ZIMMERMANN SCOLDS MICHAELIS FOR CABINET CHANGES

[illegible]

It is announced by the authorities of Bellevue that the charge of quarrelsome [illegible] against Mrs. De Saulles will be made the basis for asserting an outlawry objection by the De Saulles family to have the child given to her mother in a suit. Mr. Uterhart is convinced that she is now the only legal guardian of her child, and as under the law she is innocent until proved guilty, he says he believes any court would sign an order compelling those who have the boy in charge to let him visit his mother.

Until Mr. Uterhart is satisfied, however, that the emotional scene of having the child in her arms again will do the mother more good than harm he will not state what his plans are as to carrying out her desires.

Meanwhile the whereabouts of "Jack" are known only to the members of the De Saulles family and those of their relatives, the Heckshers. He is reported to be at any one of their country places or at the home of Lyttleton Fox, lawyer for his father.

WILL OPPOSE EFFORT TO HAVE HER REMOVED.

District Attorney Charles S. Weeks will oppose with all his resources, he said to-day, any effort to have Mrs. De Saulles admitted to bail or to remove her from the jail.

"In the first place, I look with suspicion on the reports of the desperate nature of her illness," he said. "If an application is made for bail or a transfer to a hospital I shall have her examined by my own physicians. Dr. Cleghorn may be in the County service, but I am not bound by any statement he may have made. The report that Mrs. De Saulles comes of a family of great wealth and culture does not affect her standing here. It does not mean that the treatment accorded her is to be the least different from that of De Mascus, who, penniless, is lying in the jail charged with a similar crime."

Mr. Weeks, after saying his detectives were working on lines certain to be helpful to the State's case and denouncing "lawyers who try their cases in the newspapers and carry on newspaper campaigns," went to New York City.

"In the event of Mrs. de Saulles's acquittal what would you do regarding her future possession of little Jack?" Mr. Uterhart was asked.

"It is a certainty that Bianca de Saulles will be acquitted," Mr. Uterhart replied, "and then she alone will have a right to that boy. Once out of this trouble none can keep that boy away from her arms."

As so black a picture of de Saulles had been painted by his widow, it was expected that his family would retort at length in his defense.

FATHER DEFENDS NAME OF SLAIN SON.

But the only statement that came from the de Saulles family was written by Major de Saulles and given out by G. M. Hecksher. It read:

"It is a matter of great grief to me that Mrs. de Saulles, having taken the life of my son, now chooses to heap calumnies upon him. Those calumnies will do no permanent harm, for the whole truth is certain eventually to come out. I know my son as he was and as few fathers can. Thank God, others know him as I did and hold his memory green and clean in their hearts.

"His faults he had in common with many other good men, but very few could justly claim to equal him in his splendor and his fineness. Jack was a man, every inch of him. The tragedy of his going has broken my heart. I deeply resent the campaign of unjust attack that seems planned.

"ARTHUR B. DE SAULLES."

In commenting on a rumor which came from friends of the De Saulles family to the effect that the agreement for the divided custody of little Jack de Saulles was reached after a threat of a cross suit by De Saulles, bringing in the name of a dancer who was a witness against De Saulles in the divorce suit, Mr. Uterhart said:

"It would not surprise me to learn that Jack De Saulles would use such a trick against a defenseless girl wife with no family to advise her."

The body of John De Saulles was brought to this city to-day and taken to his bachelor apartment at No. 2 West Fifty-seventh Street, where it was viewed by a number of his friends, including many of his Yale Club companions. The funeral will be held from the apartment to-morrow morning and will be private. Charles De Saulles, a brother, is on his way from Denver and will arrive in this city this afternoon.

Though the caretaker in the apartment said he had sent scores of floral memorials back to the florists, where they could be kept without wilting until the body arrived, the walls were lined early to-day with sheaves and banks of blossoms which he had not been able to send back.

