WHO SHOT THIS MAN?

Wife Apparently Slept Near Her Dying Husband.

PISTOL FOUND IN DRAWER.

Strange Story Told of Saloon-Keeper Jackson's Death.

Frank Jackson, a saloon-keeper, forty years old, had lived ten years with his wife in the rooms over his saloon at 43 West Third street.

Pasquale Paretti, Jackson's barkeeper, was mixing a drink at 11 o'clock this morning for Michael Clark, of 167 West Fourth street, when in the room above was heard a shot and the fall of a heavy body.

Paretti and Clark rushed upstairs. In the bedroom Mrs. Jackson lay on the bed, apparently asleep. Off the bedroom was a smaller room used by the proprietor as a closet.

Here they found Jackson lying partly on his back, dying with a bullet wound in his head back of and above his right ear.

Later they found a revolver with one chamber empty in an open drawer of the office desk.

Mrs. Jackson, who had been drinking heavily, was around and told of the tragedy. She wept copiously and disclaimed all knowledge of the affair. She was arrested and taken to the Mercer street station.

There she said she and her husband had each been on a long spree and that he had threatened suicide.

Jackson was hurried to St. Vincent's Hospital, where he died at 2 o'clock this afternoon without having made a statement.

In Jefferson Market Court this afternoon Mrs. Jackson was arraigned on a charge of intoxication and was discharged.

DYNAMITE FOR FLOOD.

Gov. Roosevelt to Ask War Department to Blow Up Ice Gorge in Hudson.

ALBANY, Feb. 16.—Gov. Roosevelt was this afternoon requested to communicate with the War Department and ask that dynamite be permitted to be used in breaking up the ice gorge in the Hudson at Van Wies Point, which is the cause of the flood. It is probable that the Governor will make the request.

There is practically no change in the conditions of the freshet from last evening. The water is receding very slowly.

The proposition to blow the gorge up with dynamite is made because a cold wave is feared, and it is desired to have the Hudson reconfined in its channel before it comes.

LONDON STOCKS UP.

Market Improved All Around on the Kimberley News—American Issues Strong.

The news that Kimberley has been relieved strengthened the London security markets to-day and improvements succeeded recessions due to realizing that occurred on the start.

American issues opened half a point above New York parity, but later a reaction was recorded, but the usual active issues still maintained a good tone, and later rallied again to the early advance.

St. Paul was selling at 124, Southern Pacific at 49, Louisville & Nashville at 62, Union Pacific at 51, Pennsylvania at 135 3-4, Atchison at 21 3-4.

Golfer Dunn a Benedict.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 16.—John Duncan Dunn, one of the most celebrated exponents of golf in this country, was married to Miss Nora Wilshire, the daughter of a capitalist, yesterday.

Regimental Relay Race.

The Seventh Regiment has accepted the challenge of the Twenty-third Regiment to a relay race to take place at the games of the Twenty-third Regiment on March 17.

World More Than Double.

631 Paid Help Wants in To-Day's World.

BUT

267 Paid Help Wants in the 13 other N. Y. Papers Combined.

[illegible]	22	IRONERS	[illegible]
[illegible]	5	JANITRESSES	[illegible]
[illegible]	3	JANITORS	4
[illegible]	29	KITCHENWORK	5
[illegible]	6	LAUNDRESSES	4
[illegible]	8	MILLINERY	4
[illegible]	14	MACHINISTS	1
[illegible]	24	NURSES	12
[illegible]	3	NECKWEAR	[illegible]
[illegible]	4	OPERATORS	35
[illegible]	3	PRESSERS	7
[illegible]	2	PAINTERS	2
[illegible]	9	PIANOS	2
[illegible]	6	SALESLADIES	4
[illegible]	4	STRAW SEWERS	2
[illegible]	7	SALESMEN	11
[illegible]	5	TAILORS	6
[illegible]	6	WAIST HANDS	6
[illegible]	4	WAISTDRESS	9
[illegible]	5	WAITERS	10
[illegible]	26	MISCELLANEOUS	211
[illegible]	[illegible]		

FRENCH ENTERS KIMBERLY WITH BIG FORCE OF MEN.

