STEAMSHIP FAST AGROUND IN FOG

Big Liner Carrying Passengers and a Heavy Cargo of Coffee Runs Ashore To-Day Off Atlantic Highlands.

EFFORTS TO FLOAT HER MEET WITH NO SUCCESS.

Steam Pilot Boat Tears Off the After Bitts in Attempt to Haul Her off—Wrecking Fleet Will Try Again.

The Lamport & Holt line steamer Terence, coffee laden, from South American ports, went ashore off Atlantic Highlands early to-day. A heavy fog prevented her pilot from seeing the Twin Lights and she grounded within a half-mile of them, stern to the shore and within hailing distance of Highland Beach.

A distress signal was heard at the Highlands and a message was sent to the coast to the distressed steamer and passed her a line. A despatch from the Highlands said that the single tug did not seem able to move the big steamer from her position.

The Terence, for which Busk & Jevons are the New York agents and consignees, sailed from Santos with coffee on Sept. 12, from Rio Janeiro Sept. 18, Bahia Sept. 21 Pernambuco Sept. 23 and Barbados on Sept. 30. She was due in New York to-day and was evidently sailing on schedule time when the fog dropped over her and she lost her way.

Busk & Jevons received a despatch an hour after the grounding saying that the Terence was pointing off shore, but failing to mention the prospects of releasing her.

As the steamship carries an unusually large and heavy cargo of green coffee it may be necessary to run lighters alongside of her and take part of the freight off.

While the steam pilot-boat New York was trying to haul the Terence off she pulled so hard that her two after bitts were broken off and her skylight smashed. When the bitts parted the New York shot out to sea like a streak, but soon recovered herself. The damage will amount to $500. The pilot-boat then turned about and passed another line to the Terence, making fast to her stem bitts.

The Terence, besides her cargo of coffee and hides, has on board several steerage passengers. They were in their bunks when the Terence went aground. They rushed madly to the decks, but were quieted by the ship's officers.

The Merritt-Chapman Wrecking Company sent several powerful tugs to the Terence, but the officers said they would probably have to wait for a high tide to float her.

NOT TRUE, SAYS SALVATION MAJOR

Head of the Army in Newark Denies Allegations of Husband Who Names Him as Co-respondent in Divorce Case.

Major Joseph Sheppard, head of the Salvation Army in New Jersey, with headquarters in Newark, is named as co-respondent in a cross-bill for divorce brought by Hugh Pritchard, a "phrenologist and astrologer," of Newark, against his wife.

In her petition for divorce Mrs. Mary Pritchard alleges that her husband has a wife in Liverpool, England, and prays for an annulment of the marriage. She dropped the criminal prosecution of the case.

Major Sheppard has laid his case before the Salvation Army Board in New York, and says he wants a complete investigation. He denounces Pritchard for dragging down his wife's name. The charges are branded as absurd by his Newark friends and by his superior officers in the army.

"Mrs. Pritchard has done good work in Newark," said Major Sheppard. "She came to me about Christmas and showed me a letter to her husband, which was signed, 'Your loving wife, Ellen.' It came from Liverpool.

"I communicated with our Liverpool barracks and upon investigation it was found that the woman there was Pritchard's wife. She first determined to bring criminal proceedings against him, but in a Christian spirit she abandoned the idea, contenting herself with an edict freeing herself from him.

"I was never alone with Mrs. Pritchard in my life. I have a wife and four children, whom I love, and I want these false charges investigated for the sake of Mrs. Pritchard and my own wife and children."

Pritchard denies that he has a wife in England. He says his first wife died soon after their child was born.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ALMANAC FOR TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6.22|Sun sets, 5.55|Moon rises, 6.20

PORT OF NEW YORK.

ARRIVED.

Northeastern	Port Arthur
Saxary	Progreso
Alliance	Lisbon
San Marcos	Jacksonville
Capo Blanco	Mobile
Ontarolo	Santa Maria
Colorado	Mobile
City	Galveston
Ulsterman	Port Spain
Lochenkah	Sabine Pass
Leila Castle	East London

INCOMING STEAMSHIPS.

DUE TO-DAY.

Spaa, Gibraltar	Francis, Hamburg.
Adriatic, Liverpool.	

OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS.

SAILED YESTERDAY.

