chine was presently to pass on its way into the unknown.

De Louvier's companions had jumped from the car and were passing their hands over bearings and rope-wound springs. It behooves motorists who are to travel 22,000 miles to have everything shipshape.

Before Mr. McGowan gave the signal by raising his hand for the start one of the prettiest of the "A Knight for a Day" girls presented Le Louvier with a flag bearing the name of the show.

"Plant this in the spot where night and day are one," she lisped in her prettiest manner.

The gallant leader of the expedition bowed, and promised that when he reached that spot he would carry out her wishes.

McGowan Starts Cheers.

"Three cheers for the brave boys who are starting on this automobile trip around the world!" exclaimed President McGowan from his post at the side of De Louvier.

The crowd responded, and the roar of the machine's start was drowned in the cheers. The machine went down Park row and turned south at Broadway. Through the skyscraper district the party was cheered, and a big crowd waited at South ferry for their arrival.

Several automobiles accompanied the French team as far as the Staten Island ferry-house. They crossed on the ferry from Tottenville to Perth Amboy. There they took the road for New Brunswick, their route continuing through Princeton and Trenton to Philadelphia, the first big city at which they will stop.

COMMUTERS HELD UP BY A BIG BLAZE

The destruction by fire to-day of the large plant of the Hedden Iron Works at Bloomfield, N. J., threw one hundred expert mechanics out of work and delayed several thousand commuters for two hours by tying up the Montclair division of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad during the early hours.

The Hedden plant is 100 yards east of the Bloomfield Railroad station, parallel with the railroad tracks. Fire was discovered by a watchman, who sounded the alarm that summoned all the fire engines of the local department. The firemen were hampered considerably at the start by frozen hydrants and the fire had assumed serious proportions before the first stream had been turned on the blaze.

For a while the neighboring plants of the Laffan Brake Works and the Malleable Iron Works were threatened, but good work by the firemen prevented the blaze from spreading. In fighting the fire it was necessary to stretch the hose across the railroad tracks, and all trains east and west were held up until the fire burned out.

Commuters from Montclair, Glen Ridge, Bloomfield, Watsessing and Ampere were obliged to use trolley cars, sleighs, or carriages and the more fortunate automobiles, to Newark in order to get a train for this city. The origin of the fire is not known.

FAINTS WHEN HER HUSBAND TELLS OF A CONFESSION.

(Continued from First Page.)

a toothache, she says, and instead, she declares, he went out and got drunk. On March 4 she says he deserted her in his apartments at the Jerome, No. 215 West One Hundred and Sixteenth street.

When Mrs. Morton was called to testify she was in tears. She said that his new affinity was one Caroline Muller.

Mr. Morton, when called, said:

"It is not true that I ever threatened my wife or urged her to agree to a separation. My conduct toward my wife has been that of an honorable man, and there is no woman in the case."

Justice O'Gorman asked him:

"Why can't you two live together in peace and harmony?"

Had to Get His Own Supper.

"It is impossible. I'll come home from business at night tired out, to find my home empty. I would have to get my own supper, my wife having gone to Chappaqua or somewhere else. Then she'd insist on working hard all day Sunday when I am home for rest, doing things she should have done during the week."

Mr. Morton concluded his story with the statement that his wife's frail condition was due to an operation which she had confessed to him occurred before their marriage.

With an effort Mrs. Mor. n arose and exclaimed:

"You know it is not so. You will not believe him!"

Then she sank back in the arms of an elderly woman in a faint. She was revived after a little and the trial proceeded.

"Judgment for the plaintiff, with $25 weekly alimony," said Justice O'Gorman, laconically.

Piles Cured in 6 to 14 days. Pazo Ointment is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded. 50c. ••

Help Wanted To-Day!

As advertised for in The Morning World's Want Directory.

TUESDAY, Feb. 11, 1908.

