

SIPP TELLS INSIDE STORY OF BRIBE

J. Pierpont Morgan's Body Arrives in This City

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SUFFRAGETTE ARSON SQUAD PUTS TORCH TO GRANDSTAND; TRIES TO BURN BALLOONS

Blaze Set at Cricket Grounds at Tunbridge Wells—Row Over Suffrage in Royal Household; Militants Call the King on Phone.

LONDON, April 11.—Militant suffragettes started on their work of destruction early to-day. They set fire to the grandstand of the cricket ground at Tunbridge Wells. They left behind them a photograph of Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst as an indication that the women had taken this means of protesting against her imprisonment in Holloway Jail.

The fire was started in the dressing rooms of the members' pavilion in which large quantities of tarred netting used in cricket practice was stored. The loss caused by the fire amounts to several thousand dollars.

An alleged attempt by suffragettes to destroy by fire the dirigible balloon and aeroplane parts of the Army Flying Corps is reported to-day from Farnborough. Two lighted candles were discovered in the furze bushes surrounding the sheds, but these were extinguished before any damage had been done.

Miss Zelle Emerson, the militant suffragette from Jackson, Mich., is in a serious condition, having developed appendicitis. Dr. Mansell Mellin, her physician, said this morning: "The inflammation has developed an attack of appendicitis. The pain suffered by Miss Emerson is responding somewhat to local treatment, but it will be impossible to correct her condition permanently without an operation, which is unthinkable at present because of her extremely weakened condition. The nervous symptoms have improved somewhat to-day, my patient having enjoyed a comparatively restful night. She is still, however, unable to see any one."

At the Home Office, Secretary Rosalind McKenna admitted publicly that Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, jailed militant leader, is very weak from hunger-striking, but he asserted that her condition could not be considered in any way critical, and therefore there was little prospect of her release to-day. This is Mrs. Pankhurst's eighth day without food.

It is understood that a member of the House of Commons will ask Rosalind McKenna, Home Secretary, next week whether he is contemplating a plan whereby Miss Emerson and other foreign militant suffragettes guilty of breaking English laws will be deported as undesirable aliens.

Under the English law Mr. McKenna would be acting within his legal rights in doing this. The report that he intends to do so has caused consternation among the American women here who have jail records as well as among

(Continued on Second Page.)

LIEUT. GARGAN SUCCEEDS POLICE CAPTAIN O'REILLY.

Commissioner Waldo Promotes Him, and Transfers Others Because of Salter's Retirement.

As the result of the retirement of Capt. Miles O'Reilly, Police Commissioner Waldo announced one promotion and the shifting of several precinct commanders this afternoon.

Lieut. Patrick F. Gargan of the School of Recruits was promoted to the captaincy left vacant by the retirement of O'Reilly. Gargan was assigned to the School of Recruits to take command in place of Capt. James J. Savage, who was transferred to the East One Hundred and Fourth street station.

Capt. William Homan was transferred from the East One Hundred and Fourth street station to the Adams street precinct in Brooklyn; Capt. James H. Post was transferred from Adams street to the Sixth avenue station; Capt. Bernard J. Hayes was transferred from Sixth avenue to Flushing avenue precinct; and Capt. John Wiekand was transferred from Flushing avenue to Army street station, the post last held by Capt. O'Reilly. Wiekand, a former inspector, is seventy years old and a war veteran.

AMERICAN MILITANT WHO MAY GO UNDER KNIFE IN ENGLAND.



ZELLE P. EMERSON.

STILWELL SWEARS HE TOOK NO MONEY FROM HIS ACCUSER

Senator on Witness Stand Declares He Refused to Draw Kendall's Bill.

ALBANY, April 11.—Senator Stephen J. Stilwell, the Bronx Senator accused of the attempted extortion of \$2,000 from George H. Kendall, President of the New York Bank Note Company, in connection with a Stock Exchange bill, took the witness stand this afternoon before the Senate Judiciary Committee, which is investigating the charge.

Samuel Lewis, Jr., deposed revision clerk of the Senate, had occupied the stand most of the morning. Lewis, who had denied under oath last night having divided with Stilwell the \$200 paid by Kendall for drawing the bill, was forced on cross-examination to-day to admit having made the statement.

