FOR PRISCO'S MURDER

Arace, Who Is Thought to Have Killed Him, Arrested.

Captured at His Home in Long Island After a Long Search.

He Denies that He Ever Knew the Assassinated Italian.

(Special to The Evening World.)

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Aug. 31.—The detectives who have been working on the Prisco murder case to-day lodged in jail another of the men accused of the crime.

The second arrest in the case is the more important because the prisoner is alleged to be the man who struck the blow that caused Prisco's death.

According to affidavits secured by the detectives, the three men, Rugusa, Arace and Spina, enticed Prisco from the house at Sand Hills, and while Spina and Rugusa were walking with him on either side, Arace came up behind and struck the Italian in the back of the head with an axe.

Afterwards the three placed him on the track and waited till a train ran over him, hoping to obliterate the evidences of their crime.

The detectives arrested Spina Wednesday and lodged him in jail that evening. They had expected on the same day to secure Arace, who had a farm at Rockville Centre, L. I., but he was not taken, and yesterday the officers made a second attempt.

This time they succeeded in capturing him, and he was brought to this city late last night by Oliver and Housell and lodged in jail.

This morning he was arraigned before Justice Ford for a hearing.

Arace made a statement in answer to questions asked through an interpreter, which was taken down by the Justice. The statement was as follows:

"I say I did not kill Prisco. I do not know him at all. I never knew him. I lived in Pennsylvania in 1891 and in 1892, 1893 and 1894.

"I worked in Jamaica, L. I. The last two years I have lived all over. I haven't been in the State of New Jersey for two years. I never worked on a farm at the Sand Hills, this county. I have nothing more to say."

When Arace was arrested, he tried to bribe the detective to let him go.

BABE FORCED INTO HIS ARMS

Little Anton Strauss Found Himself a Foster Father.

Beautiful Girl Infant Abandoned by a Well-Dressed Woman.

Matron Travers had in her possession at Police Headquarters this afternoon one of the prettiest girl waifs ever picked up in the streets of this city. It was abandoned to the care of twelve-year-old Anton Strauss, of 408 East Seventy-first street, by a well-dressed young woman, who accosted the boy in Sixty-eighth street, between Lexington and Third avenues, about 10 o'clock this morning.

As nearly as the boy could recollect, the woman was attired in a striped silk waist, black dress and small hat. She impressed the boy as being "a grand lady." Anton first saw her when she walked up to him with the babe in her arms, she having crossed the street from the foundling asylum in Sixty-eighth street. She laid the infant in the boy's arms.

"Here, little boy," she said excitedly; "take the baby and carry it into that place." She pointed at the asylum and then continued:

"And tell them in there to put it in a carriage and give it a ride. A lady told me to leave it there."

Then the strange woman hurried toward Lexington avenue and disappeared around the corner. Little Anton stood holding the infant, the little one lying quietly in his arms, nonplussed as to what he should do.

They would not take the infant in the asylum, and somebody among the crowd which had assembled suggested that he take it to the East Sixty-seventh station, and he did so.

There Policeman Edward Bowes was delegated to carry the mite to Police Headquarters, and to take Anton along, too, to tell how he came to be in possession of the baby.

At Police Headquarters the boy cried as if his heart would break, evidently under the impression that he had committed a grave crime. Sergt. Harley and everybody else around the information bureau at once fell in love with the babe.

It has dark, curling hair, big, round, inquiring blue eyes, shaded with long dark lashes. It is about two months old, and appears to be very healthy.

It was handsomely dressed in a white gown, carefully made and trimmed with lace.

On its head was a white lace bonnet. When Anton got hold of the little waif, she was carefully wrapped up in a white shawl of good material.

If nobody appears by to-morrow morning to claim the child it will be turned over to the Departmen of Charities and Correction.

FIELD AND FOREST FIRES.

Crops Destroyed and Men Fighting Flames in Canada.

(By Associated Press.)

TORONTO, Ont., Aug. 31.—News was received here this morning that many fires were ranging al over te province. At Grand Valley many acres of crops have ben burned. Bush fires are devasttatin Bruce County, near Markham, where a fifty-acre swamp has been burning two weeks.

Around Dundalk whole fields of grain and miles of forest are destroyed.

In Melancthon and Amaranth townships, near Shelburne, forty miles of territory is on fire and twelve farmhouses have been burned.

The whole mountain range north of Milton, Halton County, has ben burning three days. Hundreds of men are fighting the flames. If the drought continues the damage will be remendous.

SEALER UNDER ARREST.

The Wanderer Has Secret Guns—A Hint of Cannibalism.

(By Associated Press.)

VICTORIA, B. C., Aug. 31.—The sealer Wanderer was brought into port under arrest by H. M. S Pheasant, having been found with secret guns on board after being previously searched by a United States patrol vessel.

