

the in Foley's district. Up to present it had been found impossible to get the connecting link in the chain of evidence that had been slowly and painfully gathered.

FOLEY TOOK UP ROFRANO AND PUSHED HIM ALONG.

Rofrano was rearrested in the Second District and Tom Foley took him up as a boy and pushed him along in district politics. Able, energetic and ambitious, Rofrano studied law and was admitted to the bar.

ASSASSINS WERE FRIGHTENED FROM ROOF OF HOUSE.

Two men, one of whom is known to the police, went to the roof of a building across the street from the Down Town Tammany Club at No. 69 Madison Street. The roof overlooks the windows of the club before which are the desks of Tom Foley and Congressman Riordan.

One of the men had a rifle, and this rifle is said to be in the possession of the District Attorney. The district was full of political meetings, brass bands and fireworks that night, and the din was deafening. The District Attorney's information is that Foley and Riordan were to be shot from the roof across the street, the conspirators believing that the noise of the hand and the fireworks would cover the sound of the shot.

Children on an adjoining roof frightened off the assassins, according to Mr. Perkins' information. Later, he has heard, one of the two men went to Congressman Riordan's home, while the Congressman was ill, with the intention of killing him, and had actually entered his room when he was frightened away by a doctor and members of the Riordan family.

From a person conversant with the contents of Fenimore's confession The Evening World learned to-day that it brings out a condition similar to that in the Rosenthal case. The confession of Fenimore, corroborated by other confessions and documentary evidence, establishes that men were hired to kill Minott and Galmari. Joe and Tony La Salle, who killed Minott, have confessed and are serving life terms in Sing Sing.

\$2,000 FOR THE KILLING OF GAIMARI.

Fenimore, according to The Evening World's informant—who is a relative of one of the men implicated in the plot—has sworn that the price of killing Galmari, who was one of the most popular Italians in the Second District and extremely valuable as a political asset to Foley, was fixed at \$2,000. Montimagno, Fenimore's confession states, was to receive \$250 for the job. All he was paid was \$30, probably an advance. He was caught running away after shooting Galmari.

The District Attorney is after the man who is believed to have conceived the idea of killing off Foley's men and even Foley himself. As in the Becker case, the most important evidence against this man must come from accomplices, but there is one important difference.

In the Becker case the accomplices, Rose, Vallon, Weber and Scheppe, were all granted immunity. In this case the tools of the alleged "man higher up" are all in prison serving sentences following conviction or have pleaded guilty. District Attorney Perkins is particularly pleased that in this affair of assassination for hire he has not found it necessary to bargain with any of the criminals involved.

Much of the corroboration of Fenimore's confession was obtained in advance. In this connection the District Attorney took pains to-day to state that the Police Department has given him valuable assistance all through his investigation of the Second Assembly District murder plots, and that some of the detectives have worked for weeks with the shadow of the assassin always near at hand.

One of the advance corroborators was Louis De Mar, alias Mareno, who was arrested last night with Thomas Porcario, an olive oil importer, and his employer, Joseph Brondini of One Hundred and Seventy-ninth Street and Arthur Avenue and Rocco Legarado, a laborer, living in James Street. De Mar's corroboration has been in the possession of the District Attorney for a month.

crime and undergoing a thorough cross-examination for the defense. In Mar says that after he had made his confession and had been turned out by the police on the perjury charge, certain persons became suspicious of him and he was tracked night and day. Finally these persons he says, became convinced that he had confessed to the police and an effort was made to bring him back to the police station. About last Wednesday and ship him to Italy as a convict.

"I got word," said De Mar to-day, "and wouldn't go on the boat." Fenimore, aged sixty-three, was arraigned before Magistrate Rizzo to-day, charged respectively with authorization of perjury and perjury. Assistant District Attorney Leonard Murphy said to the Court:

"These two men are the most dangerous Italian criminals in the community. They are wanted by the Federal authorities and on other matters. The State has a right to have the ball be made strong enough to hold them."

TWO MEN ARE HELD IN \$25,000 BAIL.

They were held in \$25,000 bail each. De Mar, who will be a witness for the State, was not arraigned. Rocco Legarado, who is held merely as a witness and is believed to have given important information.

Fenimore was the first witness before the Assize Grand Jury which convened at 11 o'clock. The purpose in reconvening this particular jury was to put the case before men who are familiar with its ramifications. These are the jurors who found the indictments against Montimagno, Carnivale and Fenimore. Two convictions and a plea of guilty to manslaughter in the first degree, advanced by Fenimore yesterday, have grown out of these indictments.

