

Weather-Rain to-night; Wednesday cloudy.

NIGHT EDITION



Color World

EXTRA

"Circulation Books Open to All."

"Circulation Books Open to All."

PRICE ONE CENT.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1903.

PRICE ONE CENT.

TWENTY GIRLS SAW SUICIDE OF STENOGRAPHER

Thought Employer Was Laughing at Her, Ran Into Hallway and Back Into Room Where Twenty Girls Were at Work, and with a Scream Dropped Dead.

"I'VE DONE IT!" SHE SHOUTED; HAD POISON BOTTLE WITH HER.

Manager Explains that Miss Charlotte M. Thomas Was a Good Worker, but Possessed an Ungovernable Temper and Would Beat Typewriter with Fists and Kick the Table.

The police have been told that Charlotte M. Thomas, a pretty stenographer, committed suicide in the offices of the Monopol Tobacco Company on the eighth floor of the Constable Building, at No. 111 Fifth avenue, today because her work had been criticised by one of her employers. The young woman died in an office in which twenty clerks were employed, and several of her fellow-stenographers became so hysterical that it was necessary to send them home.

Miss Thomas lived at No. 869 East One Hundred and Eightieth street. None of the clerks or stenographers in the office knew much about her. When she decided to kill herself today she went into the hallway outside the door of room No. 200 and swallowed at least two ounces of carbolic acid. Then she walked into the room where the others were at work, and screaming "I've done it! I've done it!" dropped to the floor and expired.

A messenger was sent to the street for a policeman, and Patrolman Clark, of the Tenderloin station, hurried up to the office. He saw that there was no use in sending for an ambulance. Instead he summoned the patrol wagon and the body was taken to the West Thirtieth Street Station.

The manager of the office is W. F. Kelly. He made the following statement of the suicide to an Evening World reporter after the body had been removed: "Miss Thomas came to my last June from a school of stenography and typewriting. She was a very erratic girl, with an ungovernable temper. At times her work was well done and at other times she appeared to be unable to spell correctly. She told me that she expected that her erratic temperament would be the death of her some day."

While he was waiting for her to finish the letter he sat alongside my desk and I told him a funny story I had heard about a couple of idiots ago. We both laughed over the story, and Miss Thomas appeared to think it was a laughing matter. She finished the letter, threw it on the floor and then she was laughing and ran out of the room.

News of the suicide spread through the big building with the rapidity of wildfire. All business was suspended and the halls were crowded with clerks and stenographers, while the body was being removed. The girls in the office were in a state of excitement, and many of them were crying.

The German steamship Athenes from delivering her cargo at San Domingo, Puerto Plata and Mone Cristi and she returned with her cargo to St. Thomas. The German vessel was without fuel and was ordered a man-of-war to the capital. The French steamer San Domingue from St. Thomas was also prevented from entering port.

An ill wife has been cut and the situation is declared critical. Another dispatch from Minister Powell dated Nov. 6 reads: "Macoris has just been bombarded by a San Domingo naval vessel and the city is in flames. The ship then returned to San Domingo. City. The American interests in Macoris are very considerable."

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The State Department this afternoon received a dispatch from Minister Powell, at San Domingo, stating that the revolutionaries are shelling the city. The cablegram is dated Nov. 6. A Paris despatch under date of Nov. 7 says: "The revolutionary forces which now surround this city attacked San Domingo last night using artillery, but no damage was done."

The revolutionary commander this afternoon sent a messenger under a flag of truce to demand the surrender of the capital, which was refused, and hostilities were resumed. The British steamer San Domingo is being fired on by the Dominican cruiser Presidente while running the blockade. She returned to the capital and the United States cruiser Baltimore reported to Minister Powell at the capital and three hours later left to convey the Cherokee armed Government forces.

STAMPING GROUND'S MINEOLA STAKES

FIERCE FINISH FOR THE PLACE SPECIAL EXTRA.

Three Horses Noses Apart at Stamping Grounds's Heels—Favorite, Wild Thyme, Is Absolutely Last of the Bunch.

G. WHITTIER GETS BACK TO HIS OLD FORM.

Shows Way Home to Fair Field in the Second Event—Monet Beats Crown Prince and Retient.

THE WINNERS.

FIRST RACE—Ostrich (5 to 2), Emergency (3 to 1), 2, Girdle 3.

