

BRIBERY OFFER IN PANAMA CANAL PURCHASE IS TOLD

Dodsworth Tells Congressmen \$36,000 Was Bid for Aid of His Newspaper.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 25.—Still another attempt to buy the influence of the New York Journal of Commerce, in addition to the four propositions admitted yesterday, was disclosed to the House Ship Subsidy Investigating Committee today by Alfred Warpo Dodsworth, business manager of that paper. All the propositions were declined.

The latest disclosed attempt was an offer of \$36,000 to support editorially the plan for the sale of the de Lesseps Panama Canal property to the United States.

"At the time de Lesseps visited this country and was entertained by the New York Chamber of Commerce," said Mr. Dodsworth, "a representative of the Panama Canal Company, as it was then a French company, made our paper a proposition, through my father, for editorial support, and said there was \$50,000 of funds left which we might just as well have; that we should support the proposition to saddle that property on this Government."

This offer of \$36,000 made a total of \$75,000 offered the paper, according to Dodsworth, in definite amounts of three offers—besides an unnamed amount from the Spanish Government and a check which John Roach, the shipbuilder, years ago is alleged to have paid the elder Dodsworth he could fill out with any figure he chose if he would cease attacking the subsidy plan.

Pressed as to the \$100,000 offer, which he revealed yesterday, for the publication of one article supporting ship subsidy legislation, Mr. Dodsworth denied that his purpose in calling his brother into the office at that time was to present the interview, with any purpose of consultation as to the policy of the paper; that there was no thought of accepting the proposition.

As to the \$40,000 proposition from a man who said he was a Washington lobbyist, Mr. Dodsworth said he assumed, of course, that the lobbyist represented ship subsidy interests.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 26.—Statements and inferences that his father, John Roach, the Chester shipbuilder, had offered to bribe the New York Journal of Commerce to support a ship subsidy bill were characterized by John H. Roach today as untrue.

Similar inferences made yesterday regarding the William Cramp and Sons Company by Alfred W. Dodsworth, business manager of that paper, before the House Ship Subsidy Investigating Committee at Washington was characterized by a high official of that company as untrue and without the slightest foundation.

Disclaiming any present interest in shipbuilding or in ship subsidy, John H. Roach said:

"I, of course, being only thirty-three years old, know nothing personally of what my father may have done thirty years ago. But I know enough of his personality and his character to be sure of my statement when I say that any charge that he offered a bribe to the newspaper is absolutely untrue. He was not a man who did business that way."

The official at Cramps was more brief. "The statement of Mr. Dodsworth is not true," he said, "no bribe was offered to Cramps. You cannot make that too emphatic. Neither did a representative of the company offer to bribe his paper, nor was the company associated with any 'interests' which did."

A complete Detective Story, in Book Form, will be given free with next Sunday's World (in Greater New York). As the Sunday World is not returnable it is necessary to order your Sunday World from your newsdealer in advance. Don't miss this Great Detective Story.

ANNIE YEAMANS BETTER; NOT TO LEAVE THE STAGE.

NEW BRITAIN, Conn., Jan. 26.—Annie Yeamans, the aged actress, was enough improved today to leave the Hotel Bolon, where she has been confined by illness since Tuesday, for New York. She will appear at the New York hotel until Feb. 4, when she will join "The Echo" company at Buffalo. After Christian Science practitioners had failed to give her relief, here a physician was called who said Mrs. Yeamans had heart trouble.

Through her nephew, who has a part in the same company, Mrs. Yeamans, now seventy-five years old, denied that she intended leaving the stage. "Why," she said, "Mrs. Yeamans considers herself a young woman and says she has a great future ahead of her."

MY PRETTY BLACK-EYED SUSAN. THE GEORGE EVANS SONG HIT AS SUNG BY HIM IN HIS HONEY BOY MINSTRELS WORDS & MUSIC COMPLETE WITH NEXT SUNDAY WORLD

Would Teach Each Child the Value of a Dollar and End Evil of Waste

How to Earn, How to Save, How to Spend Wisely, Should Be in School Curriculum, Declares Mr. Marsh.