Senator Stilwell told of his meeting with Kendall and of the request Kendall made that the witness draw a bill for him.

"Mr. Kendall asked me why I couldn't draw the bill," said the accused Senator. "I told him I didn't have the time and I preferred not to because I was a legislator. He then suggested that my law partner draw the bill, but I refused to consent to it. I told him to go back to the Governor and get a letter from him to the legislative bill drafting department. He said he wouldn't because he was afraid 'these thieves of the Stock Exchange' would put a joker in the bill."

The Senator said he told Kendall if he wanted to pay to get the bill drafted he would get a man.

"Mr. Kendall said he would pay \$200," said Stilwell, "and I asked him if he wanted me to see the man. He said 'If you recommend him, he will be satisfactory to me.'"

Stilwell said he told Kendall that he was not interested in any payment for drafting the bill. This was after he had introduced Lewis to Kendall and Kendall had asked whether Lewis wanted cash or a check.

"Not one cent comes to me," the Senator said he told his accuser.

DECLARES THERE WAS NO TALK OF MONEY.

Senator Stilwell emphatically denied that there had been any talk of money being needed to advance the bill. He said Kendall told him he had been approached by a member of the Assembly Codes Committee, but refused to give the name. He had advised Kendall that he must not believe such things.

"Kendall asked me to let him know the number of members of the Codes Committee and I sent him the telegram which said 'The correct number is 15,'" continued the witness.

Lewis, the deposed revision clerk, was the first witness of the day.

Under cross-examination by Attorney-General Carmody, Lewis admitted

MUSICA CONFESSES FULL DETAILS OF \$1,000,000 FRAUD

Elders of Hair Importer Tells Whitman How Banks Were Swindled.

PLANNED THE SCHEME. Father Ill in Tombs, Brothers Indicted and Sisters Said to Be Penniless.

Philip M. Musica, the brains of the Musica family \$1,000,000 human hair swindle, made a full confession to District-Attorney Whitman this afternoon. The confession followed a three-hour conference in the Tombs between Philip Musica, his brothers, Arthur, aged twenty-one, and George, seventeen, and George Gordon Battle, counsel to the Musica family.

The elder Musica is in the Tombs hospital suffering from heart disease. The three sons were arraigned this morning before Judge Crain to answer to the indictments on which they were arrested at New Orleans while endeavoring to flee from the country.

Philip Musica was arraigned on six indictments, the complaint, with one exception, being the U. S. Hair Company. The exception was the complaint of J. & W. Sellman, bankers, charging Philip with the theft of \$167,878. Arthur responded to an indictment for stealing \$2,000 and George to one for stealing \$3,800. In addition, all three are charged with having attempted to steal \$20,000 from the Bank of Manhattan. Antonio Musica is also included in this indictment. The indictments found in behalf of the U. S. Hair Company are really in behalf of a number of banks, which the Musicas are charged with having defrauded.

YOUTH'S BAIL IS FIXED AT \$20,000; FATHER'S, \$100,000.

Philip Musica, who is supposed to have been the brains of the activities of the family, was smooth and debonair in court. He watched and weighed every word and was at the ear of his counsel always.

Mr. Battle asked that he be set for Antonio at \$10,000. He said Assistant District-Attorney Embree had agreed with him on that figure. The lawyer asked that the same amount be fixed for George, who had been only an office boy in the hair company. Mr. Battle dwelt at some length on what he described as the pitiable condition of the old man in the Tombs hospital. He had no money, he said, and no place to go when he left the hospital.

Mr. Embree said that in view of the fact that George had shown such agility, heretofore, in evading the officers of the law, he thought he should be put under a \$25,000 bond. Judge Crain commented by fixing the bail of the old man at \$10,000 and that of George at \$20,000. Mr. Battle said the bail for both would be forthcoming to-day or to-morrow. No bail was asked for Philip or Arthur.

The three prisoners were returned to the Tombs.

TWO DAUGHTERS PENNILESS; \$18,000 TAKEN FROM THEM.

The two girls, Grace and Louise, who fled with their father and brothers and were arrested with them but subsequently released, were expected here to-day. But it is stated that they are in New Orleans absolutely penniless and cannot get away until friends send them the means.