SECOND RACE—G. Whittier (5 to 1), 1, Gaviota (7 to 2), 2, Ethica 3.

THIRD RACE—Monet (4 to 1), Crown Prince (3 to 1), 2, Retient 3.

FOURTH RACE—Stamping Ground (12 to 5), 1, Colonsay (7 to 1), 2, Sheriff Bell 3.

FIFTH RACE—Silver Dream (7 to 5), 1, Mimosa (7 to 5), 2, Palette 3.

SIXTH RACE—Trepan (7 to 10), 1, Mart Mullen (12 to 1), 2, Sir Shep 3.

RACE TRACK, JAMAICA, Nov. 10.—What might be called a first-class card for this season of the year was on offer at Jamaica this afternoon. The Mineola Handicap, at a mile and a sixteenth, had a small but select field engaged. A high-weight handicap and a couple of good races for two-year-olds made up the rest of the card. The weather was fine, the track fast and the attendance good.

FIRST RACE. Six furlongs. Start good. Won handily. Time—1:14.4. Emergency jumped away in front and led to the stretch, followed by Ostrich and Wild Thyme. In the run home Ostrich closed on Emergency and won in a hard drive by a neck. Girdle was third, three lengths away.

SECOND RACE. Mile and seventy yards. Start good. Won handily. Time—1:46.2. G. Whittier jumped away in front and led to the stretch, followed by Crown Prince and Ethica. In the run home G. Whittier closed on Crown Prince and won in a hard drive by a head. Ethica was third, three lengths away.

THIRD RACE. Mile and a half. Start good. Won handily. Time—1:47.2. Monet jumped away in front and led to the stretch, followed by Crown Prince and Retient. In the run home Monet closed on Crown Prince and won in a hard drive by a head. Retient was third, who was closing strong at the end.

FOURTH RACE. Mile and a sixteenth. Start good. Won handily. Time—1:47.2. Stamping Ground raced to the front at the start, made all the running, and won cleverly by a length and a half. The other three ran on almost even terms all the way, and in a hard drive Colonsay, Sheriff Bell and Wild Thyme finished noses apart in that order.

FIFTH RACE. Mile and a half. Start good. Won handily. Time—1:48. Silver Dream jumped away in front and led to the stretch, followed by Mimosa and Palette. In the run home Silver Dream closed on Mimosa and won in a hard drive by a head. Palette was third, who was closing strong at the end.

SIXTH RACE. Seven furlongs. Start good. Won handily. Time—1:47.2. Trepan jumped away in front and led to the stretch, followed by Mart Mullen and Sir Shep. In the run home Trepan closed on Mart Mullen and won in a hard drive by a head. Sir Shep was third, who was closing strong at the end.

FRANCE GIVES A HAND TO PANAMA

Her Government Follows Our Own in Extending Formal Recognition to the New Republic on the Isthmus.

GERMANY HAS NOT TAKEN SIDES WITH COLOMBIA.

Foreign Office at Berlin Denies the Statements Made in This City by Consul-General Arturo de Brigard.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—The French Government has recognized the de facto Government of the Republic of Panama.

The instructions forwarded by Foreign Minister Delcasse to the French Consul at Panama authorize him to have relations with the new Government. The instructions are substantially the same as those sent from Washington to the United States Consul at Panama.

M. Delcasse's instructions followed the receipt of ample assurances of the purpose of the new regime to carry out the obligations of Colombia concerning the canal concessions and other French property rights. The reports of the Consul also showed that the new conditions were apparently stable, with the Separatists maintaining order and exercising undisputed authority.

The action of France carries out the purposes which M. Delcasse had throughout, namely, to leave the United States untrammelled in its action, so far as possible, in sympathetic accord with the American Government.

GERMANY NOT IN COLOMBIAN DEAL.

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—The Colombian Commission, if it comes here, will receive no consideration from the German Government.

The correspondent of the Associated Press to-day called the attention of the Foreign Office to the statement made yesterday by Arturo de Brigard, the Colombian Consul-General in New York, that the Colombians were clamoring for a German protectorate over their country and that the Colombian Government had been asked to send a commission to Germany to offer Emperor William certain pieces of land on both seas in return for Germany's protection. The reply was:

"We have heard nothing on the subject, but if a combination comes with such a proposition it would not be entertained for consideration."