On information furnished by Fenimore's confession detectives went to No. 218 West Forty-ninth Street to-day and invited Michael California, a waiter living there, to accompany them to Headquarters. California was not arrested, but was submitted to a grilling examination by high police officials.

HOW ROFRANO BROKE WITH TOM FOLEY OVER PLACE IN CONGRESS.

Michael Rofrano, who had held many minor offices through the patronage of Big Tom Foley, asked Foley in 1912 to nominate him for Congress in place of Daniel J. Riordan. Foley refused. Rofrano, with the Driscolla, Eugene and Clement, former Foley adherents, and later laborers in the Hearst cause, set up the Home Rule Club at No. 48 Madison Street in open opposition to Foley's Down Town Democratic Club.

Michael Galmari was stabbed in the back in Oliver Street Dec. 17, 1913, by Vincenzo Cardella. Within three hours Cardella was shot to death. John and Albert Galmari, brothers of Michael, were tried for the murder. The principal witness against them, one Saldo, recounted at the trial and is still awaiting trial for perjury. Rocco Carnivale was charged with procuring perjury from Saldo against the Galmaris. The presence of Rofrano at Police Headquarters when Saldo incriminated the two accused men was commented upon.

Jim Minott was shot to death by Joseph and Antonio La Salle last New Year's day. He had been a district leader under Foley and had assaulted Robert Kofman, of Coney Island, the following May after a clash between the Home Rule and downtown factions. Later Rocco Carnivale was charged with slaying Minott's face at Broadway and Forty-second Street, but Minott refused to identify Carnivale as his assailant.

Minott was charged by the Rofrano-Driscolla faction with intimidating voters, opening ballots before they were placed in ballot boxes, and chasing voters not known to be Foley men away from the polls. He was employed by the State Agricultural Experiment Station at Cornell University, where he defended the La Salles against their defense. La Salle said Minott had insulted their sister and when they went out to find him he opened fire on them, forcing them to kill him in self-defense. Minott, though opposed to Rofrano in the feud, was Rofrano's first cousin.

Mike Galmari, who had succeeded Rofrano as Foley's chief aide among the Italian-born voters, was shot down on Madison Street, near Chestnut, March 8, by Gaetano Montimagno. He was convicted largely on the evidence of the La Salle brothers, who told of statements made by Carnivale and Fenimore to him, regarding the hiring of Montimagno to kill Galmari at the command of Rofrano.

PIER FOR DREAMLAND IS THE LATEST PLAN.

Sinking Fund Commission to Take Up the Scheme at Meeting To-morrow.

The Dock Department has a new plan for improving Dreamland Park, on the city for more than \$1,000,000. The plan is for the construction of a pier and a landing place near West Eighth Street. It is to be considered to-morrow by the Sinking Fund Commission, which has jurisdiction over most city owned property.

Dock Commissioner Smith says the improvement will benefit the water-front and harbor of the entire city. At present the only Coney Island landing place for boats is at the Steeplechase Pier. As the city intends to adopt the Evening World's plan and make Dreamland Park more attractive for women and children the Dock Commissioner's plan is in keeping with the resolve.

FRENCH PATROL SINKS GERMAN SUBMARINE IN AEGEAN, PARIS REPORTS.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—A German submarine has been torpedoed and sunk by a French torpedo boat patrol between Mytilene and Tenedos, says an Athens despatch to the Journal.

New York Women Riders Outdo Western Sisters In Daring Feats on Horseback at Piping Rock



MISS MURIEL CROSBY, "MARGE" BEARD, HELEN LEEMING, CONSTANCE FAHYS AND DOROTHY CLAPP

DESPERATE BATTLE FOR RIGA RAGING NEAR JACOBSTADT

Germans Cut Vilna-Petrograd Trunk Line, Russians Admit.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 14.—An official report says: "The artillery duel has appreciably increased in intensity from Linden as far as twenty versts (fourteen miles) northwest of Friedrichstadt."

"Desperate actions continue west of Jacobstadt and in the districts of Lees, Pinkstern and Banken. To the west and southwest of Dvinsk we have been carrying out vigorous offensive engagements in the District of Abol and Ustian, and further south the fighting has been characterized by great desperation."

"Near the station of Novo Sventislany (to the northeast of Vilna) the enemy has cut the railway. Under the pressure of the enemy, who made a decisive attack between the Novo Sventislany and Vilna districts, our troops retired to the vicinity of the railway station of Podbrodne."

"In the region west of Vilna and to the eastward as far as the Orany district, there is no change in the situation. On the front of Orany we have been engaged in a fierce battle with the enemy, who has been considerably reinforced in the region of Skidel and further east. The enemy is developing his attack east of Skidel."

