MRS. WHITE MURDERED?

Brooklyn Police at Work on the Mystery About the Missing Woman.

FRANK SQUIRES ARRESTED.

Offered to Sell Information to Jennie McGinley, Mrs. White's Sister.

NOW DECLARES HE HAD NONE.

His Letters Intimate that Sergt. White Knows All About His Wife's Disappearance.

Deep mystery surrounds some of the phases of the case now under investigation by the Brooklyn police, which has already led to the arrest of Frank Squires, a photographer, of 137 Ainslie street, on a charge of attempted extortion, and may result in the discovery that a woman has been murdered.

Squires was captured last night by Detective Kelly, in the Brooklyn Post-Office, where he had gone to secure a decoy letter. After spending the night in a cell he was brought up in the Adams Street Police Court to-day and held in $500 bail for examination Monday.

He was charged with attempting to extort money from Miss Jennie McGinley, of 351 Ewen street, by offering to give her information concerning the whereabouts of her sister, Mrs. Minnie White, who disappeared last November under mysterious circumstances.

Several years ago Minnie married William White, a sergeant in the Forty-seventh Regiment. They lived happily for a time, and then, the police say, quarrels arose and they separated, Mrs. White returning to her mother's home. Efforts were made to reunite the couple, but failed.

One night in the latter part of last November Mrs. White told her mother that she had received a letter purporting to come from White, asking her to meet him and talk about their affairs. She put on her hat and cloak and left the house. That was the last time she was seen by her relatives, and they have never received any communication that would indicate whether she was dead or alive.

A month ago Mrs. McGinley received an anonymous letter, in which the writer told her that if she would follow Will White, her son-in-law to a house on Bedford avenue she would see him take a girl from the house to his own house.

With her mind filled with thoughts of her missing daughter and the hope that she might get some trace of her, Mrs. McGinley and Jennie started out on White's trail.

They followed White and saw him enter a building on Bedford avenue. They crossed the street, intending to follow him into the house. As they opened the door, however, Mrs. McGinley discovered that she was in the wrong house.

Overcome by fright and excitement she swooned and sank to the floor. She died before a doctor could be called. The family heard nothing more from the anonymous letter-writer until last Tuesday, when Miss Jennie McGinley received the following:

NEW YORK, April 16, 1895.

Miss Jennie McGinley:

If you care to find out the whereabouts of your sister, Minnie, you can have the information on these terms:

First—By not telling any one of this letter or any other information you may receive from me.

Second—By acting and doing as I advise you.

If you want to have revenge on your brother-in-law, Will White, now is your time. A great and sweet revenge you will have, I promise you. He has injured me more than I can tell. That is my object. How I got the information you need not know, but I have the whole mystery. If you will pay me $200 and agree not to speak to any one till I tell you, put an answer in The Daily News same as this:

"A. K. H.—Will agree to what you say and all terms (with amount you will pay)."

If you think you cannot pay the $200, why, do not answer. I am in great need of money, and it is worth that much to you, but I will not take less than $150. You will have a chance. Now, take it before it is too late. Will White laughs at you all the time. It is your turn to laugh now. Keep all the agreements and I will keep mine. Keep a good heart and you will get all the revenge on White you or your mother ever dreamed of. Put your answer in Thursday's News. You will receive all instructions on Friday. Remember your mother.

(Signed) A TRUE FRIEND.

Miss McGinley became frightened at the tone of the letter, and, fearing that she might be spirited away, as she believed her sister had been, she hurried down to Police Headquarters and told her story to Inspector Mackellar. She was instructed to insert the advertisement in the paper designated by the writer and to mail a letter addressed to "A. K. H." at the Brooklyn post-office.

Another letter came to Miss McGinley, in which the writer asked whether she was trying to "trick" him. The letter also instructed her how she was to carry out the scheme. Miss McGinley was directed to leave her house at a certain hour and walk through certain streets. At some part of her journey she would be accosted by a man, woman or child, to whom she was to deliver a package containing the money and all the letters. She would receive a letter written in cipher giving her full information concerning her sister.

The writer said he was compelled to use cipher in order to protect himself, but he promised to forward her a key to the letter two days later.

"Don't make a fuss," the letter concluded, "keep a clear head. I'm a sister to you. Remember your dear mother. A True Friend."

When Squires called at the Post-Office, last night, Detective Kelly stepped up and asked him to go to Police Headquarters.

"What for?" he asked.

