GIRL IN OFFICE KILLED BY BOMB SENT TO HER EMPLOYER

Johnson Flouted by Firemen at Meeting in City Hall

FINAL EDITION

WEATHER—Fair to-night and Saturday; warmer.

The World. EVENING EDITION

"Circulation Books Open to All."

"Circulation Books Open to All."

FINAL EDITION

WEATHER—Fair to-night and Saturday; warmer.

PRICE ONE CENT. Copyright, 1913, by The Press Publishing Co. (The New York World). NEW YORK, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1913. 32 PAGES PRICE ONE CENT.

HUNDREDS OF FIREMEN IN REVOLT AT CITY HALL AGAINST COMMISSIONER

Uniformed Men Jeer at Johnson on Account of Opposition to Two Platoons — Commissioner and Lawyer Nearly Come to Blows.

Fire Commissioner Johnson was this afternoon jeered, hooted at and hat-called in the Aldermanic Chamber of the City Hall by a gallery full of uniformed members of his department, who were backed up by their wives, sweethearts and relatives. The demonstration against the head of the department came at a public hearing before the Board of Aldermen on the fight the firemen are making for a two platoon system.

Stepping to the centre of the main floor of the Chamber, Commissioner Johnson ordered every uniformed member present to leave the room and report in the corridor to Chief Kenlon. For half an hour not a uniformed man obeyed, and there were hundreds of them scattered through the gallery, which was draped with blue flags blazoned with red letters, "Two Platoons."

"I announce to you one and all," fairly yelled the Fire Commissioner, "that charges will be preferred against every man here in uniform. Those who are not off duty are by their very presence making a demonstration against their constituted rights."

Not a fireman was budged by the threat of the Commissioner. A little man what sat in the front row of seats on the main floor jumped to his feet as soon as Johnson stopped talking.

SAYS HE WILL DEFEND ALL THE FIREMEN.

"I wish to announce," he yelled at the top of his very strident voice, "that any charges against uniformed firemen will be defended by me!"

A roar of applause and a flutter of the red and blue flags followed this announcement. Still the firemen stood pat. Not a man in uniform had so far obeyed the supreme authority of the 5,000 fire fighters.

Holding forth his arms for attention, the little man again shouted: "If any three men here will file charges against this man"—pointing a long finger at the Fire Commissioner—"I will prosecute him with pleasure."

The man who went back at the Fire Commissioner was Charles Polk Caldwell, counsel for the firemen who want the two platoon system.

Up jumped Johnson again. He yelled himself hoarse this time.

"I charge," he cried, waving his arms toward the uniform studded gallery, "that James Clifford, a dismissed captain, has got up this rebellion—this mutiny against the constituted authority of the Fire Department of the city of New York. The firemen of New York are in rebellion against me."

BECKER ADMITS HE STIRRED UP THE ROW.

"I admit that I have stirred up the row," said Chairman Niles R. Becker of the Aldermanic Committee, "but it was for the purpose of showing you what is going on in the Fire Department."

"Look!" Johnson shouted, pointing accusingly at the gallery with its waving flags, uniformed firemen and their women folks, "this is in the metropolis of America. Think of the thousands of lives and the millions of property in the hands of men who revel against constituted authority."

When calm had been partially restored the uniformed firemen held a whispered consultation in the gallery and quietly left the building. They waited at the rear entrance to the City Hall for Chief Kenlon, who was present at the hearing in full uniform. The chief ordered them back to their stations and the men quietly obeyed. Those off duty stayed in the gallery or scattered themselves on the main floor, where they occupied Aldermanic seats.

The fight against the two platoon system was eloquently waged by both Commissioner Johnson and Chief Kenlon.

The Commissioner and the lawyer for the firemen nearly came to blows during the argument.

The two platoon system was opposed by E. W. Bloomingdale, representing the dry goods trade. He said he represented twenty big establishments, employing 20,000 persons, carrying $70,000,000 insurance and daily dealing with millions of people.

