equith to the Paris Temps from Nish estimates that the casualties of the Austro-German forces on the northern front in Serbia have totaled 25,000 killed and 45,000 wounded.

"Despite furious attacks and against heavy odds," the despatch to the Temps continues, "the Serbians are maintaining their positions along the Drina, Save and Danube.

"The Serbian forces, however, appear to be seriously menaced by German reinforcements, estimated at four divisions, reported in the Debitsa section north of the Danube (in Hungary, sixteen miles north of Pozarevac, the capture of which was announced by Berlin yesterday), and it is feared that the Serbian army which is heroically maintaining the Pozarevac front will be cut in two and thrown back toward the Roumanian frontier.

"Despite heavy losses the Serbians are prepared to make all sacrifices. They are urgently demanding that Anglo-French reinforcements be sent in time."

Gen. Sarrail, hero of the French defense of Verdun, now commanding the allied forces at Salonica, may not attempt to succor the Serbian army because of the peril in which he would find himself if he hurried up the single line of railroad to meet an overwhelmingly superior force of Austrians, Germans and Bulgarians. He would be 250 miles from his base of supplies, with no line of retreat open.

ARMY OF THE ALLIES MAY ATTACK SOFIA SOON.

Military critics believe he will go only so far into Serbia as will permit him to harry the German flanks and to endanger their lines of communication, thus preventing the detailing of large forces through Bulgaria into Turkey. Or, the critics say, he may enter Bulgarian territory, attempt to take Sofia and throw his command astride the Orient Railway, which runs from Belgrade, through Nish and Sofia to Constantinople. If he can hold this railroad through the mountains he can prevent the Germans from pushing on to the aid of their Turkish allies, since the Teutonic allies, too, need the railroad to furnish supplies to their invading troops.

At all events it is doubtful if aid can reach the Serbian army in time to extricate it from the closing vise, the Austro-Germans on the one hand and the Bulgarians on the other.

A despatch to the Giornale d'Italia of Rome from Cettinje, capital of Montenegro, says the Montenegrins have made such stout resistance to the Austro-Germans all along the front that they have been compelled to retire and send for reinforcements.

A despatch to the London Times from Athens says Serbian refugees are beginning to arrive at Salonica, and the despatch adds, railway communications have been cut near the Bulgarian frontier.

BULGARIANS MAY TRY TO CUT THE RAILROAD.

The Serbians are said to be expecting an attack by the Bulgarians between Guevgheli and Strumnitsa, with the object of cutting the Salonica railway and thus preventing the arrival of the allied troops.

The Morning Post declares Italy has decided not to send any troops into Macedonia. This is at variance with Premier Viviani's statement to the French Chamber of Deputies, in which he said Italy would co-operate in the Balkans. It may be that the Italian Government will not land troops at Salonica, in Macedonia, but rather send them through Albania, for the Paris Excelsior asserts, on what it says is excellent authority, the Italian Government will add 120,000 men as its quota to the Balkan enterprise.

Bulgaria has notified Greece that she has made no treaty with Germany or Austria that will affect Greek interests.

The attitude of Greece is puzzling. In her letter to Great Britain yesterday she declared she did not feel called upon, under her treaty with Serbia, to aid that nation, because the war is not confined to the Balkans, but is a world conflagration.

On the other hand, a message from Paris to-day declares Greece supplying Turkey with munitions of war. Greek vessels are said to have entered Smyrna under the pretense of getting figs. The allies permitted this, the message says, until they discovered that the vessels were laden with war supplies.

A Tokio despatch to the Times says Japan will not send an army to aid the allies in the Balkans.

Achy Joints Foretell Trouble

A creaky joint often predicts rain. It also foretells inward trouble. It may mean that the kidneys are not filtering the blood and are allowing poisonous uric acid to clog the blood and cause trouble.

Bad backs, rheumatic pains, sore, aching joints, headaches, dizziness, nervous troubles, heart flutterings, and urinary disorders are some of the effects of weak kidneys and if nothing is done there's danger of dropsy, gravel or Bright's disease. Use Doan's Kidney Pills, the most widely used, the best recommended kidney remedy in the world.