New York, Southampton.	Hamburg, Norfolk.
Ultonia, Liverpool.	Ciruria, Guadeloupe.
Bermudian, Bermuda.	Bermuda, New Orleans.
Kansas City, Galveston.	Seattle, Seattle.
Pennsylvania, Pacific Ports.	

DRESSER TELLS TRUST SECRETS

Testifies Before United States Commissioner Concerning His Relations with the Ship Building Combine.

THE PUBLIC HAD NO SHOW IN BUYING SHARES.

Says Schwab Told Him that the Bethlehem Plant Cost $7,200,000 and that It Was Worth $9,000,000.

Daniel Le Roy Dresser took the stand to-day and told secrets of how the great Nixon-Schwab-Morgan Shipbuilding Trust had been formed. He also showed the little chance that the outside public had for its money.

The public, according to Mr. Dresser, got no show at all until after the pool stock of J. P. Morgan and Charles M. Schwab had been marketed at the best possible price.

While the public had to pay 97 1-2 flat for the Shipbuilding Company's bonds, those on the inside, Mr. Morgan, Mr. Nixon, Mr. Schwab and others got theirs for 90 and a bonus of stock besides.

Mr. Dresser told how Mr. Schwab had sold the Bethlehem Steel Plant for $30,000,000 through J. P. Morgan & Co. and how he (Mr. Schwab) had given to the Trust $7,246,811.76 in cash on condition that his stock and that of Mr. Morgan should be sold first through Harris, Gates & Co. before any other holdings were marketed.

The pool had 450,000 shares to market at 66 and 35 or 65 and 25 for preferred and common.

Dresser Made a Scapegoat?

The inquiry at which these matters were brought out was held in the office of Samuel Untermeyer, No. 30 Broad street, who wants to show that in the troubles of the Shipbuilding Trust Mr. Dresser has been made a scapegoat.

Special United States Commissioner H. D. Oliphant was in charge of the proceedings.

The object of the inquiry is to make former United States Senator James Smith, jr., permanent receiver for not only the shipbuilding trust but also for the Bethlehem steel plant.

To the first questions Mr. Dresser said that he lived at Oyster Bay, L. I., and that he was a bankrupt. He also told how he had been president of the Trust Company of the Republic.

Mr. Dresser said that in 1902 he was visited by Col. John J. McCook, who told him that the Mercantile Trust Company had agreed to underwrite, through John W. Young, $6,000,000 of shares of the Trust.

"Col. McCook," Mr. Dresser said, "wanted us to underwrite $3,000,000 of the stock here. He said that Mr. Young would attend to the matter abroad.

"I put the matter before our board," Mr. Dresser continued in answer to Mr. Untermyer's questions. "Col. McCook told me that he couldn't get the underwriting on time, and asked me to get $1,700,000 in a hurry and that Young would get $1,200,000 in Paris."

Collected American Underwriting.

"We collected the American underwriting for the Mercantile Trust Company," Mr. Dresser said, "but they kept their foreign collection. They got the money for the $4,700,000, I believe, although they hadn't all the money in when I was forced to resign from the Trust Company of the Republic."

W. D. Guthrie looked after Charles M. Schwab's interest at the hearing. He had a special stenographer present, as also did Mr. Morgan and other financiers interested in the case.

The way that the Trust Company of the Republic got into trouble, Mr. Dresser said, was because the underwriting of the Ship-Building Trust was not paid up.

Mr. Dresser then went into details of how he and Mr. Nixon carried on the negotiations for the purchase of Schwab's Bethlehem steel plant.

Schwab Wanted Cash.

"Mr. Schwab wanted cash for the steel plant," Mr. Dresser said, "but we told him we couldn't trade on a cash basis."

"How did you happen to negotiate with Mr. Schwab?" was asked.

"On June 11 I was at luncheon at the Lawyers' Club with Mr. Nixon when Mr. Schwab came to our table.

"'Why don't you folks buy my Bethlehem steel plant for your shipbuilding company?' he asked.

"I told him that I didn't know that the plant was for sale, and he said that the logical place for it was with the shipbuilding concern.

"On the following day Mr. Nixon and I went to Mr. Schwab's office. He said that because of the armor part of the plant we ought to take the concern. He said that he owned all of the stock in the Bethlehem Company excepting fifteen shares and that he could get those. There was no mention of price, as he wanted to cable to J. Pierpont Morgan, who was then in London.

