of the fixtures. A glance is all that it takes to locate any trouble and a moment's attention can adjust it."

SEVEN SIGNALS DISPLAYED.

"Just think of it. There were seven signals displayed and he passed them all. Think of such precautions and then such a result as the disaster that has shocked us all."

"Was there a signal displayed at Cranford? Much seems to be made of that."

"Most certainly there was a signal displayed at Cranford. There is no secrecy about that. There were orders there for Davis, telegraphed from Jersey City, informing him that train 13, the Easton express, was on the track ahead of him and would have the right of way as far as Dunellen, where she had orders to sidetrack and give his train, 621, the right of way.

"There has been some criticism of the Easton train being ahead of the Philadelphia train on the same track. They were both expresses and there is nothing to that. The Easton train was an express as far as Easton and from there on a local. She was well within her rights on that track and in coming to a stop to cool a hot box.

"The first signal that should have stopped Davis was a red lantern at Cranford, swung by the agent with the orders. He passed that, then the red light that followed at Garwood, then the green cautionary signal—the block system—three-quarters of a mile outside of Westfield, then the flagman at Westfield crossing, then the red light that forbade him to go any further that he should have been looking for after seeing the green light, then the torpedoes, then Louis O'Neil, the flagman sent back from the Easton express, and then the red lights of the train itself. They were the last. He saw them, but it was too late, too late.

FLASHED PAST THEM ALL.

"From the time and the distance covered you must see that Davis could not have had his eyes where they ought to be. Cranford is two miles from Westfield, the green cautionary signal and the red danger one three-quarters of a mile apart. He was going sixty miles an hour. It is simple."

"What about a statement attributed to Mrs. Davis to the effect that her husband had told her that his engine was leaking so badly that the steam obscured the lights of towns and signals?"

"All I can say to that is that engines that leak are not sent out on sixty miles an hour runs and that no engine goes out on our road in that condition. No engine that would lose sufficient steam and keep losing it to such an extent as to blind an engineer could keep up that pace."

"Have you anything to say about Davis?"

"No. All that I can say for him is that he was a good engineer. I would say that if he were still living."

The Union County Grand Jury to-day thought they had completed their work, but Judge Vail charged them that a horrible railroad accident had taken place within the borders of the county and he would advise them to continue their session until Feb. 9, and that "if proper evidence was adduced by the prosecutor, and it was shown that negligence had been the cause of death of so many people, it would be their duty to indict all concerned in the calamity."

Engineer James H. Davis, on whom the Jersey Central officials place all the blame for the Westfield wreck, in which twenty were killed and fifty wounded, died from his injuries at 7 o'clock this morning in the Muhlenberg Hospital, Plainfield, N. J.

His body was taken to Philadelphia by his wife, who had come to Plainfield with her five children. The funeral will take place from their home at No. 1555 Seizer street, in that city.

UNDERTAKERS ALL BUSY.

Most all the funerals of the victims of the wreck will take place to-morrow afternoon, when all business in Plainfield will be suspended by proclamation of the Mayor. Funeral services will be held in the First Presbyterian Church, the Second Presbyterian Church and the First Baptist Church. All the undertakers in the city were busy to-day preparing for to-morrow's funerals. One undertaker will have five funerals.

The only body taken from the wreck that has not yet been positively identified is supposed to be that of David Miller, a clothing salesman, of No. 214 West Sixty-fourth street, this city. Miller left New York Tuesday afternoon to go to Easton and has not been seen since. W. Raymond Weston, a friend of the salesman, went to Westfield to-day and searched the railroad tracks near the scene of the wreck, endeavoring to discover some trace of his friend. He found a horn-handle knife, which he declares belonged to Miller. He was unable to identify the body at the morgue, however, because it was mangled and charred beyond recognition. Mrs. Miller has been notified of the probable death of her husband and will visit Plainfield to-day.

There are still eleven persons injured in the wreck at the Muhlenberg Hospital. The doctors said to-day that they were all getting along nicely and would probably recover.

Davis made an ante-mortem statement regarding the wreck to Chief of Police Patrick Kieley, of Plainfield, in the presence of his brothers, John and Martin Davis.

Chief Kieley says the statement will not be made public until the Coroner's inquest. The dead engineer's brothers are not so reticent. They say their brother did not take all the blame for the disaster, claiming that railroad methods were responsible, and charging that he had not been notified, as he should, that the Easton express, contrary to custom, would run on the main track between Cranford and Dunellen.

