

lines south, reinforcing Major Russell's battalion of marines guarding this exposed point, which consists of a small wooden railroad station, small trestle bridge and a tall masonry tower used as a lookout.

Other military quarters have been set in the four main city districts. The determination of Dictator Huerta to draw the American forces into Mexico City to save him from the rebels was responsible for the demand made Saturday for the surrender of the water works outside Vera Cruz.

Insiders know that the delay of the Americans in starting toward the capital has greatly embarrassed Huerta. Having failed to renounce Mexico, he is playing his next card toward getting American protection against destruction at the hands of the rebels.

Whatever is done to protect and save from total destruction the hundred million pesos worth of property owned by foreign oil companies near Tampico will have to be accomplished by the American forces. That is the opinion held by the many oil men gathered here, who await with great anxiety the next move of our forces.

All plans based upon the proposal to neutralize the territory on which these oil properties are located have failed to reach more than a tentative stage. Absolutely no hope exists that either the Mexican Federals or rebels can be induced to enter into any agreement not to apply the torch to the pipe lines or dynamite the tanks about Tampico.

Assurance is lacking that even if they did agree the compact would be kept. The properties in jeopardy are scattered over an area of ten square miles on both sides of the Panuco River in the vicinity of Tampico.

Nobody here doubts that if the Federals are forced to evacuate Tampico they will do what they can to destroy the tanks and pipe lines and set fire to millions of gallons of oil in storage. If the rebels gain control it is feared they will display the same wantonness.

Mexican Ship Is Blown Up; Intended for a U. S. Cruiser

MEXICO CITY, May 4.—A despatch said to come from Manzanillo, on the Pacific coast, announces that the Mexican steamship Luella was sunk yesterday in the harbor by the explosion of a mine which had been planted for the United States protected cruiser Raleigh. No loss of life is mentioned. The steamer belonged to the Cananea, Rio Yaqui & Pacific Railway Company.

It was reported on April 30 that the Luella had been destroyed by a boiler explosion in the Manzanillo harbor and that the noise had given rise to the false rumors that the port had been bombarded by an American warship. It was later explained that the town was reported "on fire," and not "sunk on."

The Luella is a small ship of 412 tons and made regular trips south from Guaymas along the Pacific coast. She was built in 1898.

American Admiral May Shell City of Manzanillo

ON BOARD U. S. S. CALIFORNIA (by wireless to San Diego, Cal., May 4).—Americans and other foreigners are leaving Manzanillo by hundreds in fear of violence. The pier there was burned. Guaymas newspapers received on board state that Admiral Howard intends to give forty-eight hours' notice to the Manzanillo authorities preliminary to bombarding that port.

An editorial in a newspaper at Mazatlan says the rebels generally throughout the western part of the republic are uniting with the Federals. The battleship South Dakota is at Acapulco and the Maryland at Manzanillo.

Anti-American demonstrations at La Paz on April 28, were reported in a delayed message from the La Paz Consul aboard the Jupiter, en route to San Diego. He said the Federals had given protection and that the Consulate had been turned over to the British Vice-Consul.

Federal troops quelled the disturbances and the town was quiet when the Consul and a group of refugees left for San Diego.

La Paz is in the Mexican territory of Lower California, on La Paz Bay, a tributary of the Gulf of California.

Manzanillo, like La Paz and Guaymas, is on the west coast of Mexico, in the State of Colima. The news of the flight of the Americans reached here in wireless reports from the United States cruiser Cleveland, which is now off Manzanillo.

AMERICANS IN CAPITAL ARE NOT IN DANGER

Brazilian Minister Says There Are Not 1,500 Refugees in Mexico City.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—The Brazilian Minister in Mexico City assured the State Department to-day that release has been secured in the few cases where arrests of Americans have been made. Americans in the capital, he said, are in no way harassed, although he has advised them to avoid public meetings. He declared untrue reports of 1,500 refugees awaiting transport from Mexico City. One hundred and sixty refugees from Guanajuato were reported arrived at Mexico City.