"The next day Mr. Schwab said that the plant had cost $7,200,000 and was worth with secured interest $9,000,000. We offered him stocks and bonds, bonds at 90, with a stock bonus of $9,000,000.

"We offered Mr. Schwab $9,000,000 of each kind of stock, but he insisted upon $10,000,000 of each kind of stock, $20,000,000 in all, and $10,000,000 in bonds, as he said he had to give to Mr. Morgan $2,300,000.

"Mr. Schwab finally agreed to give $7,246,000 to the shipbuilding concern if they in turn would turn it over to Mr. Morgan, who would deliver to us the stock of the steel plant.

The Public Got No Bonus.

"Did the public get any bonus of stock with its bonds," Mr. Untermyer interrupted.

"No," Mr. Dresser said. "The public paid 97 1-2 flat."

Mr. Dresser said that on Aug. 1 those interested in the deal met at Mr. Morgan's office when the Schwab check was turned over to Mr. Morgan and the Bethlehem stock received in return.

Mr. Untermyer brought out the fact that an agreement had been made by which the stock held by Morgan and Schwab should be marketed first through Harris, Gates & Co. The price was fixed 35 for common and 66 for the preferred.

The shipbuilding promoters agreed to freeze out the public until Schwab and Morgan's stock was put on the market.

Schwab Lends $2,100,000.

When Mr. Dresser resumed the stand at the afternoon session he continued to tell how Harris, Gates & Co. fixed the price of the stock to be sold for the Morgan-Schwab pool. He said that Mr. Schwab was so confident in the outlook for the company that he offered to put up $2,000,000 more to help along the underwriting of the bonds.

"Finally," witness said, "I got worried about the French money. I went to see Mr. Perkins and he deposited $2,100,000 in gold on the French underwriting.

"Treasurer Gary reported a profit of $1,160,000 for the first three months of the shipbuilding company's existence.

Got Men Favorable to Schwab.

Mr. Dresser, in answer to questions, told how Mr. Schwab had come into control of the Shipyards Company.

"We got men on the board who were favorable to the Schwab interests," he said.

"What became of the $900,000 profit that the Bethlehem plant made in the first six months of the shipyard's existence?"

"I don't know. I inquired about it, but never had an answer."

Lawyer Guthrie for Mr. Schwab cross-examined Mr. Dresser and went into the business of the Trust Company of the Republic at the time of the underwriting agreement.

A surprise was sprung on Mr. Dresser by Mr. Guthrie when he showed him a private prospectus in which the bank was mentioned. Mr. Guthrie's object was to show that Mr. Dresser was to blame for the shipbuilding company's troubles.

"Did the Trust Company authorize you to commit one dollar of obligation in connection with the Ship Building Trust."

"Not at that time. The directors did so subsequently, however."

"You have been very ill since this trouble?" Mr. Guthrie asked.

"It depends upon what you term very ill."

"You had nervous prostration?"

"No sir. I did not."

"Am I correctly informed that you had to go to a sanitarium because of some brain trouble or trouble with your head?"

"You were not correctly informed."

"Have you heard that a valuable document disappeared from the Trust Company."

"Yes, I have heard so."

"What did you have to do with the disappearance of that paper?"

"I don't know what you mean," Mr. Dresser replied, but finally declared he had nothing to do with the disappearance of this mysterious document.

Mr. Dresser said that he had authority from his directors to borrow the $2,000,000 that was advanced by J. P. Morgan's firm to carry out the project.

"Do you mean to say that you had authority to borrow on the credit of the Trust Company of the Republic $4,100,000 which includes the $2,000,000 advanced by the Morgan firm?"

"Yes. I gave notes for the amounts. Some were guaranteed by the Trust Company; in fact all were."

"Did counsel advise you that what you did was a criminal offense?"

"No. I don't admit it now."

"What were the forms of the notes by you and Mr. Nixon?"

"I don't remember."

"What profit could your trust company get out of borrowing $4,000,000 for a third party?"

"I think in cash it was a half million, but we wanted the reputation, which was of more value to us."

DANIEL LE ROY DRESSER, WHO IS TELLING BEFORE U. S. COMMISSIONER SHIP TRUST SECRETS.