ENGINEER BLAMED RAILROAD OFFICIALS.

Davis refused to see the railroad officials, and when interviewed by County Physician Westcott in the presence of John K. Large, claim agent for the Jersey Central, he was evasive.

To his brother John he spoke freely, and the latter to-day gave out the substance of the ante-mortem statement as follows:

"It was one of those cases where I was expecting every second to see the white light drop. I did see the danger signal, but there isn't an engineer on the road who doesn't run right up to his signals most of the time, and that what I did. Had I known there was a train ahead I would not have done this.

"I know this doesn't excuse me for what I did, but I ought to have been told that that express had not been switched off for me at Cranford. It's always been done before—always. So important a change as that ought to have been given to the engineer of a train like mine, but it was't. I knew nothing about it at all.

"When I saw that train ahead of me it was the first I knew that I had not left it behind. That's all there is to it.

"When I ran up to my danger signal I followed the custom of every engineer. It is always done. When my white light didn't appear and I shot under the signal I tried to bring my train up, and almost at the same moment I saw that other train ahead. But it was too late. It wouldn't have been if I had only known that they weren't going to switch that train. My God! If I had only known that!"

CORONER'S JURY IS AT WORK.

The official inquiry to fix the responsibility for the wreck has been begun by Prosecutor N. C. J. English, of Union County, and Coroner Boise Bunting, of Elizabeth.

A Coroner's jury of six prominent residents of Plainfield, N. J., headed by ex-Mayor Charles J. Fisk, President of the Board of Health, has been impanelled.

Detectives have been assigned by the County Prosecutor to assist the police of Plainfield in gathering evidence for the inquest. The Union County Grand Jury, which was to have been dismissed to-day, will be held in recess so that evidence taken by the Coroner may be submitted to it.

Charles T. Thayer, one of the victims of the Westfield disaster, was not the private secretary of Senator Thomas C. Platt as reported, but general superintendent of the National Express Company for the New York division, with offices at No. 145 Broadway.

Mr. Thayer was forty-nine years of age. He entered the employ of the United States Express Company in 1869, and continued therein until the latter part of 1899, when he resigned, after having succeeded Walter Hutton as general agent.

Of late, besides holding the National Express agency, Mr. Thayer had been interested in numerous electrical and mining enterprises.

He leaves a son and three daughters and his mother, who reside at No. 904 Watchung avenue, Plainfield, N. J.

J. Everett Creighton, the young man who lost both legs in the wreck and who has been in a semi-conscious condition most of the time since he has been in the Plainfield Hospital, regained his senses sufficiently to-day to appreciate for the first time his condition. When he realized both of his limbs were gone he moaned pitifully, "Oh, let me die; Oh, let me die." The doctors said he had no chance of recovery.

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

HEROINE OF THE JERSEY CENTRAL WRECK, WHO TURNED HER HOME INTO A HOSPITAL WHILE SHE HELPED TO CARE FOR THE INJURED, AND TWO OF THE DEAD PASSENGERS.

THOMAS A CUMING

He was a victim of the wreck and was a young real estate man of Plainfield, well known in club and athletic circles. He was married a year ago and leaves one child.

MRS. EMMA HARKINSON

C. T. THAYER.

Was one of T. C. Platt's lieutenants and superintendent of the National Express Company. He left four grown children and a mother. He was a widower and will be buried in Buffalo.

The Boston Herald Says:
"* * * In THE WORLD ALMANAC contemporaneous history is digested into a small book which you can carry, not inconveniently, in your pocket."

KILLS FIRST OF 40 ENGLISHMEN

Lynch Starts in to Avenge Sentence of Irish Captain by Stabbing Golden, a Britisher, Who Dies of His Wounds.

VICTIM CALLED TO STREET.

When He Walked Through the Door He Was Immediately Attacked with a Knife—Assailant Under Arrest.

Thomas Lynch, of No. 9 Garnetstreet, Brooklyn, who was arrested last night charged with stabbing James Golden, of No. 334 Hamilton avenue, will have to face a charge of murder to-day, as Golden died of his wounds in the Long Island College Hospital.

Lynch, who is an Irishman, got into an argument with Golden, who was an Englishman, in a Hamilton avenue saloon over the merits of the Captain Lynch treason case. Golden declared that the sentencing of Lynch to life imprisonment was merciful. Lynch declared that the sentence was worse than hanging. Finally Lynch said:

"I intend to kill forty Englishmen in order to avenge my namesake!" With that he left the saloon, returning, however, in a few minutes, when he asked Golden to go out into the street. Golden had hardly got out of the door when Lynch drew a knife and stabbed him in the back. Lynch was arrested and Golden was taken to the hospital.

