

"L" TRAIN FALLS TO STREET; 50 HURT



The



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BERNSTORFF'S SECRET AGENT EXILED; OTHER GERMAN SPIES TO BE DEPORTED

BROOKLYN 'L' TRAIN HURLED TO STREET BY COLLISION AT SWITCH; SCORES NEAR DEATH

Two Cars on Broadway Line Plunge 35 Feet From Track Near Myrtle Avenue Station—Only Five Are Seriously Hurt.

Fifty passengers had a miraculous escape from death early to-day when two cars of a Broadway elevated train plunged to the street at Myrtle and Vernon Avenues, Brooklyn. Four persons were seriously hurt and practically all the others slightly injured. The five most seriously injured are:

COOPERMAN, ABRAHAM, 20, No. 1897 Bergen Street, Bushwick Hospital.

ROSSELLO, MICHAEL, 40, No. 359 Manhattan Avenue, Bushwick Hospital.

LOMAN, CHARLES, 32, No. 35 Granite Street, Bushwick Hospital.

GOLDMAN, ISADOR, 35, No. 367 Vernon Avenue, Bushwick Hospital.

MARINO, JOSEPH, No. 2095 Atlantic Avenue, St. Catherine's Hospital.

All are suffering from cuts, bruises and possible fractures, but it is believed they will recover.

Others treated by ambulance surgeons were:

BACHTER, SAMUEL, 24, No. 1156 De Kalb Avenue.

DECKTAS, PETER, 35, No. 392 Sumpted Street.

FOLEY, JAMES, 35, No. 40 Aberdeen Street.

ISAAC, JACOB, 25, No. 1112 Bushwick Avenue.

KATZELISH, J., 54, No. 511 Sackman Street.

KUBER, FRANK, 20, No. 15 Thurman Avenue.

M'KENNA, ARTHUR, 31, No. 116 Palmetto Street.

PLATNER, MAX, 30, No. 633 Warwick Street.

RUSSELL, ALVION, 19, No. 147 Weirfield Street.

SCHILLHEIMER, HENRY, 38, policeman, attached to Inspector Boland's staff.

ROOSEVELT SHAKES FIST AT GOMPERS IN RACE RIOT TILT

Welcome to Russian Envoys Marred by Colonel's Attack on Federation Head.

Col. Roosevelt might have received an invitation to-day from Samuel Gompers to choose his weapons—were it "in days of old." But being an entirely different era, Mr. Gompers probably will resort to the more peaceful pen or typewriter to show how he feels over what has happened.

For he it known, the Colonel shook his ample fist under the Gompers nose in public and said harsh things about the President of the American Federation of Labor. Disinterested observers think only the intervention of friends spoiled what might have been an exciting fist fight.

It came as the climax of New York's welcome to the Russian War Mission at Carnegie Hall last night. The audience was large and the visitors had been impressed with the peaceful, sincere greeting they had received everywhere. They did not suspect that the "punch" was to come at the end of a perfect day. Neither did the thousands of others at the mass meeting.

The Colonel was the central feature of this meeting of welcome. Mayor Mitchell introduced him as "the foremost private citizen of our country." There were cheers for "Teddy." The Mayor added, "there are many of us who would gladly follow his leadership on the field of battle." More cheers. Somebody asked "What's the matter with Teddy?" and the crowd said "Nothing," after which the Colonel stepped forward with his manuscript.

"BONE DRY" PLAN DEFEATED; SENATE TO-DAY WILL RATIFY VOTE SPARING BEER AND WINE

Wets Win in Test on Myers Amendment by Vote of 52 to 34.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The "bone-dry" advocates have been defeated in a test vote which will be ratified to-day in the Senate. The vote was 52 to 34 against an amendment of Senator Myers, Democrat of Montana, to include beers and light wines in the Food Control Bill's prohibition against whiskey.

An important question will be settled to-day—that of preventing distilled liquors and spirits now in bond from being withdrawn for beverage purposes. A proposition to forbid the importation of distilled liquors was permanently written into the bill. Coupled with this was one to prevent liquors being withdrawn for use as beverage, which first was carried 45 to 40, but later was hung up for settlement to-day.

The Senate recessed last night after a five-hour debate, leaving the section of the Food Bill relating to the liquor question as follows:

That from and after thirty days from the date of the approval of this act, no person shall use any foods, fruits, food materials or feeds in the production of distilled liquors, except for governmental, industrial, manufacturing, scientific or medicinal purposes; nor shall there be imported into the United States during the said war any distilled spirits; no distilled liquors or spirits now in bond in the United States shall during the existing war be withdrawn to be used as a beverage.

