HUCKLEBERRY'S END?

Justice Ingraham's Decision May Stop Its Traffic.

Tracks Will Probably Be Torn Up, at Least in Places.

Act of 1894 Was Legal, but "Sneaked Through" the Legislature.

Richard Croker's Huckleberry road, which runs through the Annexed District, has just received a serious setback.

Justice Ingraham, in Special Term, Supreme Court, has decided that the act of 1894, which, by a species of sneak legislation, legalized everything done by the Huckleberry road, does not in reality cover anything that has been done by that road at all.

This decision was handed down on a demurrer taken by James Rogers, one of the property owners along the Company's line on West One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street, against the defense set up by the company in an injunction suit brought against it by Rogers to restrain it from operating its road.

The decision which was filed this morning recites that the act of 1894 legalizes the proceedings of a railroad company, which was authorized by an act of 1863, to construct and operate a line in West Farms and Morrisania. Therefore, the Union Railway Company, which, having merely bought up the charter of this West Farms Railway Company, and having constructed a road elsewhere than in West Farms and Morrisania, can in no sense be considered as having had its proceedings legalized by the act of 1894. This act expressly states that it is amendatory of the act of 1863.

The wording of the second section of the act of 1894 is:

"Any and all proceedings heretofore taken in substantial compliance with the provisions of chapter 361 of the laws of 1863, as now amended, are hereby approved, ratified and confirmed."

While Justice Ingraham does not assume to question the constitutionality of such legislation, he animadverts upon it on the ground of its duplicity, inasmuch as the title of the act contains no intimation of such privileges being conferred by the act itself. It being a fundamental law that the title must invariably set forth briefly the contents of an act, Justice Ingraham takes occasion to say in this connection:

"Would any one, seeing the title of this act, and assuming it to amend an act of 1863, understand that in it was contained a provision approving and ratifying all the acts of the corporation formed under its provisions during the thirty years that had elapsed since the original act was passed?"

In view of the facts set forth above Justice Ingraham sustains the demurrer of Mr. Rogers, and thus practically, for a time at least, decides the fate of the notorious Huckleberry road.

Lawyer William G. Munger, who appeared for Mr. Rogers, says that now the way is paved for attacking the constitutionality of all the acts passed in favor of the "Huckleberry" road.

These acts virtually allow the owners of the road to construct its lines through the streets where they are running without any compensation to property owners.

It seems very likely that the company's tracks will soon be torn up at certain points, at least, along the line.

THIRD DAY OF REGISTRATION.

There Is No Friction and the Enrollment Is Very Heavy.

Supt. Byrnes Expects to Arrest 133 Colonizers Before Sunset.

Reports received at the Bureau of Elections at 10.30 o'clock to-day were to the effect that registration was going on smoothly, and indications pointed to an unusually large third day's enrollment.

No friction was reported from any of the election districts, excepting that in a few instances inspectors had failed to report for duty. In all these instances, however, there was a quorum of the Board of Inspectors, and therefore the work of registering voters was unimpeded.

The vacancies, ten in number, were filled as soon as reported. There were six Republicans and four Democrats.

The bench warrants issued on the 123 indictments for false registration, returned by the Grand Jury last Tuesday upon the evidence of police-captains, were delivered for service to the commanders of the several precincts last night.

According to the precinct returns showing the number of arrests made during the twenty-four hours ending at 6 o'clock this morning, none of the persons indicted had been apprehended.

Supt. Byrnes did not expect that any arrests would be made before to-day, but he is of the impression that the major portion of the 133 colonizers will be corralled and placed behind prison bars before sunset. The prisoners will be taken to the Court of General Sessions immediately upon apprehension, arraigned and committed. Those arrested after court hours will be locked up in the Tombs the bench warrants being a legal commitment.

The total number of indictments already found for false registration approximates 200. Others, it is expected, will be found to-day.

At all of the places of registration the policemen on duty have been directed by the Superintendent to keep a list of the persons registered, together with such other information as they may consider of sufficient interesting character.

These lists, as made by the policemen, will be compared with the police census of lodging-houses to-night, and all discrepancies or suspicious cases will be investigated by officers detailed for the purpose. Whatever evidence of fraud is unearthed will be laid before the Grand Jury next Monday.

