

LINER CRASHES INTO TENDER; PASSENGERS SEE TRIO DROWN AND TWO RESCUED AT SEA

City of Atlanta Lost 25 Minutes Getting a Lifeboat Over the Side. COLLISION IN DAYLIGHT. Ship Suddenly Shifted Course When Lighthouse Boat Crossed the Bows.

That the steamer City of Atlanta of the Savannah line ran down and cut in half the tender of the Government Lightship of Capt. Lookout, North Carolina, drowning three of the five men who manned the boat, was learned today after extraordinary efforts had been made to suppress the story. The tragedy happened about 1 o'clock last Friday afternoon, in clear weather and on the calmest of seas.

According to F. S. Mac of Kansas City, one of the ship's passengers, there was a delay of 25 minutes in lowering a lifeboat over the vessel's side, during which time the passengers crowded the rail and saw three of the men go down. When the lifeboat finally reached the wreckage only two of the boat's crew were still afloat. They were in an exhausted condition when lifted over the ship's side.

The lightship tender put out in customary fashion to take mail from the steamship and deliver the small packet of mail from the crew of the lightship. The boat's crew rowed their little thirty-foot craft across the bow of the approaching steamer to reach the lee side.

When the City of Atlanta was within 100 yards of the lightship, the latter suddenly shifted its course and crossed the bows of the steamer.

According to Mr. Mac and other eyewitnesses the tender had cleared the vessel's bows when Capt. Lookout's boat, which was on the small boat deck, gave an order that would swing the vessel directly into the tender. The big steamer passed on through the wreckage while the crew of the men in the water saw the alarm "Man overboard" throughout the ship. The City of Atlanta was not able to stop until she had passed the wreckage.

At this time all the passengers who had been below at lunch were on deck and the full crew mustered forward. There was a delay of 25 minutes in lowering the lifeboat over the vessel's side. According to members of the crew and the passengers, the delay was due mainly to the fact that the awning stretched along the deck had to be unlaced from a long wire cable and the cable itself tangled before the device could be swung out over the ship's side.

CAPTAIN IN REPORT BLAMES MEN IN THE TENDER.

In his report to the Vice President and General Manager of the Company, William H. Pomeroy, Capt. Hammond says that he was unable to make the men in the tender more easily to reach the ship's side. He blamed their erratic rowing for causing the collision. "I received the signals from the lightship at 12:50," Capt. Hammond reported, "requesting that I stop and take on board the tender. I obeyed the signals and was making a hard time of it in the heavy breeze and chop. I swung the ship to meet them and they rowed straight into me. I ordered full speed ahead, hoping to clear the boat. The three men were drowned before we could reach them. The remaining two were picked up, restored to strength and put back aboard the lightship."

Capt. Hammond's report mentions no delay in lowering the lifeboat and gives no explanation of the time from the moment of the collision until the two survivors were brought aboard. The City of Atlanta docked yesterday, yet no report of the accident was permitted to leak out from the crew or officers. The passengers had been urged by the officers to say nothing about the affair. Among the passengers was F. A. Steval, the newly appointed United States Ambassador to Switzerland. He decried a rumor to the effect that the passengers wished to commend the precautions with which the officers of the ship had met the situation. Mr. Mac and a number of passengers refused to sign the petition.

PASSENGER SAYS CREW WAS NEAR TO MUTINY.

"I dined with the crew on deck during the delay in getting the lifeboat over the side," said Mr. Mac to-day. "They were openly cursing the officers from the Captain down and charging them with the grossest form of negligence."

The crew seemed on the verge of mutiny when the officers added to the delay by insisting on having the awning lines unlaced instead of slanting them with halves, which would have done many minutes in the work of getting the boat over the side. When the boat was finally lowered, the crew was cursing the boat's crew and they were answering back in the same kind of language. It was the grossest piece of mismanagement I have ever witnessed at sea, and I have never seen a crew more mutinous.

\$250,000 IN HORSES ARRIVE ON ONE SHIP

Breeder Says There Never Was a Bigger Demand Despite the Motor Cars.

