

OWN TESTIMONY DENIED BY DRIVER AT BREAD INQUIRY

Ward Employee Now Says He Didn't Help to Force Raise in Prices.

DENIES INTIMIDATION.

Was "Excited" by Lawyers When He First Testified, He Explains.

Jefferson Lasher, a driver for the Ward Bread Company, was again on the witness stand to-day at the State Attorney General's inquiry into the raise in bread prices. He denied he had testified he had notified Penner, a retailer, that he must charge six cents a loaf for Ward's bread. Deputy Attorney General Becker, reading from the record, repeated his previous testimony to that effect. "Why no," replied Lasher argumentatively. "That wasn't my business to tell him what he should charge."



Quality of Flour. Helmar Flour. Made in America.



Are You Run Down? Dorey's. Part Wine with Orange Juice. Always popular in homes.

Large Bottle, \$1.00. T. Dewey & Sons Co. 110 N. 2nd St. Phila. Pa.

5¢. Auerbach's Chocolate Pecan Maple Bar. A notable advance has been made during the past year in the treatment of Erythraemia.

thing Gibson or any other boss had said to him Lasher became vague, doubtful and with very little confidence in his memory. When his own testimony was read to him he said he didn't understand it. Mr. Becker read from Lasher's previous testimony: "We were told to tell the people they were to charge six cents a loaf." Lasher said he couldn't remember saying that. "Why?" "Well," he replied, "coming down here on a subpoena, right off my wagon, and before all the lawyers and all the crowd, I was excited."

"Do you mean to state you cannot sell bread at a 15 1/2 ounce scale weight for six cents a loaf unless flour is down to 4 1/2 cents a bushel?" asked Mr. Becker. "No, sir, we can't," replied Mr. Tipton. "I'm not a fact that you put into a neighborhood bread made by a cheap formula as they'll stand for, and then, if trade doesn't come up, you give them something better?" "No, sir," said Mr. Tipton. Alfred Romer of the Shultz Bread Company said that at a meeting of directors of his company on Friday, Feb. 2, they agreed to raise the price on the following Wednesday. "We gave out the word on Saturday," he said, "and on Monday the Wards and the others gave out the same word. We were the first to take the bull by the horns, but the others were all waiting for a chance to raise the price, too, and they raised it on the same date. But a good many bakers did not make the raise. That's the opposition we are fighting now."

WOMEN AND CHILDREN LOOT GERMAN SHOPS IN SEARCH OF BREAD.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 24 (United Press).—Unable to get bread, even though they held tickets, scores of women and children yesterday made desperate efforts to loot the shops at Magdeburg, Prussia, according to advice here to-day. The police quelled the riots only after great difficulty. Several were arrested before the women and children, holding their tickets aloft and grasping for bread, could be driven from the shops. The bread supply was insufficient for the number of tickets. Similar incidents were to-day reported from many towns in Prussia.

AUSTRIA INVADED BY SERBIAN TROOPS IN NEW OFFENSIVE.

GENEVA (via Paris), Feb. 23 (Associated Press).—Serbian troops invaded Austrian territory on the night of Feb. 20-21 near Bjelina, opposite Ratcha and at Mitrovitza, penetrating from east to four miles across the frontier, according to a despatch received here. The object of the Serbian offensive is to force the Austrians to send back part of the troops operating against the Russians.

Household Economy. How to Have the Best Cough Remedy and Save \$2 by Making it at Home.

Cough medicines, as a rule, contain a large quantity of plain syrup. A pint of granulated sugar with 1/4 pint of warm water, stirred for 3 minutes, gives you as good syrup as money can buy. The amount of sugar from 1/4 cup granulated sugar (50 cents' worth), pour into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with sugar syrup. This gives you, at a cost of only 50 cents, a full pint of really better cough syrup than you could buy ready made for \$1.00—a clear saving of nearly 50 per cent. It takes hold of the usual cough or chest cold at once and conquers it in 24 hours. Splendid for whooping cough, bronchitis and winter coughs. It's really astonishing how quickly it loosens the dry, hoarse or tight cough and leads and soothes the membranes in the case of a painful cough. To avoid disappointment ask your druggist for "50 cents of Pines," and don't accept anything else. A guarantee of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this preparation. The Pines Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.—Advt.