In Courtesy Chili Will Use Its Good Offices for Her.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Don Gustavo Munizaga-Varela, Counsellor of the Chilian Embassy, will present to-day to the State Department, it is expected, a request from the Foreign Office at Valparaiso that Mrs. de Saulles receive every opportunity to prove she is innocent. The communication will merely be a courtesy to her. Mrs. de Saulles became an American citizen by marrying and therefore has no extra-territorial rights which the Chilian Government would have the duty of protecting.

Mother, Sister and Brother of Mrs. De Saulles Coming.

VALPARAISO, Chili, Aug. 7.—Mrs. Bianca Vergara-Errazuris, mother of Mrs. John L. de Saulles, will leave here to-morrow for New York, accompanied by her other daughter and her son. She was shocked almost to prostration by news of the killing but will undertake the long trip to be with the prisoner.

It is the intention of the mother to lease a place near Mineola and remain as close as possible to Mrs. de Saulles until the trial.

MISS RANKIN ASKS THAT GOVERNMENT RUN MINES IN WEST

During Her First Set Speech a Commotion Is Raised Over Acts of the I. W. W.'s.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—A joint resolution authorizing the President to take over and operate metalliferous mines was introduced into the House to-day by Miss Jeannette Rankin.

The resolution applies particularly to copper mines in Arizona and Montana.

"These mines are not operating to capacity, as demanded by the war," said Miss Rankin, "because the mine owners and their workers cannot agree."

Declaring that lawlessness reigns in that district, that there are wholesale deportations of workers from parts of Arizona and lynching by masked men have cropped up, Miss Rankin reviewed the situation.

She said that the Department of Labor and other Government agents had failed to cope with the situation.

She said the "roaming card" system had encouraged organizations of men and was responsible for much of the trouble. She declared that John D. Ryan of New York, President of the Amalgamated Copper Company, could settle the conditions if he but said the word.

As she charged the mine owners with holding up prices and blacklisting employees cries of "What about the I. W. W.'s?" came from all parts of the House.

Miss Rankin replied: "There is not much of that out there." Johnson jumped up and shouted:

"The I. W. W.'s murdered the Governor of Idaho! They threatened the life of Utah's Governor. They otherwise conduct themselves lawlessly in that region. They claim no allegiance to the Government of the United States. So why should they squeal if one of their members is hanged to a bridge beam out there?"

It was Miss Rankin's first set speech since coming to Congress. She said she had hoped to make her maiden effort in behalf of suffrage as a war measure, but finally decided the mine situation was even more pressing.

Suffrage must come, she said.

Seizure of All Coal Mines by the Government Is Advocated.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Seizure of all coal mines in Illinois and operation by the State was recommended in the law and legislative committee's report adopted by the Illinois State Council of Defense this afternoon.

Confiscation of the mines—for the period of the war only—could be accomplished under an old law, making such action legal in emergencies, the committee pointed.

The Council also decided to call a conference of the representatives of the State Councils of fifteen states "interested in taking joint action on coal prices" for Aug. 16.

KERENSKY COMPLETES HIS SECOND CABINET

Several Changes in the List of Portfolios Made Public Yesterday.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 7.—Premier Kerensky has completed the formation of his new cabinet. The official announcement of its composition contains several changes in the list of portfolios made public yesterday, as follows:

Lieut. Lebedoeff is made acting Minister of Marine, a post held up to the present by Premier and Minister of War Kerensky.

M. Bernatzky is appointed acting Minister of Finance, a portfolio that had been assumed by M. Nekrasoff in addition to the vice Premiership.

M. Yefremoff, Minister of Justice, is transferred to the Ministry of Public Aid, replacing M. Astroff, the Mayor of Moscow.

Professor Kokoshkine, a leader of the Constitutional Democrats, is appointed State Comptroller, a position which had been given to F. A. Golovine.