(Continued from First Page.)

agreement had been reached between the British officer commanding the extreme left and the commandant of the Boer ambulance that half a company of the British should be permitted to fetch water from a neighboring farmhouse.

The ambulance then retired and the Boers rushed out of concealment and cut off the water party. The thirteen prisoners included an officer.

Gen. French now holds both the Modder and Riet rivers between the Boers at Magersfontein and their base at Bloemfontein. Throughout the march the Free State farms were respected, but their owners almost invariably fled, taking their effects.

The health of the troops is excellent, but sickness is prevalent among the horses, and a plentiful supply of remounts will be required.

GEN. JOHN FRENCH.

(Cavalry commander of Lord Roberts's forces, who has relieved Kimberley.)

BRITISH IN JACOBSDAL.

Town Was Full of Boer Wounded—Big Convoy in Danger of Capture.

JACOBSDAL, Orange Free State, Thursday, Feb. 15.—Jacobsdal is now in possession of the British. Yesterday a small cavalry patrol entered the place and found it full of wounded, including several British from Rensburg.

The place was only occupied by a small force, which fell back before the patrol. After a series of small skirmishes, a battery of artillery shelled the environs and drove out the last of the Boers.

Early this morning a large force of Boers from Colesberg, with ten guns, attacked a convoy of 200 wagons at the Riet River, shelling vigorously and doing damage, but strong reinforcements have been sent hence and it is hoped they will bring in the whole convoy in safety.

Gen. French's division seized three drifts on the Modder River. At the third drift the Boers were fairly strongly intrenched. Gen. French bombarded them and drove them off. To-day he moved rapidly in the direction of Kimberley.

The Boers have left Alexandersfontein, which the British now occupy.

Gen. Lord Roberts is in excellent health and spirits. The hardships and rapid marching appear to agree with the whole army, who are in splendid spirits under the leadership of "Bobs."

CAN WIRE TO KIMBERLEY.

Telegrams May Be Sent from Here Not Exceeding Twelve Words at Sender's Risk.

The Commercial Cable Company at 2 o'clock this afternoon sent out the following notice:

"We are advised that telegrams can now be accepted for Kimberley, South Africa, at sender's risk and not exceeding twelve words."

The Anglo-American Telegraph Company later in the day sent out a similar notice.

JUST LIKE LUCKNOW.

Lord Roberts's Move Resembles the Famous Indian Relief—London is Jubilant.

LONDON, Feb. 16—1.45 P. M.—There is tremendous satisfaction and jubilation here at Field Marshal Lord Roberts's and Gen. French's success, but those best suited to judge the situation are inclined to the opinion that, pending more definite information, the news and better be regarded as assuring, rather than as accomplishing the relief of the beleagured city of Kimberley.

A careful study of the ambiguity of the wording of Lord Roberts's despatch leads those people to believe that the actual relief of the place is still a matter of time. Kimberley, it is pointed out, can scarcely be termed relieved till it is feasible to take provisions there.

The rapidity of Gen. French's march indicates that he was unable to do this, and whether he left his lines behind him open is only a matter of surmise. It is considered most probable that Lord Roberts's and Gen. French's brilliant tactical success—for such it is under any circumstances—resembles the first relief of Lucknow, when the dispersal of the enemy's forces was by no means immediately effected.

Another remarkable feature of Lord Roberts's laconic cablegram is the fact that it is dated from Jacobsdal, which was Gen. Cronje's advance base of supplies. Yet there is no word explaining the British commander's presence there nor word of any opposition.

Had Lord Roberts inflicted a decisive defeat on the Boers it is believed he would have mentioned it, as such a success would be greatly paramount to the relief of Kimberley, or throwing into that place a garrison which could assure its holding out. However, Gen. French's entry into Kimberley brings joy to the hearts of those who have been shut up in the city for 122 days. Their defenders number about 4,000, while Gen. French's force is estimated at between 6,000 and 8,000 men.

The Sixth and Seventh Divisions have already crossed the river and are probably with Lord Roberts at Jacobsdal. What has happened to Gen. Cronje and the whereabouts of his forces puzzles the experts. A despatch from Cape Town, dated Wednesday, Feb. 14, received to-day, says:

"The Boers are leaving Magersfontein to reinforce other positions. It is estimated that between 5,000 and 10,000 men remain there."