"We Are a Nation of Wasters," He Says, Merely Because the Youngsters Are Not Trained Properly.

By Marguerite Moores Marshall. "Every American child, rich or poor, should be taught the value of money, how to earn a dollar, save a dollar, spend a dollar. There is no other way of curing our country of the great national vice of extravagance."

That is the opinion of Benjamin C. Marsh, secretary of the Commission on Congregation of Population in New York and student of sociological conditions here and in other large cities. Mr. Marsh is a tall, thin young man, with wavy brown eyes, happily relieved by a smile half quizzical and wholly sympathetic.

I had called on him to ask about his speech at the Child Welfare Exhibit, in which he was reported to have said, "Once you teach people to live on a small amount you give them the weapon to combat poverty."

It reminded me a trifle of the theory of the philosopher who taught his horse to live on a straw a day—only the horse died—and so I told Mr. Marsh.

Can't Save on Rent. "But really I did not say that," he protested. "Nor do I believe it. What I wished to make clear is that the problem of our poor is a two-edged one. They do not always know how to use their money, but in at least one necessary expenditure, that of rent, no amount of economic wisdom can help them. There exists seemingly a fixed standard—and they are up against it."

"There are tens of thousands of apartments in Manhattan where the rights of children are ignored. A home is more than a place for children to get out of. It is a place for them to be happy in for several hours of the day and to rest in at night. They should be assured sunshine, enough rooms to afford privacy, gardens and opportunities to play. All this should be offered at a reasonable rental."

"But such a condition does not obtain. It is literally impossible to economize on rent in our large cities. Practically the only economy observed—and that should be discouraged, not advocated—is the taking of lodgers. The effect of this expedient on the children is thoroughly bad."

Where Economy Helps. "Family life is destroyed and it is impossible for the boys and girls to study or play in an apartment of two or three rooms, with six to ten occupants."

"On the other hand"—and here Mr. Marsh's smile appeared—"it is true that the right sort of economy in the purchase of food, fuel, clothing, nearly everything, in fact, except shelter, may make the lives of the people with small incomes infinitely more livable. And we ought to begin by teaching the children practical economy. All children should be taught the value of money."

"Rich and poor, we are a nation of wasters. Extravagance is not merely spending too much money, it's spending money unwisely. "The woman who sends her little girl out to buy two cents' worth of potatoes, instead of getting a large bag of them, is being extravagant—though she doesn't realize it. If the little girl is taught to realize it, however, she'll buy the bag of potatoes when she grows up and marries."

"And you think the rich child needs to be taught economy as well as the poor one?" I asked.

What All Should Know. "How much it takes to earn a dollar, how much self-denial to save it, how much discretion to spend it, these three things every child should learn from personal experience," declared Mr. Marsh. "Whenever possible, he should have an allowance, even if it must be a small one. He should be required to keep strict account of the ways in which he employs it."

"Also a child should be encouraged to earn a certain amount of money. I do not mean that he should sell papers in the street, or that he should make artificial flowers in the factory. It is, indeed, a bit difficult to suggest work for city children, except assistance which they can give in the house. In the country, though, there are plenty of things a child can be paid for doing which won't injure him in the least. There is mending of all sorts, berry-picking, now so profitable. Another good reason for living in the country," he added, in parenthesis.

"But if it's only wiping the dishes or mending the stockings or building the fire, every boy and girl, rich or poor, should be given some specific task, for which he should receive wages from father or mother or neighbor, so that he may learn that money doesn't hang on bushes."

"There are modern mothers who give their young daughters control of the housekeeping allowance for a week now and then. It is limited."

Training the Young. "It's an excellent idea," he agreed. "I think, too, that young girls should have a clothing allowance, beginning even when they are children. They might first learn how to buy little things, like gloves and handkerchiefs. Each year their field of expenditure would increase."