"We have no intention of mixing ourselves in the affairs of the Isthmian States."

"We are still without any communication in regard to the revolution or anything of the kind, and we have omitted to ask the United States to look after German interests."

"The statements regarding our commercial interests in Colombia and Panama have been much exaggerated, but we hope to see our trade there prosper better after the United States builds the canal."

WOMEN MOB DUKE AND DUCHESS AT DOOR OF CHURCH

Disgraceful Scenes in the Crowd Outside St. Thomas's at the Wedding of Miss Goelet and Roxburghe, Many Persons Rioting Around the Carriage of Bride.

FROCKS TORN IN FIGHT TO GET INTO CHURCH THROUGH CELLAR.

300 Policemen Unable to Control the Disorderly Throng Which Assembled Before and After the Ceremony—Another Big Mob Collected Around Bride's Home.

Three hundred policemen, their night sticks drawn, beating, fighting with their fists and pushing, were not able to control the thousands of persons who surrounded St. Thomas's Church this afternoon when the Duke of Roxburghe married Miss May Goelet. Never in the history of New York weddings has there been such a mob, for this mob was composed almost entirely of women. There were women of every age and color. There were women in rags and women in silks and they fought as only excited, curious women can.

When Miss Goelet arrived in her carriage accompanied by her brother, Robert Goelet, there was a cry: "There is the bride."

MOB AROUND THE CARRIAGE. Directly in front of the Goelet carriage was the carriage of the Cornelius Vanderbilts. The carriage in front delayed the bride for a minute or more. The excited women in the streets rushed forward. They surrounded the carriage. The more bold thrust their heads through the carriage window. They clutched at the bride's gown until young Mr. Goelet called out:

"Can't the police protect us from this crowd?"

The police were doing their best to protect Miss Goelet. At the call from her brother they drew their night sticks and worked their way forward. Many a woman in silks felt the weight of a night stick when she refused to move from the carriage. With more than a hundred policemen surrounding the carriage, the bride-elect made her way to the street.

BRIDAL VEIL IN A TANGLE. She had hardly stepped to the pavement when her veil became entangled in the carriage. For more than a minute she stood there, and the veil still remained tangled.

"Let me help you," called one of the women in the crowd. "Let me help you."

Instantly the women in the mob pushed forward again. The police again drew their night sticks and held them as though they would strike. The women drew back. The bride then made her way into the church.

Angry and more excited than ever, the women then determined to get into the church. They fought their way to the door of the cellar. There a score or more of them climbed through the coal hole. They climbed over piles of coal, ruining their dresses and bruising their hands and faces as they made the ascent. Coal on the pile above them fell on their faces and hands, cutting them, but they climbed on, and in the rear of the cellar they found a door leading to the church.

TRIED TO BREAK INTO THE CHURCH. They tried this door, but it was locked. Then they began pushing against it. The locks held fast and it was decided to break it down. While one of their number was beating at the panels the attendants in the church, disturbed by the noise, called for the police. A squad of twenty police found the women back of the coal pile. They drove them away at the ends of their night-sticks, pushing them and talking to them in none too polite language.

The women did not desist at the last rebuff. Get into the church they would no matter what the cost. Already their clothes had been ruined, but they seemed too much excited to mind this. They found a door in the church house which was protected from the street by partitions on a veranda. These partitions were climbed by some of them. Others pushed and beat against the partitions until they gave way and then they stepped over them and got to the door of the church house.

SHOTS FIRED AT AMERICAN SHIP

San Domingo War Vessel Reported to Have Sent Shells After Clyde Liner Cherokee While She Ran Blockade.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The State Department this afternoon received a dispatch from Minister Powell, at San Domingo, stating that the revolutionaries are shelling the city. The cablegram is dated Nov. 6. A Paris despatch under date of Nov. 7 says: "The revolutionary forces which now surround this city attacked San Domingo last night using artillery, but no damage was done."

The revolutionary commander this afternoon sent a messenger under a flag of truce to demand the surrender of the capital, which was refused, and hostilities were resumed. The British steamer San Domingo is being fired on by the Dominican cruiser Presidente while running the blockade. She returned to the capital and the United States cruiser Baltimore reported to Minister Powell at the capital and three hours later left to convey the Cherokee armed Government forces.