Lord Roberts's wide, turning movement, via Jacobsdal, may have cut off these troops from Bloemfontein. But while the British forces are endeavoring to intercept the Boers' communications there is a parallel Boer column trying to cut off the British lines to the Aar, and it is apparently meeting with some success, though later despatches referring to Gen. Clements's retirement to Arundel say the movement was undertaken for strategic purposes, and that during the course of the march the Boers were driven off.

A Boer despatch from Lorenzo Marquez, dated Thursday, says the initial attack on Colesberg, Feb. 12, resulted in a Federal loss of nine men killed, fourteen wounded and five prisoners. The British, it is added, were driven out of their camp and one of their Maxims was captured.

The news of Gen. French's entry into Kimberley was received on the Stock Exchange here to-day with rousing cheers. No boom in stocks was created, but a satisfactory, strong undertone prevailed. De Beers rose 1 1-4, but subsequently fell 1 1-4 on a Paris rumor that Gen. French had merely fallen into a Boer trap.

SLAUGHTER OF BOERS.

Grenadiers Go Through Eighty Burghers Four Times—Only Seventeen Escaped.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—A mutilated despatch from Cape Town, dated Wednesday, says some Grenadiers went through a body of eighty Boers four times and that only seventeen of them escaped.

As the Grenadiers form part of the Modder River column this bayonet charge may be connected with Lord Roberts's movement.

BOERS BACK IN RENSBERG.

Gen. Clements Withdraws to Arundel During Tuesday Night.

ARUNDEL, Wednesday, Feb. 14.—Gen. Clements withdrew from Rensberg during the night, his rear guard arriving early this morning.

The Boers promptly followed, reoccupying their old position in the Taalbosch Hills, whence they have been shelling the British cavalry patrols, but ineffectually. The British guns returned the fire, making fairly accurate practice.

LADYSMITH EATS HORSE.

Equine Sausages and Mule Soup Luxuries—A Correspondent Makes a Bold Escape.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The correspondent of the Associated Press at Ladysmith, from which place he escaped Feb. 10 and arrived at Durban Feb. 14, sends the following, written before he left Ladysmith:

"Since the furious cannonade in the early part of the week quietness has reigned. The hills on which the relief column's lyddite shells were bursting in hundreds a few days previously are now only occupied by grazing cattle. Further away on the north side of Spion Kop the Boer laagers can be seen, evidently bigger than before, showing they have no idea at present of retiring from their position.

"Much disappointment is felt at the non-appearance of Gen. Buller, as from the severity of the fire every heart was glowing with hope and excitement at the prospect of immediate relief; not that we are at all in the blues, for every one capable of shouldering a rifle is confident in our ability to hold the town against any force the Boers are capable of putting in the field.

"Still the continued diet of horse and mule flesh is getting somewhat monotonous, although the health of the camp, taking everything into consideration, is better than could be expected. Enteric fever and dysentery have abated. The camp fever is not virulent, but is slightly increasing. The scarcity of vegetables is very trying to the troops. Luxuries are beyond the means of the majority. Eggs are of shillings a dozen, a small fowl is 18 shillings sixpence, pumpkins 12 shillings each, small vegetable marrow 6 shillings, a tin of jam 12 shillings sixpence, a tin of milk 7 shillings sixpence, box of sardines 3 shillings, tobacco 36 shillings a pound. A case of whiskey was raffled for £115.

"The Boers are smuggling tobacco into camp through natives. A local factory is turning out excellent horse sausages and another is making nourishing soup which is appreciated by the troops, who certainly have increased in strength since these were served out."

The escape of the correspondent was most adventurous and arduous. Leaving Ladysmith the evening of Feb. 10 guided by a native, he soon encountered a Boer patrol who fired upon him. Escaping the patrol he crawled twenty-two miles of the roughest and stoniest paths, hiding in native huts and kraals during the day and proceeding at night.

Once a Boer patrol came to the door of the hut where he was hidden under blankets. He swam the Tugela River and reached Chieveley the morning of Feb. 12, where he took train for Durban.

SMASHED BOER GUNS.