The Wanderer brought two deserters from the whaling bark California, of San Francisco. These men report the loss of two whaling vessels, one the Hunter and the other unknown.

The crew of the Hunter were picked up by the revenue cutter Bear. It is supposed the men sustained life by cannibalism.

DON'T FORGET THAT TO-MORROW IS THE WORLD'S "SITUATION DAY." EVERY SITUATION AD. IS REPEATED FREE IN THE EVENING WORLD: 20 WORDS FOR 10 CENTS.

THE AUTHOR AND COMPOSER OF "SWEET MARIE," RAYMON MOORE, WILL HAVE A SONG IN THE "SUNDAY WORLD" CALLED "DEAR LOUISE." YOU SHOULD HAVE A COPY.

STEPHENSON'S CASE CLOSED.

(Continued from First Page.)

plainant Charles W. Maxfield, next testified that he had seen Ordinance Man Kelly at his father's store.

"Did you see your father pay money to Kelly?" Mr. Wellman asked.

"No, sir, I can't positively say I did," replied the young man.

Mr. Wellman was evidently surprised. Mr. Carothers, who sat behind his chief, bent forward and laying a paper before him put his finger on a line.

"When did you forget this?" Mr. Wellman asked.

"Hold on! I object!" shouted Mr. Shafer. "The learned public prosecutor has no right to ask questions from a paper."

"But this is an affidavit," said Mr. Wellman.

Then he got an admission from young Maxfield that it was his signature appended to a paper he held in his hand, for the witness added:

"I don't know that I have said anything in contradiction to that affidavit."

After reading the affidavit the witness said:

"I may have been present when my father paid the money to Kelly, but I have no recollection. What that affidavit means is that the business was in my name, and the money paid out of my business."

Mr. Wellman tried to show that Kelly got $25 yearly from the Maxfields, but Mr. Shafer objected to going outside of the specific charge of bribery on one day in 1891.

Mr. Shafer got the admission on the record that all young Maxfield knew about it was that his father told him he had paid $25 to Kelly.

Enos C. Palmer, another complainant, testified that a week or ten days after he opened a commission house at 166 Reade street, in January, 1892, a man visited the store.

"He said he was James Kelly, the ordinance man from that precinct, and that to save all trouble and annoyance from the police for obstructing the sidewalk I had better do as the rest did. It would cost $25 a year for 'the old man.' I placed $25 in an envelope and gave it to Kelly to pay to the Captain for protection."

To Commissioner Murray Mr. Palmer said that he necessarily encumbered the sidewalks with his goods in the course of trade, and that frequently the goods were on the sidewalk, where any policeman in the neighborhood must have seen them.

Alfred W. Frost, commission merchant at 166 Reade street, testified that he was Palmer's partner.

"Did you ever see your partner pay $25 to Ordinance Man Kelly, or did you ever give $25 to your partner to give to Kelly?"

"No, sir. We had a cashier," replied the witness, and to another question he said he had never seen Kelly. His cashier is no longer in his employ.

The eighth and last of those who charge Capt. Stephenson with bribery, Robert B. Shiner, of 70 Halsey street, Brooklyn, was next to the stand. Mr. Shiner has been in the commission business. He was located at 336 Washington street in May, 1891, when Kelly got $25 from him.

"In the Spring of 1891 Mr. Kelly was a frequent visitor," he said.

"I had heard that I would have to pay money. One day Kelly came to business. He demanded $50. He said the regular rates were $50 for a corner store and $25 in the middle of the block."

"I, unfortunately, was on the corner. I told him that was too much. We bartered, and after awhile I said I'd give $25. He said he'd have to see the old man to get a reduction. Then he went away. In a day or two he returned and said the old man would take $25. I got the money from my cashier, called Kelly in and offered it to him. He told me to put it in an envelope and seal it up. I did so and Kelly took it."

"How did you enter it on your ledger?" Mr. Wellman asked.

"'Charity, $25,'" said Shines, smilingly.

"Oh, don't! That's awful! Why, that's worse than 'blood money,'" snorted Mr. Shafer.

Mr. Shafer pursued the same tactcis with Shine as with the other witnesses. Shine said he did not suppose that he had committed bribery. He was willing to pay almost anything for peace; to be let alone.

"That's right; don't try the Edwards game on us, for it will go pretty hard with Edwards before we get through," said Shafer.

T. Harry Grimley, cashier for the Electrical Review, and formerly cashier for Leroy M. Yyon, of 379 Washington street, testified in corroboration of Mr. Lyon that in 1891 and 1892 Kelly visited the store.

"Mr. Lyons told me that he had arranged to pay $30 twice a year to Policeman Kelly for sidewalk collections. I paid $30 to Kelly at that time, in July, 1891, and again in January, 1892, and entered it in my books.

"I counted out the money, $30, rolled it up and paid it into Mr. Kelly's hand. There was no envelope."