"You are the man who wrote those letters to Miss McGinley, aren't you?"

"Oh, well, what if I did. It was only a bluff. I did it merely as a joke."

The prisoner protested his innocence of having any criminal intent, and he also denied that he knew anything concerning Mrs. White, the missing woman. The police are now at work endeavoring to find out what became of her.

BEST PRICES OF THE WEEK.

Wall Street Opens Quiet, but Closes Strong and Active.

The Bank Statement Shows a Large Increase in Cash.

Having had the busiest week for a long time, brokers and speculators were disposed to rest on their laurels to-day. The market was comparatively quiet, and with few exceptions the changes were confined within narrow limits.

Some of the small traders at the start were inclined to turn paper profits into cash and a decline of 1-4 to 7-8 per cent. took place, but buying orders appeared in sufficient quantity, not only to check the downward movement, but to bring about a rally.

The strong undertone of speculation is due to the revival in trade, and manufacturers, the advance in wages, the easy condition of the money market, and the probability that the efforts to bring about an understanding between the trunk lines and coal companies will be successful.

The imports of specie at New York for the week were $777,115, of which $731,599 were gold and $45,516 silver. For the same week last year the imports were $741,197.

Edwin Gould, Vice-President of the St. Louis & Southwestern Railway, says: "The entire amount necessary to pay the May interest on the St. Louis & Southwestern mortgage has been sent on from the West and deposited with the Central Trust Company of New York."

Money 1½ per cent. on call. Foreign exchange dull at 4.88¼ a 4.88½ for bankers' long sterling, and 4.89¼ a 4.89½ for demand.

Commercial bar silver 66⅞ and Mexican dollars 53.

The bank statement shows a large increase in cash—$6,330,900. As the deposits are up an equal amount, the gain in reserve is only $4,742,200. The banks now have a surplus of $19,664,975 against $82,008,025 in 1894, and $14,782,200 in 1893.

The influx of money from the interior during the week was very large, and among the receipts were round amounts of gold. The country banks find it necessary to hold on to their small notes and consequently are forwarding gold to increase their credit balance here.

The following are the comparative figures:

	April 13.	April 20.	Increase.
Loans	$481,023,100	$480,721,400	*301,700
Specie	65,387,000	66,637,800	1,250,800
Legal tenders	75,493,400	80,573,500	5,080,100
Deposits	$03,830,500	$10,185,300	6,354,800
Circulation	12,141,300	12,217,00	75,700

*Decrease.

There was renewed strength in the stock market towards the close, and increased activity accompanied the rise. In many instances the highest prices of the week were attained.

Both the dividend payers and "fancies" shared in this improvement.

Louisville, New Albany & Chicago preferred jumped 2 1-2, to 26 1-2, on reports that the Company had made arrangements to finance the floating debt.

The sales of listed stocks were 89,000 shares. In the unlisted department 26,000 shares of Sugar and 2,600 Lead were traded in.

The Pullman Palace Car Company has declared its regular quarterly dividend of 2 per cent.