Buller's Artillery Disabled Two Big Cannons and a Nordenfeldt—Col. Kagar Dead.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—According to a despatch from Chieveley, dated Wednesday, it has been ascertained that the British artillery, during last week's fighting, rendered two large Boer guns and one Nordenfeldt ineffective.

A Sterkstroom despatch says that Col. Kagar, who was wounded and captured at Stormberg, died Feb. 12. The Boers turned his body over to the British at Molteno.

BEAT BRITISH AGAIN.

Boers Repulse Another Sortie from Mafeking with Loss to Powell's Men.

PRETORIA, Tuesday, Feb. 13.—A smart rifle and artillery duel took place at Mafeking, Feb. 12. There was no itoer loss.

The British attacked Fort Eloff, South of Gaberones, at daybreak Feb. 12, but the Johannesburg men under Vondelweis forced the British to retire, leaving six dead and four wounded on the field. Capt. Friend was among the killed.

The Boers suffered no casualties.

ROAST FOR ROSEBERRY.

Mr. Balfour Sarcastically Scores the Noble Lord for Alarmist Speech.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—In the Commons to-day Mr. A. J. Balfour, the Government leader, scored Lord Roseberry for his alarmist speech in the Lords.

Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman on escaping the fault, which had not been avoided by some important people in the other House, Sir Henry had showed no panic, and had not in tones of trembling emotion told them the country was endangered unless it mobilized the fleet. He had taken a saner view of the position.

Doubtless there was one great and expected difficulty which the Government would endeavor to retrieve as rapidly as possible, but the position did not justify tones of panic, least of all from the noble Lord who had and deserved to have the right to lead public opinion.

BRITISH FLEET PREPARES.

All Reserve Warships Ordered Manned—Forty-seven More Ships to Go Into Commission.

LONDON, Feb. 16, 1.52 P. M.—A telegram from Portsmouth says the admiralty inquiries at the naval ports have resulted in the assurance that forty-seven additional battle-ships, cruisers and torpedo-boat destroyers could forthwith hoist the pennant.

The Admiralty to-day ordered the ships in the fleet reserve at Portsmouth to be fully manned and ready for sea. This is regarded as preliminary to putting the whole reserve in readiness for commissioning.

SAMOA TREATY RATIFIED.

Final Ceremonies Over the Anglo-German-American Compact Concluded in Three Capitals.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—The exchange of ratifications of the Samoan Treaty took place to-day at the State Department, and similar exchanges occurred at the Foreign Offices in London and Berlin.

This is the last ceremony necessary to give full effect to the Samoan agreement, though as a matter of form and public information, here in the United States at least, it may be necessary to proclaim the treaty.

MORE CLARK SCANDAL.

Fred J. Winston, of This City, Testifies to Hearing Montana Court Scored by a Witness.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—At the Senate Committee inquiry in Senator Clark's case to-day Frederick J. Winston, a New York lawyer, said he was present in the office of Broker Kerr, of New York, some time in November last, when Mark Hewitt, a witness for the prosecution, had expressed opinions reflecting upon the State Supreme Court of Montana in connection with the Wellcome disbarment case before that court.

NO APPROPRIATION FOR CIVIL SERVICE.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.—Mr. Mudd's motion in the House to strike out the appropriation for the Civil-Service Commission was carried—8 to 6.

STOCKS HAD WEAK TONE.

Prices Generally Lower and the Market Quiet.

The stock market opened dull and unsettled again to-day, and continued to display a strong tendency toward lower prices.

American Sugar gained over a point on rumors circulated on the "street" that an end to the Sugar war is in sight.

Baltimore & Ohio issues and Pennsylvania were again the principal railroad stocks to show improvement, gaining a slight fraction.

The local traction stocks, particularly Metropolitan and Third avenue, were weak and heavy. The former opened off 1-2, at 178 1-2, and on forced liquidation dropped another point, to 177 1-2. Third avenue opened down 7-8, at 97, and fractionally dropped to 96 1-4.

Manhattan and Brooklyn Rapid Transit sympathetically opened below last night. The Pacific issues on small transactions were firm.

Pacific Mail was the most conspicuous among the railroad stocks, and on reports of the abolition of further dividends quickly lost 2 points.