Addressers	1	Housework	105
Agents	17	Horseshoers	3
Bakers	5	Ironers	16
Bartenders	1	Janitors	14
Blacksmiths	4	Janitresses	2
Bookbinders	6	Laundresses	4
Bookkeepers	3	Machinists	1
Boys	45	Managers	1
Brassworkers	1	Manicures	2
Bricklayers	2	Milliners	6
Bushelmen	1	Nurses	17
Butchers	18	Operators	40
Canvassers	23	Painters	6
Carpenters	1	Photographers	6
Cashiers	4	Printers	1
Chambermaids	20	Plumbers	3
Cigar-Makers	1	Porters	4
Collectors	3	Pressers	14
Compositors	2	Pressmen	4
Cooks (Male)	7	Salesladies	8
Cooks (Female)	12	Salesmen	32
Cutters	4	Shipping Clerks	5
Day's Work	1	Sign Painters	2
Dentists	2	Skirt Hands	2
Dishwashers	2	Sleeve Hands	1
Drivers	14	Solicitors	3
Drug Clerks	7	Stablemen	2
Electricians	1	Stenographers (M.)	4
Elevator Runners	3	Stenographers (F.)	1
Embroiderers	2	Tailors	2
Engineers	6	Trimmers	12
Farm Hands	1	Typewriters (F.)	2
Feeders	3	Upholsterers	1
Finishers	1	Varnishers	1
Firemen	3	Waiters	10
Folders	3	Waitresses	10
Foremen	1	Watchmen	1
Gardeners	1	Miscellaneous	319
Girls	20		
Total			922

The World printed 922 Help ads. to-day—519 more than all other New York papers combined.

MORSE'S METHODS BROUGHT DEATH TO A TRUSTING FRIEND

One Man Who Lost $800,000 Through Investing in the Ex-Banker's Securities Died a Broken-Hearted Pauper.

As investigation progresses into the tangled business affairs of Charles W. Morse, who was indicted yesterday for grand larceny, it becomes plain that he has dragged a number of men into poverty through his operations.

Judge George C. Wing, of Maine, who is with Gov. Cobb, of Maine, a co-receiver of the Consolidated Steamship Company, made this statement to-day to an Evening World reporter in an office in Wall street:

"Our people up in Maine used to look upon Charles W. Morse with a great deal of admiration, but the feeling has changed. Only a short time ago one of our leading citizens who had lost his fortune of $800,000 through association with Morse died of a broken heart.

"Morse paper is held pretty widely in Maine, and you can find a lot of the people up there who will say that he has cheated them. We agree with the condemnation of Morse by people who have suffered loss by reason of his transactions, but we do not agree, in a spirit of fair play, with the condemnation heaped upon him by Dr. Hyde, president of Bowdoin College. Dr Hyde has accepted money from Morse, and we do not think he is justified in criticising him."

It will take a long time to get track of all Morse's paper. It appears to be out in bales, with all sorts of indorsers. Among those on Morse's paper which is held in local banks are: Arthur Braun, formerly Morse's private secretary, now a member of the brokerage firm of Primrose & Braun, at No. 43 Exchange place.

Miss K. A. Wilson, Morse's private secretary and his most trusted employee. Her signature appears on the Morse paper "K. A. Wilson."

N. H. Campbell, treasurer of the Consolidated Steamship Company and treasurer of the Hudson River Navigation Company.

Calvin Austin, former president of the Consolidated Steamship Company.

George A. Fernald, of George A. Fernald & Co., brokers, No. 86 Wall street.

E. B. Wire, former cashier of the National Bank of North America.

Harry Morse, a cousin of the high financier, who lives at No. 3 West Forty-sixth street.

Alfred H. Curtis, former president of the National Bank of North America.

Members of the firm of Boody, McLellan & Co., No. 57 Broadway.

$1,000,000 in Boston Bank.

The names of these people appear, it is understood—with other names—on paper held by banks in this city. There is a bank in Boston—a national bank—that is said to hold close to $1,000,000 worth of Morse's paper.

In connection with Morse's dealings with the Boston bank, three different firms are said to be interested. They are F. S. Mosely & Co., of Boston, who recently opened a New York branch at No. 41 Exchange place, where Morse's office is located, and Hornblower & Weeks and Hayden Stone & Co., of New York.

No action by the Federal Grand Jury on the Morse investigation is expected to-day. Indictments may be found against him, however, before he reaches New York on the Etruria next Saturday.

