

# CHEER PLATT AS HE IS SHORN OF POWER

## Gov. Odell's Programme for Grasping Control of Party Put Through at State Convention, but Delegates Wildly Cheer the Former Leader.

Although the Republican convention to-day marked the complete seizure of the machine of the State by Gov. Odell, Senator Platt went out of his position of power with evidence of regard on the part of the delegates that moved him to tears. The mention of his name in the address of the remnant chairman, Seneca E. Payne, was the signal for an outbreak that appeared to bewilder the senior United States Senator.

This happened after the convention had reassembled, at 4 o'clock this afternoon, following a recess. Mr. Payne referred to Senator Platt as "our leader," and immediately the convention broke loose.

### WILD CHEERS FOR PLATT.

The cheering lasted for fully two minutes. Senator Platt sank back in his seat in the Tioga delegation and rubbed his forehead as though astonished. There were demands that he should stand up, and Col. George W. Dunn and Assemblyman Rogers tried to lift him to his feet. He refused to show himself, however, arising in shrinking down and keeping out of view as far as possible.

It was the last chance of the Platt men, and they took every advantage of it. Whenever Chairman Payne tried to renew his speech he was interrupted with cries of "What's the matter with Platt?" At last, in a quiet interval, Mr. Payne was enabled to mention the name of the Governor, and the Odell men rose to the occasion, smothering the demonstration for the old leader.

Mr. Payne's address was extremely uninteresting. He appeared to be afraid that he would say something not in his manuscript. His labored defense of President Roosevelt's action in forcing arbitration of the coal strike fell flat and he saw it. The struggles he made to get to a subject more congenial were almost painful.

Senator Depew, the temporary Chairman, made an eloquent speech in which he outlined the issues of the campaign. From his address it is apparent that the Republicans will make their fight with President Roosevelt as their standard-bearer entirely upon Roosevelt's record. He will be given credit for winning the Spanish-American war, for digging up the Postal funds and for breaking up the Northern Securities Company. He will also be boosted to the skies by the friends of the old soldier for his decision placing the age limit for service pensions at sixty-two years.

### PLATT WITH TIOPA DELEGATES.

The delegates were slow in arriving and it was 12:25 o'clock before Col. Dunn rose and called the convention to order. Contrary to general expectation, Senator Platt did not occupy the box which had been allotted to him. He was met in the entrance by William A. Smythe, of Oswego, one of his oldest friends.

"Is there any room down there with the Tioga County delegates?" asked the Senator.

"Plenty," said Mr. Smythe.

"Well, then I'll sit down there with the boys if they don't mind," said the Senator.

"Mind!" exclaimed Mr. Smythe. "They'll be honored, indeed."

Leaping on Mr. Smythe's arm, the Senator made his way slowly down the south aisle.

Every delegate who was in the hall at the time rose to his feet and cheered the aged Senator. Though enthusiastic it was sad. After Senator Platt had taken his seat with the Tioga delegation he held an impromptu levee, scores of delegates crowding around to shake hands with him.

### CHEERS FOR GOV. ODELL.

Gov. Odell came in right after Senator Platt. He was accompanied by Supreme Court Justice John Proctor Clark. Following the precedent set by Senator Platt, he, too, abandoned his private box and seated himself with the Orange County delegates. Gov. Odell got a warm reception from the delegates. He was seated on the opposite side of the hall from Senator Platt, so there was no exchange of courtesies between the old boss and the new.

After Col. Dunn had given three raps of his gavel at 12:25 o'clock, the convention came to order and the Rev. Dr. David J. Burrell, Senator Platt's pastor, offered a prayer. Dr. Burrell invoked the Divine blessing on President Roosevelt and Gov. Odell and asked that the convention have spiritual guidance in its deliberations.

The roll-call followed and consumed about fifteen minutes of time. There were less than a dozen changes.

When Seneca County was reached J. Sloat Fassett demanded a roll-call of the delegates. The names of Fassett's delegates were called and Mr. Fassett then demanded that the Committee on Credentials, when the matter was brought before it, make them the regular delegates from Seneca County.

