PLATT MAKES A CALL.

The Great Boss Pays a Brief Visit to Mayor Strong.

So, After All, the Mountain Comes to Mahomet.

The Mayor's Health Is Better and So Is His Humor.

Thomas C. Platt, ex-Senator, called on Mayor Strong this afternoon.

The Boss remained in conversation with the Mayor but a short time, and declared afterwards that his visit had nothing to do with politics.

Mayor Strong only smiled in a pleased way and refused to talk about his visitor.

"I just called to see how the Mayor was getting along," said Mr. Platt.

He hurried on without answering a question as to whether he had come to ascertain if the Mayor was going to the Cooper Union meeting to-night.

That, however, the political wags asserted was the object of Mr. Platt's visit. It is the first time he has been inside the Mayor's office since Mayor Strong took office. It is the third time he has met Mayor Strong since election.

The Mayor told Mr. Platt that he would not go to the meeting, as he also told several other persons. His reasons for not going are ill-health.

"I am not going out at night for the present," he said. There was but little time for talk of any other kind between Mr. Platt and the Mayor.

Mayor Strong was at his desk this morning for the first time since Wednesday. The rheumatism in his left arm and side is still a source of much suffering, but the "old enemy" felt back sufficiently to permit of His Honor attending to the business of his office.

"I feel tip top," he said in answer to a question about his health, "but of course I haven't got rid of my rheumatism yet."

Asked about Gov. Morton's visit to him last week, he said:

"The Governor called on me Thursday evening and we had a good old-fashioned informal talk. Politics didn't enter into the conversation to any great extent, except so far as the Police bill was concerned. That we discussed, and I found that the Governor was in accord with my views regarding the appointment of the Commissioners being vested in the Mayor.

"Beyond the little talk about that, Gov. Morton's visit was principally of a social nature. You know I couldn't go to his dinner and he came to see me," and there was the suggestion of a twinkle in the Mayor's eyes as he said it.

The Mayor said further that he hadn't heard from the liquor dealers' committee since Henry Hirsch called on him last Wednesday.

"I expect to be pounded over the head for awhile," he said, referring to the attacks on him from the pulpit, "but they were mild yesterday, and I am willing to stand it. I am certain that my instincts and motives are right, and shall keep right along as I have begun. I see some of the ministers are coming over to my way of thinking even now."

Mayor Strong was asked what he thought about the raiding of the billiard parlors yesterday.

"I don't approve of billiard playing on Sunday," he replied. "Most of the clubs don't allow it. I know that in all the big clubs the tables are covered up on Sunday, and a member would be kicked out if he played there on that day."

Mayor Strong said that he should not attend the Committee of LXX. mass-meeting to-night at Cooper Union; he wasn't going out nights any more until he got rid of his rheumatism.

He said he was in favor of many of the provisions of the new Excise bill which will be introduced to-night at Albany by the Excise Reform Association. The bill provides for the removal of the present Excise Commission and the appointment of one Commissioner, who will be obliged to grant every saloon license applied for, unless the issuing of the license is opposed by one citizen residing in the vicinity of the saloon.

The price of a first-class license under the new law is $1,000.

Senator Robertson, of Westchester, the author of the bill for increasing the salary of Recorder Goff, called upon the Mayor to-day. Gen. Benjamin F. Tracy and Gen. Anson G. McCook also called.

WILL OFFER SHERMAN BILL.

Probable Course of Republican Action in the House.

(Special to The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—When the Springer Bond bill reaches the amendment stage the Republicans will offer, probably through ex-Speaker Reed, the Sherman Bond bill now in the Senate Finance Committee, as a substitute. If the Democrats do not accept this there is practically no show for any financial measure in the House. Mr. Springer says it will not be accepted.

Trips for the Giants Arranged.

Capt. George Davis visited Albany and Troy to-day to arrange games for the "Giants" with the teams in those cities. Manager Freedman said to-day that it was practically settled that the "Giants" would go to Jacksonville, Fla., on their Southern trip next month.

Baseball League in Connecticut.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 4.—At a meeting held here to-day a State Baseball League was formed with the following cities: Bridgeport, Hartford, Waterbury, New Haven, Meriden and one other city to be selected later.