Arrangements have been completed whereby a messenger will be sent each week from Vera Cruz with dispatches for Mexico City.

All Americans have left Guadalajara and vicinity, and the Southern Pacific Railroad there has been temporarily turned over to the Mexican government railway inspector.

BOUGHT CAT PERFUMES; JAMES C. ECKERT SUED

Brother Asks Deposit as Executor of Father's Estate, Charging He Is Unfit to Act.

Alleging that his brother Thomas T. Eckert Jr., son of the late Gen. Thomas T. Eckert, for many years president of the Western Union Telegraph Company, had spent large sums of money on an unprofitable cat which he buried in a costly casket, James C. Eckert to-day asked Surgeon Fowler to remove Thomas Eckert as administrator of Gen. Eckert's estate.

The papers also contain the statement that Thomas married his father's servant less than six weeks after his father died and gave her all the family jewels, valued at \$25,000. He also, it is set forth, spent \$125,000 to maintain a catnip bed for the amusement of his cat and bought expensive ribbons and perfumes for it almost every day.

FOUR KILLED IN CYCLONE.

FERRISBURG, Ark., May 4.—Four persons were killed and thirteen injured in a cyclone that swept through this city to-day. All wires from this city to that section are down.

Reception Here for Bryan. Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Undermyer to-day issued invitations to a reception to be given by them and officers of the New York Peace Society in honor of the secretary of State and Mrs. Bryan on Saturday afternoon, May 16. The reception will be held at the Undermyer home, Greystone-on-Hudson.

Wilson Appoints New Yorkers. WASHINGTON, May 4.—The President to-day made these nominations: Assistant Attorney-General in customs cases, Bart Hanson of New York City; United States Marshal for the District of Maine, J. S. P. H. Wilson of Auburn, Me.; Captain, to be Rear-Admiral, Walter McClean.

HUERTA SELECTS HIS DELEGATES TO MEET MEDIATORS

United States Refuses to Name Government Official Who Might Recognize Dictator.

WASHINGTON, May 4.—Gen. Huerta has informed the mediators that D. Emilio Rabasa, a Mexican jurist and Augustine Garra Galindo, Under Secretary of Justice, have been selected as delegates to confer with the mediators, and that a third name will be submitted to-morrow.

The mediating envoys reached the State Department and went into conference with Secretary Bryan shortly before noon. Ambassador Da Gama of Brazil and Minister Naon of Argentina arrived first. A few minutes later the Chilean Minister, Mr. Suarez, joined them.

A general understanding after the State Department conference was that the mediators had decided to limit their activities at this time to a settlement of the Tampico incident and that the appointment of the Huerta delegates was made on that basis.

This would constitute an international court of honor to decide whether the United States was entitled to reparation for the "insult to the flag" at Tampico and what form that reparation should take.

After that point had been settled they would be confronted by the question of indemnity which probably would be claimed by the United States for its Vera Cruz expedition and the other expenses incident to the present difficulties. In considering indemnity the question would again be raised as to whether the Huerta Government, not recognized by this country, could properly be held responsible for indemnity.

One reason why the United States will not choose a Government official as its representative before the peace mediators was explained to-day by a State Department official in the remark that such a choice might possibly be construed as recognition of Huerta.

While the mediation conferences were in progress, Secretary of War Garrison discussed the situation at Vera Cruz with department heads. The Secretary said no late reports had been received from Gen. Funston and no more troops had been ordered to Vera Cruz. It was reported, however, that plans were in readiness for immediate action should there appear any hostile move on the part of the Huerta forces.

Although officials here assume that Huerta's soldiers will respect the armistice pending mediation developments, assurances are given that this Government would not be caught napping should there be any break.

Reflecting some credence to statements made by Mexico City refugees at Vera Cruz and the border that Gen. Huerta was in desperate straits and that some of his own supporters were considering making a demand that he resign, it was succeeded by Minister of War Blanquet, messages have been received here in diplomatic circles to the effect that Huerta's strength was rapidly waning.

Operations in utility fields at Tampico are to be resumed as soon as the employees can be gathered from the places where they fled for refuge.

Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, received from Sir Lionel Gordon, the British Minister in Mexico City, that Gen. Huerta had consented to the return of the oil works.

Despite the refusal of Gen. Carranza, the Constitutionalist chief, to declare an armistice with the Huerta government, the South American envoys to-day resumed their sessions, still hopeful that events of the next three or four days would broaden the horizon of their negotiations to include the entire Mexican problem.

Lanprecht was evidently careful in handling his truck.

Annie Yucelowsky, the seven-year-old daughter of Mrs. Annie Yucelowsky, of No. 105 Cook street, Williamsburg, was run over and instantly killed shortly after 1 o'clock this afternoon at Park and Summer avenues by a wagon owned and driven by Joseph Bluetrich, a pickle dealer of No. 23 Avenue 16, Manhattan. One of the rear wheels of the wagon passed over the little girl's skull. Bluetrich was arrested and later released when it was shown he was not to blame for the accident.

Giovanni, the sixteen-month-old child of Mrs. Carmina Sivelletti of No. 74 Thompson street, was perhaps fatally hurt to-day when he was wrangled from his mother's arms and fell from a third floor window of No. 523 West Broadway. The mother had gone to this address to collect some money due her for making artificial flowers and was seated in the window when the child fell from her arms. An ambulance took both the mother and the child to Saint Vincent's Hospital.

BIG BANKS WILL MERGE.

Irving National Will Take Over the National Nassau Bank.

Negotiations are under way for merging the Irving National Bank, which is located in the Woodworth Building, and the National Nassau Bank, located at Beekman and Nassau streets. President Earl of the National Nassau Bank, said it is the intention of the Irving National Bank to take over the National Nassau Bank.

The Irving National Bank has a capital of \$4,000,000 and a surplus and undivided profits of \$3,225,000; aggregate deposits, \$7,050,000. The National Nassau has a capital of \$1,000,000; surplus and undivided profits, \$111,800; aggregate deposits, \$1,345,000; loans and discounts, \$5,111,000.

Refugees From Mexico Who Arrived Here on Ship That Was Under Rebel Fire in Tampico Harbor

Specialty Photographed by an Evening World Staff Photographer.



Reading from left to right: Mrs. J. S. Eads, holding baby Marshall; Mrs. Bess London, holding baby Roy; Martha Kistler, Juanita Eads. Front row: Maya Eads, Juan Eads, Rosa Hayes.

R. D. WRENN'S AUTO RUNS INTO CROWD; ONE DEAD, 3 HURT

Tuxedo Park Church Organist Meets Death Under Tennis Star's Car.

(Special to The Evening World.)

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., May 4.—A big touring car, driven and owned by Robert D. Wrenn of Tuxedo Park, ran down a group of people at the entrance of Tuxedo Park late last night, killing one and injuring three.

Herbert Loveday, organist and choirmaster of St. Mary's Episcopal Church, Tuxedo, was killed. The seriously injured are Charles Spreckley, sexton of St. Mary's Church, whose leg is broken and who is internally injured; his wife, whose arm is broken, and Alexander Norris, who is slightly bruised. All are at Tuxedo Hospital.

The victims of the accident were on their way from services at St. Mary's Church. Mr. Wrenn had taken a party of friends to the railroad station to board the evening train for New York and was returning to his residence in Tuxedo Park.

The only other occupant of the car was the chauffeur and both are unable to tell how the accident happened. Neither was injured, though the car was wrecked against the stone pillars at the gate of the park entrance.

Loveday was immediately taken to the hospital and died a few hours later. Robert D. Wrenn is a banker and broker at No. 24 Broad street, New York, and is well known in tennis circles. He occupies the Porter cottage at Tuxedo.

An investigation was begun to-day by Coroner Seaton of Orange County.

SIEG L AND VOGEL ASK TO BE TRIED ELSEWHERE

New York People, They Say, Believe They're Swindlers and They Can't Get Fair Trial Here.