Closing Quotations.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
American Tobacco	99⅛	99⅝	99	99
American Cable	92	92	92	92
Am. Sugar Ref	106⅛	106½	105⅝	106⅛
American Coton Oil	27⅞	27⅞	26⅞	27⅛
Amer. Cot. Oil pf	75⅝	76⅛	75⅝	76½
At., Top. & Santa Fe	6	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝	55⅝
Bay State Gas	15	15	15	15
Canada Southern	52½	52½	52½	52½
Chesapeake & Ohio	18⅛	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝
Chicago Gas	71⅛	71⅝	71⅛	71⅝
Chi., Bur. & Quincy	73⅞	74⅛	73⅞	74⅛
Chicago & Northwest	95½	96⅝	95½	95⅝
Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	60⅛	61	60	61
Chi., Rock Is. & P	97⅛	97⅛	95⅞	95⅞
Chi. & Eastern Ill. pf	97⅛	97⅛	97⅛	97
C., C., C. & St. L	40⅛	40⅝	40⅛	40⅝
Col. & Hock. Valley	26⅛	26⅝	26⅛	26⅝
Colorado Fuel	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛
Consolidated Gas	135½	135½	135½	135½
Consolidation Coal	30½	30½	30½	30½
Del., Lack. & West	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
Delaware & Hudson	126⅛	126⅛	126⅛	126⅛
Den. & Rio Grande pf	40⅝	40⅝	40⅛	40⅛
Dis. & Cattle Feed	15⅛	15⅛	15	15
F. & P. Marq	15	15⅛	15	15⅛
General Electric	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛	33⅛
Green Bay & Winona	⅞	⅞	⅞	⅞
Iowa Central	⅞	8⅛	⅞	8⅛
Lake Shore	141⅛	141⅛	141⅛	141⅛
L. E. & Western	20⅛	21	20⅛	21⅛
L. E. & W. pf	78	78	78	78
Louisville & Nashville	54⅝	54⅞	54⅛	54⅝
L., N. Alb. & Chic.	73	73	73	73
L., N. Alb. & Chic. pf	24	25½	24	25⅛
Manhattan Consol	117½	117½	117½	117½
Mexican Nat	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞
Mich. Central	101	101	101	101
Missouri Pacific	23	23⅛	23	23⅛
Mo., Kan. & Tex	16⅛	16⅝	16⅛	16⅝
Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	30⅛	32⅛	30⅛	32
Nat. Lead Co	34½	34⅞	34⅛	34½
Nat. Lead Co. pf	88	88	88	88
Nat. Lin. Oil	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝
New Jersey Central	94⅝	95	94⅝	95
New York Central	99	99	99	99
N. Y. & New England	39⅛	39⅝	39⅛	39½
N. Y., C. & St. L	15	15	15	15
N. Y., L. E. & W	11	11⅛	11	11⅛
N. Y., Sus., & W. pf	37	37	36⅛	36⅝
Norfolk & Western	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
Norfolk & Western pf	15	15⅝	15	15⅝
Northern Pacific	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
Northern Pacific pf	19⅛	19⅝	19⅛	19⅛
North American	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
Ontario & Western	17	17⅛	17	17⅛
Oregon Improvement	11	11	11	11
Pacific Mail	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
Phila. & Reading	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛
Pen., Dec. & Evansville	4⅝	5	4⅝	4⅞
Pullman Palace Car Co	165	165	165	165
Southern Railway	12	12⅛	12	12
Southern Railway pf	34	34⅝	34	34⅝
Rio Grande Western	17	17	17	17
St. P. & Omaha	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝
St. P. & Duluth	26⅝	26⅝	25⅝	26⅝
St. L. Southwestern	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
St. L. Southwestern pf	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	11⅛
Southern Pacific	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	17⅛
Texas Pacific	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛
Tenn. Coal & Iron	21⅝	21⅝	20⅝	21⅝
U. P., Den. & Gulf	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
U. S. Cordage	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝
U. S. Cordage pf	9½	9⅝	9½	9⅝
U. S. Leather	14⅛	14⅛	14	14⅛
U. S. Leather pf	77½	77½	75⅝	75⅝
U. S. Rubber	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝
Wabash pf	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	15⅛
West. Union Tel	88⅝	88⅝	88⅛	88⅝
Wis. Central	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝

HIGHER AND ACTIVE.

Cotton Market Shows an Early Advance—Wheat Excited.

The cotton market was decidedly higher and active, early sales showing an advance of 10 to 12 points on an equivalent advance in Liverpool.

The early trades were within the following range: May, 6.88 a 6.91; June, 6.83 a 6.86; July, 6.87 a 6.89; August, 6.91 a 6.94; September, 6.92 a 6.94; October, 6.94 a 6.96; November, 6.96 a 6.99; December, 7.00 a 7.02.

The wheat market was very much excited with heavy trading, mostly for local account, and prices went up 11-4 cents within a few minutes after the opening. The bears were stampeded, and their efforts to get wheat put the market up.

Corn higher. Oats were quiet but firm.

QUITE A DIFFERENT FIRM.

The Baldwin Bros. Co., of New York, Are in a Sound Condition.

The Baldwin Bros. Co., brokers, of Boston, with branches in several New England cities, and who have suspended, have no connection whatever with the Baldwin Bros. Co. of this city, which have recently changed their name to the Manhattan Exchange.

The members of the two firms are not even related, and according to Secretary Jacobs, of the New York firm, have never had any business relations.

Ex-Senator Whiteman Arrested.

Alonzo Whiteman, of Dansville, N. Y., an ex-State Senator from Minnesota, was remanded in the Tombs Police Court this morning to await requisition papers from California on a charge of forgery committed in San Francisco. He was arrested yesterday afternoon at Thirty-seventh street and Broadway. Whiteman was one wealthy, but he lost heavily in speculation. He has been arrested several times before, but has escaped conviction. The charge against him in San Francisco is for passing a worthless check for $600, drawn on the Importers and Traders' National Bank, of this city.