E. BRADLEY, M. D., 10 West 30th st., New York, writes: "DYSPEPSIA is a good food. Excellent on the lining membrane of the organs of digestion is most soothing." 5-7

FRANCHISES REVOKED.

(Continued from First Page.)

Fulton and around to Livingston street.

Many Court street cars passed, and the drivers and motormen were treated to hisses.

Capt. Campbell, of the First Precinct, had one hundred men in the vicinity of the City Hall when the Third avenue strikers arrived. In order to prevent any probable violence he sent to the First Precinct station for the reserves which were stationed there from several other stations.

He also called on the mounted squad and instructed them to keep the crowd moving. The crowd was forced back to the sidewalk, leaving a clear space in front of the City Hall.

By 2.15 o'clock the crowd had increased to 8,000 people.

Connelly, Collins and Holbrook, of the Executive Committee of strikers, came from their headquarters on Bridge street, followed by at least a thousand people.

The crowd became larger at each block. On reaching the City Hall the three committeemen went inside.

The men made no demonstration, except when the cars came along, when they hooted and jeered at the motormen and conductors.

At 1.55 o'clock Mayor Schieren, who had been at lunch on Court street, made his way through the crowd, which at that time filled the sidewalk and side streets. He was recognized, but his presence created no demonstration beyond a few hoots. Right upon his heels was Hugh McLaughlin, the ex-boss, who was received with both cheers and hisses.

Soon after the committeemen had entered the Hall the crowd, which seemed unaffected by the mounted police, began to disperse of its own accord, and by 2.30 there were not more than 1,000 people around the big white building.

While the mounted police were clearing Court street Patrick McDonald, a striker, sixty years old, was struck on the head by one of the policemen, causing a scalp wound.

McDonald was attended in the First Precinct station-house by Ambulance Surgeon McLean, of the Brooklyn Hospital.

Two stitches were taken in his head. He lives at 157 Twenty-seventh street. He was held to await orders from the Captain. He said he was a motorman.

Daniel Linden, of 2278 Atlantic avenue, was arrested at 2.15 at Boerum place and Fulton street, by Policeman Sharp, of the First Precinct, for refusing to move on.

Inside the Hall the greatest precautions were taken to quell any rioting, should it be attempted.

Patrolmen were stationed at the entrance to the Mayor's office, on the stairs and at every point where there was likely to be any trouble.

Several business men in the vicinity of the Mayor's office called at Police Headquarters and asked if it would be necessary for them to close their stores.

Supt. Campbell said that he did not anticipate any trouble whatever and that he had been assured by the strike leaders that the meeting would be conducted in a most orderly manner.

No Mandamus Decision To-Day.

Justice Gaynor arrived at the Court House shortly after 10 o'clock this morning. He retired to his private office for a few minutes, and then announced to the reporters that there would be no decision to-day in the application for a peremptory mandamus compelling the Atlantic Avenue Railroad Company to run its normal quota of cars.

An opinion in the matter may be looked for to-morrow.

Strikers Are Cheerful.

The strikers appear to be more hopeful to-day than during the closing days of last week. It was stated at the strikers' headquarters to-day that many of the new men employed by the railway companies had been induced to join the Knights of Labor and had deserted. It is claimed that fully one hundred men refused to go to work this morning and the strikers say the railway companies are in desperate straits to get or keep men enough to even make an outward appearance of giving the public proper service.

Will Jerseymen Strike?

Another reason for the cheerful feeling among the strikers is that they say they have received from the Knights of Labor employed on trolley cars in Jersey City assurances that they are ready to quit work as soon as called upon to do so.

None of the members of the Executive Committee would to-day either affirm or deny the report.

Norton Has No New Plan.

President Norton of the Atlantic Avenue Railroad, when asked by an "Evening World" reporter what plans had been formed for the projection of new employees now that Commissioner Welles had refused to allow them to carry revolvers, said: "We haven't made any new plans yet. We will know what we shall do. The new men must be protected. During the day I may have something more to say upon the subject."

Mr. Norton refused to say anything about the proposed demonstration of the strikers at the Brooklyn City Hall this afternoon. Purchasing Agent Tobias denied that the company had hired Pinkerton detectives to protect the new men. "We had thirty-five picked men when we wanted sworn in as specials," said Mr. Tobias.