Bronx People Testify:

Charles Mason, Sr., 459 E. 148th St., says:—"I was troubled more or less with my kidneys for years. I was subject to rheumatic pains and general kidney disorders, and at times was in a pretty bad way. Doan's Kidney Pills, however, have always given me great relief whenever I have had any occasion to use them."

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
50c at all Drug Stores
Foster-Milburn Co. Props. Buffalo, N.Y.

GERMAN ATTACK TO RETAKE TRENCH REPORTED HALTED

Paris War Office Claims Successes in Lorraine and the Vosges.

BRITISH HOLD GAINS.

Terrific Bombardments Are Reported From Many Points on the Front.

OFFICIAL FRENCH REPORT.

PARIS, Oct. 16.—French forces have repulsed several counter-attacks in the Lorraine district against trenches occupied by them yesterday, according to the official statement issued by the French War Office to-day. The report is as follows:

"We repulsed last night in Lorraine several counter-attacks against the trenches which we occupied yesterday to the north of Reillon. In the course of these engagements we took 100 prisoners.

"In the Vosges the enemy undertook shortly after midnight an attack in force between the Linge and the Schratzmannele. This was preceded by a severe bombardment and accompanied by a curtain of fire directed against our second lines and our communicating trenches. This attack was completely repulsed by us.

"There has been nothing to report from the remainder of the front since the issuing of the communication last night."

Germans Retake Trenches in Artois, Berlin Reports.

BERLIN, Oct. 16.—An official communication issued last night says:

"Northeast and east of Vermelles the British have again been driven out of our positions. They have been able to retain only a small portion of a trench on the western fringe of the gravel quarry.

"In the Champagne, east of Auberive, Saxon troops took the only remaining French fortified position from which a great attack could be made upon our positions. We captured five officers and 300 men, as well as several machine guns.

"During the night of Oct. 13-14 the stations of Charlons and Vitry-le-Francois, of military importance for operations now under way, were bombarded by one of our airships."

British Claim to Hold All Ground Recently Gained.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—A British official report from Field Marshal Sir John French, Commander in Chief of the British army in the field, says:

"The only change in the situation south of La Bassee Canal is that we have further improved our positions in the Hohenzollern Redoubt. We hold all the ground gained on the 13th."

MOVING ALLIGATORS TO WINTER HOME IS SNAPPY EXPERIENCE

Keeper of Park Zoo Finds They Are Made Up Largely of Teeth and Tail.

Bill Snyder and two of his husky assistants in the Central Park Zoo transferred the alligators and turtles to-day from the outdoor pool to their winter natatorium in the antelope house.

"And, believe me," he said, pausing to wipe his brow, "moving the hippos is child's play compared with this job. They're all legs and tails and teeth—the only thing they haven't got is stingers."

The alligator population of the pool is about sixty, and there are close upon thirty turtles, and every one of the "critters" fought like mad. The little fellows could be picked up without much trouble, but Bill and his helpers had to keep out of the way of snapping jaws. The big alligators were dragged across the walks to the winter quarters.

In the midst of the job word came to Bill that Mr. and Mrs. Zebu had added to the Zoo roster, so he knocked off long enough to make the acquaintance of a diminutive bull zebu, and then returned to the alligator and turtle moving business.

Bill says he hears that there's to be a new lion cub in the park in a day or two.

ADMITS GAMBLING AFTER RAID AT HEWLETTS

(Special to The Evening World.)

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., Oct. 16.—Charles Burke, who said he was an automobile broker and gave his address as No. 135 West Forty-fifth Street, New York, last summer when arrested in a gambling raid on a dwelling at Hewletts, pleaded guilty this morning before County Judge Neimann at Mineola and was fined $250. Judge Niemann said he would also sign an order to destroy the gambling paraphanalia found in the house. Charles William, one of the others arrested and indicted with Burke, comes up for trial next month. He is now out on bail.

'TIS MRS. MURPHY GETS MALACHI'S $250 REWARD

MALACHI MURPHY

Now the Money Is in Bank for the Brave Motorman's Three Children.