He explained that there were two conventions and two sets of delegates from the county and asked if notice of the contest had been filed. Col. Dunn informed him that such notice had been regularly filed.

Congressman Gillett, of Seneca County, the leader of the faction opposed to Mr. Fassett, asked that the settlement of the dispute be taken on the Committee on Credentials and left to the State Committee. Before Col. Dunn could make answer to this request objection to the regularity of the discussion came from all sides of the hall, and on a point of order the matter was brought to a termination. When the Committee on Credentials met it voted in favor of the Fassett delegates.

When Col. Dunn named Senator Depew as temporary Chairman of the convention and appointed Congressman John W. Dwight, of Tompkins, and Congressman James S. Sherman, of Oneida, to escort him to the chair, there was considerable applause, which increased when Senator Depew appeared on the platform.

Senator Depew plunged into his oration as though aware of the fact that the convention was away behind time. The convention gave him careful attention, only interrupting to applaud at the mention of the names of Roosevelt, McKinley, Thomas B. Read, Platt and Odell.

### CHANGES IN COMMITTEES.

The committee appointments, which were made after Senator Depew finished his speech, showed that some last minute changes had been made. William Barnes, jr., of Albany, was made Chairman of the Committee on Permanent Organization; George B. Monroe, Chairman of the Committee on Credentials; Jean Earl Burnett, Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions; George W. Aldridge, Chairman of the Committee on Nominations. The Chairman of the various committees announced that these committees would hold sessions during the recess on the platform.

Just before the convention adjourned Warner Miller arose and read a long resolution in which he said that the long success of the Republican party was based on the pure ballots and the opposition to the illegitimate use of money. Mr. Miller's resolution protested against the disfranchisement of any people because of race or color.

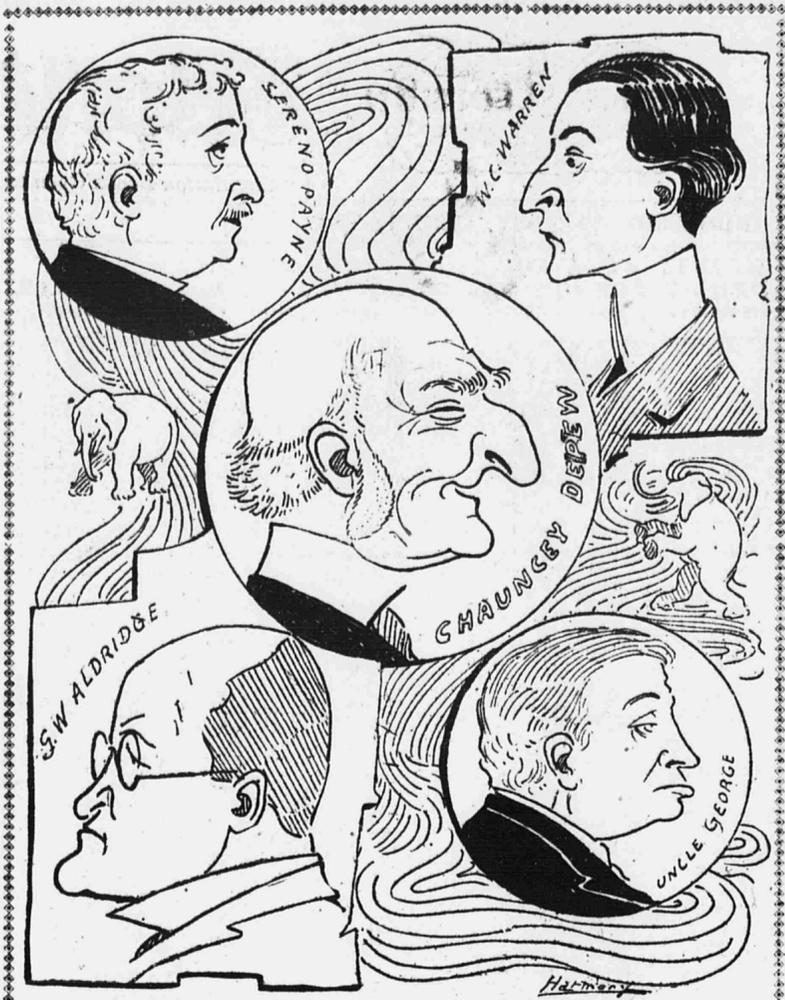
After reading the resolution, Mr. Miller sent a statistical table to the chair which purported to show that ten million American voters were being deprived illegally of the right of franchise in this country. He asked that the resolution and table be given to the Committee on Resolutions, and added that he offered the resolution of his own volition.