M. Youreneff is named Minister of Public Works.

M. Yaroundy takes the office of Minister of Justice, vacated by M. Yefremoff.

M. Takhtamisheff, the Minister of Communications, is not mentioned in the new official list.

RUSSIAN WOMEN TROOPS WEAR CLOTHS ON FEET

Regard Them as Better Than Socks or Even Silk Stockings.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 7.—The Russian women's "Legion of Death" is not a "silk stocking" organization. It is not even a "sock" fighting unit. Instead of stockings or socks most of the women wear "foot cloths." These are the latest idea in foot covering both in Germany and Russia.

The foot cloths are wrapped about the feet, and are regarded as better than socks, as they can be wrapped differently each time, thus distributing the wear. The "foot cloth" is of cotton, about eighteen inches square. Extra large boots are worn with them.

CHICAGO WHEAT AND CORN MARKET

WHEAT

Monday close		Open	High	Low	Close	Net chge
228	Sept	225	225¾	224½	225¾	+ ¾
			CORN			
114⅝	Dec	114⅝	117⅛	114⅝	116⅝	+ ⅛
113⅝	May	113⅞	114⅝	112⅞	113⅝	+ ⅛

AUSTRIANS LOSE 3 SUBMARINES IN ITALIAN AIR RAID

Report Reaches Washington From Rome—D'Annunzio in an Earlier Attack.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Three Austrian submarines were destroyed Sunday night when Italian aviators bombed ship yards from Trieste to Istria, it is stated.

The attack, New 125 miles north, was made by 19 planes, which, they declared, many bombs and shrapnel.

ROME, Aug. 7.—The air raid at Pola, the Austrian naval base, on Friday night, began at 11 o'clock and ended about one hour later. Early machine gun and rifle bombs and six grenades. The squadrons carried out the raid, which comprised a flight of 500 kilometres, 100 of which were over enemy territory, without the loss of a single machine. Thousands, the poet, were aboard one of the larger planes piloted by Capt. Ginori.

In addition to bombing the arsenal, a seaplane depot and a seaplane station were set afire and burned like paper. The Italian aviators, keeping at an average height of 2,500 to 3,000 yards, were able to judge of the extent of the destruction by the enormous sheets of flame and columns of smoke which shot up to a height of 500 yards.

The Austrians were unable to extinguish any fires started by the bombs, but they kept up a furious fire with their anti-aircraft guns and thirty of their most powerful searchlights threw a dazzling light over the space where the Italians were flying. Notwithstanding the latter cruised over the city for nearly five hours and escaped unhurt and victorious.

$10,000,000 FUND TO AMUSE SOLDIERS

Knights of Columbus, in Session To-Day, Propose to Raise That Amount in the Order.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—Creation of a war fund of $10,000,000 for recreation centres, foreign intelligence bureaus and auditoriums for the new National Army, is planned by the Knights of Columbus Supreme Board, in session here to-day.

The fund will be used to provide comfort for all Sammies regardless of creed or color, it was announced.

DUTCH SOLDIERS WING BIG GERMAN SEAPLANE

It Came From the North Sea and Was Short of Fuel—Airmen Are Interned.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A Rotterdam despatch to the Daily Mail dated Monday reads:

"A large German seaplane was shot down on Texel Island by the Dutch to-day. It came from the North Sea and was short of petrol. The occupants have been interned."

HOLLAND WILL KEEP OUT OF THE WAR IF POSSIBLE

Will Not Take Sides, Knowing the Fate of Small Nations That Entered the Fight.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Pressure of the food embargo will never drive Holland to war, Chevalier Van Rappard, the Holland minister said to-day.

"Holland knows too well the fate of small nations that enter this war. She has stood three years of privation's and certainly will not take sides in the fight now," said the minister.

ARMY BARS MAJOR SPENCER.

Former Lieut. Colonel of Fifteenth Infantry Fails to Pass.

Announcement was made this afternoon that Major Lenhard Spencer, former military secretary to Gov. Whitman and recently Lieutenant Colonel of the Fifteenth Infantry (colored), has been rejected by the examining board of army officers which tried out his qualifications to act as Major in the Fifteenth.