Motorman Malachi Murphy, who saved many lives in the recent Broadway subway cave-in and got $250 and a letter of thanks from the New York Railways Company, which employs him, took both of them to his home at No. 787 Columbus Avenue and gave them to Mrs. May Lehane Murphy, his wife.

"Remember how you always kept telling me to do my duty?" he asked.

"Yes, Malachi," she replied.

"Well, I did my duty when running that Broadway surface car backward from the subway cave-in at Thirty-eighth Street, and as I stuck to my post I thought of what you said. So it's to you the credit goes. And it's to you the $250 goes."

Mrs. Murphy put the $250 in bank for the three Murphy children, the oldest of whom is Margaret, aged four.

DETECTIVES GET ODOR THAT PROVES SCENT TO ALLEGED THIEF

They Recognized This Clew to Y. M. C. A. Mystery, for They Had Planted It.

Battelora and Patten, detectives attached to the Seventh Branch in Brooklyn, depended upon their sense of smell in solving the mystery attending a protracted series of thefts of money and valuables from lockers in the gymnasium of the Bedford Branch of the Young Men's Christian Association. When they arraigned George S. Lewis of No. 68 Hancock Street, an assistant physical instructor of the Y. M. C. A in Gates Avenue Police Court to-day they told of treating bills with a strong smelling chemical which aided in the arrest of Lewis.

Lewis is twenty-five years old and a bank clerk besides a physical director. He has been a member of the Bedford Branch of the Y. M. C. A. for six years, and was to all appearances an exemplary young man. Much of his time was spent in the gymnasium.

Complaints that money and valuables had been stolen from lockers reached Secretary Hammond of the Bedford Branch six months ago. He employed private detectives. The thefts continued. Three days ago he enlisted the aid of Capt. Cory of the Seventh Detective Branch of the Police Department.

Carey assigned Bettalora and Patten to the case. They joined the Bedford Branch, enrolled in the gymnasium, put on running trunks and almost ran their legs off around and around the track, all the time keeping an eye on the locker room. They could get no line on the thief in that way.

Last night, they told Magistrate Voorhees to-day, they concealed in their clothing rolls of money, which had been treated with a chemical of distinctive odor. They left the clothes in their lockers, sneaked into the secretary's office, dressed in other clothes and took up stations at the entrance to the building waiting for the athletes to come out.

As each person issuing from the building passed the sleuths sniffed. They had sniffed about twenty times when the odor arrested their attention and they arrested Lewis. They swore in court that they found in his pockets $123 in bills which they had marked and which had been stolen from their lockers.

According to the detectives, Lewis made a confession after his arrest, stating that he had committed fifty-nine robberies. He told the sleuths, they say, that he didn't need the money, has it all at his home and doesn't know what impelled him to steal. He was suffering from a cold last night and couldn't detect the odor plant.

Magistrate Voorhees held Lewis in $1,500 bail for examination on Oct. 19.

CAPTURE OF DVINSK AT ANY COST IS THE ORDER IN BERLIN

Petrograd Reports Desperate Attacks, but Says Foe Elsewhere Is on Defensive.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 16 (via London).—With the exception of Dvinsk, on the northern end of the Russian battle front, where hard artillery battles continue, the Germans appear to be on the defensive along the entire eastern front.

Russian military officials say they have obtained information that the German armies have been ordered to take Dvinsk at any cost. German attacks at this point have been made with the utmost impetuosity under cover of a terrific artillery fire, but so far they have been unable to break down the Russian defensive. The German losses are reported to have been extremely heavy.

Mrs. George T. Marye, wife of the United States Ambassador to Russia, and Henry D. Baker, the commercial attache of the Embassy, arrived in Petrograd to-day from the United States.

WALL STREET.

Price changes at the opening were small. War order stocks were the feature of trading after a slight setback. Rock Island was weak, but recovered later. Industrials showed gains on strong buying. Virginia Chemical gained 2 points. Smelters advanced 1 1-2, but lost the advance at end of first hour on sharp decline throughout the list.

In last hour market developed a better tendency. Tennessee Copper advanced 2 1-4 to 68 3-4. Baldwin Locomotive rose 10 1-8 points to 123 1-8; Bethlehem, 7 to 484, a new record, and prices in general held steady, and showed irregular changes at the close. U. S. Steel closed unchanged at 82 5-8.