Henry Siegel and Frank E. Vogel, under indictment for grand larceny and violation of the banking laws, declare they cannot receive a fair trial in this city and want a change of venue. In a motion to be made before Justice Blanchard of the Supreme Court on May 12, John B. Stanchfield, attorney for the two indicted merchants, will ask that the trial be transferred to another county.

In the motion papers served upon the affidavits of Siegel and Vogel, Siegel says in one part of his sworn statement that on account of the fact that he has been buying the drug in this city have been directly affected in a financial way and there has sprung up and persisted throughout the entire community a deep-seated and unalterable belief that the wind-up of the enterprise in which I and Frank E. Vogel were interested was merely a part of a gigantic conspiracy by which we had swindled our creditors and depositors to our own great personal profit. Indeed, the community is practically a unit in this belief.

Siegel quotes the editorials printed in all the newspapers following the indictment of himself and Vogel and lays special stress upon the one printed in The World of March 12 headed "The Siegel Case."

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BATTLESHIP NEW YORK JOINS THE FLEET IN HARBOR OF VERA CRUZ.

VERA CRUZ, May 4.—The United States battleship New York, which sailed from Newport, R. I., April 27, joined the American fleet anchored at Vera Cruz this morning.

MARIE GANTZ TALKS AGAIN AS HER CASE GOES OVER

Thirty Policemen in Court Fearing Outbreak—Cape Wearing Still Marching.

The adjourned case of Marie Gantz, charged with disorderly conduct in threatening John D. Rockefeller Jr.'s life, an anarchist meeting, was again adjourned to-day by Magistrate Murphy. Harold Spielberg, former Assemblyman, appeared for the accused woman.

He argued that Magistrate Murphy had no right to do more than hold "Sweet Marie" for trial by the Court of Special Sessions. The case was put over until to-morrow to give time for an amendment of the complaint.

Magistrate Murphy had been told that there was to be an anarchistic demonstration in the courtroom, and twelve men in civilian dress and eighteen policemen in uniform were there. They drove into the streets everybody who could not show reason for being present.

Marie Gantz and her colleague, Etta Edelson, made speeches at noon in the People's Forum, the space designated by the Mayor, north of the Municipal Building, as where public assemblies were to be permitted to talk freely within lawful limits. The Gantz woman did not make any threats.

Six "mounting marchers," led by Marie Chaloupka, resumed their vigil in front of No. 26 Broadway this morning when the Standard Oil offices opened. Upton Sinclair was not in when Huerta was in desperate straits and Miss Chaloupka, Max Appel and Frank Shy. There were three other men, lesser lights of anarchy.

They attracted little attention and only a few persons stopped to watch them. John D. Rockefeller Jr. was not at his office and the demonstration was watched so far as he was concerned. He has a heavy cold and will not venture out, according to Secretary C. O. Heydt, until he has recovered fully.

ANOTHER CONFERENCE WITH ROCKEFELLER ON SETTLEMENT OF STRIKE

WASHINGTON, May 4.—To learn exactly what concessions and demands he will make in the mediation of the Colorado coal strike, Hywell Davies, one of the conciliators appointed by Secretary of Labor Wilson, was this afternoon reported to be in New York conferring with John D. Rockefeller Jr.

William E. Fairley, the other conciliator, is on his way to Denver. Davies will join him there in several days.

Upon their arrival in Colorado they will ask both operators and miners to appoint representatives to meet with them in order that they may arrive quickly at a working basis for mediation.

WOMEN SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

Daughter Killed, Mother Family Wounded by Hidden Assassin.

MARIONVILLE, Mo., May 4.—Miss Ethel Curtis, an eighteen-year-old girl and her mother were shot from ambush while they were returning from church last night. The girl died within a few minutes and physicians say her mother cannot recover.

A posse started to-day in pursuit of the slayer, who fled into the woods. The police believe the shooting was done by a former admirer of the girl.

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PURE THREAD SILK . . . 50c
S'K-LISLE . . . 25c
AT ALL DEALERS

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CLEANING 353 West 44th St.