CHILD LABOR IN FACTORY.

Assemblymen's Investigation Hits One of Their Number.

Girl Under Age Found in Hawley & Hoopes's Candy Shop.

Part II. of the Superior Court was crowded this morning with representatives of the east side sweat-shop keepers and their employees, subpoenaed to testify before the Reinhard Investigating Committee, delegated by the Assembly to probe into sweat-shop evils.

Chairman Reinhard and all the Committee were present, except Assemblyman Kunzeman, when the chairman rapped for order at 11.30.

Counsellor Mayer read a report from the Board of Health, stating that Sergt. William Cruise, Chief of the Sanitary Police, has reported that his force had inspected 41,910 tenement-houses during last year. The Board of Health claims that the number represents the number of tenement-houses in this city.

Jacob Riis, the first witness, thought that the factory law, rather than being a factor to put down unlawful child labor, was a barricade behind which the sweat-shop keepers seek refuge, and continue to violate the child labor law.

The witness said that children who worked in a factory usually held certificates certifying to a proper age.

"The acceptance of this certificate of age," said the witness, "is a source from which a large amount of perjury is committed by parents of children, and it does not truthfully certify to the child's actual age."

Witness said that he found an underaged child in a factory at Mulberry street and Jersey alley. When he questioned her as to age she told him he needn't bother about her for there were others still younger in the factory.

"Where is this factory?" asked Mr. Mayer.

"In Mulberry street. It's a candy factory owned by Hawley & Hoopes!"

This created considerable mirth among the Assemblymen.

"Why that's Assemblyman Henry W. Hoopes's factory, is it not?" said Mr. Mayer.

The witness did not know.

Dr. Robert H. Zouner, the Health Department Inspector whose conduct was questioned to the inspection of the premises at 11 Rutgers place, where scarlet fever was discovered in Contractor Brown's sweat-shop, and infected clothing was hawked about the city through oversight, attempted to justify himself, and was followed by Deputy Factory Inspector White, who boldly told the Committee last Monday that he disregarded the Factory law regarding the tagging of disease-infected goods.

"Do you provide yourself with tags now?" severely questioned Mr. Mayer, to which the witness responded, "Yes."

"Then this Committee has done at least one good thing," said Mr. Mayer, "if it can compel the factory inspectors to live up to the law."

Witness White stated that he could neither speak nor write any of the many languages peculiar to the east side.

"How can you talk to those people then, many of whom can't understand the English language?" asked Mr. Mayer.

"Through an interpreter in the shop," was the reply; "an interpreter among some one in the shops!"

"What! You ask an interested person, perhaps, to tell you of violations in a sweat shop?" cried Counsellor Mayer.

The witness saw he was cornered, and had to admit that he had used such interpreters.

Mr. White said that after inspecting a place he probably could not reach it again in six months. Instructions were left with the non-complier to write the office of the factory inspectors if he had complied with the law as commanded.

"Then you depend upon the information written to you by these violators of the law as a means of enforcing the factory law?" asked Mr. Mayer with astonishment.

"Yes; it would be impossible to make a second visit to the same house under something like a year."

"Well, I don't wonder at the tremendous amount of violations extant, if you pursued such methods!" exclaimed the counsel.

Mr. Mayer drew the admission from the next witness—an attache of a mercantile house—that the inspectors of the Health Department inspected a store by leaving a blank there to be filled out by the owner or manager.

"And then the Board of Health man comes and gets the filled blank, taking your word for it as to its correctness?" was asked, and the witness answered in the affirmative.

Ruben Siegelovitz, of 73 Essex street, a boy who said he wouldn't prevaricate and worked for a Mr. Rosenwasser, at Cannon street corner Stanton street, testified.

"I work at coats and make about $2 a week," said the boy. "I get one and a half cents per coat for pulling basting threads. Biggest day I ever had was twenty-seven coats, and I made thirty-one cents."

Asked his age, Ruben said he was born in 1880, and was six months more than eleven years old. He supplemented this remarkable statement thus:

"I came from the old country one and a half years ago, and was then ten years old. My mother told me a short time ago that I was thirteen and when I went to work for Rosenwasser two weeks ago, I told him I was going on fifteen. I didn't have a certificate of birth when I went to Rosenwasser. I can write my name."