Closing Quotations.

With net change from previous closing.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net ch'ge.
Alaska Gold Mine	32	32½	32½	— ½
Allis-Chalmers	43½	42	43½	+ ¾
Am. Beet Sugar	66	66¾	66¾	+ ¾
Am. Car & Foun.	85	83¾	84¾	+ ¾
Am. Can	64¾	63½	64½	+ ½
Am. Coal Products	165	163	164	— ¾
Am. Hide & Leather	10¾	10½	10½	
Am. Linseed pf.	38½	38	38	— ½
Am. Locomotive	67½	66¼	67½	+ ¾
Am. Sm. & Ref.	68	65¾	65¾	
Am. Steel Foundries	66	64½	65¾	+ 1½
Am. T. & T. Co.	124¼	123½	124¼	
Am. Woolen Co.	33¼	32½	33¼	+ ¾
Anaconda Mining	75¾	74	75¾	+ ¾
At. T. & S. F.	100½	100½	100½	+ ¾
Baldwin Loco.	123¾	123½	123½	+ 9½
Balt. & Ohio	91¾	91½	91¾	
Beth. Steel	484	478	484	+ 7
Beth. Steel pf.	162	161	162	— 3
Brooklyn R. T.	88	87½	87½	— ¾
Cal. Petroleum	19	18½	18¾	— ½
Cal. Petroleum pf.	43	42	42	— 3
Cent. Leather	34¾	33¾	34½	+ 1¼
Can. Pacific	165	163¾	165	— 1
Ches. & Ohio	57	56	56¼	— ¾
Chic. G. West. pf.	34½	34	34	— ¾
Chic. M. & St. P.	90¾	90¼	90¼	— ¾
Chic. R. I. & Pac.	21	19¾	20½	
China Copper	60	59	59	+ ¾
Col. Fuel & Iron	56¼	54¾	55½	+ ¾
Con. Gas	147¼	143¾	143¾	— 3
Continental Can	110	107	110	+ 1½
Corn Prod. Co.	18½	18	18½	— ¾
Crucible Steel	95	91¼	93½	+ 2
Dist. Sec. Corp.	35½	35	35½	+ ¼
Erie	34½	33¾	34½	
Erie 1st pf.	53½	52¾	53½	— ¼
Erie 2d pf.	42¾	42½	42½	— 1¼
F. W. Woolworth	110½	110	110	— ½
General Electric	170¾	168	168½	— 2
General Motors Co.	327	320	327	+ 7
Goodrich Co., B. F.	76½	75½	76½	+ ¾
Great Nor. pf.	121¾	121	121¾	+ ½
Guggenheim Explor.	68	67¼	67¾	— ½
Great Nor. Ore	48½	47¾	48½	— ½
Inspiration Copper	43½	42½	42½	— ¾
Inter. Met.	23½	23¼	23¼	— ¼
Inter Nickel	197	195	197	+ 1
Lackawanna Steel	84½	82½	84½	+ ¾
Lehigh Valley	75	74½	75	
Louis & Nashville	126	125	125	— 2
Maxwell Motor	61½	60½	61½	+ ¾
Max. Motor 1st pf.	97	96¾	96¾	— ¾
Max. Motor 2d pf.	80	80¼	80¼	— ¾
Mexican Petroleum	91¾	90¼	91½	— ¾
Mex. Petroleum pf.	86	86	86	— 1
Miami Copper	34	33½	34	+ ½
Mo., Kan. & Texas	5¾	5½	5½	— ¾
Mo. Pacific	5½	5	5½	+ ¾
National Biscuit	129½	128	128	— 1¾
National Lead	68½	65¾	67¾	+ 1
Norfolk & Western	115¾	115¾	115¾	— ½
N. Y. Airbrake	147	144¾	147	+ 1
N. Y. Central	90¾	90½	90¾	
N. Y. N. H. & H.	86	80¾	83	+ ½
Northern Pacific	111	110½	111	+ ¾
Ontario & Western	29½	29	29	
Pennsylvania RR.	58	57¾	57¾	+ ¼
People's Gas	118	118	118	— 1¼
Phila. Co.	47½	47	47½	
Pitts. Coal Co.	41¾	40¾	40¾	— ¾
Pitts. Coal Co. pf.	113	112	112	— 1¾
Pressed Steel	71	70	71	+ ¾
Ray Con. Copper	25¾	25	25½	+ ¾
Reading	78¾	78¼	78¾	+ 1
Rep. Steel	53½	52½	53	
Remely	5	4¾	4¾	— ½
Rumely pf.	9	9	9	— ½
Sloss-Sheffield	59¾	58¾	59	— ¾
South. Pac.	97	96½	96½	+ ¾
South. Ry.	20¾	19¾	20½	
Studebaker Co.	162	159	162	+ 2
Tenn. Copper	68¾	65¾	68¾	+ 1¾
Texas Co.	166½	166	166	— 1
Third Ave.	63	61¾	62½	
Union Pac.	134½	134½	134½	+ ½
U. S. Express	65½	65½	65½	+ 1½
U. S. Rubber	53¾	53½	53½	— ¾
U. S. Steel	82½	82¼	82½	
U. S. Steel pf.	114½	114½	114½	— ¾
Utah Copper	70	69½	70	
Va.-Caro. Chem.	46¾	44¾	45	+ ½
Wabash E. & M.	70	68¾	69½	+ ¾
West. Un. Tel.	79	78¾	78½	+ ¾