"In regard to actions to restrain the enemy's pressure, our artillery succeeded in developing a powerful fire on the route of the lines Volkovsk-Kartovsk-Beresna. Toward the east the enemy cautiously advanced. His attempts to assume a more decided offensive were resisted and had no influence on the orderly, premeditated retirement of our troops."

"Southwest of the station of Sarny our troops continue to hold the enemy, who is endeavoring to advance, chiefly along the Rivers Stry and Goryn. Further east, in the Kolki and Derasno districts, the fighting is stubborn. West of Rovno, in the Dubno-Kremenets region, the Austrians are making unsuccessful attacks."

"In the Tarnopol district our troops, under the enemy's hail of artillery fire, again made progress, taking prisoners and machine guns. We drove back the Germans, who are retiring to the north. On the Lower Sereth in the Zalesosycki district, the enemy attempted by an attack to arrest our advance westward, but after a stubborn engagement was again beaten and overthrown. Generally speaking the Austro-German effort is directed to maintaining the appearance of conducting offensive operations which are costing them losses utterly disproportionate to the result achieved."

More Italian Reservists Off to War.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 14.—Six hundred Italian reservists from the Pittsburgh district left here early to-day for New York, where they will take ship for Italy. It was said by well-informed Italians that fully four hundred of the reservists on the steamship Sant' Anna were from Pittsburgh.

Old Man Hangs Himself.

Quisav Wagner, seventy-five years old, who up to two years ago was a carpenter, hanged himself to-day in his former home at No. 646 Eastchester Avenue, the Bronx. His wife saw her husband's body dangling from the beam of the front porch. She had a faint recollection that he had suffered a stroke and had been dependent. The couple had raised a big family, the neighbors said, all of whom had married.

NEW YORK CITY BOILS ON RECORD HOT DAY, WHILE WEST FREEZES

Humidity and Mercury Race in Effort to Make Millions Miserable.

This is the record hot day for Sept. 14 in the history of New York. At 2 o'clock this afternoon the thermometer registered 86 degrees, while the humidity was 46 degrees.

The hottest Sep. 14 on record was in 1877, when the mercury reached 85. A change in the weather may come in the next twenty-four hours, for it is freezing in the Northwest. In Hartford, Canada, the mercury was down to 14 degrees, and in Winnetu, N. Dak., it was 24 degrees. This was the coldest place in the United States to-day. It is freezing in some parts of North Dakota, Montana and Wyoming. In Yellowstone Park the mercury registered 29 degrees.

The day has been soaking hot. Collars looked crumpled like dough in the hands of a baker, and shirts were ringing wet. It wasn't that the thermometer was doing lofty gymnastics, but at that the mercury has been going up like an elevator without coming down. At 4 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 73 degrees. At 9 it was up to 79; at 10, 77; at 11, 80, and at noon, 84. During the lunch hour there was a spurt to 85 degrees, and at 1 o'clock the mercury was back to 84.

It was the humidity that made the weather resemble wash day. At 8 o'clock this morning the humidity was 96 degrees, just four degrees below saturation. This was not only unusual but mighty uncomfortable. At 1 o'clock the humidity had slackened to 73 degrees which brought a little relief.

WORKERS WIN STRIKE; JERSEY WEAVERS CELEBRATE VICTORY WITH A PICNIC.

SUMMIT, N. J., Sept. 14.—The weavers at the mills of the Summit Silk Company, who went on strike yesterday for an increase of half a cent a yard in their wages, have won not only that but various other points that were raised during the adjustment of the difficulty. Paul Gerli, president of the company, dealt with the men directly and granted everything they wanted. This afternoon the entire mill force held a picnic to celebrate the victory. The mills will reopen in the morning.

SPOOKS STARTED THE WAR.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 14.—The spirits of the soldiers killed in the Napoleonic war one hundred years ago influenced Europe's rulers to start this war. Dr. R. F. Austin of Los Angeles asserted at the National Spiritualistic Congress to-day. Dr. Austin said they wanted warlike company and were tired of being joined by spirits of people who had died natural deaths in a peaceful frame of mind.

Mrs. G. W. Cates, daughter of a Presbyterian divine and a medium of the spirit world who appeared to him in his study at the White House the night before he signed the Emancipation Proclamation.

AMERICANS DEMAND PAYMENT FROM GERMANY FOR ARABIC LOSSES.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 14.—A formal complaint has been filed against the German Government by Philip W. A. Collier and his wife, Maybelle Collier, Buffalo residents, who survived the sinking of the steamer Arabic by a German submarine.