Sarah Luttman, who was almost lost in the big chair, came next. She sews buttons on shirts for Dimon Stearn, at 53 Ridge street, and gets 2 1-2 cents a dozen for it, or $1.27 for a week's work.

Sarah said she was fourteen last Christmas. She knew what a birthday was, because it meant a party.

The Committee adjourned until 11 A. M. Monday.

WANT A NEW SCALE.

Coatmakers and Pressers Submit an Agreement to Bosses.

Two thousand coat makers and pressers, members of Tailors' Progressive Union No. 11, and Coat pressers' Union No. 1, have made a demand upon their employers for a new annual agreement, which includes an increase in the scale of prices. The old agreement expires on May 1.

The new agreement requires that only union men shall be employed, all hands employed previous to May 1, to be reinstated and shop delegates to have control over shops, as far as union rules are concerned. Wages are to be paid weekly, fifty-nine hours to constitute a week's work.

Strikes will be ordered against employers who refuse to concede the demands by Tuesday. Many contractors have signed.

After Factory Law Violators.

Three coatmakers were held for trial by Justice Grady, in the Essex Market Police Court today for having violated the Factory law. Factory Inspector Nash complained. The offenders were Jacob Simon, Morris Silverman and Isaac Batchinsky, all of 162 Division street. They pleaded not guilty.

Death of Col. Thomas P. Robb.

SANTA CRUZ, Cal., April 20.—Col. Thomas P. Robb died yesterday afternoon at his home, near Glenwood, from the effects of the grip. During the war he was a member of Gen. Grant's staff. During Grant's Administration he was sent to Mexico to arbitrate claims which that country had against the United States. He was an intimate friend of Grant, Sherman, Lincoln and other heroes of the late war. In early days he was a resident of California, and was the first Mayor of Sacramento.

"Josh" Conley, of Syracuse, Dead.

ONEIDA, N. Y., April 20.—"Josh" Conley, a member of the Syracuse Baseball team last season, died at his home in Canastota yesterday of pneumonia. He was thirty-three years old, and was well known in baseball circles.

A YACHT BLOWN UP.

Two Men Seriously Injured on the Reva.

Cans of Vermin Exterminator Exploded by a Cabin Stove.

Yacht Tilly and Morris Dock Buildings Damaged.

Christopher Johnson, 25 years old, first mate, and Nicholas Helland, thirty-eight years old, a deckhand, were severely injured by an explosion on board the team yacht Reva at Morris Dock, shortly after 10 o'clock this morning.

The explosion partially wrecked the yacht. Both men were hurled into the air several feet above the deck, and then fell into the water. They were pulled out and attended by Ambulance Surgeon Monahan, of the Fordham Hospital.

Johnson's injuries are said to be serious. Allen received many bruises about the body.

The deck of the yacht, aft of the boiler, was torn away, and three large holes were knocked into the hull. The ribs and packing in some places were also perforated by flying missiles. A mass of debris was shot into the air several hundred feet.

It was reported at first, that the boiler had exploded. An examination, however, showed that the boiler was intact.

It is believed gases from the liquid exterminator that the two men had been using ignited by a fire from a stove in the cabin and caused the explosion. At the same time a can of naphtha, which it was thought the men left near the fire, exploded.

Soon after the explosion an alarm of fire was sent in, but the flames were extinguished by the use of a hose on the pier before the engines arrived.

The Reva belonged to George L. Ronalds, and had been sent to the dock for a general overhauling. The exterminator was used to destroy vermin.

The steam yacht Tilly, owned by William A. Starbuck, of 8 East Sixty-fourth street, lying alongside of the Reva, was damaged to the extent of $1,000. Gas Engine Power Company's building was damaged $300, and the damage to the Reva was $5,000. The losses are covered by insurance.

The Riva was built by Pierre Lorillard at a cost of $75,000.

RAN INTO AN AGED WOMAN.

Mrs. John Daws Badly Injured by a Boulevard Runaway.

A horse attached to a buggy, that Alfred E. Moon, of 18 Bethune street, was driving to-day, took fright at a steam drill in operation at the Boulevard and Sixty-ninth street, and ran away.

Mr. Moon was thrown out and slightly injured.

The horse knocked down Mrs. John Daws, sixty years old, of 84 West Sixty-eighth street, who received a scalp wound and had two fingers broken.

The injured persons were attended to by an ambulance surgeon from the Roosevelt Hospital, and were taken to their homes.