Sales to 1 P. M., 400,694.

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
Oct.	12.33	12.33	12.28	12.28
Dec.	12.54	12.62	12.49	12.59
Jan.	12.70	12.78	12.65	12.78
March	12.93	13.01	12.86	13.01
May	13.04	13.16	12.02	13.14
July	13.09	13.18	13.05	13.17

Market closed steady, 1 point up to 5 off.

ITEMS FOR INVESTORS.

Third Avenue stock was placed upon a 4 per cent. dividend basis.

Pennsylvania Steel Company was sold to Charles M. Schwab for $49,533,000.

Protest of minority preferred stockholders of the International Steam Pump against the reorganization of the company under the proposed plan was upheld by Federal Judge Mayer.

Bethlehem Steel sold at a new high, 484, up 7 points. The acquisition of the Pennsylvania Steel Company makes the Bethlehem concern the largest independent steel company in the United States. It will have a combined pig iron production of 2,000,000 tons annually and enormous iron ore holdings.

STEAMSHIPS DUE TO-DAY.

Lenape, Jacksonville	8 A. M.
Finland, Cristobal	10 A. M.
Perugia, Leghorn	10 A. M.
City of Everett, Port Antonio	11 A. M.

'EXALTED SPENDER,' FREED BY COURT, IS IN BELLEVUE AGAIN

Doctor's Prediction Is Fulfilled When Fassett Lands Back in Observation Ward.

WON'T PAY CHAUFFEUR.

Taxi Driver Takes Him to Police Station to Collect $15 Bill for Night Ride.

Lawrence Taylor Fassett, "exalted spender," whom Supreme Court Justice Ford on Wednesday refused to send to Bloomingdale, is back in the observation ward at Bellevue, as Dr. Gregory, head of the Bellevue insane pavilion, predicted when the Justice turned him loose.

"If Mr. Fassett goes to some place where they can't control him under a legal commitment," said Dr. Gregory at that time, "I prophesy his lawyers will be sorry. Within twenty-four hours they will have him back here."

Fassett, who is President of the National Products Company, is alleged by his wife and a brother to be dissipating his fortune. They had him committed to Bellevue about ten days ago. He procured his release on habeas corpus.

A taxicab chauffeur named Spengaman caused the "spender" to be turned over to the Bellevue alienists early to-day. Spengaman, with Fassett in his taxicab, stopped at the West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street Police Station at 3.30 o'clock and appealed to Lieut. Miller.

"I picked this man up in lower Broadway at 9 o'clock in the evening and I've been driving him around ever since, stopping at various cafes," said Spengaman. "I can't get any money out of him. My bill is $15 and I want it."