British General Expects America To End War Soon

London, July 7.—A CONTINGENT of 103 British residents of the United States who have just arrived in Great Britain to join the British Army was reviewed by Gen. Sir Francis Lloyd on the Horse Guards parade.

"You are the first contingent to come here from America to join in the war in which the whole Anglo-Saxon race is now engaged," said Gen. Lloyd. "I am absolutely certain that the advent of America will put the final touch to the war and finish it quickly."

BANKERS AND BUSINESS MEN ACTIVE IN KAISER'S BEHALF IN N. Y. ARE TO BE INTERNED

Diplomatic Corps in Washington to Be Swept Free of Alien Suspects—Others Will Follow Schaffhausen, Attached to Swiss Embassy.

UNCENSORED WIRELESS TO SPAIN IS WATCHED

WASHINGTON, July 7.—The enforced departure from this country of Heinrich Schaffhausen, whom Count von Bernstorff had retained by the Swiss Legation when the United States severed diplomatic relations with Germany, and the internment of prominent German agents in New York, are only the first of a series of drastic moves by which the State Department hopes to purge America of alien enemies.

Schaffhausen's notice to leave is the first tangible result of five months of patient investigation by Government agents. He will sail on the Norwegian liner Christianfjord. With him will be other German who have been on Dr. Ritter's staff.

It is understood that the next step of the Government agents will be toward certain Austrian subjects who are also on the Swiss Legation staff.

DECLARE WOMEN KILLED CRIPPLED CHILD AS 'BOTHER'

Police Have Been Unable to Find Body, but Hold the Two.

ST. JOHNSBURY, Vt., July 7.—Charges will be made to-day against Miss Etta May Hicks and her neighbor, Mrs. Alvin Kenniston, who, according to confessions said to have been made to the county authorities, choked and killed eight-year-old Olive Bradshaw, a cripple from infantile paralysis, because "she was a bother." The women are now in custody.

Mystery is added to the case by the disappearance of the child's body. The sheriff has searched a rock pile where, according to one of the women, the body was placed, but without result.

The little girl was the daughter of John M. Bradshaw, a painter, whose home is in the city's outskirts. On the death of his wife, Bradshaw employed Miss Hicks as housekeeper. The authorities say Miss Hicks admits having planned with Mrs. Kenniston a week ago for the girl's death.

The father was first told that the child had wandered away. Later he became suspicious and caused the housekeeper to be questioned by the sheriff. Both women are said to have agreed that Mrs. Kuston choked the girl while Miss Hicks struck her over the head with a club.

COLONEL STARTS ROW; LACKS FACTS, SAYS GOMPERS.

But he first departed from his prepared text and denounced the recent race riots in East St. Louis, saying that before this country began to talk of liberty and justice to others it should see that everything was in order in its own house. Then he finished his prepared speech and Mr. Gompers was introduced.

The labor leader agreed with the Colonel and said he would yield to none in expressing detestation of acts of violence.

"I wish I had brought with me," he went on, "a telegram I received just this evening from the Secretary of the Federation of Labor in Illinois. It was not only the labor men in East St. Louis, but a member of the Chamber of Commerce—there as well, who warned those who were bringing the colored men from the South that they were to be brought there to undermine the white workers. Yet thousands were brought in and had not a place in which to lay their heads. The whole thing was an exercise of tyrannical power like that which existed in old Russia."

HOLLWEG TO MAKE PEACE PROPOSALS TO-DAY, IS REPORT

Germany's Staggering War Bill Now Reaches \$750,000,000 a Month.

LONDON, July 7.—According to German authorities at The Hague, Imperial Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg's speech in the Reichstag to-day will contain declarations of such a nature that they will serve as a basis for peace negotiations, the correspondent of the Central News cables.

This changed attitude, it is said, is the outcome of the conviction that all hopes of a separate peace with Russia must be abandoned, and that, instead, a Russian offensive must be met.

Another Central News despatch from The Hague says that the Chancellor's declaration will be definite, and will refer not only to Russia, but to the Entente Allies and America as well.

The Copenhagen correspondents cable that the Reichstag Socialists will make their support of the new war loan dependent upon the situation developed by the peace debate, and will refuse to vote further money for the prosecution of the war unless certain conditions are met.

"What a shocking amount of misery and distress would have been spared the world if Germany's enemies had agreed to the magnanimous peace offer of the Emperor William and his son to find a peace which would preserve the honor and interests of all nations," was the startlingly humorous remark of the President of the Reichstag in opening its session, apparently forgetting that Wilhelm's magnanimous offer consisted of peace which would have had the Allies bowing their necks to Wilhelm's iron heel.

"The war aims of Germany's enemies mean the disruption and destruction of Germany and her allies, but against this there is the usual duty to resist with every power and defend Germany's future, cost what it may."