On Sept. 18, 1895, Lynch was sent to Sing Sing for five years for killing George Devanney, of No. 114 Sullivan street.

HARLEM WANTS 4 TRANSIT TRACKS

Representatives of Many Organizations Tell the Commissioners What Kind of a Service They Wish for Lenox Avenue.

ENGINEER PARSONS REPLIES.

Harlemites want four instead of two tracks in the Lenox avenue division of the Rapid Transit road—two tracks for express and two for local trains. Representatives of many Harlem organizations appeared before the Board of Rapid Transit Commissioners to-day to urge the adoption of the four-track system.

Aldermen Meyers and Goodman and Tax Commissioner Strassbourger also appeared to advocate the four-track road.

President Henry Martin, of the Harlem Board of Commerce, presented a petition containing hundreds of signatures requesting that the four-track service be inaugurated.

Chief Engineer Parsons, replying to the advocates of the four-track system, said an express service has been provided for Harlem. Fresh trains will stop at One Hundred and Forty-fifth street from the terminal station at the northern end of Lenox avenue.

These trains will be solely for the Harlem people and will stop also at One Hundred and Thirty-fifth and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street and are virtually express trains.

The trains will start empty, stop at four Harlem stations, and thus are full express trains to City Hall. The run from Harlem to the City Hall will be no more than fifteen minutes.

Engineer Parsons has completed his new plans for the great east side subway and will submit them to the Rapid Transit Board early next week. The new subway is intended to divert travel from the Bronx and Washington Heights spurs and allow better express service for upper New York. The proposed subway will be built from One Hundred and Tenth street and east of the present system.

FORGETITIS, A NEW DISEASE, HITS COP.

Can't Remember a Thing—Starts for Lunch and Forgets to Eat It—Experts Puzzled.

Sergt. James Wilson, of the Atlantic avenue station, Brooklyn, is forgetting himself. He was charged with failure to make entries on his blotter, he forgot to appear at his trial, he forgot to appear when remotified and sometimes he even forgets to eat. His friends are now moving to have him retired for disability and will probably succeed.

Jan. 12 a man called at the station for a missing horse and wagon. He proved ownership and his property was given to him. There was no record on the blotter about the finding of the horse and wagon. Wilson said he forgot to enter it.

Charges were preferred against him. They were to have been heard a week ago Tuesday by Deputy Commissioner Ebstein, but Wilson did not show up. Capt. Brown asked him in the evening where he had been and he explained that he forgot to appear.

The trial was set for last Tuesday. Wilson was there and responded to his name. He then left the trial room for a few minutes, and when Ebstein was ready to go on with the trial there was no Wilson. He again explained that night to Capt. Brown that after he left the room he forgot all about the trial and went away.

Major Ebstein had him brought before him yesterday and heard the testimony in the case privately. He reserved decision.

Wilson starts for lunch, but gets his shoes shined or his hair cut and then returns. A few minutes later he will ask to go to lunch and explain that he forgot to eat while he was out.

A brother takes him to the station house daily for fear he will wander off.

BOLTERS TOO MUCH FOR PLATT

Brackett, Brown and Elsberg Demonstrate Their Ability to Sidetrack the Machine in the Senate.

RAINES ROUTED IN TEST.

(Special to The Evening World.)

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—The three bolting Republican Senators to-day showed their ability to sidetrack the Platt machine in the Senate whenever they want to.

Acting with the Democrats, Messrs. Brackett, Brown and Elsberg headed off the Platt-Fassett scheme to Republicanize Elmira, even though the Democrats continue to elect the Mayor there. This bill was jammed through the Assembly yesterday and was sandbagged by the bolters when it came up in the Senate to-day.

Following this action the regular Republicans undertook to discipline the bolters when a bill was reported from the Judiciary Committee, of which Brackett is chairman. The bill had been introduced by Senator Townsend, and provided that all deaf and dumb children should be given educational advantages by the State. The bill itself was a mere incident in the fight.

One of the regulars, Senator Malby, Chairman of the Finance Committee, moved that the bill be taken from the authority of the Judiciary Committee and sent to the Finance Committee. This motion was declared by Brackett, Brown and Elsberg to be a direct slap at the Judiciary Committee, which they resented.

Senator Raines, the regular Republican leader, proved utterly unable to control the situation, and the bolters won the fight by 32 to 14, all of the Democrats and several Republicans acting with them.