The State indictments against Morse grew out of his high finance dealings with former Justice Morgan J. O'Brien. Another witness whose testimony contributed to the finding of the indictments was F. Augustus Heinze, the copper king, who with Morse and E. R. Thomas operated a string of banks for the mutual benefit of the triumvirate until the panic came last October, when all hands were dropped overboard by orders of the housecleaning committee of the Clearing-House. Heinze is now under indictment by the Federal Grand Jury for overcertification.

Regarding Morse's dealings with ex-Justice O'Brien, Heinze said last night:

Heinze on the Check Deal.

"Mr. Morse came to the Mercantile when I was its president with a note for $100,000, drawn by Morgan J. O'Brien. It was made payable to Judge O'Brien and was indorsed by him and by Mr. Morse. Mr. Morse wanted the note discounted and the bank drew its check for $100,000. It made the check, by an inadvertance, payable to Judge O'Brien. It could just as well have been made payable to Mr. Morse. The check was given to Mr. Morse and he indorsed it 'Morgan J. O'Brien per C. W. Morse.' I do not consider it an irregular transaction. The bank, of course, did not know of any agreement which may have existed between Mr. Morse and Judge O'Brien.

"I do not believe Morse ran away from his creditors. If he gets a chance I believe he will pay dollar for dollar on everything he owes. Of course, if people who have judgments or claims against him all start to collect at once and do not give him a chance to realize on his holdings, that would be a very different matter.

"Morse is a remarkable man and a mighty good fellow, and he will rehabilitate himself if given half a chance."

Oler Got $653,000, Most of It from Morse's Many Banks.

In covering the path blazed through the financial district by Charles W. Morse, Receiver Hanna, in charge of the National Bank of North America and the New Amsterdam National Bank—is incidentally looking into the personal relations between President Wesley M. Oler, of the American Ice Company, and the "man from Maine."

Mr. Morse has stated that the "reason for Oler being frequently at the Bank of North America was generally to get him to make or obtain renewals of his personal loans, and that this business seemed to take up more time than the ice company's business."

What were these loans?

Has Mr. Oler any personal loans in any bank where the American Ice Company keeps accounts? Or has the ice company or the Ice Securities Company loaned any money at any time to any stockholder or director? These are questions for District-Attorney Jerome.

Mr. Oler is a great letter writer. There is in existence a letter written to "Dear Charley" Morse in 1903, just before Mr. Oler branched out from Baltimore to New York to associate himself with Morse in the American Ice Company. It shows that Mr. Oler was even then a heavy borrower from banks in which Morse had secured control.

Oler Borrowed $653,000, Most of It Through Morse.

Mr. Oler's statement accompanying the letter showed his loans standing at that time in the banks, which are now in the hands of Receiver Hanna, as follows:

National Bank of North America—Note for $75,000, due Feb. 24, 1904, secured by $79,000 worth of Ice Company bonds; note for $23,000, secured by 275 shares of Baltimore Herald stock, and note for $9,000, due March 11, 1904, secured by $10,000 Baltimore Herald certificate. Total, $109,000.

New Amsterdam National Bank—Note for $30,000, due Oct. 27, 1903, no security; note for $15,000, due Jan. 2, 1904, secured by $20,000 certificate of United Railway of Baltimore, value wiped out by decline in stock; note for $21,000, on call, secured by 50 shares of New Amsterdam Bank stock, and note for $25,000, due Oct. 16, 1905, secured by $25,000 worth of Ice bonds. Total, $91,000.

In addition, the statement sets forth that Oler was obligated to Morse personally for loans aggregating $55,498; that he owed two state banks then controlled by Morse $120,000, and three national banks then controlled by Morse $200,000; a firm of private bankers $35,000, and a Standard Oil bank $50,000. Altogether the indebtedness referred to by Oler in the letter totaled $653,000.

"Too Heavy a Load for a Human Being."

The intimate relations between Oler and Morse are still further shown in a letter written by the former on July 4, 1906, in which he says:

"Don't think that I am writing in a complaining spirit. I only want to point out to you and your associates in the pool that if I am a valuable asset it would be to their interest to preserve that asset and not let it break down by reason of too heavy a load for a human being to carry."

The pool members were Charles M. Schwab, Isaac Guggenheim, John W. Gates, E. Clarence Jones, the late Charles T. Barney and John F. Carroll, who went in at 67. The stock is now 140.