"The Police Commissioner refused to swear them in. Our men must have some protection. Only last night a car set upon and beat a new man near the Bergen street depot. There were a number of persons who witnessed the assault and a few officers within calling distance. Nobody tried to save the new man and he might have been killed."

No Pinkertons for Lewis.

President Lewis, of the Brooklyn Heights Railroad Company, denied this morning that he contemplated placing Pinkerton guards on the cars of his Company; neither does he propose to arm his employees with firearms.

"The choice of arming motormen and conductors with pistols is President Norton's plan not mine," said Mr. Lewis, "and our Company does not intend to enter into it. Neither do we intend to increase our roster of special officers.

"This Company has always employed some special officers to look after its property. They have been kept on duty at the depots and power houses. We have employed a few extra men since the strike began, but have made no large increase in the force.

"This Company takes the ground that it is the city's duty to protect our property. If the city fails to do so, and we find that our men and cars are not protected we shall cease operating our lines.

"It is true that some of our new men are leaving us, but we are getting other men to fill their places."

More Wire-Cutting.

Wire-cutters renewed their depredations again last night. When the lines were tested previous to starting cars this morning breaks were discovered on Halsey street, near the depot, and on Manhattan avenue, near Nassau avenue. Both cuts were repaired promptly and the cars were started on time.

It was learned that several attempts were made to cut the wires in other parts of the city, but the police frightened the men away.

A Greenpoint Valley car ran into a coal wagon at Kent avenue and Hewes street, Williamsburg, at 8 A. M. to-day. The wagon was upset, the front platform of the trolley car smashed and the motorman, Charles L. Rice, thrown out on his head.

Traffic was delayed until the two tons of coal formerly in the wagon could be shoveled off the track. This took nearly half an hour.

As car No. 1,111 of the Flatbush avenue line was passing the Long Island Railroad Depot, going uptown, at 11 o'clock last night, a large chunk of coal crashed through the fanlight over the front door, striking a woman passenger in the face, cutting her severely.

A special officer who was riding on the front platform at the time, thought the missile came from the "L" station above, and he notified Detectives Kelly and Raleigh, who carried the coal off the depot. The detectives searched the station, but made no arrests.

James Thompson, twelve years old, of 590 Hicks street, was arrested by Special Officer Redder, of the Fifteenth Precinct, this morning, for breaking a window in car No. 171 of the Hicks street line with a stone.

Alexander Kraft, a switchman at Putnam and Nostrand avenues, reported to-day that while coming his way home last night he was assaulted by five strikers on Greene avenue. He was struck in the face by a stone and lost two teeth. The men then ran away.

Connelly to Present the Petition.

Master Workman Connelly arrived at the strikers' headquarters shortly after 10 o'clock.

He denied that he had been in consultation with President Debs, of the American Railway Union, and said that Mr. Debs had left for Indianapolis last night. He said that he and Committeemen Collins and Holcomb would call at the City Hall this afternoon and present the petition of the strikers for the revoking of the railway charters.

Mr. Connelly said that no arrangements had been made for the gathering of the crowd at the City Hall, and that the people who joined the crowd would do so as individuals.

Fewer cars are running to-day than on Saturday. Even the cars that are running are carrying fewer passengers.

This is accounted for by the fact that many people will not ride on the cars because of fear of trouble, and others because of their sympathy with the strikers.

Cars started on the Jamaica avenue line late morning, and the first one was blockaded by stones piled on the track just outside the King's County line.

Each car was accompanied to the boundary line between Kings and Queens counties by a Brooklyn policeman. A deputy sheriff escorted it the rest of the way.

Three Cars in a Crash.

Car 239, of the Myrtle avenue line, on the up trip crashed into a truck of the Havemeyer Sugar Refinery at Myrtle and Carlton avenues, this morning. The front platform of the car was badly damaged.

Before the block, caused by the collision, could be cleared another Myrtle avenue car came along and crashed into the first one. The rear platform of the car and the front platform of the rear car were smashed.

Before the spectators who witnessed the accident could recover from the laugh they indulged in, a third car came along and crashed into the rear platform of the car in front. The returns from the fourth car are not in yet.

New Men Fail to Report.