"MOVIE" FLOOD BENEFIT.

Picture Concerns Will Entertain for Sufferers.

For the benefit of the sufferers from the recent floods a monster picture entertainment will be given at the Sixty-ninth Regiment Armory to-morrow night. All the big "movie" concerns have got together for the occasion and the performance promises to be something unique.

The heroines of thrilling tragedies, melodramas and comedy will sell flowers and their own photographs in the lobby. The privilege of meeting these charming artists should alone be worth the price of admission.

Sunday World Wants Work Monday Wonders.

BODY OF MORGAN ARRIVES HERE ON LINER LA FRANCE

Son of Dead Banker Boards Vessel, Under Half-Mast Flags, Down the Bay.

PLANNED OWN FUNERAL. Every Detail Written Twenty Years Ago by Financier Will Be Closely Followed.

The body of J. P. Morgan, accompanied by his daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee, arrived this afternoon on the liner La France from Havre. While the liner was at quarantine, J. P. Morgan, Jr., accompanied by Deputy Police Commissioner McKay, boarded the Health Officer's boat at Staten Island and were taken on board La France.

Flags on La France were at half-mast as she came up the harbor and vessels passing dipped their colors.

Arrangements had been made to remove the banker's body as soon as the liner docked and a strong police escort was ready to accompany the funeral car to the private library of Mr. Morgan at Madison avenue and Thirty-sixth street. In order to facilitate the removal of the body the customs officials had been instructed to show every possible courtesy to the family.

From the Treasury Department at Washington came a telegram instructing the Collector to waive all formalities and expedite the baggage of Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Satterlee.

It was decided to carry the body down the main gateway to the family elevator No. 1, where it was lowered to the street level. The relatives descended by another elevator. A motor hearse in charge of J. C. Tiedman, sexton of St. George's, was awaiting the body.

The Morgan party entered the French Lida sheds without a special Customs pass, and photographers were barred from the ship and the pier. A heavy detail of police under Inspector Titus was scattered along Eleventh avenue to keep the street clear while the body passed.

A strong guard of uniformed police and private detectives had been provided at the Morgan house and they will watch over the body while it lies in state in a huge burial case, hidden by a pile of flowers.

The body will lie in state until the funeral services at St. George's Church, Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

The streets about the Morgan home will be practically closed to the curious by the cordon of special detectives stationed around with instructions to keep the crowds moving.

No admission will be had to the funeral services except by special tickets issued by the church corporation.

TO FOLLOW DIRECTIONS MORGAN WROTE 20 YEARS AGO.

The simple burial service which J. P. Morgan detailed in his own handwriting and instructed his son to have performed over him at St. George's Church, was written more than twenty years ago and is modelled after the funeral services of his father, Junius Spencer Morgan, who died in 1880. The sheet of paper on which the selection of hymns is recorded is yellow with years and has been handled often.

This curious fact became known to-day through the Rev. Karl Relland, rector of St. George's, who will perform the directed burial service Monday morning

HARTIGAN IS SILENCED BY "SYSTEM'S" \$25,000

POLICEMAN WHO GOES TO SING SING TO SERVE 3-YEAR SENTENCE.



JOHN HARTIGAN

GIRL'S MIND GONE WHEN FOUND AFTER NIGHT IN WOODS

Fifteen-Year-Old Verna Coochingham Unable to Explain Wounds on Her Body.

POUGHKEEPSIE, April 11.—With her clothing torn by briars and her body lacerated and bruised either by violence or by many falls, fifteen-year-old Verna Coochingham, daughter of a wealthy florist at Rhinebeck, was found wandering about the woods near here to-day after passes had been searching for her all night.

The girl's mind was gone and she was unable to give any explanation of her disappearance or experience.

Miss Coochingham went for a walk about her father's extensive farm yesterday afternoon with her grandfather. They became separated as they walked on opposite sides of a small hill.

When Mr. Coochingham rounded the hill and his granddaughter did not appear, he called her. He received no answer, and, becoming alarmed, started a search of the meadow.