PYORRHEA (RIGGS DISEASE).

A notable advance has been made during the past year in the treatment of Erythraemia. If you are afflicted with this disease of the gums and teeth the remedy is at hand. I guarantee rapid and favorable results. SEARCHABLE PRICE FOR PAINFUL WORK. Dr. Wm. A. MAY SUMMER 1908. Philadelphia College of Podiatry, 110 N. 2nd St., Phila., Pa.

THREE OF WITNESSES HEARD AT INQUIRY ON BREAD PRICES TO-DAY



MRS. HUNTINGTON WINS PHILADELPHIA DIVORCE

New York Couple Met by Chance After Quarrel and Were Married.

Special to The Evening World. PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 24.—Divorce was granted here to-day to Mrs. Mary Ludlow Bogert Huntington of Flushing, L. I., whose husband is a member of several clubs here and in New York. Mrs. Huntington is a daughter of Henry L. Bogert of Flushing. The husband, E. Irvington Huntington, is the son of Charles R. Huntington of New York. His grandfather, David Huntington, was an artist, and his mother is a grandniece of Washington Irving. The Huntingtons became engaged in 1910, but the same year their betrothal was broken. On June 27, 1910, Mr. Huntington met Miss Bogert by chance in New York. There was a reconciliation and they were married by the Rev. Alexander W. Bostwick at Grace Church chantry. They then came to this city, and Mr. Huntington became connected with a stock brokerage firm. Life seems to have run smoothly for them until last summer, when Mrs. Huntington returned to her home at Flushing by herself.

GERMANS AND FRENCH BOTH CLAIM GAINS IN FIGHTS AT PERTHES.

BERLIN, by wireless to London, Feb. 24 (Associated Press).—The following statement concerning the war on the western front was issued to-day by the War Office: "Near Perthes, in Champagne, French infantry divisions yesterday made an attack on several places. Violent hand-to-hand fighting took place, which everywhere resulted in favor of the Germans. The enemy suffered heavy losses and was driven back to his positions. "In the Vosges German attacks against Sulzern and Muehlbach, east of Biesweiler, made progress. In the engagements during the last few days we made 500 prisoners." PARIS, Feb. 24 (Associated Press).—"The French War Office this afternoon gave out the following report: "With the exception of a few successful actions on the part of our troops near Auberville-Sur-Clappe, nothing of importance has occurred since the giving out of the communication of last night. We have made further progress to the north of Perthes."

—have you ever tasted the real rice flavor?—not if you have been using the white rice flour. No glucose—no salt. No sugar—no fat. No oil—no water. No yeast—no hops. No preservatives. No artificial flavors. No artificial colors. No artificial anything. It's the real rice flavor. Dr. Wm. A. May. Summer 1908. Philadelphia College of Podiatry, 110 N. 2nd St., Phila., Pa.

CZAR FIGHTS WAY OVER BOBR RIVER AFTER RETREAT

Berlin Announces Officially That Russians Have Crossed Poland Stream at Two Points.

BERLIN (by wireless to London), Feb. 24 (Associated Press).—The official report on the progress of the war given out in Berlin to-day says the Russians have succeeded in crossing the Bobr River, in northern Poland, in two places. The statement says: "A new Russian advance from Grodno was easily repulsed. South-east of Augustow the Russians crossed the Bobr River in two places. Near Satabia they have already been driven back. Near Krasnyobog the engagement continues. "Near Prasnany 1,200 Russians were made prisoners and two cannon were taken. A Russian night attack east of Skierniowice was repulsed."

The official report from Petrograd to-day said: "Severe fighting continues on the right banks of the Bobr and Narw Rivers. German detachments which took the offensive near Osowets on Feb. 21 were forced back by the fire of our artillery. Fighting has been in progress north of Lomas, on the roads to Radzilow, Artochouchina and Koino. In spite of attacks by strong forces we hold Jodwabno. A despatch from Paris to-day said that at least fifty abandoned cannon were lost by the Germans in their attack on the Russian positions on the Rakwa River and in the regions of Borjow and Gumbinno."

