

ROUMANIANS AND RUSSIANS WIN IN HARD-FOUGHT BATTLES

GERMANS SET FIRE TO ST. QUENTIN AND GREAT CATHEDRAL

Neighboring Villages in Flames as Invaders Again Show Fury in Destructiveness.

WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES BEFORE ST. QUENTIN, Aug. 17.—The beautiful St. Quentin Cathedral to-day is a smoking mass of ruins, a duplicate of its sister cathedral of Rheims. It is the latest victim of German destruction. (Possibly in anticipation of the above announcement, the Berlin War Office yesterday reported that the St. Quentin Cathedral had been set on fire by the French guns.)

Beyond the cathedral may be seen the smoke of numerous villages curling into the sky. The fury of German destructiveness is again asserting itself. While the burning and looting resembles that which preceded the German retreat in March, there are no indications that the enemy is preparing to evacuate the territory in this region immediately. Fire and terror is being spread in the French towns held by the enemy and now coming under the guns of troops fighting to redeem them. Recently captured German prisoners declare St. Quentin has been completely sacked. Everything of any value has been carried off.

All that could not be carried away has been destroyed. The houses of the town are filled only with smashed furniture. Even crockery was destroyed, smashed upon the floor of the houses which the Germans looted. The convent was entered and the furniture there destroyed. Clothing that was found was torn to pieces, and plates piled about haphazardly in heaps.

The St. Quentin Cathedral was seen to burst into flames suddenly Wednesday evening. All night long it burned. The light from the great pile illuminated the vast German-demolished, devastated plain before the town for a distance of fifteen miles. Early Thursday the roof of the cathedral collapsed. The great arches went crashing down into the burning debris. All combustible material in the cathedral was then gradually consumed.

As the fire died out only the roofless, gutted walls of the cathedral remained. As a background to this picture of desolation as viewed from the French lines, the smoke of villages beyond them began to rise.

Will Send Bernstorff to Constantinople. BERLIN, Aug. 17.—The appointment of Count von Bernstorff, former German Ambassador to the United States, as German Ambassador at Constantinople, is forecast.

"OUR GROCER TOLD ME"
—Bobby.
After folks taste Post Toasties they don't like common corn flakes

ROUMANIANS WIN AT MANY POINTS AIDED BY RUSSIANS

Six Hundred Prisoners Captured in the Stanc and Ditu Valleys.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—On the Dnieper front between the Dniester and Moldavia enemy attacks were everywhere repulsed except at a single point south of the Varna, where a portion of the trenches in the mountains were lost, says the official Rumanian statement under date of Tuesday just received here.

"All enemy attacks," continued the statement, "in the Stanc and Ditu Valleys were repulsed. Our infantry and cavalry delivered counterattacks on the enemy, which led in disorder. We occupied several peaks and took more than 600 prisoners. Some machine guns were captured.

"This action was facilitated by the Russians in the north, who after repulsing several attacks, took the offensive and drove back the enemy in conjunction with the Rumanians. The battle continued violently.

"South of the Maraschi the enemy attacked us day with fresh troops. There were very violent hand to hand encounters and counterattacks. A Russian regiment in a counter-attack took more than 400 prisoners. A Russian raid south of Brzesany also resulted in the capture of prisoners and some machine guns.

"The battle continues with unparalleled stubbornness on both sides of the Bereth. An artillery bombardment of varying intensity occurred on the Danube."

BERLIN, Aug. 17.—Attacks made yesterday by Russian and Rumanian forces north of Fokshani and on the lower Sereth River, on the Rumanian front, broke down under the Teuton fire, according to the official statement issued to-day by the German War Department.

Korniloff Confers With Kerensky; Forecasts Big Military Moves. PETROGRAD, Thursday, Aug. 16.—Lieut. Gen. Korniloff, the Commander in Chief, arrived here to-day and had a long conference with Premier Kerensky.

Gen. Korniloff, in an interview, said that in consequence of the energetic measures which had been taken the moral fighting capacity of the army had been considerably strengthened. He hoped for complete liberation of the Russian forces.

The general predicted operations on a vast scale on the Rumanian front and also elsewhere, especially in the north, where he indicated there was a possibility of combined land and sea actions. He expressed the opinion that another winter campaign was inevitable.

Italians Report Repulse of Austrian Patrol. ROME, Aug. 17.—Reporting military operations in the Austro-Italian theatre yesterday the Italian War Department to-day issued the following statement:

"Along the front there were the usual artillery duels and activity of enemy patrols which everywhere were repulsed by our advanced pickets. In the Mont Nero zone by exploding a mine and following it with concentrated artillery fire we damaged the enemy trenches and inflicted losses."

"Yesterday afternoon one of our flights effectively bombed the enemy encampments and military assembly centres near of Comen. All our airplanes returned safely to their bases."

Baby and Doll Abandoned by Mystery Woman



Found Sitting in Quarters of Children's Society—Left by Agent of Mother, Maybe.

Under a flowered hat a prim little girl, not more than two years old, holding in her arms a doll that looked like her twin sister, sat on a chair three times too high for her in the main office of the Children's Society, Fourth Avenue and Twenty-third Street, waiting for attention. How long she waited nobody knows, but it was late in the evening of Aug. 12 when she was discovered. She lifted a dainty hand to her mouth and yawned.

"Dolly sleepy," she said, too polite to mention her own drowsiness. So she put her to bed with the doll and tried to find out who she was. They haven't succeeded yet, but there are two clues.