NO TROOPS MAY LAND FROM BRITISH SHIPS.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—Upon receipt of a report by the State Department that several British vessels were to be chartered by the Colombian Government to take troops from Buenaventura to the Isthmus the Navy Department to-day ordered the Boston to proceed off Buenaventura and in the event that the troops start for the Isthmus their commanders will be informed that they cannot land. The Navy Department announces that no attempt will be made to interfere with British vessels on the high seas.

"AL" ADAMS LOSES CASE IN COURT OF APPEALS

Highest Tribunal in State Decides that Conviction of Policy King Was Just and Proper and Refuses to Free Him.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 10.—The Court of Appeals to-day affirmed the conviction of Al Adams, of New York City, the alleged "Policy King," and he must complete the two years' sentence which he has been serving in Sing Sing Prison since April.

The crime of which he was convicted was that of having in his possession slips which had been used in the game of policy.

The grounds of Adams' appeal, conducted by T. Laflin Kellogg, involved an attack upon the constitutionality of the anti-policy law as well as the contention that Adams' personal rights were violated.

Mr. Kellogg contended that by the reception in evidence of Adams' private papers, secured in the raid upon Adams' real-estate office, which had no relation whatever to the game of policy, Adams' constitutional right to be secure in his person, papers and effects against unreasonable searches and seizures was violated.

Mr. Kellogg also insisted that Adams was thereby compelled to be a witness against himself, in violation not only of the State but of the Federal Constitution.

Mr. Kellogg further contended that the law under which Adams was convicted is unconstitutional in that it declared the possession of a policy slip to be prima facie presumption of guilt, thereby taking away the right of trial by jury, and its exemption of "public officers" from such presumption created an unconstitutional discrimination.

In its opinion, written by Judge Bartlett, the Court holds with the Appellate Division, that the manner in which evidence is obtained has no effect upon its admissibility in a criminal case; that if the defendant was subjected to illegal search or seizure he has his redress by means not involved in the criminal case.

As to the exemption of "public officers," the Court holds that a reasonable interpretation of the law would testify against himself by the seizure of his private papers, and there was no error in his trial and conviction.

TOLEDO, Nov. 10.—The Toledo race track, owned by W. S. Vosburg, the official handicapper of the Jockey Club, whom he charged with unfair discrimination in handicapping Bell's horses.

L. V. Bell, the owner of race horses, was fined \$200 by the stewards of the Jockey Club at a special meeting held in the Waldorf-Astoria to-day. The fine was imposed for Mr. Bell's bitter attack on W. S. Vosburg, the official handicapper of the Jockey Club, whom he charged with unfair discrimination in handicapping Bell's horses.

HORSEMAN BELL IS FINED \$200

L. V. Bell, the owner of race horses, was fined \$200 by the stewards of the Jockey Club at a special meeting held in the Waldorf-Astoria to-day. The fine was imposed for Mr. Bell's bitter attack on W. S. Vosburg, the official handicapper of the Jockey Club, whom he charged with unfair discrimination in handicapping Bell's horses.

WINNERS AT LATONIA.

(Special to The Evening World.) LATONIA RACE TRACK, Ky., Nov. 10.—The races scheduled to be run here this afternoon resulted as follows: First Race—Six and one-half furlongs.—Won by King Rose, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5; Pimpino, 3 to 1 for place, was second; Barbara Freitchee was third. Time—1:14.4.

Second Race—Five and a half furlongs.—Won by Silk Maid, 7 to 5 and 2 to 1; King Rose, 2 to 1 and 4 to 5; Pimpino, 3 to 1 for place, was second; Barbara Freitchee was third. Time—1:14.4.

Third Race—One mile.—Won by Ethel, 7 to 10 and 7 to 10; Love's Labour, 1 to 5 for place, was second and overhauled third. Time—1:47.2.

Fourth Race—Six furlongs.—Won by Carl Kahler, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1; Autumn, 4 to 1 for place, was second and Bardolph third. Time—1:14.4.

WEATHER FORECAST. Forecast for the thirty-six hours ending at 8 P. M. Wednesday for New York City and vicinity: Cloudy and probably rain to-night; Wednesday partly cloudy and cooler; fresh south to southwest winds, becoming westerly.