SMILES ON FORNES, CHILLY TO GROUT

Meeting Between Mayor and the Comptroller Was More Formal than Ever at Board of Estimate Session.

The Board of Estimate and Apportionment resumed its hearing on the budget to-day. Several department heads were present to submit estimates for the running of their departments for 1904.

When President Fornes, of the Board of Aldermen, entered he was warmly greeted by the Mayor, with whom he shook hands in a very friendly manner, but the meeting between Mayor Low and Comptroller Grout was even more chilly than on Monday last. The Comptroller's recognition of the Mayor was exceedingly formal and the Mayor's was of the same character. They simply nodded to each other and did not shake hands, although the Mayor seemed more friendly in his attitude than Mr. Grout did.

The most noticeable feature was that Mr. Grout greeted President Fornes warmly, reaching across the big table and shaking hands with him. In doing so their hands made a bridge in front of the Mayor, who sat at the head of the table.

Col. Monroe, of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, asked for $5,168,394.12 for 1904, as against $4,591,236.18 allowed for 1903.

Commissioner Hynes, of the Department of Correction, asked for $902,170 for 1904, against $791,072.59 allowed for 1903. President Lederle, of the Department of Health, asked for $1,621,500 for 1904, as against $1,034,791.48 allowed last year.

Commissioner Willcox, of the Park Department for the Boroughs of Manhattan and Richmond, asked for these two boroughs $1,110,610 for 1904, as against $932,682.50 allowed for 1903.

Park Commissioner Young, of Brooklyn, asked for $855,128.50, as against $566,026.45. Mr. Young wanted $50,000 more than he wanted last year for Prospect Park.

"Why, I think Prospect Park is in excellent shape," remarked Comptroller Grout.

"Thank you," said Commissioner Young, "but I want to make it even better."

"There are pretty large increases being asked for by all departments," replied Comptroller Grout. "Take for instance the Health Department, they want about 60 per cent. of an increase over last year, and if all these increases were allowed, and the budget so swelled that they found their tax rate increased, what would the taxpayers say?"

"This kind of an increase," said Mr. Young, "is one the people will appreciate as the parks do them great physical good."

"Quite true," replied Comptroller Grout, "but when the people find fault with their tax bills they don't pick out any special department as responsible for it."

Park Commissioner Eustis of the Bronx, asked for $631,340, an increase of $179,865. Dr. J. W. Brennan, President of Bellevue and allied hospitals, asked for $633,360.76, as against $595,580.78. City Clerk asked for the same sum as he received last year, $153,152. President Rogers, of the Board of Education, submitted for his estimate the biggest in the budget, $23,260,472 for 1904, as against $20,073,077 allowed last year. About $2,000,000 will be required for 62,000 sittings that will be available in 1904.

When the Mayor left the room he did so without noticing Comptroller Grout.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggist will refund money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

R. B. ROOSEVELT IS NOW ON THE TAMMANY LIST.

(Continued from First Page.)

said to have received assurances from all over the County of Kings that the time is ripe for the overthrow of the arbitrary power of Hugh McLaughlin.

The Tammany plan is for an organization and a leader in every district. These district organizations and leaders are to report to Fourteenth street and will be ordered from the head of Tammany. There are enough Democrats in every Brooklyn Assembly District who are dissatisfied with McLaughlin and his methods to form powerful district machines from the start.

M'LAUGHLIN KNOWS IT'S COMING.

McLaughlin is informed of these moves and in the past few days he has stopped talking. He is now more reserved in speaking of Tammany Hall. Men who have known him long expect that he will swing into line for the whole Democratic ticket from top to bottom before election day.

The threat of his mouthpiece, Martin Littleton, at the Democratic convention that Brooklyn Democrats would run an independent ticket should Grout and Fornes be nominated, has not been made good and will not be made good. Mr. Littleton is to speak on Saturday night at a big ratification meeting and an effort will be made to make him state his position with regard to Grout and Fornes at that time.

FUSIONISTS CHOSE M'GUIRE.

The name of Edward J. McGuire for President of the Board of Aldermen was decided upon unanimously this afternoon at the Fusion conference, and his name will be put in nominaton to-nght at the Republican and Citizens' Union Conventions.

Earlier in the day Mr. McGuire told R. Fulton Cutting that he could not spare the time necessary to a canvass should he accept the nomination.