Mr. Oler was re-elected president of the American Ice Company a few weeks ago for the reason best expressed by Lewis Cass Ledyard:

"It is a bad plan to swap horses when crossing a stream."

The Ice Company took in $7,941,525 last year but was not able to pay dividends. The stockholders who seek to have Oler deposed as president cite the fact that, although the ice company in Chicago operated by John J. Fields gets 1.40 per ton less than the ice company gets in New York, yet on half the tonnage it makes more money than the Oler management of the New York concern.

Morse was a great capitalizer of "good will" for his companies. He puts good will at $33,000,000 in his Consolidated Steamship Company. In the Ice Company he counted as an asset "**good will, account water rights and patent rights, $33,200,000.**"

Aerial Warfare Feared.

(From Popular Mechanics.)

Germany is straining every effort to gain the advantage, and France is losing no time. One million dollars has been voted by France for the construction of a fleet of the "Patrie" type. Both Germany and France are frankly uneasy at each other's success. An airship of the "Patrie" type could fly over Germany and photograph all the German fortifications, and vice versa.

Germany is now stirred by the idea that considerations of national defense render it essential to regulate aerial navigation by legislation. One German military writer urges that foreign airships should be prohibited from sailing Germany's atmospheric zone even in times of peace, and that a law should be passed enabling the military authorities to destroy by artillery or otherwise all foreign airships perceived in the firmament above.

TO PREVENT THE GRIP.
LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes the cause. There is only one "BROMO QUININE." Look for signature of E. W. GROVE. 25c. ••

SHOPPERS SEE MAN CRUSHED BY A SUBWAY TRAIN

Timothy McCarthy Fatally Injured Climbing from Track at Astor Place Station.

MISHAP STALLS CARS.

Accident at Bleecker Street Causes Tie-Up of Uptown Express Traffic.

Timothy McCarthy, of No. 528 First avenue, was frightfully mangled to-day while climbing from the subway tracks at the Astor place station in the presence of more than a hundred persons, most of them women shoppers. The Lenox avenue local, which crushed McCarthy, was stalled for twelve minutes, while Patrolman Kuhn and Subway employees extricated the battered man, blocking local trains all the way back to the Brooklyn Bridge.

Almost simultaneously an airbrake chamber on a Broadway express collapsed at the Bleecker street station, bringing the seven-car train to a halt with a sudden jolt and throwing passengers out of their seats. No one was injured, but terrified persons rushed to the exits yelling and crying with alarm. This accident delayed the through lines fifteen minutes and fast trains were lined up almost to the bridge station, thus paralyzing uptown traffic and so disarranging schedules that it was fully three hours before normal running conditions on local and express trains were resumed.

May Cause His Death.

McCarthy's mishap, which will likely result in his death, followed an exciting chase in which he was driven out of the uptown platform of the Astor place station a few minutes before the accident. Apparently intoxicated, he blustered by the ticket-taker and hurled down to the end of the opening. Two employees followed him and demanded that he pay his fare. He became surly and was ejected. A few seconds later employees on the uptown platform noticed a man jumping into the trackway from the downtown platform. They recognized him as McCarthy. A dozen voices shouted a warning to him.

Several women carrying bundles screamed as they saw the man dodging and ducking among the iron supports. A Broadway express whisked by and men and women turned their faces, for they expected to hear of the man being ground to pieces. McCarthy was safe between the pillars, and made straight for the platform from which he had been ejected.

Crushed by Car.

As the Lenox local whirled into the station the crowd was horrified to see McCarthy step almost in front of the first car. The motorman clamped on his brakes, but could not stop his car. The slight delay gave McCarthy time to cross the tracks to the platform. He was in the act of mounting the granite structure when the car crept up behind him and sandwiched him between the motorman's box and the platform.

In the bedlam of hysterical shrieks which followed Patrolman Kuhn rushed into the station. McCarthy's body was rolled several feet in the narrow space, but he managed to elevate himself slightly and when his rescuers reached him they had litle trouble pulling him out. From his chest to his hips McCarthy was battered. The injuries which the surgeons at St. Vincent's Hospital say may result in death, are internal.

WANTS FRANCHISE TAX LAW.

Assemblyman Cuvillier Demands That Corporations Pay Up.

(Special to The Evening World.)