The day's proceedings have jolted the Platt machine so severely that the lieutenants of the "Easy Boss" in the Legislature are quite in a panic.

BACHELORS' TAX STIRS ASSEMBLY.

General Laws Committee Gets the Measure After Legislators Have Flings at It.

(Special to The Evening World.)

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Assemblyman Isidor Cohn's bill taxing bachelors and spinsters has become one of the star pieces of legislation at a single bound. To-day in the Assembly there was a spirited controversy as to which of the several committees should have the consideration of the measure.

"The bill will go to the Committee on General Laws," said Speaker Nixon.

"Mr. Speaker," cried Mr. Morgan, of Kings (the chairman of the Committee on General Laws is a married man. The bill applies a burdensome tax. I suggest that Mr. Fowler may not consider it without bias. It should go to the Committee on Judiciary, of which I am chairman."

"No, no," put in minority leader Palmer, when he gained recognition. "That is not the proper committee, either. The bill may receive harsh treatment, and I suggest it go to the Committee on Indian Affairs."

By this time the entire house was in an uproar and the Benedicts were snapping their fingers and making faces at the bachelors.

Speaker Nixon, while laughing himself, kept up a vigorous rapping for order.

Mr. Burnett was recognized and arose gravely, saying:

"It is extremely likely that this bill will receive unfair treatment unless watched. A trick might be sprung in a committee of which a married man is chairman.

"The General Laws Committee will treat the bill fairly," said Mr. Fowler. "We know a thing or two about bachelors and spinsters."

"Why not let it go to the Committee on Public Health?" asked Mr. Ellis.

But Speaker Nixon ruled that the General Laws was the proper committee and there the bill went.

VAGRANT GOES TO LAST JUDGE.

Poor Old Waterfront Wreck, Whiskey-Soaked and Miserable, Dies in Court While Waiting to Be Sentenced.

SLUM-WORN BODY AT REST.

The old vagrant won't have to go to court any more. She's dead now. They have her thin, slum-worn old body up at the Morgue. She died to-day while she was waiting for Magistrate Pool to take the bench and pass judgment on her misfortune.

They say her name was Lillian Walker. It really doesn't make any difference whether it was or not. She had no home, and that made no difference to any one but her. Now she's dead, it makes no difference to any one.

She was one of the city's waifs, scarred with forty-five years of life along the water front and the beer dives of Park Row, and forty-five years of this life are eighty elsewhere. Yesterday she wandered past the Brooklyn Bridge, drunk and disorderly, craving more drink, begging for it, willing to put past her rich, red meat for just one glass of the wormwood some of these Park Row dives pass out for whiskey.

All Night in a Cell.

Policeman Goode saw her and took her in. The charge was vagrancy; not a new one for her. She slept all night in a police cell. They took her in the morning to the Centre Street Court and brought her, when the hour came for the Magistrate to appear, into the court itself. But something was wrong with Pool. He was late. The long line of human drunks and dregs stood waiting, the old woman with the rest.

She seemed tired and sat down on the little step in front of the still vacant bench. Gradually she became limp. The policemen thought the whiskey of the night before was still working in her feeble body. Then she rolled over on the floor. They picked her up. Her face was white as the ashes from a birch fire.

Died in Court-Room.

"She's a goner, I guess," said one of the policemen.

Sergt. Brown called an ambulance from the Hudson Street Hospital.

"She's dead," said the surgeon. "Heart disease or maybe starvation."

There she lay, still waiting for Pool. He came at last, looked at her and told them to take her away. That was a sentence she didn't mind. She had "bilked" him of his other chance by dying.

EX-SECRETARY LONG WORSE

Grip Symptoms Develop and Doctors Watching Patient.

BOSTON, Jan. 29.—It was announced this afternoon that the condition of ex-Secretary of the Navy John D. Long, who is at St. Margaret's Hospital, this city, was not so favorable. A consultation of physicians was held to-day, but it is stated there is no immediate cause for alarm.

Symptoms of grip have developed, and in view of the kidney trouble he suffers the physicians are watching the patient carefully.

ALDERMEN WANT MORE PAY.

Assembly Bill Increases Their Salary to $2,000.

(Special to The Evening World.)

ALBANY, Jan. 29.—Assemblyman Byrne introduced a bill to-day increasing the salary of New York City Aldermen from $1,000 to $2,000 a year.

TO RAISE ROOSEVELT'S PAY.

