

RELEASE TROOPERS IN 48 HOURS--U.S. TO CARRANZA

Shower Probable To-Night, Wednesday, Partly Cloudy

FINAL EDITION

The

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FIRST N. Y. TROOPS GO TO BORDER

7TH, 71ST AND 14TH AWAY, 3,500 STRONG

PERSHING WILL GET ORDERS TO GO AFTER U. S. SOLDIERS IF CARRANZA DOESN'T YIELD

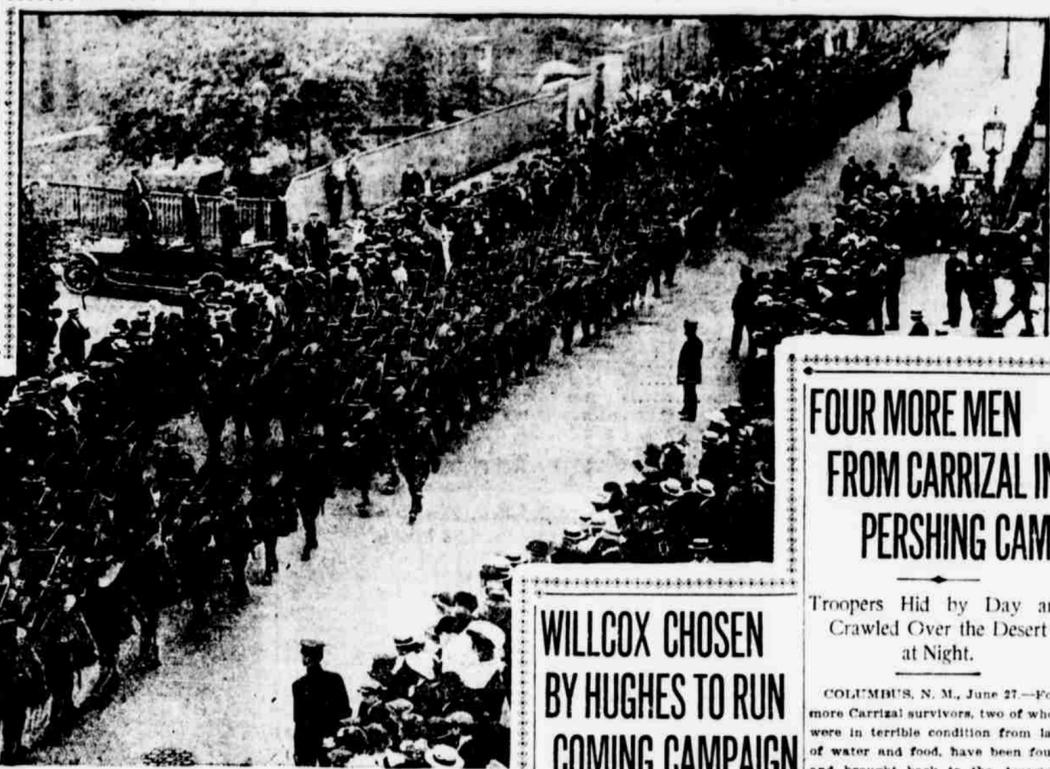
By Samuel L. Williams.

(Special Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Within forty-eight hours Carranza must reply to the demands of the United States, release the seventeen prisoners taken at Carrizal and satisfactorily state his future course of action.

If he refuses or attempts evasion, diplomacy will be superseded immediately by force. President Wilson will go before Congress, state the facts and obtain ample authority for free executive action.

THE 7TH REGIMENT ON THE WAY TO PENNSYLVANIA FERRY



LINES OF CHEERING THRONGS SEE 7TH AND 71ST IN MARCH FROM ARMORIES TO TRAINS

The 14th Leaves From Peekskill Camp—69th and 22d May Start for Border To-Morrow—47th Is Still Waiting.

ONLY DAY COACHES WERE PROVIDED FOR REGIMENTS

Through streets resounding with cheers and blazing with flags the Seventh and Seventy-first Regiments of New York's National Guard marched this morning from their armories to the trains on which they are now speeding toward Brownsville, Tex., on the Mexican boundary.

The Seventh moved at 8.30 o'clock, arriving at Jersey City at 10.25 o'clock, and pulling out at 1.10 o'clock in a three-section special train of day coaches on the Pennsylvania Railroad. The pathway of the troops through the city was strewn with flowers and lined with men and women trying to smile through their tears.

There was a prolonged scene of confusion at the Pennsylvania Terminal in Jersey City, which the regimental officers attributed to the failure of the road to provide proper equipment. This failure was denied by officials of the road.