BOSTON'S ANCIENTS LEFT LONG TRAIL OF BOTTLES.

(Continued from First Page.)

River on the trip were called out by a civilian announcer. At Tarrytown Col. Charles K. Darling, adjutant of the Ancients, remarked: "Here Major Andre was captured."

"That so; plucky chap, Andre," said the Earl of Denbigh.

Later the Earl's attention was called to distant West Point as the scene of Benedict Arnold's intended treason. His black eyes flashed indignation as he said to Adjt.-Gen. Samuel Darling, of the Massachusetts National Guard: "Beastly cad, that fellow."

Lady Denbigh and Mrs. Courtney Bayley, daughter of Col. Hedges, were the only women on the trip. Miss Mills met them at the landing.

"My Country, 'Tis of Thee," sung by a group of Honorables at Yonkers, was promptly followed by that charming refrain, "How Dry I Am."

The parade of the visitors up the hill at West Point from the landing was spectacular.

"Give us double time," said the titled commander of the London company. "We'll step it at 128." And they did. A salute was fired in their honor.

Forming on the brow of the hill overlooking the river, the Ancients led across the parade ground, the right wing forming as infantry, clad in varied uniforms. There were 139 members in line.

After the Earl of Denbigh and his staff marched the Honourables, their order being reversed, artillerymen, with black busbys and dark-blue coats, preceding infantrymen wearing gigantic bearskins and flaring red coats.

After the review the visitors returned to the steamer, where luncheon and great quantities of liquid refreshments awaited on the lower deck.

At the conclusion of the review the Earl made an address, thanking Col. Mills for the parade of cadets.

"We had heard of the discipline, splendid spirit and wonderful accuracy of drill at West Point," he said, "and I cannot express our pleasure at the opportunity afforded us to review Government soldiers. The memory of to-day will be long and no doubt we will be able to learn many useful lessons from that which we have seen here."

Col. Mills responded by stating his pleasure to be able to represent the United States on so noteworthy an occasion.

MRS. JOHNSTON INDICTED.

Grand Jury Finds Five Bills Against Dentist's Wife.

When Mrs. Maria Layton Johnston, the wife of Dr. Albert M. Johnston, the dentist, who is charged by the United States Playing Card Company with the embezzlement of $33,000, was arraigned in the Jefferson Market Court this afternoon, Assistant District-Attorney Sanford presented five indictments found against her by the Grand Jury.

When Mr. Sandford presented his indictments, counsel for Mrs. Johnston objected to the summary removal of the case from the police court to General Session, but Magistrate Hogan said that he could do nothing but allow the matter to be taken from his hands.

The prisoner, still gay and jubilant, was taken to the Court of General Sessions and arraigned on the indictments, after which she was locked up in the Tombs to await a preliminary hearing.

Application for the reduction of the bail, which was fixed at $40,000, was made by Mrs. Johnston's attorney, and was opposed by Assistant District-Attorney Sanford. Judge Newburger refused to act upon the application and set to-morrow at 10 o'clock for the hearing of further arguments.

THIEF INSISTS ON GOING TO JAIL

Man Convicted of Robbing Women in the Tenderloin Tells Recorder Goff He Wants to Go to Prison.

Indicted for offenses the combined penalties for which aggregate more than one hundred and forty years, Walter Wilson this morning pleaded guilty before Recorder Goff and insisted upon being sent to prison.

"I'm a thief," he said to his counsel, Emanuel Friend, "and that's the end of it."

Wilson is a peculiar individual. He admitted in court that Wilson was only a handy alias. When Recorder Goff asked him his right name he refused to tell.

"My parents are alive and highly respected where they live," Wilson told the Recorder, "and they don't know of my position. They will never know if I can help it."

"Are you married?" the Recorder asked the defendant.

"I am," was the reply, "and have a wife and family living."

In reply to another question "Wilson" said his family lived at No. 371 Woodward avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Wilson appeared in court this morning faultlessly attired, although he has been in the Tombs several weeks. He was well groomed and while at the bar toyed with a gold watch chain.

Recorder Goff tried to ascertain something about "Wilson's" past, but the prisoner refused to give him any information. He admitted, however, he had served two terms in prison before.

"I went to jail," he said, "the first time an innocent man. Since then I've been a crook."