Horses valued at \$250,000 were passengers on the Minnetonka of the Atlantic Transport line, which arrived here today. Sixteen of them, of which four were a coach team and twelve hackneys for breeding, were the property of Alfred G. Vanderbilt, and were in charge of Charles H. Wilson, the manager of Mr. Vanderbilt's stables. Fifty-two of the other big draught horses, were the property of Samuel Bell of Illinois; twenty more were of Persian blood and belonged to A. L. Robinson of Pekin, Ill. The Bell and Robinson horses started West this afternoon on a special train fitted for their best safety and comfort. "They call this the horseless age," said Mr. Bell, "but there was never such a demand for heavy draught horses as there is now. I selected these horses for breeding purposes. The demand for the type was never greater than it is now and I find myself entirely unable to keep up with the demand."

SULZER ON TAMMANY GRAFT.

Investigate Charge if There is Foundation, Says Governor.

ALBANY, July 28.—In the opinion of Gov. Sulzer the charge made by Rev. O. R. Miller, representative of the New York Civic League, that three years ago three unnamed Tammany Senators attempted to extort a bribe of \$10,000 from New York City mercantile agencies should be investigated by the Frawley Legislative Committee. When the Governor's attention was called to the Miller charge, which appeared in a printed bulletin published by the Civic League, he said: "If there is any foundation for the assertion I should think it was a matter for investigation for the Frawley committee."

In April, 1911, Mr. Miller asserted at a Methodist conference in Saratoga that baseball interests had raised a fund of \$100,000 to secure favorable baseball legislation. The Senate Committee on Privileges and Elections, headed by Senator McClelland of New York, investigated the Governor's attention was called to the Miller charge, which appeared in a printed bulletin published by the Civic League, he said: "If there is any foundation for the assertion I should think it was a matter for investigation for the Frawley committee."

PROTEST AGAINST NEW DUMP

More than two hundred residents in the vicinity of Pier No. 41, East River, have signed and forwarded to Mayor Gaynor a petition protesting against establishment of a new public dump at that point and adjoining turning over to the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad the site of the present dump at the foot of Clinton street for a new pier. The petitioners declare the Clinton street dump is in the neighborhood of warehouses only, and therefore of no discomfort to residents. The dump proposed at Pier No. 41, they point out, is in the vicinity of Jackson and Gouverneur streets, near Gouverneur Hospital, the Tuberculosis Hospital, Free Home for Incurable Cancer, St. Mary's Parochial School, Public School No. 13 and Public School No. 14. The air in this neighborhood, they aver, would be contaminated by the presence of a dump at that point. Sixteen physicians in that vicinity signed the protest.

TAKE 1300-POUND MACKEREL.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 28.—After an exciting chase off the inlet today when returning from the daily trip to the fishing banks the crew of the fishing smack Nettie E. captured the largest mackerel ever caught in this section of the coast. The fish weighed 1,300 pounds. The huge mackerel had been swept into shallow water. The giant fish was harpooned. It was put up a hard fight before it was drawn aboard. The fish was immediately iced and shipped to Philadelphia.

Trotting a Fake. The story printed in several newspapers on Saturday that John Hanson of East Elmhurst, L. I., had been found guilty in his speed launch beached on Flushing Bay as a result of blowing over to have been misleading. The East Elmhurst Taxpayers' Association requests The Evening World to print the facts, which are that Hanson, while pulling his boat to shore Friday afternoon, fell, and the prow of the boat jabbled into his stomach. Dr. Ellis at once administered first aid. There was nothing sensational about the case except the chap who faked the story.

Three-Minute Session of House. WASHINGTON, July 28.—A three-minute session of the House was held today. The Republican filibuster continued, clipping a minute from the previous short session record of the body. The chaplain's prayer was the only proceeding which the Democrats could accomplish. An agreement to end the deadlock was reached by permitting the minority to discuss Attorney-General McMillan's postponement of the San Francisco white slave case, which was practically closed to-day.

WILSON IS FIRM, BUT MOVES SLOWLY IN MEXICAN AFFAIR

President Sees No Reason for Panic and Is the Least Disturbed of Any.