Mr. Wellman asked the defense to admit that Kelly was under indictment for bribery.

"Ho, ho!" shouted Mr. Shafer; "you can't prove that. It wouldn't be evidence. You have no right to tell that any man is indicted until he is arrested. As a public officer you know that, or ought to."

"Well, I'll make the statement just the same," said Mr. Wellman.

"We'll admit the fact that Kelly is indicted, but it is not evidence," said Shafer, "and any public officer who divulges an indictment before the accused is arrested committs a misdemeanor."

Mr. Shafer was not allowed to get in this. Stephenson was a Republican and Kelly a Tammany Democrat.

Fifteen witnesses had testified that they had paid blood money to Kelly on the supposition that it was to go to Capt. Stephenson.

Mr. Wellman wanted Mr. Shafer to admit that Kelly was a fugitive from justice, and his presence could not be enforced.

"Oh, no; I'll admit that Kelly is indicted, and that he is in Ireland, but you can't get me admit that he is a fugitive from justice, nor you can't prove it under the law."

"Then I rest my case," said Mr. Wellman.

Mr. Shafer asked an adjournment till Tuesday, and promised that he would close by Wednesday night.

This was done, Monday being a holiday.

WILL DECIDE TO-DAY.

Decisions in Cases of Accused Captains May Be Handed Down.

The Police Commissioners will meet this afternoon in executive session.

The cases of Capts. Cross and Devery and their ward men will then be decided.

Round About Town.

Morris Cohen, of 1833 Lexington avenue, while attempting to board a Third avenue cable car at One Hundred and Thirteenth street this morning slipped and fell. His head and left leg were injured. He was taken to Harlem Hospital.

Samuel Minberger, of 78 Cannon street, while attempting to board a cross-town car in front of 434 East Houston street to-day, was struck by a wagon owned by Ferdinand Breslen, of 434 East Houston street, and was severely injured in the side. He was removed to Bellevue Hospital. The driver of the car was arrested.

Justice Meade in Yorkville Police Court to-day committed Eliza Middlebrook, fifty-three years old, of Astoria, L. I., for examination as to her sanity.

Henry Carr, thirty-two years old, of 221 West Sixty-third street, was removed from his home to North Brother Island last night suffering from small-pox.

Abraham Singer, thirteen years old, of 174 Orchard street, was sentenced to the Juvenile Asylum by Justice Koch in the Essex Market Police Court to-day. His mother said that he was a very bad boy and associated with evil companions.

You read The Evening World! Do you read the Sunday World!

THERE WILL BE A PAGE OF SEASHORE BEAUTIES IN THE "SUNDAY WORLD." YOUR PICTURE MAY BE AMONG THEM.

YOU GET OVER 450,000 INSERTIONS OF YOUR "SITUATION WANTED" ADS. TO-MORROW FOR OUR USUAL PRICE FOR ONE INSERTION: 20 WORDS FOR 10 CENTS. SATURDAY IS "SITUATION DAY."

GAME FOR BUSINESS MEN.

Never More Than a $2 Limit, Says Proprietor Markston.

Nevertheless He Was Told to Shut Up the Place.

Capt. James Campbell, of the Adams street police station, Brooklyn, this morning submitted a report to Supt. Campbell on an alleged gambling place at 403 Bridge street.

When Capt. Campbell called at the house last night, accompanied by two detectives, he found the proprietor, H. D. Markston, sitting on the steps with his wife.

"I understand you have a game here," said Capt. Campbell.

The man denied that there had been a game on for some time. He took the Captain upstairs, where there were two poker tables, surrounded by some smaller tables for refreshments.

"This isn't, strictly speaking, a game," said the proprietor, "as only reputable business men come here.

"The game never exceeds a limit of $2, and most of the time is confined to a limit of $1."

Capt. Campbell says there were no cards or chips in sight, but they might easily have been put away.

He told Mr. Markston that he would raid the place at the first opportunity and let the courts decide if it was legal to run a game for "reputable business men."

WAS IT A FIXED MACHINE.

Finkelstein Lost His Nickels, Then Arrested the Bartender.

Louis Finkelstein, a bartender in the employ of Saloon-keeper Barrish, of Eastern Parkway and Watkins street, Brooklyn, was arraigned in the Gates Avenue Police Court this morning, charged with maintaining a gambling device in the shape of a nickel-in-the-slot machine. Sergt. Reimels, of the Liberty avenue station, discovered the machine last night and thought he would test it. He played it seven times, spending 55 cents. The bartender, Finkelstein, explained the matter so carefully that Reimels determined that the machine was a gambling device. He then arrested Finkelstein. This morning Justice Quigley held him under $500 bail to await examination.

Many of these machines are exposed in Brooklyn saloons. Most of them have been fixed so that the nickel invariably runs into the slot for the benefit of the house.