Major Spencer retired in the Governor's military staff to become Lieut. Col. of the Fifteenth under Col. William Hayward. He has done good work in organizing and training the Fifteenth and Col. Hayward wanted him as a major in that organization. Whether Major Spencer failed because of physical disability or insufficient tactical knowledge has not been disclosed. He remains commander of the Boy Scouts of America.

SARATOGA WINNERS.

FIRST RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, selling; purse $537.98; seven furlongs. Master Meinrath, 107 (Lykes), 9 to 1, 3 to 1 and 5 to 2, first; Buck Shot, 120 (Byrne), 10 to 1, 4 to 1 and 3 to 1, second; Sam McMeekin, 115 (Butwell), 5 to 1, 2 to 1 and even, third. Time, 1.37. Ambrose Blue, Thistle, Onwa, Stellarina, Manneken, Mary Powell, Othello, The Trader, Meditation, Spring Song and Jean McNeil also ran.

SECOND RACE—Steeplechase for four-year-olds and upward, with $600 added; about two miles. Charlotte, 151 (Smoot), 7 to 2, 7 to 5 and 1 to 5, first; Torero, 147 (Kennedy), 4 to 5, 5 to 2 and 6 to 5, second; Sworps, 145 (Stretch), 8 to 1, 3 to 1 and 4 to 5, third. Time, 4.22. Welshman, Man Slayer and Westmeath also ran.

Kingdon Gould, Recently Wed, Claims Exemption From Draft

(C) INT. FILM SERV.

Kingdon Gould, son of George Gould, who appeared before the Army Draft Board at Toms River, N. J., passed the physical examination and then claimed exemption on the grounds of a dependent wife, is shown in this photograph waiting his turn before the examining board, along with the other men. Mr. Gould is at the left. After being passed as physically fit the young man hot-footed it to the office of Sheriff Brown in the Court House.

"An exemption blank," he demanded of the clerk behind the desk.

It took the young man only a few minutes to fill out this blank and file it. In it he set forth that his name was Kingdon Gould of Lakewood, N. J., and that he was the eldest son of George J. Gould.

He claimed exemption under Class II, which reads: "A person having dependents upon his labor for support," and also under Sub-Class 1: "A married man with a wife or child depending upon him for support."

Kingdon Gould was married on July 2 to Miss Annunziata Camilla Maria Lucci, an artist.

PRAISE FOR KAISER IN CHICAGO SCHOOL BOOKS MUST STAY

Described as "Greatest Murderer of Any Time," but Poem in His Honor Remains.

CHICAGO, Aug. 7.—The motion of Anthony Czarnecki, to tear out of 120,000 public school spelling books a page entitled "The Kaiser in the Making," was defeated, 7 to 3, at a meeting of the School Board here to-day.

By a similar vote Mr. Czarnecki's motion "to report elsewhere" the names of parents who refused to let their children eliminate the page with its complimentary reference to the German Emperor, was lost. By "elsewhere" Mr. Czarnecki referred to the Federal authorities.

The Board granted a request of Superintendent of Schools Shoop to eliminate forty pages, including the offending page, from 70,000 spellers still in the hands of the Board.

Mrs. Emily Snodgrass, a Trustee, opposed Mr. Czarnecki in a speech in which she said she thought such action would offend German-Americans of Chicago.

Hisses came from the galleries at this.

Mr. Czarnecki, in a hot reply, referred to the German Emperor as the greatest murderer of any time.

SARATOGA ENTRIES.

SARATOGA RACE TRACK, N. Y., Aug. 7.—The entries for to-morrow's races are as follows:

FIRST RACE—For maidens, three-year-olds and upward, six furlongs. Horse Sweet House, 115, Ara, 110, Dixie, 110, Ethel, 110, Wanna Bet, 108, Ethel's Pet, 108, The Nestor, 110, Monsoon, 115, Bar of Beauty, 110, Clara Edwin, 115, Fair Maid, 110, Social Queen, 110, Mister Rabbit, 115, Nathalie, 110, Sunburn, Beer Jug, 115, Chemack, 115, Moskowa, 115, Fugant, 115, Max Meadows, 115, Herman Imp., 110, Ben Imp., 115.