ANTEDILUVIAN WHISKEY
The whiskey par excellence for the Household. Layton Bros., N. Y.—Advt.

ASSEMBLY PASSES FOUR GLYNN BILLS IN RAPID ORDER

Constitutional Convention and Direct Nomination Measures Among Them.

WORKMAN'S BILL SAFE.

Senate Passes the Compensation Act With the Amendments Agreed Upon.

ALBANY, Dec. 12.—The constitutional convention bill, the first of Gov. Glynn's measures to receive the approval of both houses, passed the Assembly to-day, 86 to 21.

A few minutes later the bill for the direct nomination of United States Senators was passed, 90 to 1, Minority Leader Hinman being the only member voting in opposition.

The Governor's bill requesting approximately $53,000 to pay deficiencies in the Executive Chamber accounts, incurred by former Gov. Sulzer, next was passed, 90 to 26.

The Assembly next passed the Governor's bill creating a bill drafting department without change in the Senate measure.

The Senate took up the Workmen's Compensation Bill this afternoon. Senators Pollock and Palmer, who were absent, were permitted to be recorded as voting in its favor. Senator Thompson was excused and was permitted to be recorded in the negative.

Senator Foley explained the provisions of the bill and said it met the views of all interests. He believed it was a fair measure and should receive the support of all the members. He read a list of amendments that had been made to meet the objection of the employers.

Senator Sage of Albany opposed the manner in which the bill had been presented. He opposed action at this time because members of the Senate did not know what the provisions of the bill were.

Senator Brown read his arguments in opposition to the bill. It was unconstitutional, he said, and was an injustice to employers. He also declared that the bill forced the employer to take the lower risk by employing single men instead of those with families.

The Senate passed the Workmen's Compensation Bill with amendments proposed yesterday by a vote of 35 to 6.

Late to-day the prospect was that the Legislature would not finish work before midnight.

Maid Attempted to Kill Herself.

Millie Lewis, forty years old, a maid in the home of Dr. J. Lewengood, at No. 1118 Madison avenue, was found unconscious from gas poisoning in her room in the physician's residence to-day. She was removed to Bellevue Hospital, a prisoner, charged with attempted suicide. It is believed that she will recover.

FAMOUS MONA LISA STOLEN IN 1911 IS FOUND IN FLORENCE

Thief Caught, Says He Stole Painting to Avenge Thefts of Napoleon I. in Italy.

VANISHED IN PARIS.

When Taken From Louvre Search Was Made in Almost Every Country of World.

FLORENCE, Italy, Dec. 12.—Leonardo da Vinci's masterpiece "Mona Lisa," or as it is popularly known, "La Joconde," the mysterious disappearance of which from the Louvre in August, 1911, threw the art world into consternation, was found to-day in Florence. The man who stole it was arrested. He is an Italian.

PARIS, Dec. 12.—The discovery of the whereabouts of the famous "Joconde" was made when the picture was offered by an Italian resident of Paris to an antiquary of Florence, according to an announcement made this evening by the French Ministry of Public Instruction.

Both the picture and the Italian are now in custody of the police of Florence.

The Italian declares that he stole the picture from the Louvre in order to avenge the thefts which Napoleon I. committed in Italy.

BRITISH HAD OFFERED $5,000,000 FOR PICTURE.

The portrait of "Mona Lisa," also "La Joconde" or "La Giaconde," was painted by Leonardo da Vinci, one of the greatest of Italian painters, in Florence some time between 1500 and 1506. "Mona Lisa" is considered in art circles one of the most perfect works ever produced and one of the most valuable, ranking second only to Raphael's Sistine Madonna. It is said that the British Government once offered $5,000,000 for the picture.

"Mona Lisa" is the portrait of the third wife of a Florentine, Francesco del Gheconde. The artist was attracted by an expression of her features which was present only when she was at ease in a certain posture and when listening to a certain strain of music. The work of painting the portrait was one of years, because of the difficulty in finding the model in the right mood.