HE MEETS AMBASSADOR.

Policy Will Be Framed After To-Day's Conference—Demand on Huerta Pushed.

By Samuel M. Williams. (Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, July 28.—The least excited man in the United States over Mexican affairs is the one having most to do with the situation, namely, President Wilson. He declines to consider that a crisis exists or that the public mind is greatly worked up over conditions prevailing south of the Rio Grande. According to the President's ideas, the excitement exists chiefly in newspaper headlines and is confined principally to that area of the United States represented by large type.

It can be authoritatively stated that the attitude of President Wilson toward Mexico has not been changed by events of the past week. His policy is to pursue diligent inquiry into conditions in order to ascertain the facts as they exist. The future attitude of the Administration will depend upon what develops from the inquiry. The President's mind is still open and he will not formulate any decision until he can have a look at all angles of the situation.

AMBASSADOR WILSON DOING ALL THE TALKING.

It is realized that those people who have direct interests in Mexico are considerably exercised over conditions, but they see only a small part of the whole picture. Intervention talk at this time is principally hot weather imagination. President Wilson conferred this afternoon with Ambassador Wilson and listened to that envoy's statement of facts and expression of personal views. He will later frame his policy. Meanwhile nobody needs get excited about crossing the Rio Grande and marching into Mexico.

The discussion related entirely to the facts of the situation in Mexico and not at all to any question of Government policy. All views relative to the situation have been placed in the hands of the President for his consideration. Ambassador Wilson said that he expected to leave Washington to-night to be away several days. He would not discuss the possibility of his return to Mexico in his official capacity. His departure at this time seems to indicate that he will not appear before the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

Secretary Bryan, who had lunched with the President, entered the Executive office from the White House proper and joined the conference in the President's office. He remained for a short time with the President after Ambassador Wilson's departure.

POLICY WILL BE FRAMED SOON, SAYS BRYAN.

"No policy was discussed at the conference," said Mr. Bryan, "and it is not known now when a policy will be formulated, but it probably will be in a very short time. The conference was for the purpose of placing before the President all the information available on the Mexican situation. The President will consider the entire subject, including whatever recommendations Ambassador Wilson has made or may desire to make."

In contrast to the calm attitude and dignified reticence of the Wilson who is President and has the final say, the Wilson who is merely Ambassador is going about very much in evidence, talking a great deal and expressing his opinions to numerous interviewers. Although called to Washington to give the President the benefit of his observations in Mexico, the Ambassador has been talking to everybody before conveying his information to the man who summoned him here.

The President has maintained a courteous silence during this ambassadorial play for newspaper exploitation. Not a criticism nor expression of what may happen to the talkative diplomat has come from the White House. Ambassador Wilson's plans for solving Mexican troubles, exploited in large newspaper type, have not elicited a word of comment from President Wilson.

PRESIDENT GETS REPORTS ON MEXICAN AFFAIRS.

A number of reports of conditions existing in various parts of Mexico and suggested plans for United States action are being made to the President and the Secretary of State. Some of these have been requested, others are voluntarily contributed by persons having special knowledge of affairs. The President receives these with courteous consideration. He declines, however, to make public any of the reports so received or to comment upon their character.

In a perfectly calm, unbiased manner he is going over all phases of the Mexican trouble, applying analytical methods to the solution of a problem in statecraft as he would solve a problem in economics. In the mass time there is much press-agent exploitation by the various Mexican factions who maintain justas in Washington and are prepared to issue type-written pronouncements every hour if con-

Putting Lifeboat Over From Liner to Save Collision Victims at Sea



Lifeboat lowered from the City of Atlanta to save the crew of the lightship.

papers will print them. An energetic correspondent can interview Ambassador Wilson, the Huerta adherents and the Carranza Constitutionals all in half an hour and obtain any kind of opinion desired. But in the White House, where the man who controls the situation absolutely declines to give an inkling of what his ultimate action will be.