DIED.

HURLEY.—Sunday, Sept. 13, 1915, JOHN, husband of the late Ellen Hurley (nee Menhane), native of Schull, County Cork, Ireland.

NO ARBITRATION ON THE LIVES OF OUR CITIZENS, WILSON SAYS

(Continued from First Page.)

the submarine; in fact never saw it. Von Bernstorff again assures the United States that his former written promise holds good and passenger liners will not be torpedoed without warning. But Secretary Lansing asked for a copy of the German Government's actual orders to submarine commanders so as to check on diplomatic promises.

Count von Bernstorff told Secretary Lansing that his Government did not expect the State Department to construe its last note on the Arabic case as being final. He explained that the note contained all the information in the possession of the German Government, and as he had promised the United States to furnish a German report on the causes that led to the attack on the Arabic, there was nothing left except to submit the facts as they were understood in Berlin.

Here is the statement received at the State Department from Zelah Covington, and it may be accepted as containing the general substance as set forth in the other affidavits: "Came up on deck from breakfast. Was standing on starboard side, looking at steamship, Dunsmuir, which was sinking, having been torpedoed a few minutes, when I heard some one say: 'Here it comes.' Then looked and saw the torpedo approaching about three hundred yards away. When noticed ship had changed her course and that the torpedo would either miss or strike well astern. It struck on starboard astern about three feet under waterline."

BERLIN DIDN'T HAVE THE EVIDENCE.

After reading carefully all the affidavits, Count von Bernstorff said he would transmit to Berlin with recommendations that they be given thorough consideration by the Foreign Office.

Count von Bernstorff said the Foreign Office had never been in possession of this evidence and that it might possibly have great weight in the future consideration of the German position.

When the conference was over Count von Bernstorff appeared to be satisfied thoroughly that he will be able to induce the Foreign Office to meet the demands of the United States so that the President will not construe the Arabic case as "deliberately unfriendly."

The State Department and German Embassy to-day denied that Secretary Lansing and Ambassador von Bernstorff discussed the status of Capt. Franz von Papen, Military Attache of the German Embassy, who was revealed by The World as one of the agents who had a hand in Ambassador Dumble's plan for crippling American industries.

Two Battleships to Vera Cruz. WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The battleships Kearsarge and Kentucky were ordered to Vera Cruz to-day to relieve the Louisiana and the New Hampshire, which join the Atlantic Fleet. The Kearsarge and Kentucky now are at Philadelphia and will sail this week.

WOMAN LEADS POLICE TO PELHAM BURGLAR

Chief Disguises Himself as Longshoreman and Arrests Suspect, Who Confesses.

When two burglars tried to enter "The Priory," the handsome residence of Frederick Allen, at Pelham Manor, a week ago, one of them was shot. He was patched up at the hospital and taken to White Plains jail to await trial.

Chief of Police R. H. Marks shadowed a woman who visited him there and saw her entertain in her flat on the east side a youth whom he guessed to be the other burglar. When the youth went to the foot of Fifty-third Street to-day to meet Miss Marie Plummer, returning from a sojourn on Blackwell's Island, Chief Marks, disguised as a longshoreman, tapped him on the shoulder. Mazie fled. The youth admitted that he was the other burglar, name Jean Kirscher, and Chief Marks still wearing his blue jumper and his cotton hook, took him to the Yorkville Police Court.

WARSHIPS OF ITALY AND AUSTRIA CLASH

French Submarine Co-Operating Seriously Damages Enemy Torpedo Boat.

ROME, Sept. 14.—A battle between Italian and Austrian naval forces, the former assisted by a French submarine, occurred on Thursday last in the Adriatic Sea. The Ministry of Marine announced to-day that one Austrian torpedo boat had been damaged seriously. The statement follows: "The French submarine Papin, assisted by our naval forces, torpedoed on Sept. 9, in the Adriatic, near Cape Planka, a group of Austrian torpedo boats, one of which was damaged seriously."

CHICAGO'S FIRST HOT SPELL.

Just Beginning to Have Real Summer Out There. CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—The thermometer to-day registered 86 degrees. This, according to the weather man, is exceptional as marking the first hot spell of the year.

In the course of the summer the heat in no time became oppressive, nor ever lasted more than a day. To-day was the third consecutive warm day, and thus is said to establish the season's record.

TURKISH TROPICS AMERICA'S GREATEST CIGARETTE

DIED. HURLEY.—Sunday, Sept. 13, 1915, JOHN, husband of the late Ellen Hurley (nee Menhane), native of Schull, County Cork, Ireland.