ALBANY, Feb. 11.—A resolution directing the judiciary committees of the Legislature to prepare bills compelling public service corporations to pay their special franchise taxes was offered in the Assembly to-day by Louis A. Cuvillier, of Manhattan.

"The corporations are resisting the payment of $22,500,000 of due taxes on the ground that there is no law compelling them to pay it," said Mr. Cuvillier.

The man who uses his brain in planning and executing valuable ideas has practically no limit to his money-making success.

The daily waste of brain and nerve cells caused by mental activity must be promptly replaced by new material—proper food. This is a natural process.

Grape-Nuts has for years been the ideal food for the brain worker. It is made of wheat and barley, including the natural "vital phosphates" of these grains, which form, with the albumen of the food, the natural material for brain cells.

Try Grape-Nuts with cream or good milk for breakfast and supper—it's delicious as well as up-building.

"There's a Reason." Read the little booklet, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

BOYS DEMAND CASH JUST FOR A JOKE

Youngsters Who Signed Themselves as "Black Hand" Held for Sentence.

Adolph Schoper, of No. 319 West One Hundred and Twelfth street, and his chum, George Breckenridge, of No. 2075 Eighth avenue, each fifteen years old, were to-day arraigned before Justice Wyatt, charged with sending threatening letters through the mails. Both boys pleaded guilty and were held for sentence.

Elbert Miller, a salesman, of No. 314 West One Hundred and Twelfth street, the complainant against the boys, told the Justice he had received two "Black Hand" letters threatening his life and that of his wife, and he wanted the nuisance stopped. The two letters were produced in court, the first one being sent a week ago last Monday. It demanded the payment of $50.

The second letter, which Mr. Miller received a few days after the first, said:

"Beware of Black Hand. Danger! Danger! Miller From chief we have taking notice that you have paid any attichion to are last letter. From now on we will watch close. We are despratemen and we must have money $50 or there will be truble."

Both letters were decorated with daggers, hands and secret signs meaning anything one might attach to them. The letters were written in purple ink on lined note paper.

The Schoper boy lives in the same house as Miller, the complainant, who, it is said, owns the house.

When Justice Wyatt asked the boys why they sent the letters and what they meant by doing it, they said they sent them as a joke, "and if we received the money, all right."

Quaker Wheat Berries

make the most appetizing and strengthening quick lunch.

All the good of whole wheat.

Brown and crisp.

Special sale to introduce the goods.

5¢

a package.

Buy today for breakfast tomorrow!

SLIP COVERS

Direct from the Manufacturer

5 PIECES

$4.35

The best Belgian Damask, allowing 20 yards; perfect fit guaranteed.

'Phone or drop us a postal and an experienced upholsterer will call with samples and take measurements.

UPHOLSTERY CO.,

156 West 23d St

Bet. 6th and 7th ave. Tel. 2733—Chelsea.

Parlor Suits Re-Upholstered at Lowest Prices.

DIED.

McNAMARA.—MICHAEL McNAMARA, beloved husband of Hanorah McMann, in his 60th year. Born in Ennis, County Clare, Ireland.

Funeral from his late residence, 61 Jackson st., 9 A. M., Wednesday, Feb. 12, thence to St. Mary's Church, Grand st. Interment Calvary.

PHILLIPS.—On Tuesday, Feb. 11, at his residence, No. 53 W. 72d st., New York, COL. JAMES J. PHILLIPS, age 76 years.

Funeral 5 P. M. Wednesday, Feb. 12, at St. Stephen's Church, 69th st., between Columbus ave. and Broadway.

Norfolk and Suffolk (Va.) papers please copy.

"The One Girl," the song hit of "The Top o' the World" musical comedy, now playing at the Broadway Casino, will be given in the Magazine Section of next Sunday's World. Edition limited. Order from newsdealer to-day.

5 CENTS TO CONEY BILL IS ORDERED BEFORE ASSEMBLY

To Be Voted Upon Tuesday Is Special Provision at Albany.

(Special from a Staff Correspondent.)

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 11.—Assemblyman Wagner's Five Cent Coney Island Fare bill was made a special order on second and third reading in the Assembly to-day for next Tuesday.

Indications are that the bill will pass without much opposition, although it was said to-day an attempt would be made by the supporters of the railroad companies' interests to send the bill back to the Committee on Railroads.