Twelve non-union men on the Ninth avenue line of the Atlantic avenue system failed to report for work at the Ninth avenue and Twentieth street depot this morning. On the Seventh avenue line there are but ten cars running to-day, two are running on the Fifteenth street line and but one on Ninth avenue. The officials say that the remainder of the cars are out of repair and cannot be used at present.

The Fifth avenue line is running two-thirds of its cars and is the only route making any pretensions to running on schedule time.

The Fifth avenue business men are very much dissatisfied and now take the ground that the road has not the men with which to man the cars.

Flatbush Car Stoned.

Car 1,36, of the Putnam avenue and Hamilton avenue line, reached the Halsey street depot with all the windows broken by stones, which were fired from Flatbush avenue and Fulton street.

The conductor of the car was waiting for the crowds which were marching to the City Hall to pass by. He was sitting in the corner of a seat. Some one threw an open jack-knife at him. It passed through the window glass and, striking the back of the seat, passed completely through the headrest.

A report that twenty men on the Halsey street line had quit after receiving their pay to-day was denied at the depot. It was said that the Company could easily spare that number of men if they felt disposed to do so.

Car 2,215, of the Putnam and Halsey street line was stopped on Fulton street near Bridge street this afternoon by a gang equipped with clubs. Before the car could move on, a crowd of strikers from Muggie's Hall on Bridge street, surrounded the car.

One striker jumped on the front platform, pulled the brake from the socket and struck the motorman, Charles O'Rourke, a severe blow across the abdomen. O'Rourke was taken in an ambulance to the City Hospital suffering from severe internal injuries.

Special policemen with drawn revolvers and regular policemen dispersed the crowd.

Michael Moore, of 321 Hancock street, was clubbed twice on the head and badly cut by a policeman.

He was afterwards arrested, and his wounds were dressed at the station.

MOVING AT ALBANY.

The Attorney-General Hears Motions to Annul Trolley Charters.

(Special to The Evening World.)

ALBANY, Feb. 4. The hearing on the application brought in behalf of the Brooklyn trolley strikers to annul the charter of the Brooklyn Heights Company, because of its failure to operate its line, was resumed before Attorney-General Hancock at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Ex-Speaker Sulzer and ex-Attorney-General Dennison appeared for the strikers, and Lawyer W. F. Trull represented President Lewis, of the Brooklyn Heights Trolley Company.

The proceedings were confined to a statement by Lawyer Trull on behalf of the Company, in answer to the charges in the petition of the strikers, and arguments on both sides. It is not probable that Attorney-General Hancock will render a decision on the application for several days.

If he decides in favor of the strikers proceeding to forfeit the charter of the Brooklyn Heights Company will be begun at once.

Mr. Sulzer said: "I believe we are going to win this request, and if we do we will win our suit. It is a fact that the company is even now jeopardizing the lives of people by running cars with men in hands when they can get their old help back. Every good lawyer in the State says that we shall win if we get leave to bring the suit."

President Lewis's affidavit covered a detailed statement of the inception and progress of the strike. It denied that the Company had violated the provisions of its charte. He said any suspension of traffic was due not to fault of the Company but to the violence which the strikers and their friends inflicted on the competent employees the Company hired to operate the road after the strikers quit work.

As many cars had been run every day since the strike began as could possibly be protected by the police and militia, he claimed, and the delay in, and the failure to run, all the cars was occasioned solely by unlawful acts which the Company could not control. Mr. Lewis contended that every new employee was examined before going to work as to his ability, and in addition to that the road was willing to employ its old men at "fair market wages" if they concluded that they wanted to come back.

"L" GUARDS REBUKED.

Have the Reputation of Being Sluggers, Says Judge McMahon.

James A. Seymour, one of Brooklyn's special policemen, was a prisoner in the Tombs Police Court this morning, charged with intoxication and carrying concealed weapons.

He visited his mother in Harlem yesterday, and on the train coming down town, fell asleep. When the cars pulled in at the City Hall station, he refused to leave. Patrolman Ahern arrested him. Platform Man Webb said Seymour brandished a night stick and threatened to assault the guards. When searched in the police station a loaded revolver, a pair of chain nippers and the night stick were found on him.

In court to-day, Seymour said he had been doing police duty in Brooklyn for twenty-four hours and was tired.