In the immense collection of paintings in the Louvre "Mona Lisa" was the favorite. Dr. Arthur Mahler thus describes it:

"The fascination and charm of the portrait still remain despite the fact that the light tints of the skin and the brightness have disappeared and the underlying gray coating is visible. 'Let him,' says Vasari, 'who wishes to know to what degree art can imitate nature contemplate this picture. It is rather a divine work than the work of man.' That which strikes us is the mobility in the apparently immobile figure. Mona Lisa is seated in a low chair, on the left arm of which she leans and lightly rests an arm; her long, narrow eyes seem on the point of languorously closing; the corners of the mouth are a little raised and there is a mysterious and indescribable smile on the lips. The hands are incomparably moulded and one may almost feel their warmth and velvety softness.

"Leonardo was the first artist who was able in painting to render the texture and suppleness of the skin. A stone balustrade separates the figure from the landscape and serves to incline it toward the spectator, at the same time leaving it connected with the background. Many and deep are the distances which we see in these blue mountains, and it is a landscape of fantastic dreamland far beyond our reach, for the little bridge is to indicate distance and seems to lead to other worlds."

SEARCH FOR PAINTING WAS WORLD WIDE.

Since the disappearance from the Louvre of the picture the search for it had been world wide. It has been reported to be in Germany, Russia, England, Spain and even in the United States, but no definite clue ever was obtained of its whereabouts.

It was widely believed in Paris and throughout France that the picture never had been stolen, but that it had been taken away from its place in the Louvre and hidden out of vengeance or carried away by some demented art lover who wished to be able always to gaze upon it.

The famous painting had hung in the place of honor in the Louvre in a room which was supposed to be always watched. It disappeared on the morning of Aug. 22, 1911, and its absence from its accustomed place was not even noticed by its guardians until some hours later. At first a quiet search was made in every nook and corner of the museum and discreet questions were asked of the hundreds of copyists and photographers who daily crowd the museums, but all without result.

BAD SMASH ABOARD U. S. BATTLESHIP VERMONT AT SEA

Starboard Main Shaft Broken and Several Compartments Are Flooded.

IS HEADING HOMEWARD.

Wireless Says Vessel Is in No Danger and Under Own Steam 1,000 Miles Out.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—With her starboard mainshaft broken and several of her compartments flooded, the battleship Vermont is making her way slowly toward Hampton Roads on her return from the Mediterranean cruise, under convoy of the battleship Delaware and the colliers Orion and Jason. The accident occurred at 3.45 A. M. yesterday, and at 8 o'clock last night the Vermont was 1,200 miles from Hampton Roads and 600 miles from Bermuda. Commander George W. Kline is directing the course of the ship.

A radiogram to the Navy Department from Rear-Admiral Charles E. Badger, commander in-chief of the Atlantic fleet, describing the accident, said there was no cause for alarm. The Vermont is proceeding to Hampton Roads under her port engine, making eight knots in comparatively smoth seas.

Admiral Badger says the skin of the ship and the propeller strut were examined by a diver and appeared uninjured. Neither the shafting nor the propeller was lost. The Vermont and her convoys should arrive at Hampton Roads about Dec. 17 or 18.

The battleships Wyoming, Arkansas, Florida and Utah of the returning Mediterranean squadron are continuing toward New York, where they are expected to arrive next Monday. The Connecticut, Kansas and Ohio are proceeding toward Guantanamo en route to Mexican waters.

Mechanical experts at the Navy Department believe the Vermont's stern tube shaft is broken and they think injury must also have been done to the bulkhead in order to permit water to flood the compartments.

SIX-DAY RACE SCORE.

(5 o'Clock Score—113th Hour.)

	Miles.	Laps.
Verri and Brocco	2,189	5
Breton and Percificot	2,189	5
Root and McNamara	2,189	5
Lawrence and Magin	2,189	5
Halstead and Drobach	2,189	5
Fogler and Goullet	2,189	5
Hill and Ryan	2,189	5
Walthour and Collins	2,189	5
Corry and Walker	2,189	5
Applehans and Packebusch	2,189	5
Clark and Grenda	2,189	4
Carmen and Cameron	2,189	4
Mitten and Thomas	2,189	4
Kopsky and Keefe	2,186	0

Former record 2,184 miles 8 laps, made by Butt and Stol in 1908.