MUTUAL CONDENSED MILK

is our Pure Pasteurized Milk reduced by evaporation. It is unsweetened, wonderfully rich and concentrated. Extremely economical. Served in glass jars.

7c ½ PINT

PURE PASTEURIZED MILK

8c a Quart.

MUTUAL Milk & Cream Co.

214-224 East 22d Street

Tel. 6346 Gramercy.

322-326 EAST 103D ST.

Tel. 6712 79th St.

348-352 EAST 142D ST.

Tel. 1050 Melrose.

CANDY

PENNY A POUND PROFIT

Specials For This Wednesday

VANILLIN WALNUT BON BONS.....POUND 10c

SPECIAL ASSORTED CHOCOLATES (20 kinds) POUND 19c

CHOCOLATE COVERED HARD ALMOND NOUGATS.....POUND 25c

Park Row store open every evening till 11 o'clock.

We deliver free purchases of one dollar and over between Battery and 200th street; also Brooklyn proper.

Loft's 3 STORES 54 BARCLAY ST. COR. WEST B'WAY. 29 CORTLANDT ST. COR. CHURCH ST. PARK ROW & NASSAU ST. COR. SPRUCE ST.

A HOME $115. COMPLETE

CASH OR ON CREDIT

GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE CARPETS, BEDDING EVERYTHING FOR HOUSEKEEPING

$1 WEEKLY

OPENS AN ACCOUNT

104TH ST "L" STATION CORNER

OPEN SATURDAY EVENINGS.

FISHER BROS.

COLUMBUS AVE. BET. 103 & 104 ST.

S. BAUMANN & BRO.

REMOVAL SALE

Compelling Us to Sacrifice Our Enormous Stock of FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, DRAPERIES, ETC., AT PRICES REGARDLESS OF COST

The Only Cash Price CREDIT HOUSE.

Buffet in quarter sawed golden oak, highly polished, with French bevel plate mirror; value $32.00; like cut. 22.50

Golden Oak Pillar Extension Table, with fluted pillar and claw feet; value $20; at, like cut. 11.95

China Closet in quarter-sawed golden oak, with columns; value $25; at 16.98

AXMINSTER RUGS

6x9, formerly $20, - 14.50

6x10, formerly $25, - 17.50

9x12, formerly $30, - 19.50

BRASS BEDS

A Marvellous Value—This Brass Bed, 2-inch Posts, in 4 ft. and 4 ft. 6 in., like cut; value $15.00. 9.98

COUCH COVERS

60-inch long, value $2.50, 1.25

IRISH POINT CURTAINS

New designs, value $8, 4.50

N.W. COR. 6TH AVE. & 15TH ST.

In a Case of Emergency

RIKER

It is always desirable to have within easy reach dependable and reliable remedies and appliances which can be used at once and may be the means of saving a life.

In the accidental cutting or bruising of an artery the loss of blood may be avoided by quick, intelligent treatment if the proper remedy is made at hand. A cut or a burn may be handled until the doctor comes in a manner that will assist him wonderfully in the treatment that follows.

Modern science has given us simple and effectual means of preventing blood poisoning by prompt attention. The RIKER drug stores, ever mindful of the needs of their hosts of patrons, have taken pains to make their Hospital and Sick Room Supply Department a model of its kind.

From the simplest household requirement to the supplying of hospitals, infirmaries, mills and manufacturing establishments with a proper equipment in case of accident or emergency has been the study of those best fitted to do this work for the RIKER drug stores.

13-15 West 34th St., opposite the Waldorf, that's where RIKER'S New Drug Store is. Visit the Hospital and Rubber Goods Department, where you can buy everything of the very best quality at the RIKER low prices.

Absorbent Cotton, lb., 35c.; ¼-lb., 13c.
Gauze Bandages, 2-inch, doz., 65c.; each, 6c.
Absorbent Lint, lb., 60c.; 1 yd., 10c.
Red Cross Gauze, 5 yds., 35c.; 1 yd., 10c.
Adhesive Plaster, 1 inch, 5 yd., 25c.; 1 yd., 10c.
Plaster Paris Bandages, each, 20c.
Iodoform Gauze, 5 yds., $1.25; 1 yd., 30c.
Carbolated Gauze, 5 yds., 75c.; 1 yd., 17c.
Screw Cap Ice Bag, large, 75c.; small, 58c.
Wonder Hot Water Bag, 69c.