"This is an outrage," said Fassett, as he brought forth a fat roll of money and fondled it. "I will not pay him. Why should I be brought to a police station? I have plenty of money. I have this money with me and I have a million dollars in one bank and another million dollars in another bank."

Lieut. Miller ordered Fassett locked up on two charges, intoxication and refusing to settle the taxi bill. When Fassett was being booked he said to the Lieutenant: "My name is Lawrence Taylor Fassett—be sure you get in the middle name—Taylor." He gave his address as the Hotel Marie Antoinette. That hotel reported Fassett had surrendered his apartment there yesterday, and that his new address was not known.

Knickerbocker Hospital was called up. Dr. Steele came in an ambulance and Fassett was removed to Bellevue. Spengaman, the chauffeur, left without being paid. If the "spender" is again adjudged sane he will be tried on the charges against him. If he is adjudged insane the charges will be dismissed.

When Dr. Gregory of Bellevue was on the stand at Fassett's habeas corpus hearing, Wednesday, he expressed the opinion that Fassett would recover entirely, if confined in Bloomingdale three months.

TO HECKLE ASQUITH ON ZEPPELIN RAIDS

Questions About Protection of London Will Be Asked in the Commons.

LONDON, Oct. 16.—The London press continues to express doubt as to the thoroughness of the defensive measures taken for the protection of London from air raids. Many sarcastic allusions are made to the "swarm of hornets" which Winston Spencer Churchill, formerly First Lord of the Admiralty, predicted would greet Zeppelins attempting to throw bombs on London.

Premier Asquith, it is announced, will be asked in the House of Commons next Tuesday whether Paris lately has been immune from air attacks and if the air defenses of that city have been carefully studied by the British authorities.

Annan Bryce, brother of Viscount Bryce, formerly British Ambassador at Washington, will ask Mr. Asquith whether the British aeroplane squadron received an order to demobilize at 6 o'clock on the afternoon of last Wednesday; whether other aeroplanes received orders to take their places, and whether, when the Zeppelins arrived, any—and, if so, how many—aeroplanes were aloft.

RETREAT FOR LAYMEN.

Justice Stapleton and Commissioner O'Keeffe With Party at Mt. Manresa.

Sixty prominent Catholic laymen, most of them members of the Cathedral Club, Brooklyn, went last night into a retreat at Mount Manresa, S. I., until Monday.

The retreat is conducted by the Rev. Father T. J. Shealy, S. J.

In the party were Supreme Court Justice Luke D. Stapleton, Bridge Commissioner Arthur J. O'Keeffe, Dr. Thomas J. Ryan and John J. Curtis.

BRYAN NOT SURE WILSON CAN TELL WHAT PEOPLE WANT

They Will Give Through Congress Their Idea of Adequate Preparedness, Says He.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—"The President may be mistaken as to what the people wish," said William Jennings Bryan to-day, discussing the national preparedness programme announced by the Administration.

"I do not care to discuss the President's position, however," Bryan continued, "until he himself announces his position. He said in his address to the Naval Board that he believed the country was convinced that we should be very adequately prepared. But the people differ as to what is very adequate preparedness, and until he states in figures what he regards as wise, it is not fair to discuss his position."

"In deciding what is adequate for defense, we must consider the dangers to be met and whether they are real or imaginary. A great many people believe that the dangers now talked of are very imaginary and that the amount we are now annually appropriating, without any enlargement, gives us a very adequate protection against real dangers that may confront us.

"Then it must be remembered that the President has noly stated what he believed to be the wish of the people. He may be mistaken as to what the people really wish because there has been no authoritative expression from them.

"The President is seeking to carry out the will of the people. If he finds, as I think he will, that the people are against the programme which the jingoes have outlined, he will be glad to oppose the programme. In fact, I think he will feel relieved when he is convinced the people prefer to retain the moral standards which have prevailed instead of adopting the brute force policies which have led Europe into this unspeakable war.

"The question to be determined is not what any particular person thinks the people want, but what the people really do desire as a national policy. This we can not know until the Senators and Congressmen, who speak for the people, give us their interpretation of the public will, and that will simply raise a presumption, but it is the only presumption on which the nation can act until the voters have a chance to approve or disapprove of the vote of Congress."