"If girls had such an experience they would be more sensible wives. Presently a girl's mother does all her



BENJAMIN C. MARSH

shopping, even through the trousseau stage, and the young wife runs up extravagant bills mainly because she knows no better.

"Boys and young men are less apt to waste money on clothes. But if they're taught to save the price of baseball games instead of putting a hand into father's pockets when they're young, they'll think twice before betting next week's salary on the races later on."

"I think it would be an excellent idea to establish a course in practical economics in the city schools, for both boys and girls. It would be of infinitely greater value to them in their later life than many of the subjects now in the curriculum. I don't mean that they should be taught to put money above health and well-being—to take lodgers, for instance, into crowded apartments. But they should learn to get the utmost possible good out of money."

"Every child has four natural and inalienable rights," concluded Mr. Marsh. "There is the right to health, the right to happiness, the right to training and the right to protection from temptation. More money secures none of these. Money properly handled helps to secure them all. The sooner the child is taught to take his share in the handling of the better."

BLACK HAND "GUN MAN" IS GUILTY OF MURDER.

Sentenced to Be Electrocuted for Slaying Giuseppe Vasta Last December.

After being out three hours, a jury in the Supreme Court at White Plains this afternoon found Gregorio Pattoni, known to the police as the "Gun Man of the Black Hand Society," guilty of murder in the first degree. Justice Arthur S. Tompkins sentenced him to be electrocuted in Sing Sing Prison in the first week of March.

The prisoner heard the sentence without emotion. Pattoni was charged with having murdered Giuseppe Vasta at Pleasantville on Dec. 15 last. The crime was a cold-blooded one. He had been on the hunt for the father of P. Pintura. He accused Pintura of kidnapping his thirteen-year-old daughter. The Vasta brothers came out of the Pintura house and he told them to go back. When they continued to press forward he fired a charge of buckshot in Giuseppe Vasta's body, killing him instantly. Then he shot and seriously wounded Giovanni Vasta, a brother. He fled and was found later hiding in a box car.

AUTO TAGS NOT READY, SO OLD ONES WILL DO.

ALBANY, Jan. 25.—Secretary of State Lazansky announced today that owing to the fact that the contractor for the automobile license tags defaulted on his work it will be impossible to issue all the new plates by Feb. 1, when the old license expires. The police authorities throughout the State have been notified regarding the delay and owners will be allowed to operate under their old numbers temporarily without annoyance.

BANKRUPT HID ASSETS.

United States Marshal Henkel to-day arrested Samuel Rosenberg, a lawyer with offices at No. 309 Broadway, on a Federal indictment charging him with having on Nov. 28 last conspired with others to induce Isidore Blumfeld, a bankrupt, to conceal assets. Blumfeld was a silk merchant in upper Fifth avenue.

Rosenberg was arraigned before Judge Holt in the United States District Court and furnished \$5,000 bail for pleading to the indictment.

Plan for Brooklyn Man.

ALBANY, Jan. 25.—Secretary of State Lazansky has appointed Charles N. Byrne of Brooklyn assistant to the Deputy Secretary of State to succeed Morrie Einstein of New York, at a salary of \$1,000 a year.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. Ayer & Co.

SUIT OF DENTIST AGAINST ACTRESS WILL BE SECRET

Referee in Divorce Case of Dr. Douglas, Former Cyclist and Billiard Champion.

Leslie J. Conlan was today appointed referee to take testimony in the suit for divorce begun two weeks ago by Dr. Walter G. Douglas, a dentist with offices at No. 542 Fifth avenue, against his wife, Teresa. Christopher G. Huffel appeared as counsel for Dr. Douglas, and Baldwin & Byrne for the defendant before Justice Gott in the Supreme Court.

They agreed on the appointment of the referee, and said if they could help it none of the details of the grounds of the suit would reach the public.

Dr. Douglas is a member of the New York Athletic Club. He has been prominent as a cyclist and was once champion billiard amateur of the United States. Last May he raised the apartments of his wife, who was an actress known on the stage as Helen Boyton and who appeared in "San Toy," the "Gelska Girl" and other musical plays.

