

PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1894.

PRICE ONE CENT.

SUNDAY, DEC. 30.

The New Year's World

A Happy New Year to You!

The "Scarlet Letter" AS A GREAT ROMANTIC OPERA. The Words and a Part of the Score. The Novel has been made a Dramatic Poem by GEORGE PARSONS LATHROP (Lathrop's Non-in-Law), and Set to Music by WALTER DAMROSCH.

A Charming Story BY EUGENE FIELD. Beautifully and Elaborately Illustrated.

Amelia E. Barr Writes a Forceful Essay on

EXTRAVAGANCE IN WOMEN'S DRESS, AND BLAMES MEN FOR ENCOURAGING IT.

NOTABLE EVENTS OF THE YEAR. A VERY STUNNING PICTORIAL HISTORY of Every Important Happening During 1894. Which All World Readers Will Cut Out and Keep.

CARDINAL GIBBONS ON The New Woman. An authorized and remarkable INTERVIEW, in which the Great Prelate discusses the Character and Prospects of the FIN-DE-SIECLE WOMAN.

A PORTRAIT MOSAIC. A Very Remarkable

PAGE PICTURES OF THE MEN Throughout the Civilized World Who Played a Part in Making the History of the Year 1894.

The Merits of Football.

PROF. SARGENT, of Harvard College, writes of the Peculiar Value of the Game in the Perfect Physical Development of Men.

MAN'S Greatest Fault.

An Entertaining Discussion of the question, "What Shortcoming in a Man Is Most Distasteful to Woman."

BY DELINA PATTI.

The Great Singer Writes for THE WORLD a delightful New Year's Story ON A UNIQUE SUBJECT.

6 O'CLOCK EXTRA.

20° COLDER TO-MORROW.

Remarkable Drop in the Temperature Predicted in the Next 24 Hours.

THE STORM IN THIS SECTION.

Traffic of All Kinds Hampered by the Snow, Water and Slush.

NO DISASTERS YET REPORTED.

The Tide Unusually High, Choking Sewers and Flooding Cellars.

The severe storm which has been raging since last night along the Atlantic coast from Maine to Florida will be followed by a cold wave, which Signal-Service Officer Dunn believes will cause a drop of 20 degrees in the temperature within the next twenty-four hours.



SCENE AT PARK PLACE THIS MORNING.

Within ten minutes after the sudden cold snap set in this afternoon, Centre street, Park row, and the Bridge highways were congested, so much so that it was with difficulty pedestrians managed to work their way through the tangled mass of teams and cars around the bridge entrance.

The trouble began on the south driveway of the bridge, when five teams became stalled owing to the slippery condition of the pavement. In a few minutes the line of teams extended into Park Row. Third avenue cable, Fourth avenue, Bleecker street and Grand street cars were unable to proceed.



CROSSING BROADWAY.

To add to the confusion, the cable of the Third avenue got out of order, and the wrecking crew was sent for. The blockade lasted nearly an hour.

The man who thought it would be a fine thing to get up early this morning and take a walk in the snow on his front steps with an eight-inch shovel made the mistake of his life, for he found, beyond more than half of him had reached outside, that this wasn't the nice snowstorm he had been dreaming of for months, or the kind he knew when he believed in Santa Claus and other pleasing fables in his life, for he found the snow began to cover the town last night with a fine white powder every one confidently believed it was going to be a decent, self-respecting sort of arrangement of flakes. There was a difference this morning, and the snow worked itself in many stages first to hall, and then to a cold, miserable,

(Continued on Second Page.)

ANDREWS GIVES IT UP

Says He Can't Clean the Streets Under the Present Law.

"The World," He Says, Has Completely Tied His Hands.

Gilroy Tells Him to Worry Along Till Strong Takes Hold.

Street-Cleaning Commissioner Andrews appeared before the Board of Estimate and Apportionment to-day and practically acknowledged that he was incompetent to run his Department.

He said that he could not make a contract for the removal of the present snow owing to defects in the law, and he pleaded his utter inability to secure enough men to meet the emergency. Mr. Andrews tried to throw the responsibility for his own incompetency upon the Anti-Padone law, which law, he admitted, should be credited to "The World." This law forbids the employment of the old system of men, and he said, pitifully, "I could have had 1,500 men ready to go to work removing snow at 6 o'clock this afternoon. The contractors were supposed to pay each man \$1.25 a day out of the \$1.50, which they refused to do. There were complaints, I believe, that the Italians employed did not always receive the \$1.25, but the work was done promptly at any rate."