The horse and buggy belonged to Abel M. Parker, of 390 West Twelfth street.

Ran Over and Killed a Boy.

John Leavy, of 403 East Seventeenth street, the driver of Street-Cleaning Department sprinkler No. 42, was held to await the action of the Coroner by Justice Grady in the Essex Market Police Court to-day. While driving along Eleventh street last night he ran over and killed eight-year-old Anton Olvia, of 428 East Eleventh street.

Runaway Horses Smash Things.

A team of horses attached to a truck, owned by Stout, Spencer & Co., grocers, of 302-305 Greenwich street, became frightened at 10 o'clock this morning and ran into an awning post at the corner of Reade and Greenwich streets, tearing it down. A short distance beyond they demolished a lamppost, where they were halted.

Run Over a Child.

Nicholas Carroll, a butcher's driver, of 247 East One Hundred and Eleventh street, was held in $2,500 bail for examination in the Harlem Police Court to-day charged with reckless driving. Carrell's wagon ran over and seriously injured five-year-old Albert Kearney, of 1831 Third avenue, at One Hundredth street and Third avenue, last night.

STANDARD CUTS AGAIN.

The Monopoly's Price for Oil Now Marked Down to $2.25.

The Standard Oil Trust again marked down the price of crude oil this morning to $2.25 against yesterday's price of $2.40.

Certificates went off in comparison with but little trading.

Pipe line certificates were offered at 197 at the close.

Marvelle W. Cooper's New Bank.

The new Standard National Bank will be opened about May 1. It is to have offices in the Metropolitan Life Insurance Building, and is incorporated with $200,000 capital and $25,000 surplus. The new institution will absorb the Eighth Avenue Bank. Marvelle W. Cooper will be the President.

Life Is a Burden

With many women who are afflicted with impure blood, which causes debility and a variety of diseases. The following is a sample case of prompt relief by Hood's Sarsaparilla:

"I have received more benefit from Hood's Sarsaparilla than from all other medicines or remedies. For years

I Suffered Terribly

with a cankered stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia and general debility. Life was a burden. On taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, together with Hood's Pills, my health began to improve. Formerly anything I ate caused me great distress. Now I can eat heartily and am greatly improved in flesh and health. I most cheerfully recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla." Mrs. GRACE PARRISON, Catskill, New York.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

IS THE ONLY

True Blood Purifier

It creates an appetite and overcomes that tired feeling. Be sure to get Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS the after-dinner pill an amily cathartic. 25c.

UP GOES THE COST OF LIGHT.

The Poor Must Pay for the Gain of the Rich.

Kerosene for Stoves and Lamps Advances a Cent a Gallon.

The people of the tenements are obliged to pay 16 cents a gallon now for kerosene oil for cooking and to light their working-rooms with. This is just four times as much as oil cost six months ago. When it is considered that for these purposes many poor families have used a gallon a day, the effect on their scanty earnings may be understood easily.

It means an additional expense of $1.64 a week, and this to come out of total earnings of only $6 or $7 a week among the tenement-house garment-makers, sewers on sleeves and other workers in trades in which an entire family may find employment.

While the poor people are staring helplessly at this condition of things, there comes news from the careful statistician on the exchanges that the Standard Oil Trust has made a profit of $50,000,000 on the "corner" in oil, which it has held for the past few weeks.

Along with the information which the peddler and the small grocer is obliged to give his poor customers that still another cent must be paid for every gallon of kerosene comes the news that the Standard Oil Company has dropped 20 cents a barrel on the price it will pay for crude oil. No competition exists to pay the producer more, for the Standard people have crushed out all competition, and the producer of oil must sell it to the Standard, for there is nobody else to buy it.

It is a doleful state of affairs for the poor. They must pay four times an honest price for kerosene or go without it, and thousands of people in this city who are living from hand to mouth cannot afford to buy even the cheapest of coal stoves, and must get along with fewer warm meals and do their work with less light.

Price of Fruit Going Up, Too.

The price of fruit in New York has risen of late, in spite of the large supply on the market. Mediterranean oranges have risen from $2 to $2.25 and $2.50 a box. Lemons sell at from $1.75 to $2.75 a box, which is an advance of from 50 to 75 cents. Bananas have also advanced in price about 50 cents a bunch. Between last Monday and yesterday 47,400 boxes of oranges, 42,000 bunches of bananas and 47,000 boxes of Sicilian lemons were put on the market.