Much to the prisoner's regret Recorder Goff refused to sentence him to-day, remanding him until Friday in order to have the police communicate with the Detroit police.

Wilson is the man who administered "knockout" drops to several women in the Tenderloin and robbed them of their valuables.

ANOTHER CRANK AT WHITE HOUSE

Early Caller Attracted Attention of the Guards, Who Thought His Actions Suspicious and His Arrest Followed.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—John Decker, of Norwich, Conn., who evidently is a mechanic about forty-four years old, entered the White House soon after the doors were opened this morning. The officials thought, from his action, that he was a crank and arrested him.

He was not armed and made no resistance when placed under arrest.

The police are looking up his antecedents.

There is increased vigilance at the White House since Peter Elliott, the insane Swede, made an attack on the guard the other day. An air of uneasiness is evident and no stranger escapes without full scrutiny.

The recent happenings have brought to light other cases which were kept quiet at the time they occurred.

One of these was the case of an insane woman, well-dressed and apparently in good circumstances, who appeared at the White House last spring and threatened the life of the President and Secretary Cortelyou.

One of the White House guards took her to the basement on the pretext that she was being taken to the President. From there she was quietly transferred to the Emergency Hospital in the same van that carried Elliott away. She was later sent to Pittsburg. Her rooms were searched and a revolver and several scraps of writing containing threats against the President were found.

The attempt of Elliott has awakened the officials to the fact that more strict protection of the President from "cranks" and anarchists is necessary.

Even Politicians Find Time to Crack Jokes.

Barbers Ready to Clip.

"There are 17,000 barbers in Greater New York and they're all on the warpath against Fusion because Platt is sitting in," said Saracena the Rainbow Clad Tonsorist of Park Row.

"The barbers will be lined up for Democracy on election day because of the ten foolish commandments that were passed by the Republican Legislature."

"What were the ten commandments?" asked Tim O'Brien, the oracle of Homecrest-by-the-Trolley.

"Why, there are laws in force now that almost compel a barber to turn a somersault, take a cold bath and have his ears massaged before he can shave a customer or trim one's hair," replied the fiery Saracema. "The barbers will have their razors out all right on election day."

"Razors won't cut much ice," said Tim. "I guess they'll be safeties."

Sympathy Won't Buy Corned Beef.

"And that reminds me," continued Tim, "when I was a delegate to the Central Labor Union as a representative of the Amalgamated Sure Thing Tipsters' Association, an appeal for aid was made by a man from Paterson, N. J., for the striking bed spring makers, or putty blowers, or something.

"'We'll give $100,' said Conklin, of the painters.

"'We'll give $50,' said Bob Crowe, of the tailors.

"'We'll give $500,' said John Telemachus Burke, of Typographical Union No. 6, and so on until Edward Finkelstone, of the barbers, took the floor.

"'Mr. Chairman,' he said in resounding tones, 'the barbers vote their sympathy to their striking and suffering brethren.'

"And silence like a poultice came to heal the blows of sound. But you ought to have seen the face of the Paterson man."

Youth, Too, Has Its Drawbacks.

The big banner that hangs in front of the Seneca Club, at Twenty-seventh street and Broadway, is a source of joy and pride to George Scannell.

"Isn't McClellan a fine-looking young fellow?" he said to-day to John B. Doris, who has just returned to Tammany Hall.

"Yes," said Doris. "He looks like Iron Hand, the Boy Usher, who leads the applause at Weber & Fields's."

Beware of Traitors!

Dennis Shea, down in the Second District, who has had a hopeless fight against Tammany Hall in that region for many weary years, is particularly sore whenever the Wigwam corrals any of his slim following.

"It's a sight to make angels weep," said Denny. "When I look a traitor in the face I feel like pullin' a gun. A man who'd desert his party in politics is as bad as an Irish informer, and that's the limit.

"There's another fellow I've got my eye on, too. That's the Honorable Pat Collins, Mayor of Boston. When I read of him galliwantin' around with thim Ancient and Horrible Order of Artillery from Ingland I felt as if I was run over by a thrainload of English flags. It used to be the favorite game of the Honorable Pat to twist the British lion's tail just as hard as my Corkonian friend, Jerry O'Donovan Rossa. But now I see he joins in the dash up the champagne breastworks with the redcoats that druv us all out of Ireland."