They'll Hear John Swinton.

John Swinton will speak at a reformation meeting of the People's party at 46 Ninth avenue to-morrow evening.

The Tax We All Want.

(From Brooklyn Life.)

"How do you feel about the income tax?"

"I am in favor of having a law passed giving every man an income large enough to be taxed."

The Arch Little Thing.

(From Texas Siftings.)

Teacher (in Kindergarten)—You've omitted something, Mabel, in making your letter "Ps." What is it?

Mabel—I guess I forgot to put eyebrows over them.

The Boy Knew.

(From the Boston Transcript.)

Caller—Wonder if I can see your mother, little boy? Is she engaged?

Little Boy—Engaged? Watcher givin' out?

FRAUD IN THE THIRD.

Republican Managers Say They Have Proofs of an Election Plot.

Wholesale Colonization Reported in "Dry Dollar's" District.

Contractor March Declares War on Tammany Hall.

The Republican managers of the Third Assembly District claim to be in possession of evidence that frauds of the most glaring kind will be attempted on election day, and they are bending all their energies to defeat the plot. The Third is "Tim" Sullivan's district, which last year, by methods known to have been questionable, gave him a plurality for the Senate of over 6,000. Many indictments were found against election officers and others in the district.

It is now claimed that the same methods practised last year are to be repeated; that colonization by the wholesale has been going on, and that, if the plot is successfully carried through, between 2,000 and 3,000 fraudulent votes will be cast.

Exactly what kind of evidence the Republican managers have secured, they refuse to make public, but they promise some lively developments during the coming week.

That some plot is on foot is evident from the remark which "Silver Dollar" Smith made to an "Evening World" reporter some days ago. It was at the time Grant had demanded his withdrawal, as well as that of Phil Wissig. When asked then whether or not he intended running as a candidate Alderman Smith made this significant rejoinder:

"I will run if Tim Sullivan says so, although personally I would as soon be out of the race. Some queer things are going on here this election, and I would rather not be in it." The Alderman would not say what were the "queer things" to which he referred.

His statement, however, coupled with the claims of the Republican managers, indicate that the workers intend carrying the election at all hazards. Of course, they insist that only legal methods will be used.

In the Third District last year it was a common thing for ward workers to enter a saloon and give the proprietor a list of twenty or thirty names of men whom he never saw in his life. He was told to tell all callers that all the men on the list lived in his house. The names were all registered and the paid repeater voted on every one of them.

From houses known to be tenanted only by Italians a score or more of men with English-sepaking names registered and voted. The Italian residents were too much in the power of the heelers to utter a protest.

This year, however, Sullivan's workers will have considerable difficulty in carrying out that programme. James E. March, the biggest Italian contractor in the colony, who, for years, worked hard for the Tammany ticket, is now out against it, because he was turned down for Assembly.

"I was promised the nomination by the late Police Justice Daniel O'Reilly four years ago," he said to an "Evening World" reporter. "Instead, they gave it to Farquhar. Then Wissig got it, and this year it was offered to me after Wissig had been turned down. I accepted, but at the last moment I was turned down again, and Young Dan O'Reilly, who is only a boy, got it. Now, I am out for blood.

"I will work heart and soul to defeat Tammany, and next Monday you will see the biggest Italian parade ever witnessed in this city. In three districts alone—the Second, Third and Eighth—we will have 3,000 votes."

It is believed that Mr. March has given valuable information as to fraudulent registration in the past and the Tammany workers plans for the Second. Phil Wissig, it is said, is also likely to use the knife freely.

In the Second District it begins to look as if the Tammany candidate for Assembly might have such an easy time of it. Jimmy Oliver has been doing some tall electioneering, and many of the Divver Club members have declared their intention of supporting him.

As for Divver himself, he is practically dead to Second District politics. In fact, it has been decided to change the name of his club immediately after election. It is also announced that he will move away from the place altogether.

LXX.'S CLOSING RALLY.

Preparations Made for a Great Gathering in Carnegie Hall.

The Committee of Seventy expects that the demonstration to be held Nov. 5 in Carnegie Music Hall will be one of the biggest of the campaign. It will be the closing rally, and nearly all arrangements have already been made.