### PAYNE TAKES THE CHAIR.

The convention took a recess until 4 o'clock. When it reassembled Senator Depew called for the report of the Committee on Credentials. The report recommended that the action of J. Sloat Fassett, in Seneca County, was declared void.

They appointed Chairman Barnes, of the Committee on Permanent Organization, and Senator Depew, of the Committee on Resolutions, to be escorted to the chair by William L. Ward, of

## HEADS OF SOME OF THE LEADING REPUBLICANS WHO FIGURE AT THE STATE CONVENTION.



Westchester, and William Barnes, jr., of Albany. He was loudly cheered. During his speech the enthusiastic demonstration for Senator Platt took place.

The platform of the convention was read by Assemblyman Jean L. Burnett, chairman of the Committee on Resolutions.

There was another demonstration for Senator Platt when his name was mentioned by Mr. Burnett during the reading of the platform. The cheering lasted a minute.

Gov. Odell's complete control of the machine was shown in the membership of the new State Committee. Col. Dunn was the only Platt man of prominence recognized. Former Sheriff Worden, of Saratoga, was turned down, although it was thought that Gov. Odell would see that he served again because of his friendship for Senator Brackett.

Senators Platt and Depew, Gov. Odell and ex-Gov. Black were elected as delegates-at-large. J. Sloat Fassett, Louis Stern, Erastus C. Knight and H. C. Brewster were named as alternate delegates-at-large.

Charles A. Schieren, of Brooklyn, and H. Urban were nominated as electors-at-large.

## DEPEW PLEADS TO RE-ELECT ROOSEVELT.

The speech of Chauncey M. Depew was devoted almost entirely to a plea for the re-nomination of Roosevelt for the Presidency. Mr. Depew said among other things:

"I sat on Saturday in the House of Representatives listening to the widely advertised 'keynote' speech of the eminent orator from New York, Mr. Charles A. Schieren. In his language he pictured the downfall of representative government from the usurpations of President Roosevelt. He told how the House of Representatives, the sole authority for revenue bills, had been ignored by the Executive and how the executive precedents which had at times overthrown the English House of Commons were revived in our age. He pictured the tyranny of Henry VIII, and he brought Cromwell and his soldiers in for the dispersion of Parliament. He told the Speaker of the House that unless this was instantly repealed liberty in the United States had breathed its last."

### Reduced the Age Five Years.

"I confessed to some alarm until I inquired what was the tyranny which had inspired such a magnificent defense of the palladium of our liberty. I discovered that it was because the President, following the example of President Cleveland, had by Executive order fixed the limit of partial and total disability for the veterans of the civil war. Mr. Cleveland and his Commissioner of Pensions had interpreted the Pension act of 1890 to mean that it was within the power and the duty of the Executive to state the years for partial and total disability when the veterans could receive a pension without examination. Cleveland had fixed total disability at seventy-five. Roosevelt had revived the example of President Cleveland, and with Oliver Cromwell at the head of his army into the House of Representatives and dispersed the members to their homes and arrested the calligraphic minority by reducing by Executive order Cleveland's seventy-five years of total disability five years, or to seventy."