RIKER'S Clinical Thermometer, 50c.
RIKER'S Oil Atomizer, 65c.
RIKER'S Hypodermic Syringe, 35c.
Stomach Tubes, 95c. to $1.50.
Paper Vests, each, 45c.
Chamois Vests, $1.35 to $3.50.
Chest Protectors, 20c. to $1.98.
Simplex Group Kettle, $1.50.
Bed Pans, $1.50.
Douche Pans, 69c.
Hair Insoles, pair, 5c.; doz. pairs, 50c.
Medical Batteries, $3.75.
Abdominal Belts, $2.00.
Rubber Reducing Suits, $8.00 to $35.00.

RIKER'S Antiseptis — best antiseptic mouth wash... 25c

RIKER'S Perozone—best disinfectant... 35c

Crutches, pair, $1.50.
Rubber Heels, pair, 25c.
Elastic Webbing, 2-inch, yard, 20c.
Invalid Rings, $1.45 to $2.85.
Electric Insoles (for Rheumatism), $1.00.
Shoulder Braces, $1.25 to $2.50.
Rubber Air Pillows, $1.45 to $2.65.
Rubber Sheeting, extra quality, $1.10 yd.

Bromo Seltzer, 10c. size 7c.; 25c. size 17c
Huyler's Candies, the 80c. kind... 69c

Belle Mead Sweets sold at all RIKER Stores at 60c. per pound. Guaranteed good or better quality as any candies sold anywhere at any price.

RIKER'S Violet Cerate

Delicately perfumed. A triumph in Face Creams. Sent anywhere, 50c

'Phone and Mail Orders promptly filled. Charge accounts solicited. Free Delivery in Greater New York. Mail Order Departments, Sixth Ave. & 23d St., New York; 456 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

RIKER'S DRUG STORES

NEW YORK.
6TH AVE. & 22ND ST.
7TH AVE. & 11TH ST.
BROADWAY & 9TH ST.
13-15 W. 34TH ST.
OPPOSITE THE WALDORF.

BROOKLYN.
156 FULTON ST.
COLUMBIA & UNION STS.
273 FLATBUSH AVE.
FULTON AND CLINTON STS.
SUMNER & JEFFERSON AVES.

5 STORES IN BOSTON.

FIRE SALE Of Furniture

From the **Parker Building Fire.** The goods are but slightly damaged. Some are uninjured, but are parts of broken suites brought over from our storage warehouses. While our insurance is being adjusted we offer all of our odd lots, broken suites and goods slightly damaged (you could not distinguish any damage unless we pointed it out),

50c on the Dollar

Our New Store, 30-32 East 21st Street,

contains a large portion of our $100,000 stock, samples of which we displayed on the entire 7th floor of the Parker Building. In most cases the pieces have just been unpacked from our storage warehouses. All will be sacrificed from our former exceeding low prices.

FREDERICK W. EVERS,

30-32 East 21st Street, Between Broadway and 4th Ave.

The cure for the blues—Cascarets. A million boxes go out every month to carry a world of sunshine. Are you getting your share?

Cascarets act as a bowel tonic, not as an irritant.
They are vegetable. Their action is natural. Their effect is the same as the effect of some foods.
They are gentle; no griping.
They are pleasant; no dreading.
They are convenient; no waiting.

One old way was castor oil.
The effect was to grease the bowels, and for a single day. Oil never causes the bowel muscles to act.
Other ways were pills, salts and cathartics. The effect was the same as pepper has in the nostrils. They flooded the bowels with fluid.
Those fluids were digestive juices. And the waste today means a lack tomorrow.

We knew that the method was wrong. That the after-effects only weakened the bowels.
But we had no gentle laxatives in the old days. So we waited as long as we could, then took a big dose of physic.
The method today is to take one Cascaret at a time—just as soon as you need it. Then the bowels are always clean.

Cascarets are candy tablets. They are sold by all druggists, but never in bulk. Be sure you get the genuine, with CCC on every tablet. The price is 50c, 25c and

Ten Cents per Box