"When we reached the station, somebody punched me in the jaw. That's the way those fellows have of waking a man."

"You people at City Hall station," said Justice McMahon to the platform man who appeared as the complainant, "have the reputation of being sluggers. This is not the first case that has come to this court."

Seymour was held in $500 bail for examination. If he can prove that he is a policeman, and had the right to carry a revolver, he will be discharged.

TO INVESTIGATE THE STRIKE.

Judge Moore So Charges the Kings County Grand Jury.

The Kings County Grand Jury for February was sworn in by Judge Moore in the Court of Sessions, Brooklyn, this morning. In charging the jury, Judge Moore said:

"Now, gentlemen, a serious responsibility rests upon you. For the past two or three weeks there has been considerable disturbance and violation of the law in this city, in connection with a disagreement between several railroad companies and their employees. These matters will probably come before you for investigation, and in considering this matter you will be careful to ascertain who has trampled upon the law and bring to justice those who are responsible for the disturbances of the peace of this community, whether they be high or low, rich or poor.

The Grand Jury then retired. The new Grand Jury is as follows:

Charles E. Teale, tailor, 68 South Portland avenue, George Bliss, news, Fort Hamilton; Fred W. Holbrook, piano, 11 Prospect place; Asa Shipley, engraver, 289 Keap street; Charles H. Barnum, stationer, 229 Bears street; John K. Neal, superintending, 11 Green street; Henry S. Harden, feed, 375 Bergen street; Laurence V. Grant, security, 305 Bergen street; Robert [illegible], machinist, 252 Hancock street; Theodore Adams, merchant, 1608 Bedford avenue; Frank Bearly, [illegible], 42 Hopkins street; Charles H. Schott, merchant, 234 Keap street; William K. Clarkson, President, 250 Green street; Francis H. Parsell, actuary, 37 Aurelia street; H. W. Van Cleef, insurance, 52 Franklin avenue; Andrew H. Brush, shoe, 1376 Bergen street; Henry W. Barnes, dry-goods, 381 Clinton street; Charles Fowler, insurance, 501 Graham avenue; James Brooks, [illegible], 42 Richmond street; Samuel N. Bennett, shoe manufacturer, 352 Marcy avenue; Hugh S. Lewis, real estate, 382 Greene avenue; Samuel R. Williams, fur manufacturer, 153 Lefferts place; William H. Rogers, Canada.

The foreman, Mr. Teale, is head of a large tailoring establishment on Fulton street, a member of the Board of Education, and for several years has been grand marshal of the May Day Sunday-school anniversary.

STRONG WORDS FROM HATCH.

Rules for Currency Debate Almost Provoke an Encounter.

(Special to The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4. There was almost another encounter in the House this afternoon between Hall and Hatch, of Missouri.

The Committee on Rules had brought in an order to take up the Springer Bond bill to-morrow morning, with one day of general debate, one day's consideration in Committee of the Whole, and vote to be taken on Thursday at 2.30 P. M., thirty minutes to be allowed on each amendment.

Hatch immediately opposed the rule, charging that the Committee was wholly in the interest of the banks. Hall, also of Missouri, of the Banking and Currency Committee, said that the accusation was false.

Hatch then replied: "If the gentleman from Missouri will name a single measure reported from his committee which has not been in favor of the banks, I will withdraw my assertion, but he has concealed his denial in language which he would not use to me outside the walls of this House."

The Speaker had to send the Sergeant-at-Arms to restore order. The report of the Committee on Rules was adopted.

The Omnibus War Claims bill was considered in Committee of the Whole, after the conference reports on the Fortifications and army appropriation bills were adopted and a bill had been passed to authorize the Arkansas and Northwestern Railway Company to construct a road across the Indian Territory.

When Mr. Catchings, of the Committee on Rules, introduced a special order for the consideration of the Omnibus War Claims bill, which was opposed by Mr. Dockery (Dem., Mo.), Mr. Pigott (Rep., Conn.), the previous question was ordered—128 to 95. Under the rules fifteen minutes were then allowed on a side for debate.

VANDERBILT TO PARKHURST.

The Multi-Millionaire Sends a Check to the Preacher's Fund.