LINER HERE WITH VERA CRUZ REFUGEES WHO WITNESSED BATTLE

(Continued from First Page.)

ing and saw all that went on," said Mr. McCasill. The marines were terribly bothered by the snipers. They thought they detected signs of shooting from the tower of the Catholic Church and met the priest. They told the priest that they had been fired upon from his tower and the priest replied that it was impossible. He promised that no firing would be permitted from the church and the marines left it.

"A few minutes later there was shooting from the church tower and the marines at once returned. They proceeded into the tower, where they found the priest with a rifle and empty cartridge shells scattered all about him. Without any more ado they took the priest outside and stood him against wall and shot him. They also arrested two other priests suspected of sniping."

James J. Barker of Philadelphia went to Vera Cruz about a month ago on a night-seeing trip. He is thanking his lucky stars that he is safely home again. Mr. Barker is a small man with gray whiskers and not at all in favor of standing on battle lines.

"When the fighting began in Vera Cruz it was in my room in the hotel near the Plaza," said Mr. Barker. "Several Mexican soldiers tried to get into my room but I bolted the door. They went into the next room and began shooting from the windows. Soon bullets began to come through my windows. They were hitting all around the walls. I climbed into bed with my burrito and then placed my suit case in front of me. I sat crouched up for two hours. They told me afterwards that the suit cases should not have afforded any protection if a bullet had struck them, but they gave me a feeling of security just the same."

Mrs. Alice Eads of Tampico had a hard time with her four children during the fighting. The children wanted to see the big guns shooting and she was continually pulling them away from portholes. A bullet from the shore passed through the port hole of her stateroom and hit herself against the wall. The bullet was not Mrs. Eads took her children down into the ship, safe from the bullets.

The refugee party consisted of Oscar E. McCasill, John E. McCurdy, Miss Lida Paige Rosa Hayes, three years old; Miss Carrie Cooper, Mrs. Bess London and her eight months old baby, Roy; Mrs. Martha Kistler and her four children, Marshall, one year old; Maya, four years old; Juanita, eleven years old; and Juan, eight years old; Mrs. Martha Kistler, Austin T. Sackett, Lawson Claggett, Edward W. Marshall, Lorenzo Giordano, Mrs. Francesca Giordano, Jesse J. Barker and Jose L. Lusa.

COLORADO'S WAR NOW TAKEN UP BY THE LEGISLATURE

Gov. Ammons, Prostrated Under Impeachment Threat, Cannot Send in Message.

DENVER, Col., May 4.—To pay the price for the seven months' strike and civil war in Southern Colorado, the Legislature met here in special session to-day in response to the call of Gov. E. M. Ammons. Although the principal purpose of the session, as specified in the call, is the appropriation of funds to meet the cost of maintaining State troops in the field and to pass other laws suggested by the strike, these will probably be overshadowed at the outset by a plan to impeach the Governor. That such a resolution will be introduced in the House seems certain, but friends of the Executive say it will fail.

Exhausted by the strain over events of the last two weeks in the strike zone, Gov. Ammons has been unable to prepare his message for the special session of the Legislature. Last night while working upon the message Gov. Ammons broke down and was forced to his bed.

In consequence, it was announced early to-day that the Governor would ask both branches of the Legislature to meet in joint session, and he then was to ask them to enact a measure permitting the issuance of bonds to pay the expenses incurred by the State in maintaining the militia in the strike zone, a debt which now has reached more than \$1,000,000.

The Legislators were to be asked to enact a law prescribing arbitration and means of enforcing the dictum of the arbiters in future cases of labor strife. The appointment of a permanent State constabulary to be used in event of peace disturbances of magnitude and the prohibition of the sale of munitions of war and liquor in infected regions also was a part of the legislative program.

Among the Legislators to-day there was an undercurrent which threatened to break into a storm over the conduct of the strike. Labor leaders were manoeuvring for action against certain individuals. Party leaders were divided, but the forces usually in harmony with Lieut.-Gov. Fitzgerald, a Democrat, joined those supporting the Governor to combat any criticism of the Administration. It was also said that Republican leaders were inclined to uphold the conduct of the Administration.