Congressional Bill to Increase President's Salary to $100,000.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Representative Bristow, of New York, to-day introduced a bill increasing the salary of the President of the United States to $100,000 a year.

HAIR GROWTH

Promoted by Shampoos of Cuticura Soap

And Light Dressings of Cuticura

This treatment at once stops falling hair, removes crusts, scales, and dandruff, soothes irritated, itching surfaces, destroys hair parasites, stimulates the hair follicles, loosens the scalp skin, supplies the roots with energy and nourishment, and makes the hair grow upon a sweet, wholesome, healthy scalp when all else fails.

TORTURING DISFIGURING HUMOURS

Speedy Cure Treatment.

Bathe the affected parts with hot water and CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin and scalp of crusts and scales, and soften the thickened cuticle. Dry, without hard rubbing, and apply CUTICURA OINTMENT freely, to allay itching, irritation, and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and lastly take CUTICURA RESOLVENT PILLS, to cool and cleanse the blood. This pure, sweet, and wholesome treatment affords instant relief, permits rest and sleep, and points to a speedy, permanent, and economical cure of the most torturing, disfiguring, itching, burning and scaly skin, scalp, and blood humours, eczemas, rashes, and irritations, from infancy to age, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

MILLIONS OF WOMEN USE

CUTICURA SOAP, assisted by CUTICURA OINTMENT, for preserving, purifying, and beautifying the skin, for cleansing the scalp of crusts, scales, and dandruff, and the stopping of falling hair, for softening, whitening, and soothing red, rough, and sore hands, for baby rashes, itchings, and chafings, in the form of baths for annoying irritations and inflammations, or too free or offensive perspiration, in the form of washes for ulcerative weaknesses, and many sanative, antiseptic purposes which readily suggest themselves, as well as for all the purposes of the toilet, bath and nursery.

Elections and Meetings.

PROPOSED AMENDMENT TO THE ARTICLES of Association of the Oriental Bank.—Take notice that at a regular meeting of the Board of Directors of the Oriental Bank, duly convened on the twenty-eighth day of January, 1903, more than two-thirds of the entire number of Directors being present in person, the following resolution was adopted, and the following amendments to the Articles of Association of the Oriental Bank were proposed by more than two-thirds of the whole number of the Board of Directors of the said bank, for the time being, to wit:

"Be it resolved, that the certificates of incorporation and articles of association of the Oriental Bank be amended as follows:

"That Section 2 of Article I. of said articles of association, which now reads as follows:

"Section 2—The operations of discount and deposit of this association are to be carried on in the City of New York," be altered so as to read:

"Section 2—The operations of discount and deposit of this association are to be carried on in the City of New York. This association shall have the power to open and keep one or more branch offices in said city for the receipt and payment of deposits, and for making loans and discounts to the customers of such branch offices only."

That Section 1 of Article III. of said articles of association be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 1—All the powers of this association shall be exercised and its business, as above defined, shall be conducted by a Board of Directors to consist of fifteen persons, who shall hold office for one year and until their successors are elected. Every director shall own and hold, at all times in his own right, at least forty shares of the capital stock of this association."

That Section 3 of Article III. of said articles of association be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 3—The regular annual meeting of the shareholders for the election of directors shall be held at the principal place of business of the Bank on the second Tuesday of January of each year, but if no election shall be held on that day, it shall then be held in accordance with the provisions of the law in such case made and provided, and all other elections shall be held according to such regulations as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors, not inconsistent with the provisions of law."

That Section 4 of Article III. of said articles of association be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 4—Notice of the time and place of holding any election of directors shall be given by publication thereof at least once in each week for two successive weeks immediately preceding such election in a newspaper published in the county of New York."

That said articles of association be further amended by striking out all of Section 5 of Article III. thereof, together with all the provisions therein contained.