Mr. J. Langdon Erving, treasurer of the Parkhurst Testimonial Fund, reports the following subscriptions up to noon to-day:

Previously acknowledged	$21,478.25
W. Vanderbilt	250.00
Tiffany & Co.	250.00
Charles Lanier	200.00
Charles Robinson Smith	25.00
Charles S. Mapes	25.00
Mrs. Howell Martin	25.00
"E. L."	25.00
Total	$22,438.25

HAWAIIAN CORRESPONDENCE.

President Sends More of It to Congress To-Day.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The President to-day sent additional Hawaiian correspondence to Congress. Most of it has been published hitherto.

The chief feature is the correspondence between Secretary Gresham and Minister Thurston in which the latter speaks of possible trouble the Hawaiian Government will have in protecting foreigners.

Reaney Eloped with His Cousin's Wife.

Mrs. Annie Reaney of 223 East Seventy-seventh street, reported at Police Headquarters to-day that her husband, Michael Reaney, had abandoned her and had eloped with a Mrs. Mullen, the wife of his cousin, who lives in Northport, L. I. The woman is said to have left her husband here in New York and Mrs. Reaney wants the police to help her find her faithless husband.

Thomas Hamilton a Director.

Thomas L. Hamilton, son of John L. Hamilton the well-known builder, has consented to act as one of the Board of Directors of the New York Baseball Club this season. Mr. Hamilton has never before been connected with any baseball organization, but he is an enthusiastic seer for game, and will be a valuable addition to Mr. Freedman's staff. Mr. Hamilton is prominent in political circles also.

BROMO EFFERVESCENT CAFFEINE FOR ALL KINDS OF HEADACHES
BROMO CAFFEINE IS MADE TO CURE
INFRINGING "BROMOS" ARE MADE TO SELL.
Do you see the difference?
SMALL SIZE, 10c. LARGE SIZE, 25c.

THE SEVENTY'S REFORM PLAN.

(Continued from First Page.)

citizens must summon the Chief to answer their complaint.

The Mayor has not absolute power of removal, however, for either the Chief or the complaining citizens may appeal to the General term, this court to take testimony and decide in accordance with the rights of the Chief and the best interests of the city.

Police Trials.

The Court of Police or Trial Board which is provided for in the measure is a new suggestion, and Mr. Moss thinks it will do away with many of the objections there have been to a single-headed commission, which, it had been argued, would give to one man the power to both appoint and remove.

By the Parkhurst Society's bill, however, three lawyers, of five years' standing each, are to be appointed by the Mayor to try officers arraigned by the Chief. In important cases the entire Board must sit, but where the charges are not grave individual members may conduct the trials.

This Board is given authority to summon witnesses, either civil or official, and may dismiss, fine or reprimand.

In another bill, a bi-partisan Board of Elections is provided for, to consist of four members.

TO FIGHT PLATT'S BILL.

Reformers Will Hold a Great Mass-Meeting To-Night.

Plans for the mass-meeting at Cooper Union to-night, to take action against Platt's scheme for the reorganization of the Police Department, have been completed, and reformers were confident today that the protest will be as vigorous as any against Tammany rule during the campaign.

Charles Stewart Smith will preside and make the opening speech.

The star orator of the occasion will be Dr. Parkhurst. In the list of speakers there are the names of Carl Schurz, James C. Carter, Joseph Larocque and Simon Sterne.

Among the Vice-Presidents are:

Charles S. Fairchild, Alexander E. Orr, John Jacob Astor, William D. Sloane, Horace E. Deming, Francis C. Barlow, John L. Cadwalader, William A. Butler, L. J. Callanan, W. Bayard Cutting, Richard Watson Gilder, G. R. Grinnell, D. Willis James, J. Augustus Johnson, Charles Lanier, James T. Kilbreth, Seth Low, J. Hampden Robb, William Jay William A. Opdyke, Rev. Dr. W. S. Rainsford, Charles Scribner, Lispenard Stewart, William L. Trenholm, Theodore Sutro, Louis Windmuller, Alonzo Rothschild, J. Kennedy Tod and Walter H. Peckham.

A report reached the reformers this morning that the Platt forces may pack the meeting. If this is undertaken, lively proceedings are looked for.