CLAIM HUERTA VICTORY WITH 700 REBELS KILLED

MEXICO CITY, July 28 (Via Galveston).—The complete rout of the rebels with a loss of 700 killed and 1,000 wounded and many taken prisoners in a Sunday battle at Canon del Carmen in Coahuila was reported here to-day by a private wireless dispatch from Monclova. The report has not been confirmed and the Government has given out no information. It is admitted that the alleged Federal victory might be a hoax put out by the Federalists to inspire public confidence.

The battle started about dawn yesterday, according to the report, and lasted until late afternoon. The federal troops surprised the rebels. It is claimed, and took many prisoners, besides capturing thirty cannon, ammunition and supplies and scores of horses. It is said that the Federalists lost many men killed and wounded, but no estimate of their casualties has been given.

MEXICAN GOVERNOR HITS AT AMBASSADOR WILSON.

EAGLE PASS, Texas, July 28.—The following statement about Ambassador Henry Lane Wilson to-day was telegraphed to President Wilson by Gov. Vaies of the State of Yucatan, Mexico, now in Piedras Negras, the Constitutional provisional capital: "I am the Constitutional Governor of Yucatan, having been elected Dec. 19, 1911, and still holding under the constitution and laws of Mexico. I am the brother-in-law of Vice-President Hino Sures and was in Mexico City with my family during the February revolution, when on the 19th it became necessary for me to flee to save my life. My wife subsequently called on Ambassador Wilson and he told her that it was necessary that she should telegraph me at once and urge me strongly to recognize General Huerta as President of the Republic."

Vaies's telegram declared the Ambassador threatened him with what would happen if Vaies did not recognize Huerta. The telegram also specified other alleged actions of the American Ambassador to which, Vaies said, Mexicans objected.

POLICEMAN SHOTS SOLDIER

Side Happening of War Game of Massachusetts Militia. WAREHAM, Mass., July 28.—The mimic war which began yesterday with the arrival of six thousand militiamen on the shoulder end of Cape Cod, was given a touch of realism early to-day when Private Harrington of the Ninth Regiment received a bullet in the back from the revolver of M. J. Murphy, a policeman of Sandwich. The shooting took place in the village of Sagamore. According to the officers of the regiment, Harrington, with several other soldiers, became involved in a quarrel with a postcard dealer, who summoned a policeman. Murphy says that he fired four shots in the air to frighten the disturbers and that the bullet that hit Harrington was deflected. He was held under ball, pending a further investigation. Harrington's wound is serious but probably not fatal.

SING SING REBELS YIELD TO WARDEN'S DRASTIC DEALING

1,100 Subdued Convicts Go Back to Work in Shops, Their "Strike" Broken.

Except for the fact that 300 convicts who were active in leading the revolt in Sing Sing prison were still locked in their cells to-day there were no signs of the disorder that reigned in the big institution last week. The 1,100 "good" convicts were turned out of their cells at 7 o'clock, went to their breakfast in the mess hall and then started about their tasks in the industrial buildings with every appearance of willingness. Warden Clancy was still in Albany conferring with Gov. Sulzer and Superintendent of Prisons Riley. Sing Sing was in charge of Principal Keeper Connaughton, who said that everything was moving smoothly.

CONNAUGHTON RIDICULES REPORT OF DYNAMITE IN CELL.

Connaughton was distressed over a report, circulated by the same influences that provoked last week's uprising, that two sticks of dynamite had been found in the cell of a convict and thrown into the Hudson River by a guard. He said the story was idiotic. No guard finding dynamite in a cell could possibly have taken it out of the cell block without making a report to the turnkey in charge, who would have reported to the principal keeper.

Connaughton also denied that the 350 prisoners who have been locked in their cells since last Thursday are fed only bread and water. They are on short rations, under the prison rules, but they get coffee and a percentage of the food supplied to the prisoners who are allowed to go to the mess hall.

Warden Clancy has not decided how long he will keep the recalcitrant prisoners locked up. Another batch of second term men will be sent to Auburn prison to-morrow morning, and the mutineers may be kept confined until these are out of the way.

CHAPLAINS INVOKE CONVICTS TO KEEP PEACE.