Even Mayor Gilroy thought that this was a little weak, and he suggested that by advertising for men under the clause permitting the employment of unlimited numbers, Mr. Andrews could get plenty of men.

"Have you done anything at all to secure men?" asked Mr. Gilroy. "I have not," replied the Commissioner.

The present law provides that regular contracts may be made, but there is difficulty about the standard or method of measuring the snow collected. "Commissioner Andrews was instructed to go ahead and try to do as well as he could under the three-day contract to be presented to the Board after Mayor Strong comes in."

Mr. Andrews could get all the men he wants by sending out half a dozen men along West and South streets, Chatham Square, the Bowery and Third and Tenth avenues. If those men carried placards announcing that men were wanted to-night at \$2 for eight hours, he would get not 1,000 men, but 10,000, by 6 o'clock.

"As to their being citizens, there would be no difficulty about that, for men were not citizens they would run the risk of not getting their money."

JAEHNE FULL OF FIGHT.

Dismissed by Andrews for "Having Committed a Crime."

Charles L. Jaehne, the professional bondsman, who is now under indictment as accessory to a false impersonation of one of the men for whom he was surety, has been dismissed from the Street-Cleaning Department by order of Commissioner Andrews, who was "vindicated" before the Lexow Committee some time ago. Andrews dismissed Jaehne for neglect of duty and for having committed a crime.

Jaehne has not yet been tried, and, under the law, is presumably innocent, but Commissioner Andrews is full of fight, and is determined to show the world that he is not a man who is afraid of anything approaching the mere suspicion of criminal guilt, but that he has tried and convicted him in advance of the courts.

Jaehne received a letter of dismissal from Commissioner Andrews Dec. 17. By advice of counsel he sent a letter to Andrews in which he stated that his record was clear in the department and that he had not neglected his duties. He called attention to the bona fide affidavits of the officials who are over him as proof of this. He also delicately insinuated that the Commissioner had gone beyond his province in declaring him guilty of "a crime," and drew his attention to the fact that he had not yet been tried for the alleged offense, to which he has pleaded not guilty.

RACING AT NEW ORLEANS.

Opening Event Won by Festival with Bird Catcher Second.

RACE TRACK, NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 27.—The weather was clear and pleasant here to-day, although a drop of 40 degrees in the temperature since last night made it a trifle cool. There was a large crowd present, and the betting was lively, as the programme was a good one. The track was lumpy and rather slow. First Race—Five furlongs—Won by Festival, 4 to 1 and 6 to 1. Bird Catcher, 6 to 5 place, was second, and Flush third. Time—1:04.

ALEXANDER TRACK FROZEN.

No Racing on the Virginia Course To-day—Entries Stand.

RACE TRACK, ALEXANDER ISLAND, Va., Dec. 27.—The races on this track to-day will not be run. The track is frozen, and in such condition that racing would be impossible. The entries for to-day will stand.

Trouble in the Central Park Church

Decision in the dispute between Rev. C. V. Patterson, of the Central Park Baptist Church, and an opposing faction in his congregation, has been given against Mr. Patterson by the referee appointed by Judge Barrett, of the Supreme Court, of the city. The trouble began last Easter, when, being locked out of the church by members of his congregation, Mr. Patterson took in forcibly and held services.

Turkish Ministers Agree to Reforms in Armenia.

ROME, Dec. 27.—It is stated that the Council of Ministers on Monday last agreed to important reforms in Armenia.

ANGRY OVER BONDS.

Wall Street Men Denounce Secretary Carlisle's Course.

If Any One Else Had Acted So They Would Call It a Swindle.

The Syndicate Which Bought Them Has Been Dissolved.

The syndicate which purchased the recent issue of Government bonds has issued the following notice:

The action of the United States Treasury on currency questions having made progress in the sale of bonds for the amount of the five per cent bond syndicate, and the period of thirty days mentioned in the notice of Nov. 2, having expired, the syndicate is dissolved.

The facts are, that the features of Secretary Carlisle's currency plan have induced liquidation by holders of United States 4 and 5 per cent bonds outside of the syndicate, which has had the result of bringing the prices of the five per cent bonds below the syndicate's price. Therefore they have been unable to find a market for their bonds at the price fixed by them.

The feeling in Wall street to-day against Secretary Carlisle is very bitter, and there is no hesitancy on the part of the members of the syndicate to express themselves about what they generally term the Secretary's sharp practice.