It was stated this afternoon by one of Mr. Platt's friends that he had received an invitation to attend the mass-meeting of the Committee of Seventy at Cooper Union to-night.

GOFF TO PLACE THE BLAME.

He Will Investigate the Locking Up of Debrosky Without Food.

Recorder Goff will, during the next few days, conduct a rigid investigation, and endeavor to place the blame in the matter of Michael Debrosky, the prisoner, who, on Friday, was left alone in the prisoner's pen for several hours without anything to eat.

At the termination of Recorder Goff's charge in the case, at 5 o'clock, Debrosky was locked in the pen. He had had nothing to eat since 10 o'clock in the morning.

Three hours later the jury returned for instructions, and the Recorder ordered the prisoner brought into court.

The attendants returned and reported that the turnkey could not be found, and that the prisoner could not be taken out of the pen. The Recorder then ordered the attendants to procure tools and break the door open. After nearly an hour had been spent the hinges on the door were loosened and the door taken off.

Recorder Goff, when seen to-day, said: "As yet I have not had time to look into this matter, but shall certainly do so. It is an outrage, and whoever is to blame will be brought to justice. The turnkey should not have left his post even for a moment, and he is guilty of gross neglect."

Turnkey Doherty has charge of the prisoners' pen in the Court Building.

ROUGH ON STENOGRAPHERS.

Justice Ingraham Credited with Words He Never Used.

In Supreme Court Chambers this morning, Judge Ingraham became sarcastic at the expense of the court stenographers. In a case of Duryea vs. Fuechsel, a motion was made to settle the case on appeal from the original judgment. The question arose as to whether the stenographers' minutes of the case contained all that had taken place.

"It appears to me," said Justice Ingraham, "that the lawyers of New York have become imbued with an idea that court stenographers are superior to the judges, and that a case is not settled until the stenographers' minutes have decided it.

"There is a measure before the Legislature now, I believe for the forty-fifth time, which will give stenographers the powers some of you lawyers want—when it passes.

"Unless I was suffering from temporary insanity, I never could have made the statement I am credited with in this case. I don't recollect having made any such statement as is on the stenographer's minutes, and if I had, the judgment should be reversed. I refuse to reconsider my decision."

A WEAK HEART.

What a Fearfully Dangerous Thing It Is.

And Yet How Few People Heed Its Terrible Warnings.

What Does That Palpitation and Shortness of Breath Mean to You.

Persons with weak heart get out of breath easily, and have palpitation on the least exertion. As it gets worse they have dizziness, swimming of the eye-sight, headache, faint, sinking feelings, attended by strange sensations. There is generally more or less nervousness and sleeplessness.

It is fearfully common, and neglect is fatal. You can get well by taking the *right* medicine now. Mrs. Mary I. Robie, of Morrisville, Vt., states:

"My family on both sides have been predisposed to heart trouble, and I have myself been troubled with a prickling sensation and numbness in my hands, and for quite a number of years had heart trouble. I suffered terribly, and was greatly worried.

"I began using Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy, which was four years

MRS. MARY I. ROBIE.

"It helped me, and I continued to steadily improve under its powerful influence. I am now seventy-seven years old, and owe my good health entirely to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy."

If you have weak heart, weak nerves or bad blood, take Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy. *It cures.* It is not a patent medicine, but the prescription of the most successful living specialist in curing nervous and chronic diseases, Dr. Greene, of 35 West 14th St., New York City. He has the largest practice in the world, and this grand medical discovery is the result of his vast experience. The great reputation of Dr. Greene is a guarantee that his medicine will cure, and the fact that he can be consulted by any one, at any time, free of charge, personally or by letter, gives absolute assurance of the beneficial action of this wonderful medicine.

CAPT. EAKINS IN TROUBLE.

He Is Accused of Suppressing an Attempt at Suicide.

Supt. Byrnes Is Investigating and There May Be a Trial.

Supt. Byrnes is making an investigation to-day into a case of alleged neglect of duty upon the part of Capt. Joseph Eakins and Sergt. Thomas Conbay, of the Mercer street station. Both officers are accused of making a false entry in the station-house blotter, and failing to report a case of attempt at suicide to Headquarters, with the evident intention of preventing the facts from becoming public.