Tennessee Coal & Iron, Consolidated Gas, Anaconda Mining, National Steel and Louisville & Nashville made substantial gains at the opening.

Delaware, Lackawanna & Western was the strongest feature. Opening up 2 points from the last sale at 179, it immediately advanced 2 points further, to 181.

Selling of United States Leather depressed it 1 1-4. Prices sagged to an almost imperceptible degree and business fell to very small proportions.

Covering commenced in Tennessee Coal at 37, and offerings being small, a rise to par was soon made. Support then appeared in other properties, and general fractional gains resulted. Third Avenue got up to last night's level. Conspicuous weakness developed in Rubber, which broke 3 1-4 to 39 and rallied above 41. There was no special feature in the bond market.

Stocks which displayed conspicuous weakness earlier were inclined to do better, particularly Sugar, Rubber and Leather. Among the railroads there was a gradual relapse, with the Pacifics most affected.

The firmness of Sugar helped the rest of the market. Trading continued very light, but prices recovered slowly, in some cases to above last night's level. The closing was very dull and irregular, but most stocks showed net losses.

The total sales of stocks to-day were 356,482 shares and of bonds $2,021,000 par value.

The Closing Quotations.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.
Am. Car & Foundry	15¾	16	15¾	16
Am. Car & Foundry pf	65¼	65¼	65¼	65¼
Am. Cotton Oil	34	34	34	34
Am. Cot. Oil pf	94	94	94	94
Am. Ice Co.	44½	44½	44½	44½
Am. Linseed	15¾	15¾	15¼	15¾
Am. Linseed pf	30	30	30½	30½
Am. Malt pf	25½	25½	25½	25½
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	41	41¼	41	41¼
Am. Smelting & Ref. pf	91½	91½	91½	91½
Am. Spirits	3½	3½	3½	3½
Am. Steel & Hoop	47½	47½	47	47½
Am. Steel & Hoop pf	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾
Am. Steel & Wire	58½	59¼	58½	58½
Am. Steel & Wire pf	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾
Am. Sugar	113½	114¾	112¾	113¾
Am. Sugar pf	113½	113½	112½	113½
Am. Tin Plate pf	54	54	54	54
Am. Tobacco	130½	130½	129½	130½
Anaconda Mining	45½	45½	45	45
A. T. & S. F.	21¼	21¾	20¾	20¾
A. T. & S. F. pf	64	64	63¾	63¾
Balt. & Ohio	44	44¼	43¾	43¾
Balt. & Ohio pf	79½	79¾	79½	79½
Brook. Rapid Transit	74	74	72¾	72¾
Burlington	126¾	126¾	124¾	124¾
Canadian Pacific	99	99	99	99
C. C. C. & I.	78½	78½	78½	78½
Chic. Gt. West	13¾	13¾	13½	13¾
Chic., Mil. & St. P.	128½	128½	127¾	127¾
Chic., R. I. & Pac.	109	109	108¾	108¾
Chic. Term. & Tr. pf	36	36	36	36
Chic. & East. Ill.	94	94	94	94
Chic. & East. Ill. pf	122	122	122	122
Chic. & NW.	142	142	140½	140½
C., C., C. & St. L.	81½	81½	81	81
Clev., Lor. & Wheel	21½	21½	21½	21½
Cleve., Lor. & Wheel pf	54½	54½	54½	54½
Col. Fuel & Iron	46¾	47	45¾	45¾
Col. Fuel & Iron pf	125	125	125	125
Col. Midland	10	10	10	10
Col. Midland pf	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Col. Southern 2d pf	16	16	16	16
Col. & Hock. Val.	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾
Con. Coal of Md	30	30	30	30
Consolidated Gas	180½	182½	180	180½
Continental Tobacco	32½	32	32½	32½
Con. Tobacco pf	84½	85	84½	85
Del., Lack. & West.	179	181	179	180¾
Den. & Rio Grande	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Den. & Rio Grande pf	72½	72½	72	72
Duluth, S. S. & Atl.	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