Mr. Pihy Plisk, of Harvey Plisk & Sons, who are members of the bond syndicate, said:

"It is a piece of bad faith on Mr. Carlisle's part which will not soon be forgotten. His action in doing away with United States Government bonds as a basis of circulation simply took away our market four days after we had purchased the bonds."

"It was an act which, if performed by a Wall street man in connection with the issue of railroad bonds, would have branded him as a scoundrel. All I can say is that if Mr. Carlisle wants to get rid of any more bonds on the same all-leased favorable terms, he will find some difficulty in disposing of them here."

"We have no more redress and must take our medicine quietly, but we can think pretty hard."

STEPHENSON BEGS A STAY.

The Convicted Police Captain Tries to Keep Out of Jail.

An application was made to Justice Gaynor, in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, this afternoon for a stay for Police Captain John T. Stephenson, who was sentenced by Justice Ingraham yesterday to serve three years and nine months and to pay a fine of \$1,000.

Shortly after 3 o'clock the Justice filed a decision in the matter of the application, in which he says that his attention has been called to a change made by the Legislature last May concerning such requests.

"I do not see," says the Justice in his decision, "that I am free to refuse to grant the stay."

Goff—Is Capt. Meakin here? Williams—He's sick.

Goff—Is Capt. Westervelt here? Williams—He's sick.

Goff—Is Capt. Washburn here? Williams—He's sick.

6 O'CLOCK EXTRA

CHARGES SUPPRESSED.

Many Accusations Against Inspector Williams Not on the Records.

HIS MEMORY VERY DEFECTIVE.

Evil Resorts Permitted to Exist Because, He Says, They Were Fashionable.

Inspector Williams resumed the witness stand before the Lexow Committee this morning and Lawyer Goff put some searching queries to him. The inspector answered many of them with denials and to others pleaded lack of memory.

He was asked if he had not been accused of every crime in the calendar, and if he had not once been charged with stealing various articles from

It was to be published, and he did not believe in advertising the places. Besides, he said, the Committee which was investigating for the Board was not an honest one in his opinion.

During the examination it developed that many charges made against the Inspector were not on the Department records.

Mr. Goff declared they had been suppressed, and said it was an evidence of

"The Angel."

Rev. Charles F. Weitzel and Rev. Lyman Abbott.

Mr. Goff said that in a certain year charges were made against the witness by Howard Crosby and others, and that when the police records were examined nothing was found about it on the books, although it was known that the Commissioners stood 2 to 2 on the case.

After the discovery was made that no record of this case had been made the books were subsequently altered so as to show it.

"Whose fault was this?" asked Chairman Lexow. "The clerk's."

"Oh, no," replied Mr. Goff. "It was the fault of the whole Department. It was full of rottenness then."

Once when Inspector Williams wanted to make an explanation the Chairman advised him not to do it.

"I don't think it would be well for you to say any more about the matter, Inspector," said the Senator.

Continuing his testimony, Inspector Williams said that he was first put in command of the mounted squad, and retained it from July, 1871, to May, 1872. Then he went to the Twenty-first Precinct.

Williams—I'm so well known that even the street-car horses nod to me.

Q. You seem to have a feeling against investigating committees. Do you believe that is an honest Committee? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did you ever have a meeting with the committee? A. No, sir.

Q. You say that houses of ill-fame did not interfere with children going and coming from school, and that that talk about it was all nonsense? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Is that a fact? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did you ever see a man in front of his place who had a sign on his door? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Then you knew they were disorderly? A. No, sir.

Q. What right had you to order householders to look out of the windows? A. The power of regular police officers.

Q. Who do you refer to as the women? A. The people in the houses.

After going over the Louisa Smith case again, but with no better results, Mr. Goff asked if it was not because the Inspector had committed so many outrages on the citizens of New York that he could not remember special cases.

"No, sir. You are wrong," said he. "I haven't ever called the authorized body of the police force? A. No, sir."

Q. Haven't you been repeatedly called the champion clubber? A. Yes, I guess I have.

Q. You know that the right of citizens while he has his club in his hand? A. No, sir.

Q. Couldn't you recall that he had employed Charles Spencer as counsel when he defended himself from the Louisa Smith charges, but could he remember any charges preferred against him by the Board? A. No, sir.

Mr. Goff refreshed his memory on these points, and he afterwards remembered that he had some trouble with the Williams case.