### Two Doctors of Democracy.

"We are told that in this campaign the Democratic party will be united and that the differences which occurred in 1892 and 1896 will be healed. The eminent doctors who are diagnosing the disease and prescribing for the patient to bring about this result are the conservative President Cleveland on the one side and the radical William Jennings Bryan on the other. Mr. Bryan's prescription is the same as was administered in 1892 and 1896: silver at 16 to 1, while Mr. Cleveland's is merely expressed when he says, 'return to normality.' If Mr. Bryan's policy is adopted then the business interests

rise in the securities affected which demonstrates the judgment of the investors of the country."

### DELEGATES TOLD TO VOTE FOR ROOSEVELT.

The platform, prepared by the Committee on Resolutions, praises the administration of President Roosevelt, and continues:

"We commend Theodore Roosevelt for the fearlessness and good judgment with which he entered upon the solution of problems of social economy and government. We recognize the rare capacity he has exhibited in meeting all the requirements of his great office. We realize that his official acts have justified the public confidence which is the fundamental factor of his popularity."

"Accordingly, we endorse the Administration of Theodore Roosevelt; believing in his loyalty to the principles of the Republican party, relying on his devotion to the interests of American citizens, and confiding in his wisdom, his courage and his statesmanship, we hereby direct that the delegates this day chosen use all honorable means to bring about his nomination for President at the National Convention to be held in June."

The President's action touching the Panama Canal is endorsed the absence of the American flag from the high seas and the lack of American shipping in the foreign trade is deplored, praise is drawn to the protective tariff and the drawing of the color line in the South is denounced. Concerning Gov. Odell and Senator Platt the platform says:

"The management of the State's business has been a reflection of the splendid attainments of Federal administration. The executive genius of Gov. Benjamin F. Odell, jr., has imparted vigor to every department, distinguished the conduct of affairs by his businesslike, practical methods of which he has made a model for the State's commonwealth. Like an individual, much live within its income. The individual who spends more than he acquires invites disaster, and the State that adopts the same policy must face disaster. For his determined advocacy of retirement of relief from State taxation, his measures of economy and his sagacious results we commend him to the people of New York."

"We commend our party representatives in the National Legislature. They creditably and loyally represent the great and diversified commercial, industrial and social interests of our State. The Republican party acknowledges with gratitude the splendid services of the senior United States Senator, Thomas C. Platt, who for more than a quarter of a century has stood stalwart and firm in the battle for Republican supremacy, and whose leadership has been inspiring and potent in the accomplishment of Republican success."

### HE LASHED TRUCK HORSES.

Banker's Coachman Angry Because They Didn't Get Out of His Way.

Delmar Watson, coachman for Charles Stoppant, the banker, of No. 308 West Seventy-seventh street, was arrested today on the charge of cruelly lashing the horses on a contractor's truck which did not turn out quickly enough to cut Watson when he wanted to whirl by in his stylish equipage.

Watson had just left Mrs. Stoppant at her dressmaker's in West Thirty-sixth street, and was driving up Broadway. At Forty-third street he was held up by a truck driven by Joseph E. Dibble. Watson insisted to Dibble to turn out, but it was several seconds before the truck made way. Watson dashed past he struck Dibble's horses with his whip.

Dibble jumped up and chased the carriage. Despite the handicap of vehicle and steeds, Dibble caught up with Watson at Forty-ninth street and halted Policeman Haag, who arrested the Stoppant coachman.

## DIVER LIVED A DAY UNDER WATER

(Continued from First Page.)

bersome apparatus, and the delay was maddening to the men on the dam who knew the condition of their comrade penned in below.

All through the night and up to the time the New York divers reached Bonton the companion of the imprisoned man worked with frantic energy to release him. His efforts exhausted him frequently, and he was compelled to signal his helpers to draw him to the surface. He would have his helmet removed, breathe the fresh air in great gulps, take some stimulant and again descend to the bottom of the reservoir on his task of rescue.

Word of the predicament of the unfortunate diver spread through Bonton and the surrounding country before daylight to-day. Business was practically suspended and hundreds swarmed about the dam. All were willing—more than eager—to help, but they were as powerless as babies. The one man who could reach his imprisoned partner remained hopeful, until at last he confessed that the job of releasing him was hopeless with the facilities at hand.