GERMANS LAY OUT COURSE OF SHIPS TO AVOID MINES

Embassy Issues Instructions to Captains Who Venture Into North Sea.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The German Embassy here to-day issued a statement giving the courses which vessels bound for German ports should pursue in order to be perfectly safe. The statement follows: "In connection with the deplorable loss of the EVELYN all circles interested in shipping to the North Sea and the nearby waters are again advised to follow the German Admiralty's instructions: "A—Merchant vessels bound for the Elder, Elbe, Weser and Jade Rivers must first make later deep buoy: Those bound for the Ems should make directly for its mouth. Pilotage is compulsory from later deep buoy. Vessels are permitted to make the German coast and to enter or leave the mouth of rivers only between sun rise and sunset and in clear weather. Approximate position of later deep buoy, latitude fifty-five degrees, three minutes, forty-five seconds north; longitude eighty degrees, seventeen minutes, thirty seconds west. "B—Shipping north of the Shetland Islands, in the eastern area of the North Sea and in a strip of at least thirty sea miles in width along the Netherlands coast is not interdicted."

HERO SENT TO WORKHOUSE.

Man Who Saved 26 in Steam Disaster Becomes Thief. One of the heroes of the Steam disaster was arraigned in the Court of General Sessions to-day charged with stealing a 50-cent jardiniere from a store and passing it for a drink. He is Daniel Casey, fifty-seven years old, of No. 121 East One Hundred and Twenty-first Street. He was sent to the Workhouse for six months. Casey was a prisoner on Riker's Island, serving a term for selling his watch to the State, and buying whiskey with the proceeds, when the General Steam disaster first and was beached on the state of North River Island. Swimming over from Riker's Island, Casey saved the lives of twenty-eight children of the fleet of 128. "When did you start on this last spree of yours?" asked Justice Kernohan. "In 1910," replied Casey.

FOUND DYING UNDER "L."

Scoutman Supposed to Have Fallen From Structure, 40 Feet Above. The death of Martin Hession of No. 317 Waverly place, Richmond Hill, found mutilated and unrecognizable under the "L" structure at the foot of Broadway, Williamsburg, at 1:30 A. M. to-day, is being investigated by the police. Hession died at 6 o'clock without regaining consciousness. He was found by the crew of a surveillance car, and Police Officer Fawcett had taken to the Eastern District Hospital. It is supposed he jumped, fell or was thrown from the "L" structure, which is forty feet high at that point. There are few persons in the vicinity at the hour Hession was found, as the service car not running then and only a single car "motorist" to and from the Marine Avenue station on the main line of "L."

U. S. NOTES URGE AMERICA DIRECT FOOD SHIPMENTS

This the Basis of Latest Notes Submitted to Berlin and London.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—Super-vised by the United States of the distribution of American foodstuffs shipped into Germany is the basis of the Washington Government's latest proposal for an agreement on the war zone situation. This information came from the highest authority here to-day. Stirred by the report of the American steamship Carib's destruction by a war zone mine, the Administration was bending every effort to hurry acceptance of the agreement and prevent further disasters to American shipping. The food supervision idea was originally advanced by the German Government in its first correspondence with the United States on the war zone proposition. It is proposed that the United States have its consular inspection go to civilians along the coast, and are not ultimately destined for military purposes. One of yesterday's notes, it is understood, tells Germany such a plan is being considered here, while the other informs Great Britain that we will enter into such an arrangement if it is acceptable to her.

BERLIN, Feb. 24.—James W. Gerard, the American Ambassador to Germany, has already presented to the Foreign Office the American note which embodies the American proposals for the settlement of the situation arising from the British embargo on foodstuffs into Germany and the German warfare against British mercantile shipping. It is understood that proposals were submitted simultaneously in London. No statement regarding the nature of these proposals or the German attitude on them can be obtained here, but it is believed that there is at least a prospect of their acceptance by Germany.