EZETA CLOSELY GUARDED.

Marshal Baldwin Believes the General Will Try to Escape.

(By Associated Press.)

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 31.—United States Marshal Harry Baldwin has made up his mind that Gen. Antonio Ezeta has planned to escape. He has doubled the guards and has him cooped in a room in his hotel, where he is denied to visitors, with the doors locked and windows barred. No condemned felon was ever more closely guarded.

When Gen. Ezeta was first placed in custody of the Marshal it was understood on all sides that he was to be courteously treated, as became one of his prominence, and while a careful surveillance was to be kept and no chance left for escape, all efforts should be made to make the prisoner as comfortable as possible.

With this understanding, the General and his companions were allowed to take rooms at the California Hotel at their own expense, being guarded constantly, however, by two deputies.

On his own part and for his companions, Gen. Ezeta gave his parole of honor as a soldier and a gentleman that no effort would be made to escape.

Now the General has been notified that he will be required to keep himself closely to Room 620, being allowed to leave it only at meal times. There is to be no more exercising in the corridors and no small strolls on the streets, even in the care of deputies.

WANT THE RENT.

American Theatre Company Is Suing for $3,000.

The American Theatre Company has brought action against Otto Wehl, Joseph Hechenberg and the New York Security Company, to recover $3,000 deposited with the Company to insure the payment of the last six weeks of the season's rent of the American Theatre Roof Garden. Wehl and Hechenberg rented the roof for thirteen weeks at $500 a week. The money was deposited to insure payment of the last six weeks, which end on Sept. 2. The money was subject to the order of the American Theatre Company and of Hechenberg. The plaintiff says that it has been unable to get Hechenberg's signature to checks for the rent.

A motion of the defendants to state more definitely his cause of action was denied by Justice Beach to-day.

ESPOSITA ARRESTED.

Must Remain in the City to Answer His Wife's Charges.

Salvatore Esposita, of 95 West End avenue, was arrested late yesterday afternoon by Deputy Sheriff Walgering, upon an order issued by Judge McAdam, of the Supreme Court, in an action brought by his wife, Maria Esposita.

Esposita formerly conducted a cigar store at 95 West End avenue. His wife alleges that she married him on Oct. 20, 1882. Since then she swears he has frequently treated her cruelly and assaulted her. She has sued for separation and claims he intended going to South America. On that allegation she secured the order of arrest.

IN CONSECRATED GROUND.

Body of Mrs. Gordon, a Suicide, Buried in Calvary Cemetery.

Mrs. Sarah Gordon, who committed suicide Tuesday night because her daughter Emma had been secretly married, was buried to-day from her late home, 584 Driggs avenue, Williamsburg.

There were services at St. Vincent de Paul's Church, on North Sixth street, and the body was buried in consecrated ground at Calvary Cemetery. Although Mrs. Gordon committed suicide, yet she lived long enough to repent and receive the rites of the church. Otherwise she could not have been buried in consecrated ground according to the laws of the church.

MAURICE W. LIBAS FAILS.

The Sheriff Now in Charge of His Store at 140 Nassau Street.

Maurice W. Libas, dealer in men's furnishing goods at 140 Nassau street, failed to-day, and the Sheriff took charge of the stock under executions for $5,150 in favor of the following creditors: Kuttner & Fibel, $762; Solomon Newman, $3,910; William Kunsteller, $484; S. D. Epstein, of the Pulitzer Building, attorney for the judgment creditors, said that the failure was caused b ythe hard times and general business depression.

NO WOMEN WERE ALLOWED IN THE M'AULIFFE-GRIFFO SPARRING MATCH LAST MONDAY. YET MEG MERRILIES WILL TELL ALL ABOUT THE FIGHT IN THE "SUNDAY WORLD." SHE WAS ON THE GROUND.

IF YOU DON'T READ THE "SUNDAY WORLD" YOU SHOULD.

DAWSON IS NOT A VAGRANT.

Columbus, O., Schoolboy Discharged by Justice Gaynor.

Grounds for His Arrest and Sentence Seem Lacking.

Justice Gaynor, in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, this morning, discharged from custody Stanley F. Dawson, seventeen years old, of Columbus, O., who has been in the Kings County Penitentiary since Aug. 18. Dawson was committed for thirty days by Judge Cowenhoven, of New Utrecht, on the charge of vagrancy.

He had $29 in his pocket when arrested.

Judge Gaynor said the commitment was void, and told Dawson he could go. Dawson, who is the son of a commercial traveller in Columbus, says he attends the High School there, and is also a member of the Y. M. C. A.

He says he left home on his vacation on Aug. 1 and came to New York to see a friend.

He says he was standing on the beach at Bath Beach watching a fat man swim. The fat man did not like Dawson's attentions and Policeman No. 1,375 arrested him. There was no charge to be made against him, so he was arrested for "vagrancy." Police Commissioner Welles will investigate the action of the policeman.