Among the speakers so far secured are Rev. Dr. Parkhurst, Carl Schurz, Seth Low, ex-Secretary Fairchild and Gen. McCook.

The LXX. is also devoting considerable attention to the alleged fraudulent registration. At its meeting held last night it was decided to offer a reward of $100 to the first person giving evidence to secure a conviction, and also offer $25 to the first person who will secure the conviction of a fraudulent voter, and $10 each to the next five persons who will come forward with like evidence.

WILL NOT BOLT THE TICKET.

Chairman Quinlan Denies the Report that State Democrats Will Support Tammany.

Chairman John J. Quinlan, of the New York State Democracy of the Twenty-fourth Assembly District, denies the story given out at Hugh J. Grant's headquarters yesterday, to the effect that he and thirty-three other members of that organization had resigned, and would bolt the State Democratic ticket as a result of the Tammany nominations.

Mr. Quinlan says that there is no foundation whatever for the story, but that five-sixths of those who had signed the paper in question, had ever belonged to the organization, and that these five had been expelled from the Association two months ago.

Scrofula in the Neck

"I had a tumor on the side of my neck as large as a hen's egg. I was advised to have it cut out, but would not consent. A friend suggested that I take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which I am glad to say that I did, and soon the bunch

Entirely Disappeared.

I can truly praise Hood's Sarsaparilla, for I know it is an excellent medicine." MRS. ELLA BILLINGS, Red Cloud, Neb.

Mrs. Ella Billings

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills.

Opening Day

Souvenirs to all

Flowers Music

To-morrow, Saturday, 8 a.m. to 10 p.m.

To Inaugurate

the opening of the new annex to our Sixth Ave. Store, extending through to 14th St., to be devoted to Men's Clothing, and

To Celebrate

the 7th Anniversary of our business, we invite our friends and customers—present and prospective—including our competitors—to drop in on us. Happily yours,

Brill Bros.,

B. S. T. C. Men's Outfitters,

211 Sixth Ave., Next to cor. 14th St.

THREE LADS RUN OFF.

They Were Inmates of the Deborah Orphan Asylum.

Were Last Seen Sleeping Quietly Before Midnight.

One of Them Is a Cripple and All Are Very Thinly Clad.

The escape of three little boys from the Deborah Orphan Asylum at 103 East Broadway last night was responsible for no little excitement among the inmates and officers of the institution when their absence was discovered at prayers this morning.

One of the boys, Abraham Kaufman, fourteen years old, is described as "a mischievous lad who occasionally has very wicked thoughts." The other two, Samuel Schwatzberg, aged twelve, and Morris Schwatzberg, aged thirteen, are given good characters by Superintendent Trostler. They are bright, intelligent and ambitious to make their own way in the world.

The officers of the asylum believe that young Kaufman induced the Schwatzberg brothers to run away, and that they will return of their own accord within a few days.

Mr. Trostler saw the boys at 9.30 o'clock last night, when they were put to bed, and again at 11.30 o'clock, when he retired himself.

At 6.30 o'clock this morning the children were called for morning devotions, which are held in the class room on the first floor of the building. After prayers Mr. Trostler called the roll and discovered the absence of Kaufman and the Schwatzbergs. A search was immediately instituted, but no trace of them could be found.

As the front door of the asylum is secured only with a latch, and is easily opened from the inside, the boys probably got out that way at an early hour. The dormitory in which they slept is on the third floor, and they had only to get up, dress, walk downstairs and out of the street door.

Kaufman was committed to the asylum several years ago because his mother, who is a chronic invalid, and is an inmate of the Montefiore Hospital, on One Hundred and Thirty-eighth street and Amsterdam avenue, was unable to take care of him. The mother of the Schwatzberg boys live at 302 Cherry street. She is too poor to provide for the boys, and gladly sent them to the asylum to be cared for and educated.

It was hoped that the Schwatzberg boys had gone to their mother's home, but inquiry showed that they had not been there. Mrs. Schwatzberg is very much concerned over their disappearance, and visited the asylum three times before noon to-day in the hope of hearing that the boys had been found.

One of the little fellows, Morris Schwatzberg, has a crippled leg, and walks with a limp. How the boys will manage to live and endure the hardships of an out-of-door life are things that are worrying Mrs. Trostler and Mrs. Schwatzberg.