The ground at that point slopes to a small duck pond, where the water is fifteen feet deep in places. Mr. Coochingham, fearing the girl had fallen into the pond, gave an alarm and a general search began. The pond was dragged and passes from all the countryside began a systematic beating of the woods and meadows for miles.

The search was kept up throughout the night. When found to-day the girl was fifteen miles from the point at which she disappeared. She was suffering severely from cold and exposure.

The family physician expressed the belief that the girl had been studying hard at the Rhinebeck School and had suffered a spell of aphasia, during which she wandered off and lost herself.

The girl was bright and pretty. She had changed in appearance so that it was at first thought another girl had been found. According to a mumbled account of her experience gained after long questioning, the authorities said the girl had followed her grandfather out a mile or more to the duck pond. They were feeding the ducks, it appears from her incoherent talk, when suddenly it seemed to grow dark and she just wandered about.

Inspector Sweeney's Man Asks for Stay, Then Suddenly Decides To Serve Three-Year Term in Sing Sing.

"SYSTEM" WILL TAKE CARE OF HIS FAMILY.

Sipp Snubs Capt. Walsh and Tells Grand Jury How Lawyer Paid Him Bribe Money.

Justice Seabury signed this afternoon the final commitment of John J. Hartigan, the former patrolman, to Sing Sing to begin the term of from two and a half to three and a half years in prison to which he was sentenced when he was convicted of perjury. Hartigan was to have been taken to Sing Sing this afternoon but Sheriff Harburger had no prison van on hand and will take him up to-morrow.

Up to the last minute District-Attorney Whitman was in hopes that Hartigan would make a confession. Late last night Mr. Whitman received word that Hartigan wanted to see Justice Seabury's court this morning and asked him to postpone signing the commitment for a few hours.

But nothing further was heard from Hartigan. At 1 o'clock Mr. Whitman asked the court to sign the commitment, saying that he had done all he could do for Hartigan. It is Mr. Whitman's belief that certain police officials have raised a fund of at least \$5,000 for Hartigan, and that he had decided to serve out his sentence and draw down this money when his term expires.

The Grand Jury failed to find indictments to-day after hearing testimony in the latest phase of the graft investigation. Another session of the jury will be held on Monday.

SIPP REFUSED TO SHAKE HANDS WITH WALSH.

George Sipp, who paid graft to Capt. Thomas W. Walsh for nearly five years and Walsh, who confesses that he took the graft, met face to face to-day in the District-Attorney's office. Walsh weak and sick put out his hand.

"No Tom," said the natty sipp, drawing away. "We have been friends for twenty years but I won't shake hands with you. Tom, you stood for that frame-up they fixed on me when they arrested me in Atlantic City. I have lost all faith in you and in humanity." Turning like a hero in the melodrama Sipp walked out of the room. Walsh appeared to be crushed.

"I consider myself a man of too much principle and dignity to shake hands with Tom Walsh," declared the righteous Sipp.

Sipp made public to-day the whole story of how officers of the Police Department tried to bribe him to keep quiet about Harlem graft. He was one of the witnesses before the Grand Jury to substantiate the charge of conspiracy on which the District-Attorney hopes to indict Sweeney and former inspectors James F. Thompson, John J. Murtha and James E. Hussey, who are already under indictment in other charges.

LAWYER MAKES A CONFESSION CORROBORATING SIPP.

Other witnesses were former Police Capt. Thomas W. Walsh and E. J. Newell, the lawyer who has just finished a confession to the District-Attorney corroborating Sipp.

"After I appeared before the Curran Committee," Sipp said, "I was ordered to appear before the Grand Jury and also to appear at the police court trial of Policeman Eugene F. Fox, whom I had accused of collecting 'protection money' from me for Sweeney. On December 28, of last year, at One Hundred and Thirtieth street and Broadway, I went to Newell's house at 10.2 in the morning and Newell told me I had to get out of the country. He said he had been told to offer me \$1,000 in cash and \$100 a week as long as I remained away."

"Newell told me he had a doctor friend who owned a lodge in South Carolina. He wanted me to go there and have this doctor operate on me for the intestinal trouble for which I have since been operated on. I grew suspicious at once for I wanted no unknown doctor putting into me. I was afraid it was a 'police plant' and that I would come home in

FOR RACING SEE PAGE 10.