Mayor Schieren received a letter from Mrs. Dawson, the boy's mother, this morning, asking him to direct her to whom she should apply for Stanley's release. Mrs. Dawson said her boy had decided to walk to New York, in order to see the Eastern States.

Mrs. Dawson gave Mayor Schieren the names of several prominent citizens in Columbus, who were ready to testify as to her boy's good character. Mayor Schieren wrote to Mrs. Dawson that her son had been discharged from custody.

JENNIE WAS NOT ABDUCTED.

On Her Claim That She Is Jahnsky's Wife He Is Discharged.

Lois Jahnsky, a tailor, thirty-five years old, was arraigned before Justice Koch in the Essex Market Police Court to-day to answer a charge of larceny and abduction. The complainant against him was Becky Levine, of 76 Eldridge street.

She stated that Jahnsky formerly boarded with her parents, and that he disappeared with her seventeen-year-old sister, Jennie, on Saturday last, and also with her purse, which contained $6. She saw Jahnsky walking along Grand street last night, and seized him by the throat. Jahnsky attempted to break away from her, but Sergt. McCoy, of the Eldridge street station, made him a prisoner.

Jennie, the alleged abducted girl, was in court this morning, and said that she left her home of her own accord.

"My sister is jealous," she said, "because Jahnsky prefers to marry me instead of her. My sister does not tell the truth when she says Jahnsky stole her purse containing $6. The purse and money are mine, and I took it along when I left home because my parents objected to my marrying the man I love."

When Justice Koch declared that there was no evidence that a crime was committed, he discharged Jahnsky. The sisters did not speak as they left the court-room.

TOWING RATE WAR.

Rival Hudson River Companies Accept Ruinous Prices.

(By Associated Press.)

ALBANY, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The greatest rate war which has ever been known in the towing business is now in progress on the Hudson.

When the Cornell Company purchased the Beverwyck Company's boats it was said that there would beno reduction in rates, but, nevertheless, a great cut has been made by the Ronan and Cornell lines which may, if continued, wreck one of the companies.

The old charge for towing a loaded canal-boat from Albany to New York was $25, but now it is but $8. Twelve dollars was the old charge for towing a light canal-boat from New York to Albany; the cut rate is $5. The rate for a loaded boat from New York to Albany was $18, but now is $10.

The Ronan and Cornell companies have "scalpers" all along the river to catch trade. If railroads are not satisfied with the low rates, each Company will offer "special" rates rather than let the rival Company get the business.

Both companies are losing money daily, but it is a fight to the finish, and it looks as if the failure of one of the two companies will be decided.

MRS. WINSLOW WILL APPEAL

Wants a Divorce Decree Overruled --Dr. Korn's Two Suits.

(By Associated Press.)

YANKTON, S. D., Aug. 31.—Daisy Edna Winslow, a divorced wife of Herbert Hall Winslow, the playwright, has changed her mind and will appeal from the decision by which her husband secured separation, to the Supreme Court. She asks to have the decision of Judge Smith, who granted the divorce, overruled.

Dr. Abram Korn, once Health Inspector of Brooklyn, has applied for divorce from his wife, Julia Korn, on the ground of desertion. The case is pending in the first Judicial Circuit Court of South Dakota, and there is another case in which the same parties are interested now before a tribunal in New York State.

While Dr. Korn was completing his residence in South Dakota, preparatory to bringing his action, Mrs. Korn was suing him for a decree without leaving home. Now the case hinges on the question, which court has priority of jurisdiction.

BRIDGE BREAKS AGAIN.

Trains Running Very Slowly Over the Bronx River.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Aug. 31.—The iron bridge which spans the Bronx River about one mile south of this place, broke down again this morning.

The two girders which became displaced last night while Engine 1,024, drawing the 5.30 Harlem Railroad train from the Grand Central Depot was passing over the bridge, fell down again at 9.30 o'clock to-day. They had been replaced, but the vibrations caused by the trains passing over the bridge again dislodged them.

The bridge was strengthened by temporary braces so that trains can now run over it slowly, while work of repair is going on. The loose girders will be firmly secured in place.

There is no especial danger. The bridge is built of iron and was erected in 1874 at a cost of $18,000.

An Editor Assaulted.

(By Associated Press.)

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Aug. 31.—As the canvass proceeding the by elections for members of the Assembly progresses much feeling is being developed. P. T. McGrath, editor of the Herald, an opposition paper was attacked to-day by a Whiteway supporter and badly beaten.

FOR A DIME YOU CAN SAY 20 WORDS TO ALL THE READERS OF THE 450,000 "WORLDS" PRINTED TO-MORROW. SATURDAY IS OUR "SITUATION DAY."