The neighborhood of the asylum has been carefully searched for the runaways without success, and the only hope of the officials now is in the police, who will be notified to-day.

The missing boys are all very dark, with black curly hair. They are attired in light colored trousers and mixed jackets, with small white stripes. They left their coats at the asylum and undoubtedly suffered from the cool morning air.

Brandy Does Not Make a Poet, nor Cigarettes an Impressionist.

It is extremely improbable that genius derives any peculiarly appropriate nutriment from a fish diet, and it is certain that genius gives no thought to the subject, says the Saturday Review. Mr. Carlyle and Lord Tennyson smoked pipes because they were men enough to smoke pipes, but we don't suppose that cigarettes would have made a decadent of Mr. Swinburne or an impressionist of Sir Joshua Reynolds. The style and character of Dr. Johnson remained the same, whether he drank tea made and tea or port and punch.

Old Sir Bellenden Ker avers that brandy makes a poet, but his poetry would have had the same complexion had he replaced his muse with whiskey. Champagne and ortolans and truffles would have written neither better nor worse than on coffee and toddy and bloaters and bloater paste. It is likely that to smoke a pipe and drink a glass of beer would not add or subtract a couple of strokes from Taylor's usual round on the lyre. It was not because of his great appetite for beef that Sir Andrew Aguecheek fell low in intellectual standard. We do not know whether Shakespeare had any favorite dish.

About Thackeray's and Johnson's favorite dishes we know a great deal, but are psychologically none the wiser. Appreciation of cockyleekie does not account for the statesmanlike qualities or defects of James VI. Whatever Mr. Gladstone's favorite food may be it is probably none of the finger-and-ready dainties celebrated by Homer, and it is not to be thought that he takes grated cheese in his claret, like Nestor. In short, food and genius have nothing to do with each other, and the most popular novelists are not to be distinguished at dinner time from mere critics.

No old stock can be found at the new store of COWPERTHWAIT & Co., 104 West 14th St.

The 6 O'Clock Edition and the Sporting Extra of The Evening World contain more sporting news of interest than can be found in

SMALL ARMY AFTER BANDITS.

Five Hundred Men on the Trail of the Cook Gang.

Fight Between Deputies and Outlaws Believed to Be Imminent.

(By Associated Press.)

FORT SMITH, Ark., Oct. 26.—A report has reached this city, to the effect that the little town of Gibson Station has been robbed in pretty much the same fashion as the Watoba hold-up, the express office and several stores being looted. The place is six miles south of Wagoner, on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas road. It is said that six men took part in the hold-up. Marshal Grump received a telegram yesterday from Deputy Lawson, who is in pursuit of the Cook gang, saying a fight between the bandits and officers was expected at any time.

The latest robbery reported here was that of a minister by two men last night at Illinois station. It is not known how much was secured. This morning's train from Wagoner was guarded by twenty-five men under Sheriff Brown, and the same posse went away on the westbound train a few hours later, being reinforced by twenty-five others at Keweta, as the railroad people were expecting a hold-up at Illinois station.

The Cook gang is supposed to be in that vicinity, as ten armed men were seen at the water-tank there when the east-bound train came through. Conductor Dunkling reports the whole country is up in arms, and on the hunt for the outlaws. He says fully 500 men are engaged in the chase.

Bill Cook is to be shot on sight. About 150 deputies have been ordered to Gibson, the place where Cook has heretofore made his headquarters. There is little doubt, however, that his band has learned of the coming of the deputies and Indian police, and scattered. The chief of the Cherokee nation has offered a reward of $500 for Bill Cook.

The report that Jim Cook, the young brother of Bill, escaped from the Cherokee guards is incorrect. The guards got scared the other night and, fearing the Cook gang would swoop down on them, changed Jim's guard house and gave out the report that he had escaped. It was all a ruse, so the private secretary of Chief Harris says. It is now only a matter of a few hours before the last will be heard of the Cook gang, as a fight or capture is imminent. Commissioner McKennon says the Cook episode will doubtless hasten the opening of the Territory. His Commission will make unanimous report to Congress recommending the long looked-for change.

You read the Evening World! Do you read the Sunday World?