The Seventy-first got under way at 10.45 o'clock, and after a thunderous ovation on Fifth Avenue and the cross streets traversed, they entrained at Sixtieth Street and Eleventh Avenue, and pulled out at 1.40 o'clock. Only day coaches were provided for the Seventy-first.

The Fourteenth Regiment left Peekskill on trains for Buffalo at 8.30 o'clock and will proceed westward to the border.

The troops of Greater New York now on the way to the border number 168 officers and 8,296 men.

The Twenty-second and Sixty-ninth Regiments will be entrained for the border to-morrow or next day.

The Forty-seventh Regiment of Brooklyn expected to entrain at Hoboken this afternoon, but it was announced for Major General O'Ryan that no more troops would be despatched to the border to-day.



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Within another twenty-four hours Gen. Pershing's force, doubled in number by reinforcements of regulars, will march to rescue by force the prisoners at Chihuahua.

The United States Government will repeat, in effect, to the Mexican Government the famous phrase used by Gen. Grant to Confederates parleying for time before Fort Donaldson in 1862: "I propose to move on your works at daybreak."

No intimation has come from Carranza as to his reply or his intentions. James Linn Rodgers, Special United States Agent in Mexico City, telegraphed the State Department that on Monday he had delivered the United States note into the hands of Foreign Secretary Aguilar. Nothing was said to him, nor any information given as to when a reply might be expected.

"EARLY" MEANS FORTY-EIGHT HOURS TO CARRANZA.

In the United States note, demand was made on the Carranza Government for an "early statement." The most important word in the national dictionary to-day is "early," and the definition that President Wilson gives to it. Without official announcement the intimation in highest circles is that early means "not more than forty-eight hours."

The time limit is Wednesday night, and if by Thursday morning the obstinate Carranza is still defying the United States, things will begin to happen with lightning rapidity.

Army and Navy Departments in Washington have gone on a war

CARRANZA DEFENDS RIGHT TO HOLD U. S. SOLDIERS IN NEW PLEA TO LATIN AMERICA

(Special Cable Despatch to The Evening World.)

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MEXICO CITY, June 27.—Foreign Secretary Aguilar to-day sent a second message to the Spanish-American countries, as follows:

"It looks as if the American Government, without justifiable and political reasons for declaring war upon Mexico, wish to make it inevitable by using incidents that are bringing us close to war.

"Mexico should win or succumb with dignity, but before she does she is willing to demonstrate to the other countries of the American continent that the attitude followed by the United States is that of attempting to seek a pretext for intervention."

Aguilar has given instructions to Ambassador-Designate Arredondo in Washington to act with the representatives and agents of the Latin American countries that have offered to mediate between Mexico and the United States.

Almost immediately following the delivery yesterday by James Linn Rodgers to Under Secretary Amador of the Foreign Office of the latest note of the United States to the Constitutional Government the note was laid before First Chief Carranza for his consideration.

The First Chief immediately read the note and the reply is being drafted to-day.

It is not unlikely that Mexico will assert her right to retain the Carrizal prisoners under the circumstances and take the position that her attitude on the matter in dispute already has been defined with sufficient clarity in prior communications to the United States Government.

Mexico's position in the interna-

WILCOX CHOSEN BY HUGHES TO RUN COMING CAMPAIGN

Chosen at Conference With Party Chiefs as Best Man for the Job.

William R. Wilcox, former Postmaster of New York and ex-Chairman of the Public Service Commission, was selected Chairman of the Republican National Committee this afternoon and will manage Charles E. Hughes's Presidential campaign.

The announcement was made by Mr. Hughes at the Hotel Astor after he had held a conference with members of the so-called "steering committee" of the Republican convention.

Those who conferred with Mr. Hughes were W. Murray Crane of Massachusetts, Ralph E. Williams of Oregon, Boies Penrose of Pennsylvania, Alvan H. Martin of Virginia, Charles H. Warren of Michigan, Rosed Stuart of Utah, James A. Hemenway of Indiana and John G. Adams of Iowa.

Mr. Hughes declined to discuss the appointment, but intimated that the selection of Mr. Wilcox as National Chairman was a personal one, and due to his confidence in the new Chairman.

Mr. Wilcox first came into prominence as the most likely candidate for Hughes's campaign director two weeks ago.

Others have been mentioned as possibilities and various leaders have urged "favorite sons," but Mr. Wilcox has generally been considered most likely to be the final selection.

He was the first man to call on Hughes at his hotel here when the candidate came to New York, following his nomination and resignation from the Supreme Court bench.