Q. Didn't you say that one man in front of his place would be a mob? A. No, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

6 O'CLOCK EXTRA

CHARGES SUPPRESSED.

Many Accusations Against Inspector Williams Not on the Records.

HIS MEMORY VERY DEFECTIVE.

Evil Resorts Permitted to Exist Because, He Says, They Were Fashionable.

Inspector Williams resumed the witness stand before the Lexow Committee this morning and Lawyer Goff put some searching queries to him. The inspector answered many of them with denials and to others pleaded lack of memory.

He was asked if he had not been accused of every crime in the calendar, and if he had not once been charged with stealing various articles from

It was to be published, and he did not believe in advertising the places. Besides, he said, the Committee which was investigating for the Board was not an honest one in his opinion.

During the examination it developed that many charges made against the Inspector were not on the Department records.

Mr. Goff declared they had been suppressed, and said it was an evidence of

"The Angel."

Rev. Charles F. Weitzel and Rev. Lyman Abbott.

Mr. Goff said that in a certain year charges were made against the witness by Howard Crosby and others, and that when the police records were examined nothing was found about it on the books, although it was known that the Commissioners stood 2 to 2 on the case.

After the discovery was made that no record of this case had been made the books were subsequently altered so as to show it.

"Whose fault was this?" asked Chairman Lexow. "The clerk's."

"Oh, no," replied Mr. Goff. "It was the fault of the whole Department. It was full of rottenness then."

Once when Inspector Williams wanted to make an explanation the Chairman advised him not to do it.

"I don't think it would be well for you to say any more about the matter, Inspector," said the Senator.

Continuing his testimony, Inspector Williams said that he was first put in command of the mounted squad, and retained it from July, 1871, to May, 1872. Then he went to the Twenty-first Precinct.

Williams—I'm so well known that even the street-car horses nod to me.

Q. You seem to have a feeling against investigating committees. Do you believe that is an honest Committee? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did you ever have a meeting with the committee? A. No, sir.

Q. You say that houses of ill-fame did not interfere with children going and coming from school, and that that talk about it was all nonsense? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Is that a fact? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Did you ever see a man in front of his place who had a sign on his door? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Then you knew they were disorderly? A. No, sir.

Q. What right had you to order householders to look out of the windows? A. The power of regular police officers.

Q. Who do you refer to as the women? A. The people in the houses.

After going over the Louisa Smith case again, but with no better results, Mr. Goff asked if it was not because the Inspector had committed so many outrages on the citizens of New York that he could not remember special cases.

"No, sir. You are wrong," said he. "I haven't ever called the authorized body of the police force? A. No, sir."

Q. Haven't you been repeatedly called the champion clubber? A. Yes, I guess I have.

Q. You know that the right of citizens while he has his club in his hand? A. No, sir.

Q. Couldn't you recall that he had employed Charles Spencer as counsel when he defended himself from the Louisa Smith charges, but could he remember any charges preferred against him by the Board? A. No, sir.

Mr. Goff refreshed his memory on these points, and he afterwards remembered that he had some trouble with the Williams case.

Q. Didn't you say that one man in front of his place would be a mob? A. No, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

Q. Didn't you say that he had been reprimanded on this charge? A. Yes, sir.

CROSSING BROADWAY.

To add to the confusion, the cable of the Third avenue got out of order, and the wrecking crew was sent for. The blockade lasted nearly an hour.

The man who thought it would be a fine thing to get up early this morning and take a walk in the snow on his front steps with an eight-inch shovel made the mistake of his life, for he found, beyond more than half of him had reached outside, that this wasn't the nice snowstorm he had been dreaming of for months, or the kind he knew when he believed in Santa Claus and other pleasing fables in his life, for he found the snow began to cover the town last night with a fine white powder every one confidently believed it was going to be a decent, self-respecting sort of arrangement of flakes. There was a difference this morning, and the snow worked itself in many stages first to hall, and then to a cold, miserable,

(Continued on Second Page.)

READING THE PAPER.

GIVING A DENIAL.

TRYING TO REMEMBER.

MR. GOFF APPLYING THE PROBE.

READING THE PAPER.

GIVING A DENIAL.

TRYING TO REMEMBER.

MR. GOFF APPLYING THE PROBE.

READING THE PAPER.

GIVING A DENIAL.

TRYING TO REMEMBER.

MR. GOFF APPLYING THE PROBE.

(Continued on Second Page.)

(Continued on Second Page.)

(Continued on Second Page.)