The Terrible Maxim Gun.

Maxim guns were used aboard our ironclads during the recent naval manoeuvres, says the London Daily News. A correspondent describes their use as follows: The storm of bullets from them cut the water like the rain on the advancing edge of a tropical squall. With one of these guns a gunner of very moderate skill can, at 500 yards range, cut down an ordinary park paling almost as well as a workman can do the business on the spot with an axe, and it is, therefore, not astonishing that most of the targets recently, small as they were, quickly disappeared. To the horrible noise made by the Maxim, the correspondent knows of nothing that is comparable, except, perhaps, the sound made by steam blowing off at enormous pressure from the safety valve of a big boiler.

INE

They End this way

—the names of most so-called washing compounds. It isn't an accident, either. It's to make them sound like Pearline; the original washing compound—the best in every way. Imitations are thus named in the hope of confusing you—in the hope that you'll mistake them for Pearline. For most people, that's enough. It convinces them that the article so imitated, so copied, so looked-up to, is the best to use. If your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—send it back. JAMES PYLE

SPECIAL SALE

LONDON'S LATEST

Club Ties and Bows,

20c.

These Ties are now the most popular and fashionable of all Neckwear. Made of a superior quality of Black Satin. Also White Japanese Silk "Four-in-Hand" (reversible) at the same price.

This Neckwear can't be bought anywhere for less than 50 cents.

GEO. BRADFORD TRIPLER,

101 Nassau St., cor. Ann,

BENNETT BUILDING.

36 Park Row, Potter Bldg.

ESTABLISHED 1807.

7 STORES TOGETHER.

Park Row and Chatham Sq.

COWPERTHWAIT,

Park Row and Chatham Sq.

EVERYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, &c.

$1 Weekly on $65 Worth.

You may pay $75 elsewhere for the same quantity of goods and possibly have 75 weeks' time for paying, but why pay uptown prices?

ONLY ONE VISIT NECESSARY.

Collections Made IF REQUESTED.

THIS HOUSE HAS NO BRANCHES.

(Open Saturday Evening.)

BREAD STILL COSTLY.

Flour Dropped to Half Price, Yet a Loaf Costs Five Cents.

Protest Has Caused a 20 Per Cent. Reduction in Washington.

Bakers Contend that Other Material and Wages Are Higher.

Despite the fact that at no time in the history of this country has the market price of wheat been as low as at present, the price of bread remains the same, and there has been no concentrated action on the part of the great number of bakers to reduce the price of the staff of life. For months past wheat has been on a steady decline, and at present the price per bushel is close to fifty cents. The price of flour has decreased accordingly and this staple can now be bought at less than half the figure demanded by millers three or four years ago.

The market value of flour, of course, is in accordance with different grades, but the best used by bakers averages in the vicinity of $3.50 per barrel. Only a few years ago this same grade cost the baker from $6 to $8 per barrel; consequently the profits to the baker have increased materially, while the public has gained but little or nothing by the decreased valuation.

In many instances the baker has not even made a change in the quality, but as the price went down, instead of procuring a better grade of flour, he has seen a way to increase his profits by using the same grade as before, getting it at a great reduction. There are certain grades of flour that can be bought at an average price of $2.50 per barrel at present, yet the price of bread to the retail customer remains the same as it was years ago when flour was 100 per cent. higher.

The average loaf of bread sold costs five cents. This price has ruled for years, and in but few instances has the price fallen below this figure to the retail customer, notwithstanding the fluctuations in the wheat markets. This action, perhaps, is the only city in which there has been any concentrated action upon the part of the bakers to reduce the price of bread. A few days ago the price throughout the city was generally reduced from 5 to 4 cents a loaf. This action was brought by a public refusal to pay the price formerly demanded.

Although this action was purely local, it will undoubtedly have a most important effect throughout the country later.

The average five-cent loaf of bread weighs from one pound three ounces to a pound and three-quarters. A careful investigation of the bakeries in this city shows that if all were averaged, the weight of the loaves would probably be about a pound and a quarter. This has been the average weight for years, and no reduction in the wheat market has had any effect upon it.

This is true of the bakers in general, of course, in many instances competition has compelled them to increase the size of the loaf, but to even this the public again suffers, for the quality undergoes a change in accordance with the increase in quantity.