They were married fifteen years ago. For seven years they have been separated and her husband has been seeking an opportunity for a divorce. In the raid on her home at No. 1 West Eighty-second street he discovered Albert Cowles, an actor in a play then being presented on Broadway.

He also secured a number of ardent love letters apparently addressed to his wife by Cowles, and so Dr. Douglas said at the time, by threatening Cowles with a revolver, got a number of similar letters written by Mrs. Douglas to him.

WOMAN DEAD, ANOTHER IS TAKEN TO HOSPITAL.

Live in Same House and Survivor Tells Story Involving a Woman Doctor.

Two ambulance calls were sent to Bellevue in quick succession today from No. 256 West Twenty-sixth street. When the first arrived the surgeon found Mrs. Luck Dickinson, for whom he had been called, had died. Dr. John Knox of No. 24 West Twenty-second street said he had been called in a hurry to the woman, who was not a regular patient, and that when he arrived he found her suffering from an illegal operation.

A few minutes later an ambulance was called for Mrs. Kate Tyb, who lived across the hall from the Dickinson flat. Mrs. Tyb said that she and Mrs. Dickinson had been operated upon at the same time last Friday afternoon by a woman physician in Flatbush. Dr. Armstrong took her to Bellevue Hospital, and the coroner is making an investigation of her story.

\$40,000 BLAZE IN ASBURY PARK WEST END HOTEL

Fifth Floor Burned Off by Fire From Defective Flue—Other Houses in Danger.

The fifth floor of the West End Hotel at Asbury Park was burned off today by a fire which started at 3 o'clock in the morning and was put out after daybreak by the combined fire departments of Asbury Park, Ocean Grove, West Grove and Bradley Beach.

The blaze was started by a defect in the chimney of the fireplace, which had not been used since Dick McCoy occupied the hotel for his training quarters five years ago.

Only the family of Mrs. Minnie Ten Broeck, widow of former Mayor Frank Ten Broeck, owner of the hotel, live in the house through the winter. Joseph Ten Broeck, her son, came in early this morning and smelled smoke. He alarmed the rest of the family, all of whom occupy rooms on the first floor and they had plenty of time to dress and get out.

The fire started in the flue opposite the top story of the hotel. It spread through the floor before the firemen could check it. Then the light was to keep the flames from jumping to the great Ocean Hotel at the west end of the Coleman House across the street. All the lower stories of the West End were drenched with water.

The loss from fire and water will amount to about \$40,000.

Shall We Rejoice Gladness comes with a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed and assisted by the pleasant laxative remedy Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. To get its beneficial effects always buy the genuine manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co.

POST'S Friday Suit Sale The Season's Final Clearance

This remarkable Clearance Sale of Women's Suits is so far ahead of any other sale of like character that there is no standard by which it can be measured. It is simply unique. It offers opportunities for savings of the most pronounced sort, giving every buyer a chance to save money at the time of year when money counts most and genuine values are most appreciated.

About 400 Attractive Suits are to be closed out at the cost of the material alone.

Every Fall and Winter Suit in the POST stores is included in this Final Season Clearance.



\$6.75

In the collection are many suits that have been selling up to \$25.00, including all the fashionable fabrics and accepted colors.

Not a suit in the whole lot cost less than \$6.75 to make, yet that is the price that has been fixed as the final clearance figure.

The style and quality are the same that have made the POST stores famous as a fashion centre and given them their good name for fair dealing.

Because of the extraordinary reduction, the usual free alterations and C. O. D. offerings are withdrawn.

The sale begins with the opening of the stores on Friday morning, and will be continued until every suit is sold.

J.L. POST S.W. Cor. 14th Street and Union Square.