The new Chairman is a close personal friend of Mr. Hughes, who, when he was Governor of New York, appointed him to the Chairmanship of the State Public Utilities Commission.

Although Mr. Wilcox has been comparatively active in Republican politics, he has never figured prominently as a member of the so-called organization crowd. He has belonged to the Hughes group of Republicans in New York.

He is an attorney with offices here and is a member of the Union League and New York Yacht Clubs. He was born at Smyrna, N. Y., and is fifty-three years old.

FOUR MORE MEN FROM CARRIZAL IN PERSHING CAMP

Troopers Hid by Day and Crawled Over the Desert at Night.

COLUMBUS, N. M., June 27.—Four more Carrizal survivors, two of whom were in terrible condition from lack of water and food, have been found and brought back to the American lines.

Hiding by day and crawling over the desert at night, the men reported having forced Mexican ponies at the point of guns to furnish them water.

Carranzista cavalry scoured the country hoping to take them prisoners. An American patrol found the four survivors and immediately relieved their want for food and water.

EL PASO, Tex., June 27.—Two negro troopers, ragged and half dead from hardships, are in jail at Juarez, having been brought from Guzman, where they were captured by de facto Government troops.

They are believed to be survivors of the Carrizal engagement.

Panaton Will Have 70,000 State Troops in Ten Days.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, June 27.—Gen. Funston is expected to have 70,000 National Guardsmen at his disposal along the border within ten days. Twelve thousand are expected to be en route to points "somewhere in Texas" to-day. Nine thousand others will follow immediately. The remainder will be sent as fast as their equipment is brought up to the army standard.

The activity of Mexican troops at Naco last night was explained to-day. Information had reached headquarters here that the Mexicans had planned to sweep across the line to Babue and there raid the office and storehouse of the copper smelting concerns. The Twenty-second Infantry was rushed from Douglas to Babue.

Gen. Pershing reported to Gen. Funston that the two squadrons of the Eleventh Cavalry that had been sent toward Carrizal in search of the dispersed members of the two troops that were engaged there by Carranza's forces, have fallen back on the main line.

LAREDO, Tex., June 27.—A troop train of twenty cars, loaded with Carranza soldiers, arrived at Nuevo Laredo, opposite here, to-day. It is estimated there were 1,500 men on the train. Arrival of another troop train last night is reported.

(For Racing Results See Page 2.)

BANDIT VILLA ALIVE, RUMOR IN WASHINGTON

Mining Men Just Back at Mexican Border Heard Nothing of Him.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Private advices to State Department officials to-day are said to confirm border reports that Gen. Villa is still alive.

Authorities said information from these sources had previously proved reliable. They believe in case of war Villa will be found heading a force controlled by Carranza.

EL PASO, June 27.—Six American mining men arrived to-day from the property of the Alverado Mining and Milling Company. They heard nothing at Santa Rosalia concerning Francisco Villa, recently reported to be in that vicinity in the Carranza service.

1,500 SIOUX INDIANS OFFER TO FIGHT FOR U. S.

South Dakota Senator Told They Will Have to Wait for Call for Volunteers.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—Fifteen hundred Sioux Indians in South Dakota have offered to enlist in the military service of the United States in the Mexican emergency.

The offer came in a letter to Senator Johnson of South Dakota, who to-day notified Secretary of War Baker.

CHEERS AND FLOWERS FOR THE SEVENTH AS IT LEAVES ARMORY.

After 8 o'clock roll call the boys of the Seventh Regiment swung out of their armory at Sixty-seventh Street by the Lexington Avenue doorway and found themselves met by a volley of cheers and a shower of flowers.

With flags fluttering and the drum and bugle corps filling the air with "The Girl I Left Behind Me," they marched west to Fifth Avenue.

As the troops passed the Institution for the Improved Instruction of the Deaf and Mute, on the Lexington Avenue corner, there was a catch in many a throat at the sight of the tiny unfortunates crowded on the fire escapes and in the windows there, waving strips of bunting and little flags and expressing in their earnest faces the things they could not voice.

Keeping step with the boys as they marched in columns of fours were their mothers, wives and sweethearts, clinging to them as if grudging each minute which brought the time of parting nearer. One group which sent the tears rolling down the cheeks of the onlookers included Mrs. Mary Demane, No. 1935 Lexington Avenue, a woman of sixty-nine, who has three sons and a nephew in the Seventh. Supported by her two daughters-in-law, she tottered along with her boys all the way from the armory to the elevated station at Fifty-eighth Street.

"Be brave, mother, be brave," the