Erie	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Erie 1st pf	37½	37¾	37	37½
Erie 2d pf	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Erie Tel. & Tel	100¾	100¾	100¾	100¾
Evansville & T. H.	47	47½	47	47½
Federal Steel	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾
Federal Steel pf	75½	75¾	75½	75¾
General Electric	128	128	128	128
Glucose Sugar	56¾	56¾	56	56
Gt. Nor. pf. rights	5¾	5¾	5¾	5¾
Illinois Central	114	114	114	114
Inter. Paper	22¾	22¾	22¾	22¾
Inter. Paper pf	69½	69	68½	69
Inter. Silver	9	9	8¾	8¾
Iowa Central	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Iowa Central pf	32	32	32½	32½
Kan. & Mich.	13½	13½	13½	13½
Lake E. & West	21	21	20¾	20¾
Louis. & Nash.	81½	81½	81½	81½
Manhattan	99¾	99¾	99½	99¾
Maryland Coal pf	75	75	75	75
Metro. L. of Chi.	29½	29½	29½	29½
Metro. St. RR.	179½	179½	177½	178
Mex. Nat. Corp.	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Minn. & St. L.	63	63½	63	63½
Mo., Kan. & Tex. pf	32	32	32¾	32¾
Missouri Pacific	47	47	46¾	46¾
National Lead	25½	25½	24¾	24¾
National Steel	35	35	35	35
Nat. Steel pf	97	97	97	97
Norfolk & Western	29½	29½	29½	29
Norfolk & West. pf	73¾	73¾	73¾	73¾
North American	14¾	14¾	14¼	14¼
Northern Pacific	53¾	53¾	53¼	53¾
Northern Pacific pf	74¾	74¾	74¼	74¾
N. Y. Central	134¾	134¾	134¼	134¾
Ontario & Western	24	24¼	23¾	24
Pacific Coast 2d pf	65	65	65	65
Pacific Mail	39½	39½	37	38
Pennsylvania	135¾	135¾	134½	134¾
Peo., Dec. & Evans	2¼	2¼	2¼	2¼
People's Gas (Chicago)	107	107	106¾	106¾
Pitts., Ft. W. & Chi.	158	158	156	156
Reading 1st pf	56¾	56¾	56½	56½
Reading 2d pf	54¾	54¾	54¾	54¾
Rep. Steel	25½	25½	24½	24½
Rep. Steel pf	65½	65½	65½	65½
San Fran. Pacific	33½	33½	33½	33½
Southern Railway	11½	11½	11¼	11½
Southern Railway pf	57½	57½	56½	56½
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	35	35	35	35
Stan. R. & T.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾
Tenn. Coal & Iron	100¾	100¾	97	98½
Texas Pacific	16½	16½	16½	16½
Tex. Pac. Land	15½	15½	15½	15½
Third Avenue	97	98	96½	97
Tol., City R. T.	64½	65¾	64½	65½
Union Pacific	50¾	50¾	50	50¾
Union Pacific pf	76¾	76¾	76¾	76¾
U. S. Leather	17½	17½	16	16½
U. S. Leather pf	75¾	75¾	74½	74½
U. S. Rubber	41	41	39	39½
U. S. Rubber pf	94¾	94¾	93¾	94¾
West. Union Tel.	84½	84½	83½	83½
Wheel. & L. E.	10½	10½	10½	10½
Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾
Wis. Central pf	22	22	20¾	20¾

WHEAT MARKET QUIET AND PRICES EASIER.

Wheat opened a little easier to-day through the influence of large Argentine shipments and reports of snow in many parts of the Winter wheat States. Trade was mostly local and without feature. Corn was fairly steady.

New York's opening prices were: May wheat, 75 3-8; July, 76 1-4.

Chicago's opening prices were: May wheat, 69 3-4; July, 69 1-2; May corn, 35 1-4.

New York's closing prices were: May wheat, 75 3-8; March, 75 7-8; July, 76 3-8; May corn, 36 1-8.

Chicago's closing prices were: May wheat, 69 3-4; March, 70 1-2; July, 71 3-4; May corn, 35 3-4; July, 36 1-4; May oats, 24 3-8.

Brill Brothers OUTFITTERS TO MEN AND BOYS,

Have Purchased the Entire Stock of

PATRICK NORTON & CO.,

Cor. 3d Ave. and 127th St.,

Consisting of

Men's, Boys' and Children's

High Grade Clothing,

Hats and Furnishings,

at a price that will allow us to sell it at

ONE-HALF (½) OFF

Patrick Norton & Co.'s Former Prices.