Arnold, Constable & Co. FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Continuation Sale of Our Wholesale Surplus Stocks

Housekeeping Linens and Beddings

Napkins, doz. 1.85 to 3.85 Table Cloths, each 4.50 to 5.00 Table Tops, each 1.25 to 1.75 Scarfs and Tea Cloths, each .65 to 1.25 Hemmed Huck Towels, doz. 1.50 to 3.85 Hemstitched Huck Towels, doz. 3.00 to 6.00 Hemstitched Pillow Cases, pair 1.35 to 2.00 Embroidered Pillow Cases, pair 1.75 Scalpold & Embroidered Pillow Cases, pair 2.35 Hemstitched Sheets, pair 5.50 to 9.00

Odd lots Marseilles, Dimity and Satin finished Bed Spreads, One-Third under Regular Prices, each .95 to 3.00 SPECIAL LOTS FINE BLANKETS AND COMFORTABLES AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.

Moe Levy Is Now the Sole Owner

Having purchased the interest of my two partners in the firm of Moe Levy & Company, I am selling all stocks of both stores, preparatory to reorganization, at values such as New Yorkers have never known. All clothing Moe Levy make, and sold under the full price guarantee.

Men's Clothing Entire Stock of Fall, Winter, Spring and Summer Suits, Overcoats, Cravenettes, etc. Formerly Priced \$10; now \$5.50 Formerly Priced \$10 to \$15; now \$8.50 Formerly Priced \$15 to \$20; now \$12.50 Formerly Priced \$20 to \$25; now \$15.50 Formerly Priced \$25 to \$30; now \$19.50 Formerly Priced \$30 to \$35; now \$24.50

Also Great Reductions on Men's Furnishings and Children's Clothing.

Moe Levy 119-125 WALKER ST., N. Y. 1439 BROADWAY, N. Y.

Baumann GRAND RAPIDS FURNITURE & CO. Furniture Without Deposit

19.7 Large Turkish Baker in the world. Least three value \$25.00. \$14.98

Small Deposits and Low Prices prevail throughout our entire establishment. Call and Make Your Own Terms

Our Terms Apply Also to New York, New Jersey, Long Island and Connecticut

MICHIGAN FURNITURE CO. ABSOLUTELY FREE \$1 WEEKLY LIBERAL CREDIT TERMS

3.00 DOWN ON \$50.00 5.00 " " 75.00 7.50 " " 100.00

2174-3RD AVE. BET 118 & 119 N.Y. OPEN EVERY EVENING UNTIL 9 O'CLOCK

Weinberg Furs

Stock-Taking Sale To positively close out our stock of CARACUL and PONY COATS we offer them at a 50% Reduction

Table with 3 columns: Item, Were, Now. Caracul Coats, strictly Leipzig dyed, \$290.00, \$145.00. Pony Coats, 40 inches long, shawl collars, \$60.00, \$30.00.

33 1/3% Reduction Some examples of the values offered:

Table with 3 columns: Item, Were, Now. French Seal Coats, 45 inches long, \$120.00, \$75.00. Hudson Seal Coats, 52 inches long, \$215.00, \$140.00.

Handsome Natural Raccoon Sets, \$33.00, \$21.00. Handmade Black Fox Sets, \$40.00, \$40.00.

We Take Stock Feb. 1st. This is a Positive Clearance Sale. PH. WEINBERG'S SON & CO. MAKERS OF FINE FURS 290 FIFTH AVENUE

H. Altman & Co. COLORED AND LACK DRESS SILK

5,000 YARDS OF CREPE METEOR IN OVER FORTY OF THE LATEST COLORS INCLUDING EVENING SHADES, ALSO BLACK, DOUBLE WIDTH, WILL BE ON SALE TO-MORROW (FRIDAY), AT THE VERY SPECIAL PRICE OF \$1.55 PER YARD

DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP

Does not Contain Opium. This Preparation is Ready for Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Hoarseness, etc. Sore and raw Throats.



33 1/3% Reduction

Handsome Natural Raccoon Sets, \$33.00, \$21.00. Handmade Black Fox Sets, \$40.00, \$40.00.

ROYAL FURNITURE CO. Home Furnished \$99.98

2188 3RD AVE. BET 119 & 120 ST.

TO-NIGHT Cascares

IT MAKES LITTLE DIFFERENCE WHAT YOU NEED.