GERMAN GUN BLOWS UP; OFFICER AND FIVE MEN REPORTED KILLED.

GENEVA, Switzerland, Feb. 24 (Associated Press).—One of the largest and heaviest of the heavy German guns, which was being used in the bombardment of a position of the allies near Thann, Alsace, exploded to-day. One officer and five gunners were killed. In their retreat the Russians destroyed property ruthlessly. Between Lyck and the border they took revenge by burning every house and farm establishment. In Lyck itself they demolished the interiors of houses, wrecked furniture and smeared the walls with vile slith. RUSSIANS DESTROY GERMAN PART OF TOWN. The frontier town of Prostkan, twelve miles south of Lyck, appeared as if it had been out in two with a knife. The Russians destroyed every building on the German side of the town. They didn't touch the buildings on the Russian side. It must be said for the Germans that with the exception of half a dozen houses damaged by shell shot, hardly a building was destroyed by the Kaiser's troops this time or when they retreated from Russia, many weeks ago. At Crajevo I met Gen. von Hahndorff, who ever since October, with a brigade of 18,000, had defended Loosen, in the centre of the Masurian Lakes region, against a Russian force estimated at 40,000. His army is now part of the German right wing. Gen. von Hahndorff told me that the Russians sent part of the Imperial Guard, with other troops, from the fortresses of Osowetz, Lomas and Ostrolenka, in an endeavor to turn the German right wing, but were defeated. I reached Augustof a few hours af-

NO FUND TO UNION MATTERS.

House Committee Refuses Request for \$200,000 to Pay Court Fine. WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—The House Appropriations Committee to-day refused to recommend \$200,000 appropriation reimbursing Danbury, Conn., union hatters for fines for violating the anti-trust law. The general deficiency bill from which the Danbury item was omitted carries \$7,155,000—\$2,300,000 less than was requested.

Penny Candy.

Advertisement for Penny Candy. Making Candy at Home may be lots of fun, but it is expensive, taking into consideration the high cost of the necessary ingredients required. LOFT CANDY comes to you as deliciously wholesome and pure as Candy can be made, and at a price at which you could not possibly hope to produce homemade sweets. Besides this, you get LOFT CANDY absolutely fresh every day just as it comes from our Big, Clean, Bright Daylight Candy Kitchens.

Special for Wednesday. ORIENTAL FRUIT KISSES—These delicious delicacies are produced from our Goldenrod Flavored Super Cream and a medley of the most pleasing Chopped Fruits and Nuts. FOUND BOX 10c

Special for Thursday. CHOCOLATE FUDGE BONBONS—These are the same superb fudge that you have enjoyed at our Creamery, prepared by outside experts of producing a sweet of deliciousness. FOUND BOX 10c

We Also Offer. CHOCOLATE COVERED CREAM PEPPERMINTS—These are the velvety taste of delicious, having centers of richest cream, delicately flavored with specks of peppermint. FOUND BOX 25c

24 BARKLEY STREET. LOFT CANDY. 24 BARKLEY STREET. LOFT CANDY.

KAISER WANTED TO LEAD CHARGE AGAINST RUSSIANS

(Continued From First Page)

ter the Germans took the town, making 5,000 prisoners. The forces in a Russian barracks three miles from Augustof had been taken by surprise and the barracks stormed the night before. The dead were lying everywhere. In one barracks dead and wounded were still lying together. A German Captain told me that the Russian wounded came so pitiously to their dead comrades it was difficult to remove them. One Russian, his clothes partly torn off and splattering in blood, and he had been wounded in the fighting three days before and had been without medical attention. "I am not guilty of anything," he pleaded. "Why let me die this way?" WOUNDED LEFT WITHOUT ANY MEDICAL CARE. Owing to the fearful pace of the pursuit, no physicians were left behind. The wounded were told that they would be removed to a hospital within a few hours. Outside the barracks I saw countless bodies, partly covered by snow and scattered about beneath the trees and around the barracks itself and a nearby church. Numerous German divisions which concentrated concentrically on Augustow converged on a single road in places, marching three to five columns, deep through the frozen swamps and lake region. As I arrived the work of disengaging them and setting them at new operations was being begun. Between Crajevo and Suwalki I passed more than twenty miles of solid columns of troops marching through blinding snowstorms. Horses were continually falling on the icy roads. Every piece of artillery and wagon was accompanied by sleigh runners to be used under the wheels when it became necessary. This endless snail of human units, wending its way in marvellous order and organization through the swamps and forests, formed a most impressive and imposing sight. The long column of Russian prisoners which I saw made a remarkably good impression. The men were well fed and well equipped. Generally they were of splendid physique.