### TROUBLE WITH THE VALVES.

Water is conveyed from the Bonton reservoir to Jersey City by an immense conduit, and there are valves in this conduit by which the flow of water can be regulated. There has been trouble with these valves for a long time, and last week the two divers employed on the work went into the conduit and made repairs.

They could not do away with the cause of the trouble, and the engineers determined to plug up the conduit at the base of the dam, so that mechanics might enter from the outside and work on the valves. To accomplish the plugging up an immense ball of wood, sheathed with lead so that it would sink readily, was lowered to the bottom of the reservoir yesterday and one of the divers went down to steer it against the conduit outlet. The theory was that the ball, properly placed would be caught by the rush of water and would effectually shut off the flow.

### HOW HIS LEG WAS TRAPPED.

The ball was caught by the rushing water, as had been anticipated, but the unfortunate diver was in the way. His leg was caught between the ball and the edge of the pipe.

He sent up a signal of distress by means of his signalling lines, but the other diver was not on hand, and it was four hours before an investigation could be made. By the time the second diver had discovered the cause of the trouble and reported night had fallen.

The free diver reported that the only way his companion could be released was by making lines fast to the ball and pulling it from its position. "ack" was rigged and he went down with it, but the shape of the ball prevented him from making a fastening that would hold. Time and again he made his connection and signalled to those on the dam to pull away, and every time the ropes slipped from the smooth sides of the ball.

### ONLY CHANCE OF SAVING HIM.

At last it was decided that other divers, carrying crowbars and other strong tools, would have to go below and move the obstruction by the exercise of main strength. Attempts to move the ball by tackle from the surface were persevered in while the rescuing force was on the way.

Despite the frequent signals from the imprisoned man, some of the workmen on the dam were of the opinion that he had died soon after his imprisonment. They accounted for the signals by saying that the movement of the body at the bottom might work the lines. The diver who had worked on the rescue asserted that every time he went down he got near enough to the other man to touch him and that he believed him to be alive, although he could not understand how this could be considering the awful pressure to which the body is subjected at such a depth.

The emergency divers of this city were rushed to Bonton on a special train by the American Wrecking Company. The special made the thirty-three miles in thirty-two minutes over the D. L. & W.

### "BIG BILL" WANTS \$35,000 FROM CITY

Devery Demands Salary for Time Since He Was Ousted as "Best, Chief New York Ever Had," and Pension Payments.

William B. Devery wants \$35,000 from the city for money due him, as he says, under contracts with the Municipal Government, and \$612.50 for money paid into the Police Pension Fund.

Devery fixes his salary, which he still thinks is due him, at \$35,000. It actually has not been paid since he has been ousted from office. In two letters written to-day by him to Commissioner McAdoo he states that the contracts rest upon Sections 353 and 355 of the charter.

Commissioner McAdoo referred the letters to Corporation Counsel Delay.

### GREEN-FACED MAN CHARGES ASSAULT

Painter with Head and Clothes Covered with Emerald-Hued Pigment Accuses Two Fellow-Workmen of Attacking Him.

August Oltman, a painter, living at No. 35 Broadway street, presented a weirdly variegated appearance in Essex Market Court to-day when he made a complaint of felonious assault against Jacob Barnatz, of No. 235 East Second Clinton street, and another painter.

Oltman says he is a union painter, and when a strike was declared a few days ago on the new building at No. 33 Madison street, where he had been working, he left the job. He returned today to get his tools and overalls. He says the brothers Barnatz assaulted him, one with a painter's knife, the other with a paint brush.

Oltman's face, hair and clothes from his neck to his waist were so liberally covered with green paint that it seemed as if half a dozen brushes instead of one had been used.