SECOND RACE—Steeplechase, selling, for four-year-olds and upward, about two miles. *Keeper, 150, Radiger, 140, *Lock Kara, 141, Sister, 20, 150, Hot Foot, 145, *Arrangiera, 141, Knock, 145, Bell Bar, 145.

THIRD RACE—For three-year-olds and upward, selling, one mile. Flag King, 118, *First Flat, 108, *Russian Sapphire, 106, *Cook, 118, Mother Machree, 99, Dan, 108, Dunmore, 108, *Vinnie, 105, Amulet, 118, *Young Fancy, 100, *Rosemary, 100, Hadrian, 108, *Thorwill, 113, Fashion, 110, *Sammy, 110, Deer Kate, 110, *Calm Hour, 105, *Neckcloth, 113.

FOURTH RACE—For fillies, three-year-olds and upward, selling, one mile. Sweet Lady, 124, Mother Jerry, 114, Star Man, 114, Fairy Wand, 114, Queen of the Water, 114, Wedlet, 124, Bella Donna, 114, J. T., 114, Geraldine W., 112, Golden Rod, 114, Jubilance, 124.

FIFTH RACE—Handicap, three-year-olds and upward, one mile. Hank King, 126, Sandstone, 122, Imp. the Hunter, 105, Whitehall, 118, Hadrian, 108, Elan, 106, Big Stake, 119, Chief, 107, 117, Doctor Jim, 100, Bally, 102, Dandy Chris, 109, Vicomont, 102, Hedium, 107.

SIXTH RACE—Two-year-olds, maidens, fillies and geldings, five furlongs. Hot Shot, 105, Hug, 105, 122, Atlanta, 111, Nanda (mdn), 105, Amoret, 114, Chapelet, 105, Schadel, 108, Perfine Our, 114, Plan, 108, Dagoma, 111, Salmeka, 111, Tactic, 111.

*Apprentice allowance claimed. **Ten pounds claimed. Weather clear. Track fast.

NEW YORK COTTON EXCHANGE.

	Open	High	Low	Close
August	27.40	27.70	27.40	27.70
October	26.75	26.80	26.60	26.67
December	25.75	26.21	25.64	25.66
January	25.48	26.20	25.62	25.70
March	25.85	26.40	25.77	25.83
May	26.18	26.62	25.94	25.96

Market closed irregular up 50 to off 7 points.

FOUND SHOT DEAD AS WOMAN PHONES INQUIRY FOR HIM

(Continued from First Page.)

York as a member of a western team of three-cushion billiard experts on a tour of eastern cities.

He was the donor of a valuable billiard trophy which has been competed for by billiard experts all over the United States.

SECOND WIFE HINTED OF A DIVORCE.

Several hours after the suicide, the Coroner found a letter to Lambert from his absent wife. It was written from Hinesburg, Vt., and dated July 27, 1917. The letter, written in a friendly spirit, indicates that divorce proceedings between the Lamberts was contemplated.

Mrs. Lambert discussed at length her future place of residence.

"Regarding this," the letter said, "I told you frankly that I would not locate in New England, and you surely know the laws of New ork. You must know I should not select the same city that your first wife did for a home. I remember telling you that I was considering Chicago."

The letter ends: "Perhaps if you took more time before considering another marriage you might be less apt to make a grave mistake."

Another letter with the signature torn off was found by the Coroner. It was in a woman's handwriting and carried the sentence: "As long as a man is infatuated with a woman he does not fear the eye of the multitude nor the tongue of gossip nor anything that is in heaven or earth, save that he may get her."