"Thin the redcoats were your best frinds," said Sinkers. "You're getting your three squares a day and a clane shirt on Sunday in this country."

Then followed the drinks on Denny.

JERSEY CITY MAN SLAIN.

Coroner Decides that Parleman Was a Victim of Murder.

NEW LONDON, Conn., Oct. 7.—Coroner Franklin H. Brown rendered a verdict of murder to-day in the investigation into the death of Charles W. Parleman, of Jersey City, N. J., whose body was found in the yard of an oil supply agency on the banks of the Thames River last Saturday night. The verdict is that Parleman came to his death from hemorrhage of the brain, due to blows struck by a blunt instrument in the hands of a person or persons unknown.

Parleman was in charge of a coal barge unloading at this port. His body was found in a remote portion of the yard by one of the workmen. There was but one wound on the side of the head and life had been extinct several hours. The crime was evidently not for the purpose of robbery, as money and jewelry on Parleman's person were not disturbed. It is believed that the murder was committed in the railway yards in East New London and the body dragged to the place where it was found.

FIRE AMONG BIG AUTOS.

Blaze in Basement of the Mobile Storage Company.

A fire in the Mobile Storage Company at No. 1711 Broadway late this afternoon resulted in $3,000 damages. The blaze started in the cellar, but the origin is unknown, presumably being from gasoline in one of the machines. Firemen confined the blaze to the basement of the first story.

For a time the fire threatened to assume big proportions. The blaze came dangerously near to a tank in which was stored many gallons of gasoline.

It is said that automobiles representing a half million of dollars were stored in the building, but all were removed.

OVERSTUDY.

Children Don't Break Down When Fed Right.

It is often the case that when children break down at school it is attributed to overstudy, when it is really only a case of improper feeding.

This can easily be overcome by a little care in the selection of food and drink. "Since childhood I have been a coffee drinker, and about a year ago I became so nervous and run down that I was compelled to leave school and give up studying altogether.

"Every one thought my ill health was due to overstudy, but during several months of rest my condition did not improve, but instead I grew worse. Medicines failed to help me and I was sick and miserable all the time. One day a friend while discussing my condition advised me to leave off coffee and try Postum. It was not long before I began to gain strength, for Postum began to build me up almost immediately.

"In less than three months from the time I left off coffee and used Postum I was back again at my studies and was soon studying harder than ever before, and yet I felt and looked fresh and strong in spite of the hard work. There can be no doubt in the world that all this improvement was due to leaving off coffee and drinking Postum in its place.

"My married sister, hearing what Postum did for me, thought she would try it, but in making it she did not follow directions and got a weak and characterless drink from which she and her family turned in disappointment. It was shortly after this I visited her and made Postum as directed on the package, which is easy enough, and all were so delighted they said they liked it better than coffee. Since then Postum has held a high place in my sister's household and her health is very much better since she left off coffee and began Postum.

"A schoolmate of mine whose complexion was very sallow and muddy saw what Postum did for me and decided to drink it in place of coffee and it was but a short time until she began to gain strength and her complexion lost its sallow hue. Now she says she will never drink any more coffee, but will stick to Postum."

This young lady also tells of numerous other relatives and friends whose health, appearance and weight have been very much benefited by leaving off coffee and drinking Postum, the food drink. All names given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Look in each package for a copy of the famous little book, "The Road To Wellville."

WATERS PIANOS

are now sold at **lower prices** and on more **liberal terms** than were ever before offered on **standard high-grade pianos. Prices from**

$225 TO $400.

Payments from $7 to $10 monthly, **without interest.**

If you want a lower-priced piano we have thoroughly good ones that we can recommend and warrant.

Style 85, Chester Piano,

$170

cash, or $190 on instalments, only

$5 Per Month.

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HORACE WATERS & CO.,
134 Fifth Ave., Near 18th St.
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CANDY

SPECIAL FOR WEDNESDAY.
Coffee Cream Wafers.....lb. 10c
Chocolate Grenoble Walnuts.lb. 15c
SPECIAL FOR THURSDAY.
Chocolate Marshmallow Bonbons.....lb. 10c
Chocolate Molasses Butter Chips.....lb. 15c

Loft 54 BARCLAY ST. COR. WEST BWAY 29 CORTLANDT ST. COR. CHURCH

Ripans Tabules are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in the United States in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every illness arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five-cent package is enough for ordinary occasions. All druggists sell them.