While this onslaught was in progress the Kaiser's northern army, forming the German left wing, was advancing by forced marches to effect a junction with the central army. The third German army, on the right wing, was swinging in from the south over Crajevo, squeezing in the Russian left. Despite the most tremendous efforts, and the unprecedented endurance of the German troops in making forced marches through snowstorms and vast stretches of marshes and swamps, the attempt completely to surround the Russian army, as evidently planned, did not wholly succeed. Fully a third of the Russians got past Augustof before the Germans could close up the gap. But yesterday, when I left the army at Augustof, the Germans were hanging on the flanks and the rear of the fleeing Russians. Eight miles east of the town the Russian rear guard was making a desperate stand to cover the retreat, while Russian reinforcements, coming from Grodno, were thundering a cannonade. When I left the Germans hoped to surround an entire Russian division in the swampy forests. Large bodies of Russians were still surrounded in the swamps, while the balance of the army was feeling in the direction of the fortress of Grodno. It was known at that time that the Russian prisoners numbered 64,000; that 71 guns, over 100 machine guns, 150 ammunition wagons and thousands of rifles had been taken. The Russian dead and wounded was estimated at between 20,000 and 30,000.

ACID IN STOMACH SOURS THE FOOD

Says Excess of Hydrochloric Acid is Cause of Indigestion. A well-known authority states that stomach trouble and indigestion is nearly always due to acidity—acid stomach—and not, as most folks believe, from a lack of digestive juices. He states that an excess of hydrochloric acid in the stomach retards digestion and starts food fermentation, then our meals sour like garbage in a can, forming acid fluids and gases which inflame the stomach like a toy balloon. We then get that heavy, lumpy feeling in the chest, we eructate sour food, belch gas, or have heartburn, flatulence, water-break, or nausea. He tells us to lay aside all digestive aids and, instead, get from any pharmacy four ounces of Jad Salts and take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast while it is effervescing, and furthermore, to continue this for one week. While relief follows the first dose, it is important to neutralize the acidity, remove the gas-making mass, start the liver, stimulate the kidneys and thus promote a free flow of pure digestive juices. Jad Salts is inexpensive and is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia and sodium phosphate. This harmless salt is used by thousands of people for stomach trouble with excellent results.—Advt.

Be as quick as imitators are to take advantage of the best. White Rose CEYLON TEA. White Rose Coffee, None Better.



and suggests the aroma and flavor of mild high-grade Java. That's because the roasted "berry" of wheat, from which Postum is made, has a snappy flavor remarkably like that of the roasted coffee berry. The real taste is a delightful savor distinctively Postum—rich and nourishing. Unlike coffee, Postum never imposes upon its users a tribute of headache, nervousness, biliousness, sleeplessness, heart flutter and other ills, because Postum contains not a particle of the coffee-drug, caffeine, or any other harmful ingredient.

INSTANT POSTUM

is the concentrated form of this pure cereal food-drink. No boiling required—made in the cup with hot water—instantly! Wonderfully convenient for the home, for travel, for the picnic—handy anywhere. Delicious! 30c and 50c tins.

If coffee is interfering with your comfort and success, as it does for most users, suppose you shift to POSTUM.

"There's a Reason" Postum may also be had in the original form— which must be well boiled—15c and 25c packages.

Both forms of Postum are equally wholesome and delicious, and cost per cup about the same. —sold by Grocers everywhere.