LET CITY BUY AND SELL, IS FOOD PLEA AT ALBANY

Dairymen Urge State Distributing Plants—Mrs. Wentworth Favors Maximum Profits.

ALBANY, Aug. 7.—The War Committees of the Legislature gave a hearing to-day on the food control bill. John D. Miller, of the Dairymen's League, said the dairymen believed there should be no legislation on the subject at the extra session. The State should see how the proposed Federal law worked out.

It was suggested that the appropriation, $1,000,000, be materially reduced and that a definite time for the suspension of the law at the close of the war be fixed. Mr. Miller favored State distributing plants in cities. He believed they would reduce prices.

Mrs. J. Wells Wentworth, Chairman of the Food Committee of the Nineteenth Assembly District Woman's Suffrage party, New York, said the city food commissioners should have power to buy and sell food in cases of emergency. Mrs. Wentworth asked that the State co-operate with cities in enlarging and improving terminal markets. She favored the fixing of a maximum percentage of profit.

Motor Trouble Ties Up Subway.

A southbound express train was stalled this morning shortly before 9 o'clock, at Seventy-ninth Street, tieing up the subway for five minutes. Electrical trouble with the first car was given as the cause and the same thing occurred to the same train again at Thirty-third Street, creating a tieup of eight minutes. The entire system was congested in consequence.

GERMAN CABINET IS ALREADY UNDER FIRE OF THE PRESS

Berlin Wonders Whether Von Kuehlmann or Helfferich Will Dictate Foreign Policies.

COPENHAGEN, Aug. 7.—Will Dr. von Kuehlmann or Dr. Karl Helfferich, Vice Chancellor, be the real director of foreign policies under the administration of Dr. Michaelis, the Imperial German Chancellor?

This is the political problem of the hour in connection with the shake-up of cabinets in Germany. It is known the versatile Dr. Helfferich desires to have a hand in steering Germany's new course in world politics after the war and it is rumored that the new Chancellor, unadjusted as he is with international affairs, desires to retain Helfferich as his special adviser and mouthpiece, particularly for this field.

In fact one of the avowed reasons for Dr. Helfferich's retention, despite his present unpopularity in the Reichstag, was that his services are indispensable in peace negotiations. The Berlin Tageblatt, the Lokal Anzeiger and the Vossische Zeitung all refer to the possibility of a conflict, as Dr. von Kuehlmann, it is understood, is disinclined to permit himself to be relegated to a subordinate place.

A second feature of the shake-up is the consideration shown the Catholic Centre Party, whose demand for representation in the Imperial and Prussian Cabinets for the Roman Catholic population was recognized by the appointment of three Roman Catholics—Spahn, Waldraff and Kuehlmann. With a revocation of the Anti-Jesuit and Polish expropriation laws, also part of the Centrist programme, that party is considered to have done very well as a result of the Parliamentary crisis.

While the Radical and Socialist press is dissatisfied at the absence of any marked concession to parliamentarism in the new Cabinets and at the failure to consult the Reichstag on the appointments, newspapers of the opposite camp are aggrieved at the shelving of Dr. Beseler, Prussian Minister of Justice; Count Loebell, Prussian Minister of Interior, and Baron von Schorlemer, Prussian Minister of Agriculture, and other stand-patters on Prussian franchse reform.

The Tages Zeitung shows its dissatisfaction in a short, cool non-committal paragraph of greeting to the new administration and by giving far more space to sketches of the departing statesmen than biographies of the new appointees.

Herr Zimmermann, ex-Foreign Secretary, in an article in the Lokal Anzeiger, scolds Dr. Michaelis for jettisoning those tried and trusty officials in favor of political novices of untried worth.

The Vossische Zeitung severely criticises the appointments of Dr. Helfferich and Dr. von Kuehlmann on the ground that both favor the rapprochement of England and not of Russia as a basis of post bellum policy. It says Dr. Helfferich was Dr. von Bethmann Hollweg's evil genius in foreign affairs, who first delayed unrestricted submarining by getting out statistics and then descredited it by impossible predictions.