The different grades of bread also cut a big figure, too. Of course, the baker can not place on the market a selected loaf of Vienna, or other high grade bread which requires better material and more skillful working, can not be sold at the same price as the loaf of ordinary bread. This is one of the chief arguments used by the baker against a reduction in the price.

Bakers hold that while the value of flour has decreased materially, the wages demanded by operators has increased, and that the prices of the other ingredients have grown higher. Many of them also claim that the great reduction in the price of flour has hurt their trade, inasmuch inasmuch as that when flour is so cheap many people do their own baking, therefore a big inroad is made into the profits of the business.

An "Evening World" reporter interviewed a large number of leaders in various portions of the city and, as a general thing, he found that the greatly reduced price of flour had had but a small tendency towards benefitting the public at large.

The arguments against any reduction in the price of bread were various, but generally very lame. Not one could be found that would gainsay the fact that the reduction in the price of flour enabled them to earn larger profits, yet they couldn't see any good reason why the price of bread should be reduced.

The claim that the wages paid to bakers had increased don't hold very far. After a careful investigation it

HOF KOCH & CO

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 27,

Beginning of

SEMI-ANNUAL

CLEARING SALE

OF

Broken Sizes

OF

Ladies', Misses', Children's and Boys'

SHOES

AT

1-2 Price.

All Shoes have "KOCH" on the inside, thereby guaranteeing superior work and perfect fit.

LOT 1.

Ladies' Dongola, Opera Toe, plain Button Boot; Former price $2.50 to $3, now 1.69

LOT 2.

Ladies' Berlin Kid, Opera Toe or Common Sense Button Boot; Former Price $3.75 to $5, now 2.59

LOT 3.

Ladies' French Kid and Patent Leather, hand sewed, Button Boot, Former price $6, $7 & $8, now 3.49

LOT 4.

Misses' Dongola and Straight Goat, Spring Heel, Button; Former price $2.50 to $3, now 1.69

LOT 5.

Boys' and Youths' Calf Button; Former Price $2.50 to $3, now 1.49

LOT 6.

Boys' and Youths' Calf Button, Former price $3 to $3.50, now 1.98

LOT 7.

Children's Dongola and Straight Goat, Spring Heel Button, Former price $1.50 to $2, now 98c.

125th St., West Bet. Lenox & 7th Aves.

DID JULIA STEAL JEWELS?

Broker Newberger's Pretty Nurse Girl Held in Court.

Four Rings Tied in a Lace Handkerchief Disappeared.

Detective-Sergts. Price and McCafferty brought to the Yorkville Police Court this morning Julia Fritz, a pretty nurse-girl, who claims her age is fourteen, but appears to be seventeen. The girl was charged with the theft of five diamond rings, valued at $400, from her employer, Mrs. Jennie Newberger, wife of a broker living at 242 East Fiftieth street.

Mrs. Newberger claims that on Oct. 12 she carried her bady into the area of her house, and had in her hand a lace handkerchief, in which were tied the diamond rings. Afterwards she sent the nurse girl to wheel the baby carriage to the grocery, corner of Forty-eighth street and Second avenue, and in the girl's absence noticed the loss of the handkerchief containing the diamonds.

Confident that she had inadvertently dropped the handkerchief into the baby carriage, she awaited the nurse's return, but when Julia was questioned, she denied any knowledge of the handkerchief.

Detectives learned where Julia was sent on the day of the theft that he had observed the girl with a lace handkerchief, one ends f which was tied in a knot. On this statement Julia was arrested.

Justice Meade held her for examination on Monday morning in $1,000 bail, and because of her youth she was turned over to the Gerry Society until that time.

ABANDONED HER BABY.

Police Looking for "Miss Thompson," of 600 Union Street.

Detectives are to-day looking for a pretty young woman who is accused of abandoning her sixteen-months-old infant. The girl left the child, a boy, at Mrs. Jane Clifford's day nursery, 600 Union street, Brooklyn, yesterday morning, promising to return for him later. She did not appear, and Mrs. Clifford sent the child to the City Nurse. The young woman said she was "Miss Thompson, of 275 Union street." The name and address were fictitious.