That section 8 of article III. of said articles of association be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 8—The board of directors, five of whom shall be a quorum to transact all business, except the election of President, Vice-President and Cashier, and the filling of vacancies in the Board of Directors, which shall require a majority of the existing Directors to constitute a quorum, shall elect one of their number to be President, and others of their number to be Vice-Presidents of the association, who shall hold office (unless they shall be disqualified or be sooner removed by a two-thirds vote of all the members of the Board) for the term for which they were elected Directors, and they shall have the power to determine the number of Vice-Presidents of the association, and shall designate their duties, which shall include those of the President, in the event of his absence or inability, from any cause, to perform all acts and duties pertaining to his said office, except such as the President only is authorized by law to perform; and to elect or appoint a Cashier and such other officers and clerks as may be required to transact the business of the association; to fix the salaries to be paid to them, and continue them in office or to dismiss them, as in the opinion of a majority of the Board the interests of the association may demand. They shall have power to define the duties of the officers and clerks of the association; to require bonds from them, and to fix the default thereof; to regulate the manner in which elections of Directors shall be held; to commit or delegate such power, in transacting the business of the association, to committees of their own body, and to their officers and agents, or any or either of them, as they may deem expedient, and such power at pleasure to annul and revoke; to provide for an increase of the capital of the association, and to regulate the manner in which such increase shall be made; and generally to do and perform all the acts that it may be legal for a Board of Directors to do under the laws of the State of New York; and they shall also have the power to make all by-laws that it may be proper and convenient for them to make, not inconsistent with law, for the general regulation of the business of the association and the management and administration of its affairs."

All vacancies that shall happen in the Board of Directors from time to time, during the term of office thereof, may be filled by the remaining Directors, until the next succeeding annual election.

That said articles of association be further amended by striking out all of Sections 9, 10, 11 and 12 of Article III. thereof, together with all the provisions therein contained.

That said articles of association be further amended by striking out all of Sections 1, 2, 3 and 4 of Article IV. thereof, together with all the provisions therein contained.

That said articles of association be further amended by striking out all of Articles VII. and IX. thereof, together with all the provisions therein contained.

And be it further resolved, that such amendments be proposed and submitted to the stockholders of the corporation, and that the President be and hereby is authorized and directed to call a special meeting of the stockholders of this bank for the purpose of considering said amendments and passing upon the same.

In pursuance of such authorization, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of the Oriental Bank will be held on the thirteenth day of February, 1903, at eleven o'clock A. M., at the office of the said bank, No. 122 Broadway, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, to amend the certificate of incorporation and articles of association of the said bank, as hereinabove set forth.

Dated New York, January 28, 1903.

NELSON G. AYRES, President of the Oriental Bank.
JOSEPH E. KEHOE, Cashier of the Oriental Bank.

Directors Present at the Meeting:
S. R. HALSEY, W. M'CARROLL,
N. G. AYRES, J. H. RIGHTER,
L. NIESEN, HUGH KELLY,
LOUIS CLARK, JR., C. E. CHICHESTER,
C. H. CLARKE, SAMUEL BETTS,
J. C. WHITNEY, W. F. [illegible]

Laundry Wants.

BOYS—Bright boys wanted, over 16, for delivery; references required. Wallach's Laundry, 252 W. 116th st.

BOY WANTED in a laundry. 777 Park ave., store.

BOY wanted for laundry; bring references. Pearl Laundry, 306 W. 113th st.

BOY wanted in laundry; honest and reliable. 2543 Broadway, 95th st.

DRIVER—Young man, 18, to drive laundry wagon. 400 4th ave.; French laundry.

FIRST-CLASS men ironers wanted on family shirts. Wallach's Laundry, 1210 2d ave., near 64th st.

GIRLS WANTED on mangle. Call all week. Steam Laundry, 2289 Broadway, near 82d st.

GIRLS WANTED. Standard Laundry Co., 1159 Bedford ave., Brooklyn.

IRONER—Experienced girl in collar ironing department. West Side Laundry, 507 W. 50th st.

IRONER—Girl, family ironer; help marking and sorting. 1936 Madison ave.

IRONER—A young girl to iron plain clothes. Apply Columbia Laundry, 781 3d ave.

STARCHERS WANTED. Neptune Laundry, 1330 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

YOUNG LADY to learn marking in hand laundry; neat handwriting. 249 3d ave.

SHIRT IRONER WANTED. 14 E. 26th st.

Laundry Wants.

IRONER on shirt waists; long season. John Forsythe, 587 Anderson st., 5th floor.

DIED.

KELLY.—JOHN KELLY, of North Bergen, N. J., on Jan. 27, 1903, after a short illness.

Funeral from his late residence, Hudson County boulevard, at 10 A. M. Friday, thence to St. Joseph's Church, Guttenburg. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited.

A Most Useful Work.

The World Almanac and Encyclopedia for 1903 contains an unusually large number of facts of unusual interest. A feature of the book is the data given in regard to the various trusts and in regard to the new insular possessions of the United States. The volume contains the facts of 1902 history of value and interest to the layman, and all in all is a useful work of an up-to-date newspaper.—The Lexington (Ky.) Morning Herald.