PILE OIL for rectal diseases is guaranteed to cure. Price, $1.00. W. J. Chenery, 466 W. 57th St., N. Y.

DIED.

FROHLICH—Oct. 6, 1903, JOHN FROHLICH, aged 71 years, husband of deceased Clara Frohlich.

Funeral from his late residence, 162 Greenwich st., Friday, Oct. 9, 1903, at 1 P. M.

KERN.—On Tuesday, Oct. 6, 1903, ESTHER KERN, nee Markendorff, beloved wife of Louis M. Kern.

Funeral Friday, Oct. 9, at 10 A. M., from her late residence, 156 West 98th st. New Haven papers please copy.

HOGAN.—On Monday, Oct. 5, 1903, JOSEPH P., beloved son of Annie and the late Robert Hogan.

Funeral from his late residence, 718 E. 136th st., on Thursday, Oct. 8, at 7 P. M. Interment in Calvary Cemetery.

Laundry Wants—Female.

WOMAN to wash; steady work. Columbia Laundry, 129 W. 26th st.

SHIRT WAIST IRONERS, first class only. Royal Laundry, 232 W. 14th st.

GIRLS on No. 5 collar machine. Sterling Laundry, 155 W. 30th st.

FOLDERS WANTED, experienced. Sterling Laundry, 155 W. 30th st.

MARKER & assorter on collars & cuffs. Sterling Laundry, 155 W. 30th st.

SHIRT IRONER, first class, wanted; also family ironer. Laundry, 241 W. 64th st.

GIRL on sleeve machine. Hanover Laundry, 76 Wallabout st., Brooklyn.

EXPERIENCED body ironer wanted. 142 Java st., Greenpoint, Brooklyn.

SHIRT, COLLAR & CUFF IRONER, first class. Royalton Hotel, 44 W. 44th st.

STARCHER, first class; come ready for work. Myosotes Laundry, 904 Fulton st., Brooklyn.

GIRL, bright, good at figures, neat writer, to help at books in office. Morgan Steam Laundry, 346 E. 133d st.

GIRLS to work and mangle; come ready to work. Jughardt's Laundry, 396 Myrtle av., Brooklyn.

IRONER—Wanted, first-class family ironer and good washerwoman; good pay; steady work for right party; come ready for work. Parish Laundry, 244 E. 6th st.

IRONER—Experienced family ironer who can iron waists and vests, to take charge of family ironing department; good wages. Andrew Laundry, 650 3d av.

IRONER—Woman to iron plain clothes. Columbia Laundry, 800 3d av., 49th and 50th sts.

IRONERS—3 first-class ironers. Come ready to work, 343 W. 17th st.

IRONER—First-class shirt and waist ironer; steady employment. Laundry, 204 E. 50th st.

IRONERS WANTED. Apply Hatcher's Laundry, 1027 Bedford av., Brooklyn.

IRONER—Woman to iron family work. Steam Laundry, 449 W. 53d st.

LAUNDRESS—Experienced family ironer; steady work. American Laundry, 93d st. & Lexington av.

MANGLERS—Experienced girls, mangle; also take in work. City Laundry, 131-133 12th st., Brooklyn.

MARKER and assorter wanted. Enterprise Laundry, 745 De Kalb av., Brooklyn.

SHIRT IRONER, first class; piece work. Apply 3 o'clock, Jughardt's Laundry, 396 Myrtle av., Brooklyn.

WASHING—Woman to wash in laundry. 162 Columbus av.

WASHING—Strong washerwoman wanted in laundry; steady work. 404 W. 42d st.

Laundry Wants—Male.

BOY to call and deliver work. Washington Laundry, 1334 st., Lenox av.

BOY wanted, bright, active, on collar machine; no experience required; $3 per week; chance for promotion. Myrtle Laundry, 474 Myrtle av., Brooklyn.

BOY, 14, to carry out laundry parcels; bring reference. Wallach's Laundry, 2065 Lexington av.

BOY—Wanted, a strong boy in laundry. Apply 140 E. 72d st.

BOY—Good boy wanted to run errands in laundry; apply at once. Ashland Laundry, 414 4th av.

Sunday World Wants Work Monday Morning Wonders.