SALE BEGINS TO-MORROW MORNING AT 8 O'CLOCK,

at our HARLEM STORE, 125th St., cor. Third Ave.

MEN'S SUITS.

Norton's Price.		Our Price.
$35.00	IMPORTED WORSTED SUITS	$12.50
30.00	IMPORTED WORSTED SUITS	10.00
28.00	FINE WORSTED SUITS	9.00
28.00	FINE CHEVIOT SUITS	9.00
28.00	SUMMER BLUE SERGE SUITS	9.00
15.00	FANCY WORSTED SUITS	7.50
15.00	SUMMER BLUE SERGE SUITS	7.50
12.00	WINTER CHEVIOT SUITS	6.00
12.00	SUMMER BLUE SERGE SUITS	6.00
10.00	FANCY CHEVIOT SUITS	5.00
9.00	SUMMER SERGE SUITS	5.00
25.00	VICUNA AND DIAGONAL CUTAWAY COATS AND VESTS, SATIN LINED	12.50
20.00	VICUNA AND DIAGONAL CUTAWAY COATS AND VESTS	10.00
18.00	VICUNA AND DIAGONAL CUTAWAY COATS AND VESTS	9.00
15.00	VICUNA AND DIAGONAL CUTAWAY COATS AND VESTS	7.50
12.00	VICUNA AND DIAGONAL CUTAWAY COATS AND VESTS	6.00
10.00	VICUNA AND DIAGONAL CUTAWAY COATS AND VESTS	5.00

MEN'S OVERCOATS.

$35.00	KERSEY AND MELTONS	$17.50
30.00	KERSEY AND MELTONS	15.00
25.00	KERSEY AND MELTONS	12.50
20.00	BEAVERS AND KERSEYS	10.00
18.00	KERSEY & MELTON OVERCOATS	9.00
15.00	KERSEY & MELTON OVERCOATS	7.50
12.00	KERSEY OVERCOATS	6.00
10.00	WINTER OVERCOATS	5.00

SPRING TOP COATS.

$25.00	SPRING TOP COATS	$12.50
20.00	SPRING TOP COATS	10.00
18.00	SPRING TOP COATS	9.00
15.00	SPRING TOP COATS	7.50
12.00	SPRING TOP COATS	6.00
10.00	SPRING TOP COATS	5.00

TROUSERS.

Norton's Price.		Our Price.
$5.00	FINE STRIPED WORSTED TROUSERS	$4.00
7.00	FANCY STRIPED WORSTED TROUSERS	3.50
6.00	CASHMERE AND WORSTED	3.00
4.00	CASHMERE AND WORSTED	2.50
4.00	CHEVIOT AND WORSTED	2.00
3.00	CHEVIOT AND WORSTED	1.50

YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

$15.00	YOUTHS' LONG TROUSERS SUITS	$7.50
10.00	YOUTHS' LONG TROUSERS SUITS	5.00
7.50	YOUTHS' LONG TROUSERS SUITS	3.75
5.00	YOUTHS' LONG TROUSERS SUITS	2.50
7.00	BOYS' KNEE PANTS SUITS	3.50
5.00	BOYS' KNEE PANTS SUITS	2.50
4.00	BOYS' KNEE PANTS SUITS	2.00
3.00	BOYS' KNEE PANTS SUITS	1.50
6.00	VESTEE AND BLOUSE SUITS	3.00
5.00	VESTEE AND BLOUSE SUITS	2.50
3.00	VESTEE AND BLOUSE SUITS	1.50
3.00	KNEE PANTS SUITS (with vest)	1.50
7.00	KNEE PANTS SUITS (with vest)	3.50
5.00	KNEE PANTS SUITS (with vest)	2.50
25c.	BOYS' OVERALLS	12½c.

Youths', Boys' and Children's Winter Overcoats and Reefers and Spring Top Coats, and Boys' Knee Breeches, at HALF OFF Norton & Co.'s regular prices.

HATS AND CAPS.