Theodor Wolff, editor of the Tageblatt, scoffs at all the appointments except that of Dr. von Kuehlmann, whom he advises to use his elbows vigorously to gain room to run his own department and prevent intrusion by Dr. Helfferich.

The Lokal Anzeiger also advises a firm hand policy and holds out as an enticement the glittering opportunity of leading the premier military power of the world to that just and permanent peace which will be as great a victory for Germany on the diplomatic field as that of Hindenburg on the field of war. The Anzeiger's adoption of the phrase "peace by understanding" does not imply any change of heart in the paper, which is committed absolutely to a powerful pan-German peace.

Army Unshaken On Enemy's Soil, Says Hindenburg

BERLIN, Aug. 7.—Field Marshal von Hindenburg in a telegram to the German Chancellor on the occasion of the fourth anniversary of the commencement of the war, says:

"Firmly consolidated in the interior and unshaken on all the fronts, Germany braves the exasperating thrusts of her ancient and her new enemies.

"The German Army is fighting far in the enemies' country and is marching with unbroken strength to new successes. It enters the fourth year of the war supported by confidence as firm as a rock that our home spirit and united perseverance will remain alive, which is a guarantee of victory and of an honorable peace to our nation."

Dutch Compare German Professions With War Practices

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 7.—Dutch newspapers print in a parallel column, with an account of the murder of the crew of the British steamship Belgian Prince, to which thirty-eight men were drowned, a Berlin telegram giving the following extract from a pastoral letter read in all the Protestant churches of Berlin last Sunday:

"We will comfort ourselves as Christians toward our enemies and conduct the war in the future as in the past with humanity and chivalry."

The pastoral letter was read at a service which Emperor William and the German Empress attended at the cathedral. It exhorts the people to humanity and recognizes the hand of God in the protection from invasion which the Fatherland has enjoyed.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Will set types from previous issue.

[illegible]

Total sales, 427,600 shares.

ITEMS FOR INVESTORS.

Missouri Pacific reports estimated gross earnings for July $6,741,000, increase $770,000.

Miami Copper Company production for July amounted to 5,349,000 pounds of copper, and it is stated that no further production has been made. Mediation proceedings to settle the labor troubles gives foundation to belief that work may be resumed at the Globe mine during the current week, but at present it is impossible to state when operations will be resumed at the Miami and Inspiration mines.

Studebaker Motor Corporation, according to a private despatch, have declared a dividend at rate of 4 per cent. a year reducing stock from a 10 per cent. basis.

Kennecott Copper Company July production was 9,630,000 pounds, increase of 3,800,000 pounds over June.

American Cotton Oil Company—Regular quarterly dividend of 1 per cent. on common stock, payable Sept. 1 to stock of record Aug. 15.

Willys - Overland Co. — Official figures give sales of automobiles for July, 12,049, against 9,501 cars same month year ago.

Studebaker dividends, payable September 1, to stock record August 20.

Silver bullion is quoted at 81⅝ cents per ounce up 1.

Great Northern Ry.—July gross earnings increased $469,765. Seven months' gross increased $4,597,253.

PRESIDENT TAKES HAND IN PLANS TO REGULATE PRICES

Confers With Trade Board and Department of Justice on the Subject.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—President Wilson took a hand to-day in the Government's plans for regulation of prices and conferred with officials who have the work in charge. First he went to the Federal Trade Commission and then to the Department of Justice. Both departments are working on keeping prices on materials for the Government's war needs down to a reasonable basis.

The President passed half an hour with the Trade Commission, inquiring particularly as to the investigation of the cost of producing coal, steel and lumber. After he left the Commission issued a brief statement concerning the conference, which said:

"The President was here to-day to confer with the Trade Commission as to the progress being made in its cost determining work now being conducted at his request.