JUDGE MUST DRINK JUST PLAIN WATER

Board of Estimate Cuts Out Allowance for the Spring Brand in Brooklyn Court.

"There is an item of \$50," said Leo Aronstein, Chairman of the Budget Committee of the Board of Estimate, "Can any one explain what it is for?"

"That is for spring water for Justice of the Appellate Division, Second Department, Brooklyn," explained James F. Magee, Chief Clerk of the court.

"What's the matter with Ridge-wood reservoir water, commonly known as regular Brooklyn water?" asked a member of the Budget Committee.

"Well, you see," explained Magee, "summer Brooklyn water doesn't agree with one of the Justices."

"Is it too strong or too weak?" asked Aronstein.

"Neither; it just fails to suit the palate of His Honor," explained the Clerk.

The Budget Committee passed a vote of sympathy for the Justice, whose name was not divulged, but decided to cut out the supply of spring water.

ASKED BY WASHINGTON TO LEAVE MEXICO

American Property Owners Say Authorities Want Them to Quit at Once—Prepare to Start.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—That Government orders have been issued for Americans to get out of the most seriously troubled districts in Northern Mexico was understood on good authority this afternoon.

To this call was attributed the exodus reported in Brownsville despatches. The Administration was said not only to consider them in danger, especially in view of the possibility of a disruption of Villa's forces but as a cause, through their presence in the disturbed region, of much trouble between the nationalities.

NOGALES, ARIZ., Sept. 14.—American property owners in Sonora, Mex., stated to-day they have been notified that Washington wants them to leave Mexico immediately. Automobiles have left here to bring the Americans from their homes and ranches to this side of the border.

The U. S. Consul here said he could not discuss the reports.

HEAVY ARTILLERY BATTLES RAGING ON WESTERN FRONT

French War Office Reports Effective Work in Montmarie Forest.

PARIS, Sept. 14.—The activity of artillery along the front in France continues, and at some places with great violence, according to the announcement made this afternoon by the French War Office.

Furthermore, French aviators have thrown down bombs on a railroad in possession of the Germans, as well as on certain German barracks.

The text of the communication follows: "There is continued activity to-day on the part of the artillery along the front in Artois. To the south of the River Somme, in the environs of Tilloy-le-Cosseur and Heuvraignes, there has been an artillery bombardment of particular violence in which both sides participated.

"Artillery fighting continues along the canal from the Aisne to the Marne, near Sapignoul and Godat, in the Champagne, to the north of the Camp of Chalons and along the western frontier of the Argonne. In the forest of Montmarie our batteries put an end to the fire of the German machine guns, and directed an effective fire upon certain salients of the German line. The night passed quietly on the remainder of the front.

"French aviators have bombarded the railroad station at the Junction of Bendorf, near Morhange, as well as the barracks of the enemy at Chateau, in the Argonne, and at Langemarck, to the north of Ypres."

LIMIT THEIR CELEBRATION.

Mexicans Cannot Cross U. S. Border on Their "Fourth of July."

LAREDO, TEX., Sept. 14.—The United States authorities are making preparations to keep the Mexicans' celebration of their "Fourth of July" on Thursday confined to their own country. Border patrols are being quietly strengthened, and it is believed no Mexicans will be allowed to enter this country on that day under any circumstances.

A special train bearing the rest of the Fourteenth Cavalry stationed at Fort Clark is scheduled to arrive here this afternoon. Mexican military officials are co-operating with American officers in the plans to prevent any disorder.

CANDY PENNY A POUND PROFIT Extra Special for Tuesday Only Chocolate Covered St. Nicholas Walnuts HE heart of this sweet is rich Chocolate Cream, delightfully flavored with various aromatic spices, enshrined in a jacket of our unexcelled, velvety Chocolate. The finishing touch is a big, full flavored Walnut, mounted on top of each dainty. Not 40c., as you undoubtedly expect, but to start off the week with a rousing special you get them Tuesday at 15c.

Move Into the Best Apartment Your Rent-Money Will Allow Of! But to make sure of finding an Apartment that embodies all your requirements as to location, size, arrangement, conveniences, rental, &c., CONSULT WORLD "TO LET" ADS. During the First Eight Months of This Year There Were Printed— 176,518 WORLD "TO LET" ADVERTISEMENTS— 74,407 More than the Herald, Times, Sun, Tribune and Press COMBINED! LIST ALL Your Vacant Residential and Business Properties in the World's Advertising Columns, for the Great Fall Moving Day, October 1st, Will Soon be Here and There's No Time to Lose!