$4.00	MEN'S SILK HATS	$2.00
3.00	MEN'S ALPINES AND DERBYS	1.50
1.50	MEN'S ALPINES AND DERBYS	105c.
1.00	MEN'S ALPINES AND DERBYS	50c.
1.50	BOYS' ALPINES AND DERBYS	75c.
1.00	BOYS' ALPINES AND DERBYS	50c.
1.00	CHILDREN'S CAPS	50c.
50c.	CHILDREN'S CAPS	25c.
25c.	CHILDREN'S CAPS	12½c.

FURNISHING GOODS.

Norton's Price.		Our Price.
$1.00	NECKWEAR—ALL SHAPES	50c.
50c.	NECKWEAR—ALL SHAPES	25c.
25c.	NECKWEAR—ALL SHAPES	12½c.
5c.	COLLARS—FOUR PLY	3c.
15c.	CUFFS—FOUR PLY	8c.
1.50	MONARCH WHITE SHIRTS	75c.
1.25	MONARCH WHITE SHIRTS	62½c.
1.00	WHITE DRESS SHIRTS	50c.
1.50	COLORED MADRAS SHIRTS	75c.
1.00	COLORED MADRAS SHIRTS	50c.
1.50	FINE SILK SUSPENDERS	75c.
1.00	FANCY SUSPENDERS	50c.
50c.	SUSPENDERS	25c.
25c.	SUSPENDERS	12½c.
1.50	WALKING GLOVES (extra quality)	75c.
1.00	WALKING GLOVES	50c.
50c.	LISLE HALF HOSE	25c.
25c.	LISLE HALF HOSE	18c.
25c.	BALBRIGGAN HALF HOSE	12½c.
15c.	FINE COTTON HOSE	8c.
75c.	BOYS' BLUE AND FANCY FLANNEL SHIRT WAISTS	38c.
50c.	BOYS' COLORED SHIRTS	25c.

UNDERWEAR.

$2.50	GLASTENBURY NATURAL WOOL	$1.25
2.00	GLASTENBURY CAMEL'S HAIR	1.00
1.50	HEALTH FLEECED	50c.
1.00	WRIGHT'S FLEECED	50c.
2.00	ROOT'S NATURAL WOOL AND CAMEL'S HAIR	1.00
50c.	NATURAL AND WHITE RIBBED	25c.
2.00	MERCERIZED (RIBBED)	1.00
1.00	MERCERIZED (STRIPED)	50c.
1.00	ALL WOOL DERBY RIBBED	50c.
1.50	SCARLET WOOL	75c.
1.00	SCARLET WOOL	50c.

Also Handkerchiefs, Heavy Gloves, Negligee Shirts, Canes, Umbrellas, Bar Coats, Waiters' Jackets and Butchers' Gowns at HALF OFF Norton & Co.'s regular prices.

FULL DRESS SUITS, BICYCLE SUITS AND MACKINTOSHES HALF OFF NORTON'S PRICES.

Patrick Norton & Co. were in business but little over a year, and in that time they had earned an enviable reputation as dealers in HIGH GRADE CLOTHING. Every garment in this stock was carefully selected—not a thread of cotton in the whole assortment. The reason of the retirement of Norton & Co. was that the class of goods they carried was of too high a grade for the neighborhood.

SALE AT OUR HARLEM STORE ONLY.

COMMENCING TO-MORROW MORNING AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Brill Brothers TOP-TO-TOE CLOTHIERS.

125th Street, Cor. Third Avenue.

OPEN EVENINGS UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK. SATURDAY EVENING UNTIL 11 O'CLOCK.

MRS. LANCTRY IN P. W. LEAGUE

Broke In Despite the Opposition of the Members.

Again has Mrs. Hugo de Bathe—she does not desire to be known longer as Mrs. Langtry, except professionally—triumphed over a number of women banded together for her undoing. She was elected a member of the Professional Woman's League last Monday afternoon.

Mrs. Hugo de Bathe thus demonstrates that she is one of the most remarkable women of the century. By calling to her aid the prestige of Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, she succeeded in inducing Mrs. Astor and other leaders of society to lend their names as patronesses to her concert at Sherry's Tuesday.

How she managed to overcome the strenuous opposition which met her efforts to break into the P. W. L. is a secret which Mrs. A. M. Palmer, Mrs. E. L.