Sugar Trust to Make Whiskey.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 20.—The Brooklyn Distilling Company was incorporated to-day to carry on a distilling business in Brooklyn with a capital of $500,000. The directors are: Francis O. Matthiessen, New York; Theodore A. Havemeyer, New York; John E. Searles, Brooklyn; Lowell M. Palmer, New York, and Henry O. Havemeyer, New York.

Cash Register Company Receivers.

C. Arthur Coan was appointed receiver of the property of the Mercantile Cash Register Company by Justice Lawrence, in the Supreme Court, to-day, in proceedings for a voluntary dissolution of the Company.

Watching Steamers for Roth.

The New York police were asked this afternoon to arrest a St. Louis merchant named Roth, who is expected to sail for Europe this afternoon. Roth is accused by Bischoff Brothers, furnishing goods dealers, of 715-719 North Seventh street, St. Louis, of obtaining $5,000 in cash and goods under false pretenses. The steamship docks are being watched.

Pawnbrokers' Heavy Charges.

Assistant District-Attorney Battle, stirred by "The World's" stories, is going over evidence showing the usurious interest and exorbitant charges made by New York pawnbrokers, and will probably take action on it in a few days. Mayor Strong has also interested himself in the subject.

A BAD WRECK

—of the constitution may follow in the track of a disordered system. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery prevents and CURES all liver and kidney Diseases. It rouses the liver to healthy action, purifies the blood and allays congestion of the kidneys.

GEO. W. SWEENEY, Esq., of Hayden-town, Pa., says: "I was for years hardly able to go about. I suffered from liver and kidney trouble; six different doctors treated me during that time but could do me no good. I give your "Medical Discovery" the praise for my cure. Then, too, my wife had a bad case of Asthma which was cured by the use of that wonderful blood-purifier."

G. W. SWEENEY.

Pierce Guarantees a Cure OR MONEY RETURNED.

THE CRANDALL BABY CARRIAGE CO 309 3d Ave. Headquarters for Baby Carriages. Establishment Over. Wholesale and Retail. Buy of the maker. We retail at wholesale price. Largest and best assortment of Baby Carriages in the world at lowest prices. All latest improvements. Call and examine. Catalogues free. Open Evenings.

HOUSE-HOLD HELP.

THERE will be not less than 1,000 calls for Help in Sunday's World. A good many of them will be for Household Help, and a good many more housekeepers will watch the Situations Wanted. Female advertisements in the Sunday World. It costs but 10 cents to place a 20-word Situation advertisement before 2,000,000 people.

BEEF YET REMAINS A LUXURY.

Cattle a Fraction Lower, but Dressed Meat Is High.

No Doubt of a Combine Between the Big Four and Ranchers.

Market butchers generally expect to do as much business on Saturday as on any other three days of the week. There was a general complaint of stagnation to-day, which dealers attribute to the fact that beef is so high. Consumers are not only not buying beef, but are refraining from the use of other meats. From the Battery to Spuyten Duyvil meat dealers are complaining that their business is disappearing.

The price of cattle came down a mite yesterday, but pork went up a cent a pound. Prime cuts of beef must be sold at gilt-edged prices to clear the dealer on the cost of an entire carcass.

As the investigation set on foot by Secretary Morton proceeds, the part played by the millionaire magnates of Chicago in the movement that has made beef a positive luxury is becoming more apparent.

It is found that in the Indian Territory, the men who have gobbled up the ranges, and are raising cattle on ranches each as big as one of the older States, have united, and by virtue of an agreement with the Chicago Beef Trust, are holding back cattle, while the consumer is paying for their forage and more too.

The revelations of the past week forced the combine to a pretense of reduction, and market reports indicate a slight lowering in the price of cattle. But this is all between the Big Four and the ranchers, and does not decrease prices of dressed beef more than a hair. Dealers in this city are wondering why it is, with all the hurrah about the sudden decline in cost of cattle, there should be practically no change in the prices of dressed beef.

It is being developed, too, that despite the high prices quoted in the reports, independent cattle-raisers have been unable to get them. Apparently the rise of one-half to three-fourths of a cent, has only been on paper, or has been a matter simply between the Beef Trust and its own cattle-raisers.

LARD is Usually

Sold Like This.

Cottolene

IS ALWAYS

Sold Like THIS.