AMERICAN TROOPS ARE GIVEN SECTION OF FIGHTING FRONT

Gen. Pershing Has Already Studied Ground and Is Prepared to Assign Regiments.

PARIS, July 7.—The training bases for the American troops in France have been established and are ready for occupancy. They include aviation, artillery, infantry and medical bases.

The part of the battle front eventually to be occupied by the American troops has been decided upon by the military authorities and approved by Major Gen. Pershing, who has thoroughly covered the ground.

The location is a military secret, and no actual time has been specified for American participation on the fighting front.

The battalion of United States soldiers that took part in the Independence Day celebration in Paris has begun training at its permanent camp.

Major Raynal Holling of the American Aircraft Production Board of the Council of National Defense, who was sent abroad to study aircraft production and uses, as one of the members of an aircraft commission, arrived in Paris to-day. Before coming to France he spent some time in England.

FRENCH SUBMARINE TORPEDOED BY U BOAT

All the Officers and Part of the Crew Perish as Ariane Goes Down.

PARIS, July 7.—The submarine Ariane was torpedoed and sunk by a German U boat in the Mediterranean June 19, according to an official announcement of the Ministry of Marine.

All of the officers and part of the crew perished. Nine men were saved.

The normal complement of the Ariane before the war was twenty-seven.

BERNSTORFF'S CONFIDENTIAL AID PERMITTED TO REMAIN.

When Bernstorff was sent home he caused Schaffhausen to be retained by Dr. Ritter, the Swiss Minister, who has since been recalled because this Government looked upon him as being extremely pro-German. Schaffhausen was supposed to be so familiar with the routine affairs of the German Embassy that he would be of great assistance to the Swiss Minister, to whom the embassy's affairs were turned over.

Recent developments have satisfied the Administration that military necessity should not be tempered by diplomatic delicacies.

The Swiss Legation has the privilege of using cable codes, in normal times an employee like Schaffhausen probably would not have access to code book in a legation, but the fact remains that this Government fears that his presence might place him in a position to assist Germany by sending messages to Switzerland for transmission to Berlin.

SOLDIERS IN MOSCOW GET \$2,500 FROM ROOT

Head of American Mission to Russia Formally Thanked by Mayor of City.

PETROGRAD, July 7.—Elihu Root, head of the American mission to Russia, has given \$2,500 to the soldiers of Moscow. He was formally thanked for the gift by the Mayor.

Charles R. Crane and John R. Mott of the mission attended the election held at Moscow at which Archbishop Tikhon, formerly stationed in the United States, was named Metropolitan of Moscow by popular vote. The Metropolitan formerly was appointed by the Emperor.

DR. HOUGHTON IN PERIL IN BROADWAY RUNAWAY

Jumps From His Carriage in Time and Heroic Policeman Stops Infuriated Horse.

Police Commissioner Woods probably will be asked to-day by the Rev. Dr. George Clarke Houghton, rector of the Church of the Transfiguration, known as the "Little Church Around the Corner," to commend Policeman Ezra Teaser for stopping the clergyman's runaway horse yesterday after Dr. Houghton's life had been imperiled in Thirty-fourth Street, just west of Broadway.

Dr. Houghton jumped from the carriage when the horse became unmanageable, escaping injury.

The horse became frightened at the roar of elevated trains, reared and bolted. Policeman Teaser seized the animal's bridle and dragged more than twenty feet. The frightened horse sank his teeth in Teaser's arm, inflicting a deep wound.

KAISER REACHES VIENNA.

Empress With Him on Visit to Austrian Emperor.

VIENNA, July 7.—A despatch from Vienna says the German Emperor and Empress arrived in the Austrian capital yesterday morning. They were met at the station by Emperor Charles and Empress Zita.

"Partridge" personally endorsed by Man... (unreadable)

100,000,000 More Is Loaned to the French.

WASHINGTON, July 7.—An additional war loan of 100,000,000 was made to France yesterday, bringing the total of credits to that country to \$319,000,000 and the grand total of American loans to the Allies to \$1,302,000,000.

SUSPECT FREQUENT MESSAGES THAT ARE GOING TO SPAIN.

Reports that the State Department is disturbed because of the presence in Washington of the Turkish and Bulgarian diplomatic staffs are not credited here.

It is believed here that the information being sent to Germany is reaching Berlin because of the faulty system of censorship covering outgoing messages. The State, War and Navy Departments are now working on a scheme to perfect this censorship system, and they have invited the Allied Governments to assist.

It is believed that before another week has passed this outgoing censorship will be so tight that it cannot be punctured by German agents. Communication to Spain will probably be first investigated. The Government knows that there are many wireless plants in Spain, and the Germans there undoubtedly are com-

(Continued on Second Page.)