"So far the people have never approved of the policy which the jingoes now announce. On the contrary, they approved, a year ago, the government's refusal to embark upon the wild policy of frenzied preparedness which has for many years been urged on sessions of Congress by special interests which find a profit in army and navy contracts."

OLD BECKER WITNESS ACCUSED OF FRAUD IN PRIMARY PETITION

Louis Krause Alleged to Have Given False Acknowledgments in Moss Campaign.

Louis Krause, who was one of the star witnesses for the State in the Becker case, was arraigned in Centre Street Court to-day, charged with accepting, as a Commissioner of Deeds, false acknowledgments to a petition to nominate Frank Moss as the candidate for District Attorney at the Republican primaries. At Krause's request the hearing was put over to next Tuesday. Bail was fixed at $1,000 and furnished.

After Krause had testified in the Becker trials he was employed by the Parkhurst Society. Later, on recommendation of Gov. Whitman, he became a Deputy State Superintendent of Elections, and three months ago obtained an appointment as Commissioner of Deeds.

Assistant District Attorney Weller has information that notaries public or Commissioners of Deeds were employed by those in charge of the Moss campaign to get signatures to petitions at the rate of 25 cents a signature and that these Commissioners farmed out the work to solicitors who brought in the signatures of alleged voters at 10 cents a signature. It is charged that Krause was one who employed solicitors.

Reinhold Fredel jr. of No. 229 East Eighty-ninth Street, found that he was listed as having signed a Moss petition. He complained to the District Attorney and investigation brought to light four others who joined with Fredel in saying they had not signed the petition and had never seen Krause. The investigation is still under way and, is embracing the work of other notaries who acknowledged signatures on Moss petitions.

Greek Reserves Again Sail.

The mystery surrounding the recall of the Greek steamship Vasilefs Constantinos, which left here for Greece on Tuesday with 2,500 reservists, was cleared yesterday by N. A. Galanos, local agent, who stated that there had been a difference with the Greek Government over the rate for the passage of the reservists, but that everything had been adjusted. The liner, which has been lying off Quarantine, put to sea.

4 U. S. SENATORS WILL AID IN FIGHT HERE FOR CONGRESS

Republicans Plan Vigorous Campaign in the Twenty-third District.

As a forerunner for the National political campaign of next year, the Republicans have centered on the special Congressional election to be held in November, in the Twenty-third New York district, which includes Washington Heights and most of the Bronx. Joseph A. Goulden, Democrat, was the Representative of this district for five terms, and at the time of his death last winter had been again elected to the new Congress that convenes next December. William M. Bennet, formerly a member of Congress from another New York district, is the Republican candidate, and Ellsworth J. Healy, a lawyer and nephew by marriage of Charles F. Murphy, is the Democratic candidate.

There are only half a dozen special Congressional elections held throughout th ecountry this year to fill vacancies and in none save the New York City dirict does opportunity offer for a show of strength on National issues.

Four United States Senators have been drafted by the Republican organization to campaign in the Bronx district, assisted by various degrees of local political oratory. They will try out the amunition that the party has been gathering to attack the Wilson Administration, such as tariff, government finances, Mexican policy and other affairs of the Washington Administration. Tariff, however, is to be the principal issue.

The campaign will open Monday night with meetings in various parts of the Bronx. Wilbur F. Wakeman, active head of the Tariff League, will preside at one of the meetings. The Senatorial orators so far scheduled are as follows: Senator John W. Weeks of Massachusetts, Oct. 21, in McKinley Square Casino; Senator James W. Wadsworth jr. of New York, Oct. 25, in Commonwealth Hall, No. 2005 Amsterdam Avenue; Senator Warren G. Harding of Ohio, Oct. 27, London Casino, No. 3875 Third Avenue; Senator Lawrence Y. Sherman of Illinois, Oct. 30, London Casino.

Republicans and Progressives are united this year, and it is expected that some prominent Bull Moosers, probably George W. Perkins, will go into the district. At the last election the Democratic plurality was 6,200, partly due to the Republican-Progressive split, although the district has ben normally Democratic by a smaller plurality for a number of years. Republican leaders said today that they counted on Bennet winning by 3,00 votes.