IF YOU DON'T READ THE "SUNDAY WORLD" YOU SHOULD.

BRIDGE PLAN REPORT.

Commission Says a Cantilever and River Pier Is Practicable.

But Thinks a Suspension Structure More Desirable.

Plan Submitted for a 3,100-Foot Span to Cost $30,743,000.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The War Department to-day furnished a synopsis of the report of the commission appointed to investigate and recommend what length of span, not less that 2,000 feet, would be safe and practicable for a railroad bridge over the Hudson River between New York and Jersey City. It is as follows:

The Commission finds that a 2,600-foot span cantilever bridge, with a pier in the centre of the river, would be safe and practicable, and that its cost, including viaduct, would be $26,723,000, the cost of the centre pier being estimated at $9,710,000.

The depth to rock foundation within the limits of the bridge location is 260 feet, nearly 100 feet deeper than any existing foundation.

A 3,100-foot clear span cantilever from shore to shore is found to be posible but impracticable, on acount of its expense, $51,128,000.

The Board reports that investigation satisfies it that a six-track, 3-100-foot, single span suspension bridge would be safe and practicable and would, in certain constructions wer adopted, cost $35,567,671. Such a bridge would carry six maximum freight trains moving side by side at full speed.

A plan is worked out and submitted for a lighter structure suspension bridge, which the Board believes would meet every possible demand with absolute safety, at a cost of $30,743,000.

The Board says it "feels that the contingency atteding the construction of the deep river foundations of the cantilever bridge is enough to balance a part of the greater cost of the suspension bridge."

The report is signed by all the members of the Commission, Major C. W. Raymond of the United States Engineer Corps; C. Bousecareu, C.E.; Prof. Wm. H. Burr, of Columbia College; Theodore Cooper, C. E., and George S. Morrison, C. E.

The plan which the Board has worked out for a bridge with a span 3,100 feet in length, probably will meet with the approval of the Engineer Corps.

The engineers and the shipping interests have from the first protested against a pier in the river, which the 2,000-foot span would necessitate. The Bridge Company is anxious for the 2,000-foot span and pier, a sthe cost is about $9,000,000 less than a span of 3,100 feet.

The whole matter is now in the hands of Secretary Lamont, whose approval of the plan is necessary before work can be commenced on the bridge.

DIDN'T SEND PATCH PIECES.

Colombian Government Sues the Tailors Who Made Uniforms.

3,000 Yards of Cloth Alleged to Be Remaining from 4,100 Suits.

Gerald Depallo, Vice-Consul of the Republic of Columbia, in this city, brought the members of the firm of Weiss & Klau Brothers, tailors, at 203 Canal street, into the Tombs Police Court this morning.

Mr. Depallo was represented by Stephen C. Baldwin, of 29 Broadway, who told Justice Ryan that about a year ago a contract was made with the Smith Manufacturing Company to make 4,100 uniforms for the Columbian regular army. The Government was to furnish five and three-quarter yards of material for each uniform.

Before the work was commenced by the Smith Company Silver went to work for Weiss & Klau.

The uniforms were made and shipped, but the Consul now claims that the agreement was that all pieces left over should be shipped with the goods, to be used for repairing.

A few weeks ago Silver was discharged by Weiss & Klau, and informed the Consul that the makers of the uniforms had by a cutting machine, saved 3,000 yards of material, which had not been sent on with the clothing.

Alfred B. Jarvis, lawyer, who represented Weiss & Klau, said that the case was a civil one, and that the action of Silver was prompted by spite. He was willing, he said, in case a civil action was brought, to deposit money to the value of the material, should Lawyer Baldwin desire it.

Mr. Baldwin said he should, and asked that the case go to the Court of Common Pleas. This was satisfactory to counsel, and Justice Ryan dismissed the case.

MORE SPINNERS GO OUT.

Woonsocket and Lawrence Employees Refuse a Reduction.

(By Associated Press.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Aug. 31.—One hundred employees of the River Springs Mills struck this morning against a change in the system of payment. They were notified that hereafter they would be expected to work by the piece instead of by the week. The change amounts to a reduction in wages and the operatives decided to go out. The mills were at once shut down.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Aug. 31.-Forty-six weavers employed in the Brown and Ackroydes mills here went out on a strike this forenoon, rather than accept a reduction in wages.

BAKER HEARD FROM.

The Minister Confirms the Reports of Expulsions from Bluefields.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, Aug. 31.—The State Department has received anxiously-awaited information from Minister Baker concerning Bluefields affairs.

The despatch from Minister Baker at Managua confirms the reports of the expulsion of Americans who participated in the Mosquito revolution.

Some trouble was found in deciphering certain portions of the despatch, and the Department was not informed at 1 o'clock as to what action the Minister had taken in reference to the arrest of the Americans.

SMALL FIRES.