Two services were held in the chapel yesterday, one for Catholic convicts, the other for Protestants. The chaplain, advised the prisoners to obey the rules and assist the Warden, who went into the prison on July 19 with the best of intentions as to making their position more bearable only to face organized revolt against authority.

Had a dozen prisoners whose time had expired or who had been paroled were released this morning, their departure cutting the prison census down to 1,250 men. Warden Clancy and Principal Keeper Connaughton want to get the population of the prison down to 1,250.

To that end convicts will be sent up to the Great Meadow prison next week for work on the prison farm. The news has got around the cell block that there is to be a transfer to Great Meadow and numerous applications from convicts who want to be drafted to the new prison have been received. Warden Clancy is working on plans to replace with temporary structures the mat shop, the wagon shop and the other buildings destroyed by fire last Tuesday. It is absolutely necessary that the employment be kept up for the convicts who were thrown out of work by the destruction of these shops. For the present they will be put to work clearing away the debris left by the fire in the northern end of the yard.

SING SING WARDEN SEES GOV. SULZER ABOUT PRISON RIOTS

ALBANY, July 28.—"We merely discussed the prison situation generally," said Warden Clancy yesterday, after his conference with Gov. Sulzer. The Governor also declined to be more specific. Warden Clancy had a long conference with Supt. Riley of the State Prison Department, but both refused to give the details. Both, however, declared that in their opinion riotous outbreaks at Sing Sing had been terminated by the transfer of the sixty convicts to Auburn and by the contemplated transfer of others.

Warden Clancy denied that friction existed between him and any subordinates. He declared that he was heartily in favor of a proposition to pension prison guards after long terms of service. This was seconded by Supt. Riley.

DIDN'T KNOW HER FIANCE.

Engaged Couple Separated No Long Time Was to Introduce Himself. Passengers on the Minnetonka from London to-day were much interested in the romance of Miss Be Mann of London, who came to this country to wed her lover of long ago, James Russell Ross of Indianapolis, Ind. When Mr. Ross left England twenty-three years ago he promised to return as soon as he had made his fortune and marry Miss Mann. But he succumbed to the charms of an American girl and did not go back. Some time ago his wife died, and he wrote to Miss Mann and asked her if she would let him redeem his broken promise. She came right over. She is forty-one years of age, but does not look it, and they are to be married at St. Mark's Church in Indianapolis on Aug. 3. Mr. Ross met her at the pier. She did not recognize him and he had to introduce himself. There was nothing distant or chilly about their greetings after that, however.

WALL STREET.

Market Closing.—In the last hour prices yielded to realizing sales and fell off fractionally from the higher level. Chesapeake & Ohio was strong and active, advancing 3-16 points, and closed at 94, within half a point of its high. The general list closed with advances from one-fourth to one point. Amalgamated Copper retained its dividend and advanced to 71-3/4, closing at 70-7/8, with advances in all the other copper issues. The actual closing was quiet, without changes of importance.

There was a pronounced broadening in speculative interest in evidence at the opening, and in the early trading stocks joined in a brisk upward movement that established new high figures throughout the list. In this advance, which with few setbacks has been continuous since July 11. The scant supply of stocks at the advance was a subject of comment, as the upturn recorded resulted from only moderate buying, but the accumulated demand over Sunday from commission houses alone was sufficient to carry along the advance. London took about 15,000 shares, chiefly Steel, Union Pacific and Amalgamated Copper.

Traders continued to fight the bullish tendency and caused slight recession at intervals in the late forenoon, but the tone held strong. Brokers in the loan crowd said that the short interest is larger now than at any previous time during the month.

In the early part of the afternoon some advances were recorded, although the trading was light, and gradually settled into a dull period, with prices steady, a little below the high level of the first hour.

The Closing Quotations. The following were the highest, lowest and last prices of stocks to-day and the net change as compared with Saturday's closing prices.

Table with columns: Stock Name, High, Low, Last, Change. Includes stocks like American Bond, American Sugar, American Tobacco, etc.

Chicago Wheat Market. Saturday. High, Low, Close, Net. Includes prices for No. 1, No. 2, No. 3 wheat.