If Dr. John W. Brannon, of 54 West Eleventh street, tells the same story to Supt. Byrnes he gave to the reporters both policemen may be placed on trial, and in all probability suffer a severe penalty.

About 5 o'clock in the afternoon of Jan. 30, Abraham Einstein, a travelling salesman just arrived from the South, was found nearly dead from two ugly self-inflicted gashes in his throat, in a room at the Hotel Bristol, 15 East Eleventh street. Dr. Brannon was called, sewed up the wounds and sent the patient to St. Vincent's Hospital, from which he subsequently was transferred to Bellevue, having developed symptoms of insanity.

The case, according to Capt. Eakins, was not reported to the police until 4 o'clock the next afternoon, when Dr. Brannon called and stated that he had attended Einstein and ordered his removal to the hospital.

"Dr. Brannon stated," said Capt. Easkins, "that the wounds were not dangerous; that he found the patient walking around the room, and furthermore that he did not know whether the wounds were self-inflicted. He promised to look into the case further and report to the station-house whether it was an accident, assault or attempted suicide.

"Sergt. Conbay was at the desk, and I told him I would investigate the matter, but from the doctor's statement, I considered it a trivial matter, and so it escaped my mind altogether. That's the reason no report was sent to Police Headquarters.

"There was no intention or attempt to conceal the facts in order to protect the hotel from injury that might result from publication in the newspapers."

On the other hand, Dr. Brannon declares his reason for reporting the matter to the police was that he considered it his duty to do so, in view of the circumstances, all of which, he thought pointed to attempted suicide.

If found guilty of the charge in trial before the Commissioners, Capt. Eakins and Sergt. Conbay may both be dismissed from the force. Although no report was sent to Headquarters, an entry was made in the station-house blotter that "Abraham Einstein, fifty-two years, German, of 15 East Eleventh street, was removed to St. Vincent's Hospital, suffering severe cuts in his neck. The doctor (Brannon) stated the wounds may or may not have been self-inflicted, and said he would notify this station if it was a clear case of attempted suicide or not."

Under the rules, it was the duty of Sergt. Conbay to send a report by police telegraph to Headquarters, unless otherwise ordered by the Captain, in which event it was the latter's duty to submit a report in writing to the Superintendent.

It is alleged that the matter was suppressed in deference to the request of the proprietor of the hotel.

ZOO REPRESENTED IN COURT.

Proprietor Wanted the Police Empowered from Closing His Show.

The human-faced chicken, the three-legged roster, "Congo," the deformed donkey and the "Gazarium" were represented by counsel in the Superior Court to-day.

Their owner, Louis D. Stein, had been notified by Police Captain John McCullagh that they could not be exhibited at 613 Eighth avenue because he had no license and because of the objections of the neighbors.

Stein applied to Judge Freedman today for an injunction restraining the Board of Police Commissioners from interfering with the exhibition.

Judge Freedman said that Stein had his remedy in the Criminal Courts and the injunction must be denied.

Addicks's Loyal Six.

DOVER, Del., Feb. 4.—Two more ballots were taken to-day for United States Senator. They resulted as follows: Higgins, 9; Addicks, 4; Massey, 4; Wolcott, 6; Nicholson, 2; Tunnell, 1. Speaker McMullen declared in the House to-day that it was in favor of a continuous session until a Senator was elected.

We're not doing business for profit now—simply preparing for next year.

Two-Thirds of the Overcoats from our Boston Store, recently closed have been reduced to

$10.

"I brought your best coat, sir—the one from Thompson's.

Sometimes a loss of money for a short while means a gain in the end. We have sold this year double the quantity of overcoats we did last year. We want to sell next year double what we did this year. We wouldn't have sold any more than anybody else this year if we'd had last year's styles to show. And we won't next year if we have this year's styles to show.

We want to sell clothes to everybody in New York, and the less goods we carry over the nearer we'll come to it then.

Llama Thibet Overcoats, cassimere lined,—$8.
Black Melton Overcoats, worth $20,—$10.
Carr Eng. Melton Overcoats, were $30—$10
High Grade Kersey Overcoats, worth $25—$12.50.
Highest grades Kersey Overcoats, worth $30—$15.
Genuine Irish Frieze Ulsters, worth $25—$15.
Fur Lined Overcoats, were $125—$60.

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