AMATEUR POLICEMAN, "PRACTISING," LANDED IN JAIL BY "PRISONER"

Bleacher Plays Sleuth on Margulies, Who Objects and Calls a Real Cop.

During the twenty-three years it took James Bleacher of No. 11 Allen Street to become a six-foot motorman he never wavered in his ambition to be a policeman and trail the malefactor to his lair. He remembered the old copy book adage, "Practice makes perfect," and recently began "practising" for a policeman's work, with trailing suspects as a specialty.

At 2 A. M. to-day Herman Margulies and his wife, Sarah, of No. 48 Market Street, stopped in Chinatown for chop suey on their way home from a reception. Bleacher noticed them leaving a restaurant and decided to find out how good a policeman he might be, if he passed the examinations. He followed them. As they entered the hallway of their home, he overtook them and, according to Margulies, began asking impertinent questions, which Margulies resented.

"Shut up or I'll lock you up!" he says Bleacher yelled.

"You will, will you?" retorted Margulies, as he began blowing a police whistle.

Bleacher took to his heels. A block away, he was caught by a real cop, Policeman Petit, of the Madison Street Station.

"So you wanted to be a policeman?" asked Lieut. Summers at the station.

"Yes," replied the prisoner, "but I was only just practising. I didn't mean any harm. I guess I'm one big boob." He was locked up on a charge of impersonating an officer.

Magistrate Ten Eyck in the Tombs Court brushed aside Bleacher's plea for clemency and sent him to the workhouse for ten days.

Two Americans Are Named on Canada's Casualty List.

OTTAWA, Oct. 16.—Harry Archibald Lattrie of Mansfield, Mass., is mentioned as having died of wounds, and Avery Coughlin of Winconsin is given as wounded in last night's casualty list of the Canadian contingent issued by the Militia Department here.

MANY MEET DEATH AS CROWDED TRAIN DASHES INTO CREEK

Reports of Number Killed in Union Pacific Crash Run From 15 to 60.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 16.—At least fifteen persons were killed and many injured to-day when Motor Train No. 59 on the Union Pacific Railroad plunged down an embankment near Randolph, Kan. A washout caused the accident. One of the cars on the train was submerged in Fancy Creek, a local stream, and most of the dead were drowned.

This information came to the Union Pacific offices in Kansas City to-day. The train, which carried two cars, left Manhattan early this morning from Marysville. It carried about seventy-five passengers. A three-inch rain fell in the vicinity yesterday. The accident occurred near the approach to the bridge over Fancy Creek, where the track had been washed away. Both cars plunged down the high embankment, the first car burying itself deep in the stream below.

Railroad officials said the train usually carried many travelling men. To-day it had as passengers when it left Manhattan a delegation of young women school teachers en route to the Riley County teacher's convention, which was to have opened at Randolph to-day. The accident occurred at 7.30 A. M.

Dr. ouis Atwood, a Topeka physician, was among those killed.

DES MOINES, Ia., Oct. 16.—Reports received by Union Pacific officials here said that one car on the Union Pacific motor train which was wrecked near Randolph, Kan., early to-day contained seventy-two passengers, sixty of whom were drowned when the car went through a bridge.

$400,000 IS ASKED FOR WIDOWS' PENSIONS

Applications From 3,166 with 8,865 Children, Says Board of Child Welfare in Submitting Estimate.

The Board of Child eWlare, through its President, Wm. H. Matthews, today asked the sub-budget committee of the Board of Estimate for $441,280 to conduct its business during the year 1916. Of this sum $400,000 is asked for the granting of widows' pensions exclusively. The $41,280 is for administrative purposes.

In a statement Mr. Matthews says that up to the present time the board has received aplications from 3,166 widows with 8,865 children under sixteen years of age.

"In addition to these," says the statement, "it is estimated that there are 2,000 children now in institutions, who might properly be returned to their parents, making a total of 10,865 children under sixteen.

"At $2.50 a week per child, which is the minimum amount allowed by the city for institutional care of children, this would mean $1,412,450. Not all of these, however, will be found entitled to assistance the law makes permissible."

The committee referred the request to the main budget committee, which meets next week.

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