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ROYAL LENTILS

With tomato sauce. 10¢
Cooked—ready to serve. 10¢
A 1 lb can makes side dishes for seven soup for eight, salad for six.

White Rose CEYLON TEA

White Rose Coffee, Only 35c. a Pound

White Rose

Two economies. Plain without and double strength within.

Price \$35. Consumes only 1 cent's worth of current an hour. The Electric Home Laundry Machine, \$69.25, on payments of \$1.50 a week. Red Electric Washing Machines, \$50. Payments, \$1 weekly.

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GOLD FILLED KNIVES 48 CENTS

German 5 steel blades—bladed from \$1.50. Sent by mail for 50 Cents. Send coin or money order. No stamps accepted.

180 Charles A. Keene
Diamond Watch Jeweler
BROADWAY, NEW YORK

DIED.
Brooklyn.
LEONARD, On Saturday, Mar. 2, REGINA, beloved wife of Francis T. Leonard.

Funeral from her late residence, 120 St. Mark's Place, Brooklyn, Tuesday, May 5, at 9 A. M., thence to St. Augustine's Church, 6th av. and Sterling place, where a mass will be offered for the repose of her soul.

FOR SALE.
ELECTRIC Incandescent Bulbs; 1500-15000
115 THURGOODWAY, BROOKLYN, N. Y.

BIRD, POULTRY & SUPPLIES
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bers of the House and Senate were expected to combat the legislative programme of the Administration. Friends of the Administration, however, were confident they would have sufficient support to carry out the plan arranged.

While the session is organizing, both operators and miners' leaders are turning their attention to possible prosecutions at the outgrowth of the fighting during the past two weeks in the coal fields. John P. White, John R. Lawson, John McLennan, Edward Doyle, Frank Hayes and other district and international leaders of the United Mine Workers of America have been threatened by the mine owners with arrest on charges of murder or conspiracy to murder.

It is reported that Judge Horace Hawkins, attorney for the miners, will bring charges against John D. Rockefeller Jr. in connection with the "massacre of Ludlow," if any of the union men are accused. The miners point to the verdict of the Coroner's jury returned at Trinidad on the report of the Military Board of Inquiry returned here Saturday night.

TRINIDAD, Col., May 4.—District Attorney J. J. Hendrick said to-day that he had refused a request of representatives of the Southern Colorado coal mine owners to call on Major W. A. Holbrook, commanding the Federal forces in Colorado, and request him to arrest every man in the San Rafael tent colony of the strikers on charge of murder, growing out of the Ludlow battle.

"This office will remain absolutely neutral in the matter of prosecutions," he said.

If the operators wish the strikers prosecuted on murder charges in connection with the battle of Ludlow, I shall insist upon being furnished with a list of the militiamen and mine guards who took part in the battle of Ludlow, with a view to prosecuting them on charges of murder or arson."

WALSHEBURG, Col., May 4.—Leaders of the United Mine Workers of America announced to-day that all arms in the possession of strikers in Huertana County would be turned over to Capt. C. C. Smith on Wednesday.



This recipe makes it: Take 2 cups Presto, 1 pint water, 1/4 teaspoon sugar, 1 of butter, 1/2 cup Indian meal, 1 egg beaten. Mix thin. Bake in quick oven.

Order Presto for a Johnny-cake to-morrow! Recipes in and on package.

The H-O Company, Buffalo, N.Y. Makers of H-O Force and Presto.

THE "HURLEY FOUR" ELECTRIC VACUUM CLEANER EATS DIRT



There simply isn't any dirt left in your rugs when the "Hurley Four" Electric Vacuum Cleaner gets through. The patent flexible comb nozzle gathers up all threads and lint, the powerful suction removes every bit of dirt. Try this remarkably efficient machine in your home for FIVE DAYS FREE. Pay nothing down.

Price \$35. Consumes only 1 cent's worth of current an hour. The Electric Home Laundry Machine, \$69.25, on payments of \$1.50 a week. Red Electric Washing Machines, \$50. Payments, \$1 weekly.

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