Oltman admitted he did not know just what happened after the first blow. An ambulance surgeon from Gouverneur Hospital dressed his wounds in the emergency room of the court. By the time the ambulance was out in the afternoon the green paint on his face, neck and clothes, and Oltman was a bright green. Magistrate Pool ordered Patrolman Weirheimer, of the dog set upon little Michael and sunk his teeth in his left leg.

### THREE PERSONS BITTEN BY A DOG

Fox Terrier Attacks Two Small Boys and Then a Man—Chased by a Big Crowd, but It Got Away.

Two little boys and a man were bitten this afternoon by a white fox terrier at One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street and a Park avenue. The dog was a pet of some one, as it wore a collar and a blue ribbon on its neck. It was trotting along One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street, when it suddenly attacked four-year-old Joseph Levy, of One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street and Third avenue.

It bit him in the right hand and then ran out to the stoop at No. 151 East One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street, where Michael Sheridan, six years old, was standing. Barking and snapping the dog set upon little Michael and sunk its teeth in his left leg.

Michael screamed and the dog ran away away. At Third avenue it jumped at a man standing on the corner and bit him in the right leg. He kicked at the animal and it ran down Third avenue, followed by a large crowd, that was too much afraid to get close enough to strike it with anything. It then escaped among some carriages.

Dr. Schappel of the Harbor Hospital, came in an ambulance and dressed the wounds of the two children. The boy's name could not be learned, but he was taken to a neighboring drug store and attended to by his injury.

### FARMHAND A SUICIDE.

Christopher Holdman, sixty-nine years old, a farmhand, was found dead hanging by a rope from a beam in the barn of E. E. Burbach, on the Hoffman Boulevard, New York. The Hoffman farm was out of work and was despondent.

## AN EDITOR'S EXPERIENCE

In the Treatment of Humours with More Than Magical Effect with

## CUTICURA REMEDIES.

A Remarkable Testimonial from a Most Intelligent and Trustworthy Lady.

"A tumor came on my neck and in a day or two it was as large as half an orange. I was very much alarmed for fear it was malignant. My friends tried to persuade me to consult my physician, but dreading that he would insist on using the knife, I would not consent to go. Instead, I got Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Ointment. I took the former according to directions, and spread a thick layer of the Ointment on the swelling. On reapplying it I would bathe my neck in very warm water and Cuticura Soap. In a few days the Cuticura Ointment had drawn the swelling to a head, when it broke. Every morning it was opened with a large sterilized needle, squeezed and bathed, and fresh Ointment put on. Pus and blood, and a yellow, cheesy, tumorous matter came out. In about three or four weeks' time the tumor, completely eliminated the tumor. The soreness that had extended down into my chest was all gone, and my neck now seems to be perfectly well."

"About five or six years ago my sister had a similar experience, used the Cuticura Remedies with magical effect. I am willing you should use my testimonial, with the further privilege of revealing my name and address to such persons as may wish to substantiate the above statements by personal letter to me." Chicago, Nov. 12, 1902.

Sold throughout the world. Cuticura Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per tin of 50). Cuticura Ointment, 25c. per tin of 50. Prepared by W. L. Douglas, 250 Nassau St., New York. Solely for sale in London, 10, Abchurch Lane, E.C. 4. Solely for sale in Paris, 1, Rue de la Paix. Boston, 12 Columbus Ave. Chicago, 233 N. Dearborn St. Philadelphia, 120 N. 2nd St. New Orleans, 107 Poydras St. St. Louis, 107 N. 3rd St. San Francisco, 107 N. 3rd St. Portland, 107 N. 3rd St. Seattle, 107 N. 3rd St. Tacoma, 107 N. 3rd St. Vancouver, 107 N. 3rd St. Victoria, 107 N. 3rd St. Montreal, 107 N. 3rd St. Quebec, 107 N. 3rd St. Halifax, 107 N. 3rd St. St. John's, 107 N. 3rd St. London, 107 N. 3rd St. Liverpool, 107 N. 3rd St. Glasgow, 107 N. 3rd St. Edinburgh, 107 N. 3rd St. Cardiff, 107 N. 3rd St. Swansea, 107 N. 3rd St. Bristol, 107 N. 3rd St. Exeter, 107 N. 3rd St. Plymouth, 107 N. 3rd St. Southampton, 107 N. 3rd St. Portsmouth, 107 N. 3rd St. Brighton, 107 N. 3rd St. Hove, 107 N. 3rd St. Lewes, 107 N. 3rd St. Brighton, 107 N. 3rd St. Hove, 107 N. 3rd St. Lewes, 107 N. 3rd St.