Table with columns: Stock Name, High, Low, Last, Change. Includes stocks like American Copper, American Lead, American Zinc, etc.

Now Is The Time. Some pain and acute suffering from weakness or derangement of the organs distinctly feminine sooner or later leave their mark. Now is the time to restore health and retain beauty.

DR. PIERCE'S Favorite Prescription. That great, potent, strength-giving medicine for women.

WAGON AND TRUCK REPAIRER who can repair all kinds of wagons and trucks and do all kinds of general auto body work. Located at 257 West 42nd Street, New York.

HELP WANTED—MALE. WAGON AND TRUCK REPAIRER who can repair all kinds of wagons and trucks and do all kinds of general auto body work. Located at 257 West 42nd Street, New York.

At High Speed! In giving its readers all available information about where to spend their vacations, The World has made a remarkably high record.

3,463 World "Summer Resort" Ads. Were Printed Last Week—

Exactly 106 MORE than the Herald and the next high New York Morning and Sunday Newspaper ADDED TOGETHER—

3,097 More than the Times, Sun, Tribune and Press COMBINED. Figures that make it clear that World "Summer Resort" ads are Most to Read and Best to Use.

CUTS SHORT OBJECTIONS TO COURT HOUSE REPORT

Justice Guy Will Begin To-Morrow His Review of Them and the Commissioner's Testimony.

Supreme Court Justice Guy to-day heard objections to the confirmation of the report of Abram I. Elkus, James J. Coogan and Henry Schneider, Commissioners of Estimate and Appraisal, in connection with the location of the new court house to be located on Centre street. There are thirty-five pieces of property to be taken for the site and the awards by the Commission were for more than \$4,000,000. Many of the owners assert that the commissioners made errors and inadequate awards and, in many cases, eliminated the value of the property.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Gendrofer, for the Commission, asked that the report be confirmed, while some twenty lawyers opposed Justice Guy, declaring that he would not have the matter indefinitely delayed, gave them fifteen minutes to argue, and, after serving decision, said: "I will start work on the case to-morrow."

The Commission, which began its work in June, 1912, submitted 7,000 pages of typewritten testimony, all of which, Justice Guy will have to read. Besides he will have to take up the individual objections and decide whether the particular objection shall be submitted to the Commission for adjustment.

Lemon for piquancy. Ice to cook. And for refreshment—

White Rose CEYLON TEA. White Rose Coffee, Only 35c. a Pound.

J. Ehrlich & Sons. Oculists' Opticians. Half a Century in Business.

If people knew the great value of correct glasses and the relief they give, thousands more would need them.

Eyes Examined Without Charge by Registered Eye Physicians. Perfect Fitting Glasses, \$2.50 to \$10.

217 Broadway, Astor House. 223 Sixth Ave., 15th St., 350 Sixth Ave., 22d St., 101 Nassau, Ann St., 17 West 42d—New York. 496 Fulton St., Cor. Bond St., Brooklyn.

Good on hot or cold meats, sandwiches and salads.

Eddy's Sold English Sauce. At Grocers and Delicatessen Stores, 10c. Made by E. Pfeiffer, 321 Spring St., N. Y.

Why Pay More When You Can Get a VACUUM CLOTHES WASHER For \$1.50.

Save time, labor and your clothes. Let us give you a demonstration in your home. Best Postpaid. BOTTLED & CO., 86 Duane Street, Newark, N. J.

DIED. MARENHOFF—MARGARET A., after a short illness at her residence, No. 195 Concord St., Brooklyn. Funeral on Tuesday, July 29, at 9:30 A. M., thence to St. James' Episcopal Church, where a solemn requiem mass will be offered for the repose of her soul.

HELP WANTED—MALE. WAGON AND TRUCK REPAIRER who can repair all kinds of wagons and trucks and do all kinds of general auto body work. Located at 257 West 42nd Street, New York.

CANAL PENNY A POUND PROFIT

Goods Carefully Packed and Shipped by Parcel Post or Express to All Parts, Including Vacation Resorts. Special for Monday. Special for Tuesday.

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