Have You Registered?

is the burning question of the hour. Another—perhaps of greater importance to you—is, Have you tried

RIKER'S EXPECTORANT

for your Cough, Cold, Bronchitis or Hoarseness? If not, you have neglected the only bridge that will carry you safely over the danger of pneumonia. Only 25 cts. a bottle, and your money back if—

But there are no "ifs" about RIKER'S. Of your druggist, or at the old stand—

RIKER'S,

6th Ave., Cor. 22d St.

THE 6 O'CLOCK EDITION AND THE SPORTING EXTRA OF THE EVENING WORLD CONTAIN MORE SPORTING NEWS OF INTEREST THAN CAN BE FOUND IN ANY

BIERMAN, HEIDELBERG & Co.

WHOLESALE CLOTHIERS.

OUR ENTIRE WHOLESALE STOCK NOW ON SALE at RETAIL at LESS THAN WHOLESALE PRICES.

You might imagine that we do not manufacture the higher grades of clothing, because we are now selling our surplus Wholesale Stock at such extremely low prices. You can readily ascertain, however, that our firm is known throughout the entire country as makers of the highest standard of clothing. Dealers anywhere will testify to this fact.

We manufacture clothing on a larger scale than any other firm in the world. Our experience of more than thirty years has enabled us to master the problem how to make good and stylish Clothing at a small cost. We use none but the very best cloth and trimmings, and warrant every article sold by us. Not a garment is permitted to leave our stores unless it fits properly, and if you are not pleased with your purchase we will thank you to return it and get your money back.

When in our neighborhood come in and examine some of those $10, $12 and $15 SUITS and OVERCOATS. You will have to pay from $8 to $10 more for these garments at any retailer's in the city.

Special This Week, Pants $3, Worth $5.

BOTH STORES OPEN SATURDAY EVENING UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK.

OLD HERALD BUILDING, BROADWAY AND ANN ST. WHOLESALE HOUSE: 644 AND 646 BROADWAY.

STEWART BUILDING, BROADWAY AND CHAMBERS ST. TAILOR SHOPS: 153, 155 AND 157 CROSBY ST.

BIERMAN, HEIDELBERG & Co.

MOST HEALTHFUL. MOST DELICIOUS.

A. B. C. THE BEST OATMEAL.

MOST ECONOMICAL. STEAM COOKED.

NEVER EQUALLED SINCE ITS INTRODUCTION 19 YEARS AGO.

CEREALS MFG. CO., 83 Murray St., N. Y. All Grocers.

"Quickputon Shirts."

Perfection in fit, comfort and elegance; open down the front, slips on and off like a vest, different length sleeves, Full-Dress and short bosoms, 98c. Each.

GEO. BRADFORD TRIPLER,

Cor. Nassau & Ann Sts., Bennett Bldg. 36 Park Row, Potter Building.

SOUTHERN TRIP FOR GIANTS.

New York's Baseball Team May Open on New Orleans Grounds.

A Practice Tour Decided Upon, to Begin About March 15.

That the New York Baseball Club would take a Southern trip next Spring has been regarded as certain for months, but it was not until yesterday that Treasurer E. B. Talcott declared positively that the team would go. He had been shown a despatch from St. Louis, stating that President Von der Ahe had secured the baseball grounds at Hot Springs, Ark., and that several League teams would begin training there and at the same time play against each other.

"You can say," said Mr. Talcott, in decisive tones, "that the New York Club will not play any other league club till the regular season opens. It would be illegitimate, and most unwise. It is certain that no such scheme will obtain sanction for a moment."

"When will the New Yorks go South?"

"I have only seen Capt. Ward once since the Temple Cup series ended, and he has said nothing about next season. Probably the boys will leave here March 15, returning about April 5. We shall play Yale and probably Princeton, the former having indicated a desire for a game only a day or two ago, and the latter usually arranges to play the New Yorks, anyway."

"Is it true that grounds have been engaged for the team in New Orleans?"

"Well, Mr. Genslinger, the former head of the Southern League, said he could secure us the refusal of the ball park there, and we told him to take that step if he chose."

At this point Davis and Doyle, who were present, were asked their opinion of the proposed trip. Davis said the grounds at New Orleans were only a couple of feet above water, and if rain prevailed for several days the diamond would be useless. Doyle declared in favor of Hot Springs as an ideal place to begin training, and Davis coincided with this view.