Trifling damage was caused by a fire which started at 6.30 this morning in the tailor shop of Jacob Posner on the fifth floor of the six-story brick building, 90 Market street. The cause is unknown.

Fire which started in the hay loft of the two-story frame stable at 238 East Eighty-fifth street at midnight caused $300 damage. The stable is occupied by George Stolz, and is owned by Charles Rosenberg, of 131 East Eighteth street.

A blaze at 1.30 o'clock this morning in the cellar of the five-story brick tenement, 219 East Ninety-seventh street, caused $50 damage.

IF YOU DON'T READ THE "SUNDAY WORLD" YOU SHOULD.

SHE FAINTED IN COURT

Mrs. Wait Overcome When He Case Wasn't Called.

She Was Then Deemed to Go Back to the Island.

Her Lawyer Did Not Arrive to Push Habeas Corpus Proceedings.

There was an exciting scene in Supreme Court, Chambers, to-day, when Mrs. Annie Wait, a handsome and refined-looking woman about thirty-five years old, who had been brought into court on a writ of habeas corpus, fainted, and for a time it was thought that she was in danger of dying.

Mrs. Wait was arrested several days ago while intoxicated from opium. She was arraigned before Justice Hogan and held in $300 bail for her good behavior.

As she was anxious to keep from her friends the fact of her arrest, she did not appeal to them for bail, and was sent to the island.

Since then, it is alleged, bail has been offered for Mrs. Wait's release, but has been refused.

A writ of habeas corpus was issued by Judge Beach for her production in court, and on that writ Mrs. Wait was to-day brought to court from Blackwell's Island.

Mrs. Wait's attorney failed to put in an appearance and Mrs. Wait waited anxiously all through the session of court for him.

He did not arrive before the other business had been disposed of and Judge Beach had court adjourned without Mrs. Wait's case having been heard.

As the court officer announced the adjournment of court, Mrs. Wait uttered a low moan and fell to the floor in a dead faint. Several court officers were by her side in a moment, and everybody in the court-room crowded towards the unfortunate woman.

She was removed to the corridor and an ambulance called.

Before the arrival of the ambulance, Mrs. Wait recovered sufficiently to make a brief statement of her case to a court officer, who had her in charge.

She said she was a respectable married woman and lived in West Forty-fifth street. She said she had been an opium eater for the last seven years, having contracted the habit as a result of opium having been given her while she was ill.

She said that she had paid her lawyer $50 retainer, and was much surprised at his non-appearance. She said that her fainting was due to her weak condition as a result of being deprived of opium since her imprisonment and worry over the non-appearance of her lawyer.

Besides the officer from Blackwell's Island, Mrs. Wait was accompanied in court by a stylishly dressed and prosperous-looking man, whose name could not be learned.

Some said he was the woman's husband and others that he was a friend of her husband's.

ERICSSON INJURED AGAIN.

Two Flanges of Her Starboard Propeller Badly Bent.

Supposed to Have Struck an Obstruction in This Harbor.

(By Associated Press.)

NEW LONDON, Conn., Aug. 31.—The ill-luck which the fast little torpedo boat Ericsson experienced on her trip down the Mississippi River seems to have followed her here, for this morning it was discovered that one of her propellors had been seriously injured.

The boat was thoroughly examined his morning when it was found that two of the flanges of her starboard propellor were badly bent. It is supposed that the injury was sustained by striking an obstruction going up New York harbor yesterday.

A protest was immediately filed at the Custom-House notifying the Navy Department of the injury in order that sufficient time may be granted for thorough repairs before the trial of the boat.

The full extent of the damage to the propellor cannot be learned until she is hauled out, which will probably be on Monday or Tuesday next.

The crew that came with the vessel from New Orleans was discharged today and will return to the South.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ALMANAC FOR TO-DAY.

Sun rises....5.26 Sun sets....4.35 Moon rises.... —

HIGH WATER TO-DAY.

	A. M.	P. M.
Sandy Hook	7.23	7.44
Governor's Island	7.57	8.16
Hell Gate	9.59	10.09

LOW WATER TO-DAY.

Sandy Hook	1.22	1.41
Governor's Island	1.54	2.13
Hell Gate	3.22	3.41

To find Eastern standard time, subtract four minutes.

PORT OF NEW YORK.

ARRIVED.

Fuerst Bismarck	Hamburg
Scandia	Hamburg
City of Augusta	Savannah

OUTGOING STEAMERS.

SAILED TO-DAY.

State of California	Glasgow
State of Texas	Brunswick
Algonquin	Charleston

TO SAIL TO-MORROW.