THE MANNER IN WHICH COTTOLENE IS SOLD IS BUT ANOTHER GUARANTEE OF ITS PURITY AND CLEANLINESS. CAREFULLY PUT UP IN TIGHT TINS (ONE, THREE AND FIVE POUNDS), IT IS PROOF AGAINST THE NUMEROUS ODORS AND IMPURITIES NATURALLY PREVALENT IN A MODERN GROCERY STORE AND WHICH ARE READILY ABSORBED BY LARD. CONSIDER WITH THIS THE QUESTION OF HEALTHFULNESS, THE QUESTION OF ECONOMY, THE QUESTION OF TASTE, AND YOU HAVE THE REASONS WHY SO MANY THOUSAND DISCRIMINATING WOMEN HAVE TURNED FROM LARD TO COTTOLENE. GET THE GENUINE, WITH TRADE MARK—STEER'S HEAD IN COTTON-PLANT WREATH.

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, CHICAGO, and 132 N. Delaware ave., Philada.

WASTE OF VITAL FORCE

In men has drained the sweetness from millions of lives. It unfits men for business or pleasure and makes life loathsome to those who suffer from it. If you would be strong in mind and body; if you would throw off the fetters of wretchedness caused by early abuse and the mistakes of your life, let us explain to you how it can be done in Nature's own way—by properly applied ELECTRICITY. This is the essence of vital Force, and when infused into the body by DR. SANDEN'S ELECTRIC BELT it will renew the vigor in the weakened functions and restore manhood. This belt is WARRANTED to cure all weakness of men, no matter what the cause. We desire especially to see or hear from those who have not found relief from medicines and other treatment. Dr. Sanden's medical work, "Three Classes of Men"—pocket edition FREE upon application at office or by mail—explains the marvellous success of electricity in these cases. Call at office for free test, or address

DR. A. T. SANDEN, 826 Broadway, N. Y. OFFICE HOURS, 8 to 6. SUNDAYS, 10 to 1.

For Sale.

Ladies' & Gents' CLOTHING ON CREDIT.

Men's, Youths' and Boys' Fine Clothing, ready to wear or made to order. Ladies' Suits, Sacques and Capes, in Cloth, Silk and Velvet, Satin and Silk Waists, Serge, Crepon and Silk Skirts. All the latest styles. New weekly or monthly payments.

Manhattan Clothing Co 1114 3d ave., bet. 65th & 66th sts. Open evenings

SEWING MACHINES

Willcox & Gibbs, Automatic, Domestic, New Home, White, Singer, Davis, Household, the well-known Kruse, $1 up, good second-hand sewing machine from $10 up, for cash or monthly payments; we exchange, rent and repair all kinds of machines. KRUSE MFG CO., 124 East 14th st. and 203 Grand st.

$1 DOWN $1 weekly. N. Y. Watch and Jewelry Co., 3 East 14th st. Franks, Berman, M'g'r. Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry. Open Saturday ev'gs.

A.—BIG BARGAINS—Ladies' or gents' gold-filled watches, fully engraved, fancy dial, stem and set winder, regular value $12, will be sacrificed this week for $8. HENRY SCHAAP, 51-53 Maiden lane.

WATCHES (solid gold), diamonds or anything you want in jewelry line; quietly; $1 weekly payments; agent calls with sample. JEWELLER, box 46 World.

DIAMONDS, fine jewelry, on easy terms; representative will call with samples. JOHONNOT BROS., 89 Maiden lane.

SANTAL-MIDY. These tiny Capsules arrest in 48 hours without inconvenience, affections in which Copaiba, Cubebs and Injections fail. MIDY.

CONEY ISLAND SEA BEACH ROUTE BY BAY RIDGE FERRY. Boats leave foot Whitehall st. hourly from 1.10 to 6.10 P. M., on SUNDAY, APRIL 21.

ALONE!

No Child to Call Her "Mother."

How desolate is the marriage state without children!

How unnatural!

The law of nature is the perpetuation of life by reproduction, and applies to both animal and vegetable life. Nature makes but few mistakes; and where her great law is not carried out, the cause is not a natural, but an unnatural, one.

Two loving beings have joined hands,—a loving wife and husband. Years pass by and still there are but two. The sound of little footsteps never patters in their ears, and no child's voice calls that loving woman "Mother." They have wealth, position, all that heart could wish for, but the greatest of all blessings is denied them,—a child.

Sterility is curable in nine out of ten cases. Every mail received by Mrs. Pinkham brings letters from women on this subject; and success follows her advice. Write her at Lynn, Mass., and bring