As everybody felt that the local team would have won the pennant last Summer, provided they had had a preliminary Southern tour, instead of having to practise on the blustery Polo Grounds with an occasional snow squall to blind the eyes and stiffen the fingers, it has been resolved to go to any feasible outlay in order to have the boys "on edge" when the season of 1895 opens.

Doyle and Davis, who have been contemplating a trip to California, were almost persuaded to change their plans and make a tour of Europe or the Orient. Both are looking well, and Doyle has increased in weight noticeably. Eddie Burke will stay here and open a cafe on upper Third avenue. Murphy is spending a little while with his brother, Mike Murphy, Yale's trainer at New Haven. Meekin and Rusie are shooting jack rabbits and prairie chickens in Indiana. German is killing ducks at Havre-de-Grace, Maryland. Van Haltren has reached his home in Oakland, opposite San Francisco. Ward has gone West on a hunting expedition.

BROMO EFFERVESCENT CAFFEINE

FOR ALL KINDS OF

HEADACHES

BROMO CAFFEINE IS MADE TO CURE. INFRINGING "BROMOS" ARE MADE TO SELL.

Do you see the difference?

SMALL SIZE, 10c. LARGE SIZE, $1.00

NO EXTRA CHARGE.

Every American Dist. Tel. Office is an Authorized Advertising Agency for THE WORLD. A. D. T. messengers will answer your call-box free, and take your World Advertisements at office rates.

RING THEM UP!

Lambert's

58TH ST AND 3D AVE

Manufacturing Jewellers & Importers.

Exclusive Designs and Largest Assortment IN DIAMOND, GOLD AND SILVER JEWELRY,

expressly manufactured and particularly appropriate for the coming holidays.

Unexcelled selection in GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, including all the best AMERICAN and IMPORTED MOVEMENTS, at MANUFACTURERS' PRICES, with three years' guarantee.

14 & 18 Kt. Seamless Wedding Rings

Contain no solder and are without joint. The only ring in the market constructed on this principle.

We carry at all times the largest stock, comprising all styles, sizes and weights, and ranging in prices from $3.00 and upward to $20.00.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 7 O'CLOCK, SATURDAYS UNTIL 10 O'CLOCK.

LAMBERT BROS., 3d Ave., cor. 58th St.

MAD DASH FOR LIBERTY.

Burglar Lockwood Tries to Escape at the Prison Door.

Chased by Policemen, but Caught by a Civilian Stranger.

A desperate attempt to escape from the custody of two officers was made at 9 o'clock this morning just outside the entrance to the Jefferson Market Police Court by a man charged with burglary, which would have been successful had it not been for the lucky intervention of a passer-by.

The man was Charles Lockwood. He had lived in Kingston, N. Y., until last July. He was arrested this morning by Officers M. J. Cahill and John Sullivan, of Kingston, N. Y., at the foot of Tenth street, where he had gone to the steamboat landing to meet, as he supposed, his wife. Lockwood is charged with entering and burglarizing the house of Prof. Callahan, of the Kingston Academy, while that person was spending his vacation in the Catskill Mountains.

The two officers and their prisoner had walked from the wharf to the court without the slightest mishap. The prisoner had been perfectly quiet until they arrived at the steps, and then, making a sudden dash, he was off down the street as fast as he could go.

Before the officers had recovered from their surprise he was half a block away. They gave chase then immediately. The flying man turned and ran through the market. He heeded not the shouts of the marketmen, but dashed wildly on his way. Several barrels of potatoes and other vegetables were overturned in the mad chase. When the pursued had reached the other side of Greenwich avenue he came to a sudden halt. He had run squarely into the arms of a big, stalwart, broad-shouldered man.

The stranger, for such he proved to be, had been attracted by the shouts of the pursuers. He held Lockwood until their arrival. The burglar was then taken back and locked up behind bars. Later, when the Judge took the bench, he was requested to countersign the warrant for the arrest of Lockwood. When this had been done the officers left with their prisoner securely handcuffed.

All new carpets made on a Firth Wool basis at panic prices at Cowperthwait's, 104 W. 14th st.