street and Eleventh avenue.

Salwin is the possessor of a long iron-gray beard, which seems to have excited Dunn's curiosity on last Wednesday, when he saw it for the first time, at Eleventh avenue and Fifty-ninth street. Dunn was drunk at the time, and bent on having a good time. He playfully caught hold of Salwin's whiskers, and when the later resented the familiarity, gave it several good, stout tugs. Dunn carled off a handful of hair, the roots of which were covered with blood. Dunn then assaulted Salwin and beat him severely.

When arraigned, Dunn denied the charge of assault and said he had never touched Salwin's whiskers. He was held for examination.

You read The Evening World! Do you read the Sunday World?

THEY STOLE CORDAGE.

Four Thieves Cleverly Captured Robbing the Lawrence Store.

Two of the Quartet Worked as Porters, One for 19 Years.

The Other Confederates Were an Expressman and a Junk Dealer.

Detective-Sergts. John J. O'Brien and Clark, of Inspector McLaughlin's men, and Detective Madden, of the Old Slip station, arrested this morning four men, who have been systematically robbing the Lawrence Cordage Company, of 46 South street.

The prisoners were all arraigned before Justice Martin in the Tombs Police Court and remanded until to-morrow morning.

They gave their names as Hiram Barter, porter, thirty-eight years old, of 1233 Flushing avenue, Brooklyn; Hugh McMillan, porter, fifty-eight years old, of 250 High street, Brooklyn; Richard Kelly, fifty-three years old, an express man, of 222 Cherry street, and Jeremiah Shea, a junkman, sixty-six years old, of 127 Conover street, Brooklyn.

Porter Barter has been in the employ of the Cordage Company for nineteen years, and was countedamong its most trustworthy employees.

Kelly and McMillan, Inspector McLaughlin says, are ex-convicts, and have been arrested by the New York police for stealing bags of coffee in a downtown wholesale house some years ago. Then, as in the present case, they hired out as porter and expressman, for the purpose of robbery.

McMillan has been in the employ of the Cordage Company for only a few weeks, but it is known that his appearance at 46 South street, was the time when a good many dollars worth of rope became missing.

Last Thursday Mr. L. O. Ivey, of the Company, informed Inspector McLaughlin that he was being robbed. Detectives Clark and O'Brien and Ward Man Madden, completely disguised, patiently shadowed the store until this morning. O'Brien recognized in Kelly as an ex-convict, and results were awaited. The old and supposedly faithful porter, Boster, was unsuspected in the mean time.

When Barter and McMillan appeared at the store this morning at 7.15 o'clock, the detectives were there in time to see the two porters roll two big $300 coils of rope out in front of the store and load them into Kelly's express wagon, which was on hand to get his load.

Kelly then drove off, followed by Detectives Clark and O'Brien, still in disguise. The expressman drove to Brooklyn and delivered the rope to Junkman Shea. Detective Clark remained behind and arrested Shea, while O'Brien shadowed Kelly across South Ferry and arrested him in South street. In the mean time Ward Man Madden arrested McMillan and Barter. The latter broke down when arrested.

It was not yet known how much property has been stolen, but it is believed that the sum is considerable, for the stealing has been going on for weeks.

VIGILANT RACES TO-MORROW.

Her Centreboard Repaired in Time for the Dartmouth Regatta.

(By Associated Press.)

SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 29.—Vigilant started to-day for Dartmouth in order to take part to-morrow in the regatta of the Royal Yacht Club at that place.

The American yacht's centreboard has been refitted, and is now said to work to the satisfaction of all on board.

PILOT DIAPER BLAMED.

No Excuse for Causing Vigilant to Go Aground.

(By Associated Press.)

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The report of Prof. Harvard Biles, Professor of Naval Architecture at the Glasgow University, upon the damage done to Vigilant by touching the rocks off the Needles on Aug. 18 while preparing to start for the match race with Britannia, is published to-day.

The Pall Mall Gazette, commenting upon this report, puts the entire responsibility upon Pilot Diaper, and says:

"There is no excuse for his blunder, and it is evident that Vigilant's keel touched the rocks."

LAST EDITION.

THREE MEN ROASTED.

Father and Son Burned to Death in a Rivington Street Blaze.

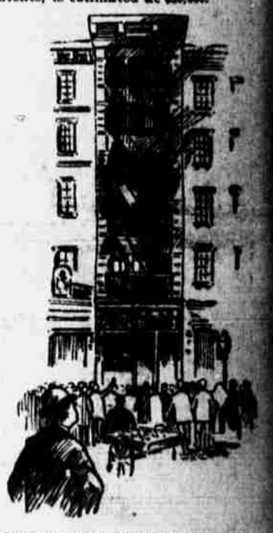
A BRAVE FIREMAN SENSELESS.

Knocked from the Ladder by One of the Victims, Who Jumped Five Stories.

TWENTY FAMILIES HOMELESS.

Fire, Panic and Accidents in Several Other Sections of the City.

Three persons were killed, and one other, a fireman, was fatally injured, as a result of a fire which broke out in a sweater-shop at 226 Rivington street at 2 o'clock this morning. The loss on the building, which was gutted, and on the contents, is estimated at $30,000.



SCENE OF THE RIVINGTON STREET FIRE.

While this fire was in progress another broke out at 21 Goerck street, a six-story double-decker tenement-house. This fire was in the same fire district as the other, and as all the engines in the district had been sent to the Rivington street fire, it was necessary to call men and apparatus from adjoining districts to combat the Goerck street outbreak. There was a panic among the tenants of 21 Goerck street, and some of them were bruised in the scramble to get out. A fireman was hurt there by falling from a ladder. The loss at this fire is estimated at $12,000.

About midnight fire broke out at 55 Broadway, where it did damage estimated at $12,000.

There were several smaller fires, and altogether it was a lively night for the firemen of the lower districts of the city.

WERE ROASTED ALIVE.

Appalling Sight Witnessed at the Rivington Street Blaze.

A father and his two sons lost their lives in the fire which originated mysteriously in the six-story brick building at 226 Rivington street about 2 o'clock this morning.

The dead are:

Mercio Levine, fifty-three years old.
Joseph Levine, eighteen years old.
Elias Levine, sixteen years of age.

Timothy Collins, a fireman, was injured. He is now in the hospital with his chest crushed in as a result of his efforts to save the unfortunate three.

The Rivington street house was occupied entirely by sweat-shops, with the exception of the second floor, where there is a synagogue, and a portion of the third floor, which is used as a Hebrew school for boys. It is claimed for the place, however, that the shops were of the better class, and no one was supposed to live in the house.

In spite of that fact there were at least eight men in the building last night. If, as claimed, they were watchmen, they must have been careless of their duties. Otherwise it is impossible to conceive how so many lives could have been sacrificed.

Nicholas Muller, an expressman, of 195 Rivington street, first discovered the fire and sent in the alarm. It was so warm last night that, instead of remaining home he slept in an express wagon that was drawn up in front of the building that was afterwards burned out.

Just at 2 o'clock he was awakened by a bright light, which he at first thought was the dawn of morning. He sat up in the wagon to rub his eyes, and then, as he became fully aroused, he discovered that what he thought was the sun shining down upon him was a great blaze of flame that came from the third-story windows of the sweat-shop.

In another minute he was at the corner of the street, where there was a fire-