For Story See Page 26.

JUAREZ RESULTS.

FIRST RACE.—Augustus Heinze, 15 to 1, first; Dr. Bailey, 5 to 1, second; Droll, even, third.

Fifth at Charleston.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward, purse $300, one mile.—Harcourt, 106 (Hanover), 4 to 1, 7 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Fairy Godmother, 96 (Ward), 3 to 2, 3 to 5 and 1 to 3, second; Plain Ann, 99 (Sumter), 20 to 1, 8 to 1 and 2 to 1, third. Time, 1:41. Guide Post, Cliff Top, Peet Arlington, Yankee Poop, Judge Monck also ran.

FOR RACING SEE PAGE 26.

SENT BOMB THAT KILLED GIRL FROM BOWERY EXPRESS OFFICE

Girl Killed by Explosion Of Bomb Expressed to Office.

IDA ANUSEWITZ

Office in West Thirty-Eighth Street Bottling Works Wrecked When Stenographer Tears Open Infernal Package.

POLICE TRACE MACHINE AND SEEK THE SENDER.

Man Supposed to Be Discharged Employee Left Bomb at Express Office.

Ida Anusewitz, a nineteen-year-old stenographer employed by the O. K. Bottling Company at Nos. 528-30 West Thirty-eighth street, opened an infernal machine which had been sent to the firm by express to-day. The bomb exploded in her hands, inflicting injuries from which the girl died within half an hour.

Because of the peculiar direction of the force of the explosion it was at first assumed that the explosive used was dynamite and that it had been set off by connection with a small electric battery. Further examination disclosed on the floor of the office, which was wrecked by the bomb, pieces of glass of a thickness and kind not used by the bottling concern.

This discovery inclines the experts to the belief that the explosive was some liquid chemical enclosed in a heavy glass retainer and connected with a battery. No part of the infernal machine larger than a postage stamp was found, but fragments of fine insulated copper fire and other minute pieces of debris, embedded in the ceiling and walls, establishes that a battery was used. The records of the Adams Express Company, which delivered the package, shows that it weighed four pounds.

THINK DISCHARGED EMPLOYEE SENT THE BOMB.

Detectives are working on the theory that the infernal machine was sent by a discharged Italian workman with the object of killing William H. Callanan of No. 313 West Ninety-third street, the proprietor of the bottling works. Through the express company records the detectives were given a line this afternoon on the office where the infernal machine was turned in for delivery, but the authorities refuse to say whether that point was in the city of New York.

The Evening World found this afternoon that the bomb was originally sent from the branch office of the Adams Express Compay at No. 151 Bowery. By a coincidence this office is only a short distance from the home of Miss Anusewitz.

ITALIAN SENT THE PACKAGE FROM BOWERY.

A slouchy Italian, wearing wrinkled clothing, a black slouch hat and a black sweater, entered the express office with the box containing the bomb at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The package was turned over to Moe Andrews, the receiving clerk, whose attention was particularly attracted to the man who carried it.

The package was loosely wrapped. Andrews, who says he thought of "Black Handers" when he saw the visitor, instructed the man to make it more secure. The charge of 20 cents was paid by the Italian.

The slips of the office show that the return address, written in the upper left hand corner of the package, was "The Surprise Ink Company, No. 239 Battery place." Andrews does not remember whether this address was written or stenciled. There is no No. 239 Battery place.

From the Bowery office the package was sent uptown last night to the branch in West Forty-seventh street. It went out with the first delivery this morning.

The report that a discharged workman may have sent the bomb came from employees of the bottling works and from people in the neighborhood. Mr. Callanan positively denied to the police and to Evening World reporters that he had had any trouble with any of his employees, or that any had made threats after being discharged. He was born in the block in which the explosion occurred fifty-two years ago, and has run a bottling works at No. 530 for the past twenty-seven years.