"To find a basis for prices to be paid to the Government for war materials, the Commission is investigating production costs of coal, coke, steel, iron, petroleum, tin, aluminum, wire, zinc, copper lead, cement and lumber. The copper investigation is about complete and a report will go to the President within the next two weeks. The next article on which cost estimates will be furnished is coal, and the Commission hopes to have definite data within a month."

The Commission has found the steel costs slow work. Hardly a steel mill in the country, it is said, manufactures steel at anything approximating the same cost.

The Trade Commission probably will make no recommendations as to a price fixing policy but its members foresee a difficult task if the Government tries to pay each producer for his output on a cost plus percentage profit basis. In the coal industry a plan has been suggested whereby a flat price will be paid, the system amounting to a virtual pool in which producers would sell to each other to make up deficiencies in supplies and to arrange an average of cost.

U BOAT UNDER GUARD.

Dutch Torpedo Boats Accompany the German Craft.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 7.—The German submarine U 30, accompanied by two Dutch torpedoboats, to-day entered the waterway of the Netherlands fishing town of Maassluis, ten miles west of Rotterdam, according to a despatch to the Handelsblad.

It is understood that the U boat merely is awaiting better weather.

Held for Stabbing Sailor.

Alfred Caruso of No. 186 Hester Street, Manhattan, is under arrest charged with felonious assault after being identified by Edward Carlson, a sailor, as one of the men who stabbed him at Union Street and Hamilton Ferry, Brooklyn. Detectives Brennan and Graettano found Carlson lying in the street bleeding from several knife wounds.

"MOTHER SAYS POST TOASTIES ARE GOOD FOR ME—AND I SURE LIKE 'EM"
Bobby

DIED.

HUDSON.—Mrs. CHARLES HUDSON. Services at THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 1970 Broadway (Campbell's). Time later.

CANDY
PENNY A POUND PROFIT
Offering for Tuesday, August 7th
SPECIAL ASSORTED CHOCOLATES—A most forcible demonstration that quality is not always governed by a fabey price. This collection of Chocolate Covered Sweets will measure up to the specifications of the best 50c assortments you know elsewhere. The variety, too, is surprisingly great. POUND BOX 24c
Special for To-Morrow Wednesday, August 8th
MAPLE NUT CREAM KISSES—Can you imagine a superb blending of a most pleasing medley of tasty Nuts with the richest, smoothest Sugar Cream, Maple flavored? If you can, you have a very good idea of this sweet. POUND BOX 15c
WE ARE NOW OFFERING:
SUPERFINE CREAMERY CARAMELS—If ever a collection of sweets was appropriately named, these claim that distinction. They are made from the choicest and richest of Creamery Products, presented in 4 pleasing flavors: Strawberry, Vanilla, Chocolate and Fig. Each piece wrapped in sanitary waxed paper. POUND BOX 24c
54 BARCLAY STREET Closes 6.30 P. M.; Sat. 10 P. M.
23 CORTLANDT STREET Closes 11 P. M. Daily.
PARK ROW & NASSAU ST. Closes 12 P. M. Daily.
400 BROOME STREET Closes 1 P. M.; Sat. 10 P. M.
38 EAST 23D STREET Closes 10 P. M.; Sat. 10 P. M.
472 FULTON ST., B'KLYN. Closes 11.30 P. M.; Sat. 12 P. M.
206 BROADWAY Closed for inventory.
11 EAST 42D STREET Closes 12 P. M. Daily.
286 WEST 125TH STREET Closes 11.30 P. M.; Sat. 12 P. M.
23 WEST 34TH STREET Closes 1 P. M.; Sat. 10 P. M.
149TH ST. & 3D AVE. Closes 10 P. M.; Sat. 10 P. M.
157 MARKET ST., Newark Closes 11.30 P. M.; Sat. 12 P. M.
1289 BROADWAY, Brooklyn, Closes 11.30 P. M.; Saturday 12 P. M.
Loft New York
The specified weight includes the container.