	Mails close.	Vessels sail.
La Normandie, Havre	12.30 A M	3.00 A M
Umbria, Liverpool	2.30 A M	6.30 A M
Saale, Bremen	6.00 A M	9.00 A M
Maasdam, Rotterdam	11.00 A M	1.00 P M
Seneca, Havana	10.30 A M	1.00 P M
Rhaetia, Hamburg	—	11.00 A M
Galileo, Pernambuco	7.00 A M	9.00 A M
Alene, Hayti	10.00 A M	12.00 M
Caracas, La Guayra	11.00 A M	1.00 P M
Justin, Para	2.00 P M	4.00 P M
El Sud, New Orleans	—	2.00 P M
Nueces, Galveston	—	3.00 P M
Knickerbocker, New Orleans	—	2.00 P M
City of Augusta, Savannah	—	2.00 P M

INCOMING STEAMERS.

DUE TO-DAY.

Zaandam	Rotterdam	Aug. 18
California	Glasgow	Aug. 17
England	London	Aug. 16
Island	Christiansand	Aug. 17
Lucania	Liverpool	Aug. 25
Fuerst Bismarck	Hamburg	Aug. 23
Scandia	Havre	Aug. 21
Prudano	Gibraltar	Aug. 12
El Mar	New Orleans	Aug. 25
Rannoch	Porto Rico	Aug. 24

DUE TO-MORROW.

Paris	Southampton	Aug. 25
La Bretagne	Havre	Aug. 25
Belgenland	Antwerp	Aug. 22
City of Rome	Glasgow	Aug. 22
Viola	Gibraltar	Aug. 17
Bramble	Porto Rico	Aug. 25
City of Birmingham	Savannah	Aug. 28

Horrible!

(From the Fliegende Blatter.)

He—I had a dream about you last night, Miss Louisa. I was about to give you a kiss when suddenly we were separated by a river that gradually grew as big as the Rhine.

She—And there was no bridge, no boat?

ALL OF THE "SITUATIONS WANTED" ADS., MALE OR FEMALE, APPEARING IN "THE WORLD" TO-MORROW WILL BE REPEATED, FREE OF CHARGE, IN "THE EVENING WORLD"—20 WORDS FOR 10 CENTS.

HERE'S A SURPRISE

Another Great Cut IN Our Bankrupt Sale.

Prices Slaughtered Right and Left.

The Only Genuine Sale of the Year.

M. L. DOYLE'S STOCK

AT OLD STAND,

267 and 269 Grand St., cor. Forsyth St.

BY ORDER OF

Hannigan & Bouillon, Purchasers of Stock.

Waists, Capes and Jackets.

500 Waists. Doyle's price, 98c.; our price..... 25c.
600 Waists. Doyle's price, $1.50 and $2.00; our price..... 49c.
400 Wrappers. Doyle's price, $1.50; our price..... 49c.
200 French Lawn and Flannelette Wrappers. Doyle's price, $2.00 and $2.29; our price..... 98c.
50 Duck Suits. Doyle's price, $1.50; our price..... 49c.
60 Duck Suits. Doyle's price, $2.98; our price..... 98c.
30 Tuxedo Suits. Doyle's price, $4.98; our price..... 1.98
75 Tuxedo Suits, all colors, cloths and Serges. Doyle's price $6.98; our price..... 2.98
200 Caps, all colors. Doyle's price, $2.98; our price..... 98c.
150 Caps, all colors. Doyle's price, $4.98; our price..... 1.98
100 Jackets, all colors. Doyle's price, $2.98; our price..... 98c.
159 Jackets, all colors. Doyle's price, $4.98; our price..... 1.98
300 Chilkren's Gingham Dresses, all sizes. Doyle's price, 98c. to $2.98; our price..... 49c.&98c.
200 Children's Wool and Cashmere Dresses, all sizes. Doyle's price, $2.98 to $5.98; our price, 98c., 1.98 & 2.98
300 Boys' School Suits, all sizes. Doyle's price $2.98 to $8.00; our price 98c., 1.98 & 2.98
400 Fine Wool Shawls. Doyle's price $2.50 to $12.00; our price 98c., 1.98, 2.98 and 3.98
400 White and Colored Bedspreads. Doyle's price $1.00 to $7.00; our price, 49c., 69c., 98c., and 1.49
3,000 yards Lace Curtains. Doyle's Price 15c. to 50c.; our price, 6¾c., 10c., and 15c
600 Blankets. Doyle's Price 50c. to $1.00; our price, 23c., 49c.
500 Eleven-Quarter Blankets. Doyle's price $2.98 to $6.98; our price, 1.25, 1.98, 3.98
700 fine Comfortables. Doyle's price 79c. to $5.00; our price, 37c., 98c., 1.98

THE GREATEST SACRIFICE YET.

105 pieces Black Silks, including Faille French, Satin Duchesse Rhadames, Bengalines and Moire Antiques. Doyle's price, $1.25, $1.50 and $1.75; choice to close out at..... 59c. and 79c.
500 pieces Satins, the entire stock—goods sold at 60c., 75c., $1.00 and $1.25