## MICHAELS BROS., 6th Ave. & 9th St., B'klyn.

Liberal Credit House. New Spring Styles CLOTHING

NOW READY. Ladies' Tailor-Made Suits, in all the newest styles. \$10.00 up. Silk and Cloth Coats, Skirts, Waists, MILLINERY, Men's and Boys' Top Coats, Men's Business and Dress Suits, Boys' School & Confirmation Suits, Lowest Prices. Easiest Payments. \$10 Purchase \$1 Down, 50c. per Week.

Remember, we also sell Furniture, Carpets, &c. On Easy Weekly Payments. MICHAELS BROS., 5th Ave. & 9th St., Brooklyn.

## W.L. DOUGLAS \$3.00 SHOE MAN

A trial will convince you that W. L. Douglas's \$3.00 shoes are the best in the world. Over 7,000,000 pairs of shoes are made by W. L. Douglas, 250 Nassau St., New York. Solely for sale in London, 10, Abchurch Lane, E.C. 4. Solely for sale in Paris, 1, Rue de la Paix. Boston, 12 Columbus Ave. Chicago, 233 N. Dearborn St. Philadelphia, 120 N. 2nd St. New Orleans, 107 Poydras St. St. Louis, 107 N. 3rd St. San Francisco, 107 N. 3rd St. Portland, 107 N. 3rd St. Seattle, 107 N. 3rd St. Tacoma, 107 N. 3rd St. Vancouver, 107 N. 3rd St. Victoria, 107 N. 3rd St. Montreal, 107 N. 3rd St. Quebec, 107 N. 3rd St. Halifax, 107 N. 3rd St. St. John's, 107 N. 3rd St. London, 107 N. 3rd St. Liverpool, 107 N. 3rd St. Glasgow, 107 N. 3rd St. Edinburgh, 107 N. 3rd St. Cardiff, 107 N. 3rd St. Swansea, 107 N. 3rd St. Bristol, 107 N. 3rd St. Exeter, 107 N. 3rd St. Plymouth, 107 N. 3rd St. Southampton, 107 N. 3rd St. Portsmouth, 107 N. 3rd St. Brighton, 107 N. 3rd St. Hove, 107 N. 3rd St. Lewes, 107 N. 3rd St.

## DIED.

STANTON.—On April 11, MARTIN STANTON, member Electrical Workers' Union, No. 2. Funeral from the residence of his brother, Michael Stanton, 813 E. 149th St., Wednesday at 10 A. M. Relatives and friends invited to attend.

## LAUNDRY WANTS—FEMALE.

COLLAR DEPARTMENT—Wanted, experienced female, capable of doing all the work of a collar department, in this Dept. Standout Laundry, 230 W. 45th St. OBERLIN—On necking machine; also ironer and starcher. Harrison Laundry, 485 Atlantic St., Brooklyn.

WANTED—First-class starchers, also new shirt ironers, Model Laundry, 211 1/2 St. St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED—Experienced washerwoman; 100 Division Ave., Brooklyn.

FAMILY TROWER wanted, first class, steady work. Arlington Laundry, 187 7th Av., Brooklyn.

## HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

ADDITIONAL—Experienced piece-maker; dressers; \$1 thousand. Apply Wednesday morning between 8:30 and 9 o'clock. The Osborne Company, 51 Union square.

## Here Comes the Doctor.

In this weather, if you sit in a draught, it is the doctor who will catch it. Catch your own draughts and lots of them by taking advantage of Sunday World's—over two million—new