HINT THAT BUSINESS RIVALS MAY HAVE SENT IT.

Inquiries by the detectives have not

POLICE ABANDON HUNT FOR VANISHED TEACHER

Baffled, They Admit, and Place Disappearance of Jessie McCann in Category With That of Dorothy Arnold, Who Left Three Years Ago To-Day.

The disappearance of pretty Jessie Evelyn McCann took place to-day beside the mysterious fate of Dorothy Arnold, who disappeared from her home exactly three years ago to-day. The police, after a final conference with Miss McCann's father, Robert G. McCann of No. 438 East Twenty-first street, Flatbush, confessed themselves this afternoon at the end of their resources.

"We have no more clues," said Detectives Brierton and State, who were especially assigned to the search for Miss McCann at the request of Mayor Kline, an old friend of the girl's father. "We have exhausted every line that seemed to hold out the slighest hope of success, and Mr. McCann and his family say they can suggest no other place to search. We have simply come to the end of our rope and we don't know which way to turn."

Just as, three years ago, they searched for Dorothy Arnold, so the police now have followed up even the slightest clues to Miss McCann's whereabouts. Coney Island has been searched from Seagate on the west to Manhattan Beach on the east. Chinatown has been combed with a care that, it seems, must have disclosed the girl if she were there. Philadelphia has occupied the attention of the police for several days and late this afternoon word came from Acting Capt. Woods, of the Philadelphia Detective Bureau, that, though the girl may have been there last week, he would stake his reputation she was there no longer.

And now her family and the police simply don't know where to look next. Not a single trace of the girl has been found since Friday night. On that day, it has been established pretty certainly, she was at Coney Island, and that night, so her brother, Robert G. McCann jr., is satisfied, she was in Philadelphia. There she was seen by Mrs. Maude Deacon, who has a lunch room at No. 2300 Chestnut street. It was a little after 9 o'clock when she stepped out of the little place into Chestnut street. It was as though she had stepped off the earth, for no one seems to have seen her since.

To-day Mr. McCann offered a reward of $1,000 for the recovery of his daughter, but he confessed sadly that he had little hope it would result in her discovery. What chance there was lay,

(Continued on Second Page.)

WIFE WILL PAY HUBBY TO STAY AWAY FROM HER

While Doing This She Agrees to Go Nurse Him If He Needs It.

For probably the first time on record, a wife has filed a voluntary agreement of separation in the office of the County Clerk of Queens County, in which she binds herself to pay her husband alimony—if he'll only stay away. She is Mrs. Eloise Wynne of Greenwood avenue, Far Rockaway, and he is John Wynne of the same place. Mrs. Wynne is forty-five and her husband sixty, and they have been married fifteen years.

In the agreement filed to-day in Jamaica the wife agrees that she will pay her husband $10 a week for the rest of his life, or, dying before him, will leave him $100 a month. She also agrees that she will consult him before she sells a certain piece of property valued at $30,000 and that she will come to him at any time he may need her nursing. All he need do is to stay away unless summoned.

The troubles of the Wynnes arose over John's rheumatism and his wife's nervous malady. The result of two invalids in the same house led to constant conflict. His rheumatism got on her nervous system, and her twitching face got on his. The result was the separation agreement. Mr. Wynne is to break for Hot Springs to have his rheumatism boiled out, and, it is understood, his wife is to go up State for nervous treatment.

SAILING TO-DAY.

New York, Southampton ..... 10 A. M.
Suriname, Belize ..... 12 M.
Vigilancia, Nassau ..... 2 P. M.

$12 Men's O'coats & Suits, $5.95
The "HUB" Clothiers, Broadway, cor. Barclay Str., OLD ASTOR HOUSE, will sell to-day and Saturday, 2,500 Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats, black thibet, fancy grays, blue, pencil stripes, browns and dark mixed worsteds, all sizes 34 to 44; worth $12 in any other store; our special price to-day and Saturday, $5.95. Open Saturday night till 10. The HUB clothiers, Broadway, corner Barclay Str.—Advt.