The first is that fact that at about 10 o'clock on the same evening the child and the doll, accompanied by a well dressed, soft speaking woman, had appeared at the society's annex in West Twenty-third Street. The woman asked permission to leave the child overnight and was advised to apply at the main office in Fourth Avenue. That was the last seen of the woman, but it is assumed she went to the main office, deposited the child on the chair and slipped away. She carried a suitcase.

The second clue developed yesterday when the society received the following unsigned letter:

"Dear Sir: The child that was left at your office, you know, the writer would like you to put her in the New York Foundling Asylum until she can find a place to board her. The one with the doll, I mean. There was a mistake made. The person who left her did not know New York. That's how she came there. And if you will please put a notice in the New York Times to let the writer know if she is in the New York Foundling Asylum she can go there and get her when she can. She will pay her board too."

The society officials are convinced that the letter was written by another person than the woman who brought the child. They also believe the woman who brought the child is not the mother.

URGES DRAFT OF DOCTORS.

National Defense Committee Says Too Few Have Volunteered.

A petition urging the selective draft of physicians is being circulated to-day by the Medical Section of the New York State Committee on National Defense. The petition states that critical analysis of the recent New York State medical census has demonstrated that the volunteer system of recruiting the personnel of the Medical Officers' Reserve Corps has failed to secure an adequate number of physicians available for active army medical service.

It is recommended that a selective draft of physicians between the ages of twenty-one and forty-five years be put in force and that exemptions shall be granted those who are unfit for military purposes and those necessary for the community at home.

Henry Ford Incorporated for \$1,000,000. DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 17.—Henry Ford today incorporated his new tractor plant for \$1,000,000. The papers show that the stockholders are himself, his wife and his son, Edsel.

Socialist Anti-Drafters Acquitted. DETROIT, Mich., Aug. 17.—Five Socialists indicted by a Federal Grand Jury on a charge of conspiring to distribute anti-draft literature, were acquitted in Federal Court here to-day. The jury was out eighteen hours.

Japanese Socialists Vote to Send Delegate to Stockholm. TOKYO, Aug. 17.—It is reported that a small body of Japanese socialists at Tokio has voted to send Sen Katayama, a Japanese Socialist leader who is now in New York, as a delegate to the Stockholm conference. It is believed that the Government is opposed to the participation of Japanese in the conference.

27 MEN OUT OF 73 ARE EXEMPTED BY THE HUGHES BOARD

Virtually All Discharges Based on Occupational Grounds—No Physical Claims Granted.

The District Board for Greater New York, Chairman Charles E. Hughes, got down to real work to-day and, laudably closing up a lot of routine connected with organization and the receipt of reports from local boards, acted on forty-eight claims for exemption. Edwin L. Garvin, Charles E. Summa, John Dalton and Samuel Evans, who had not taken the oath because they held offices under the city government, were sworn in under the new law allowing them to act. Mr. Garvin was elected Secretary to succeed William B. Davernport, who resigned because the duties of the position are too arduous for a man of his advanced age.

Thus far the board considered seventy-three claims for exemption and rejected forty-six. Of the twenty-seven claims allowed most were of men claiming relief from military duty on the ground that they are employed in occupations vital to the prosecution of the war or are the sole support of dependents. No appeal from the decision of a local board as to physical fitness has been allowed.

Richard Russell White, a manager in the employ of the New York Telephone and Telegraph Co., claimed exemptions on the ground that his services are more valuable in his present employment than that he would be drafted to serve in the National Army. The sub-committee, of which Judge Cullen is chairman, granted him six months' exemption and the full board concurred. It was shown that White is an expert and that his service cannot be duplicated at this time.

William J. Dughouse, a cutter in a factory making army uniforms, was unsuccessful in his claim for exemption. Judge Cullen held and the full board concurred that another cutter can take his job when he joins the National Army.

The case of Morris Eastick, who is employed by the E. W. Bliss Company of Brooklyn manufacturing machinery, auto truck and gun parts for the Allies, brought about considerable discussion and a vote. The sub-committee through Judge Cullen recommended that the application for exemption be granted.

Judge Delehanty, a member of the board, objected. He said he believed men over the draft age could be found to take Eastick's place. Chairman Hughes called for a vote, which was seventeen in favor of Eastick going into the army and eight for his exemption.

WILSON AGAIN TAKES UP MARRIAGE EXEMPTIONS

Will Lay Question Before War Department—Change in Call for Draft Army.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—President Wilson to-day wrote Senator Weeks, Massachusetts, that he will take up again with the War Department the question of exempting married men with families from the selective draft. The President's letter was in reply to one from Weeks calling attention to great dissatisfaction throughout the country on this point.

Provost Marshal General Crowder to-day drafted the dates for enrolling the first 85,000 troops in the national army: 30 per cent. will go Sept. 5, 30 per cent. Sept. 19, and 30 per cent. Oct. 3. The last 10 per cent. will leave later in October. Orders to this effect were sent out to-day.

Gen. Crowder also telegraphed all Governors for local and district boards "to be sure that no one in the whole quota is sent for military duty while a selected person with an earlier order of obligation is allowed to remain at home."

DRAFT WON'T FORCE WIVES TO WORK FOR LIVING

Drastic Rulings Meant Only to Check Slackers, Not to Hit Real Dependents.

Thousands of men of draft age, who feared drastic decisions of the District Board might force them to serve and their wives to work, were relieved to-day by a statement of Director of the Draft Conking, that the law, "which was forced by efforts to evade and deceive on part of some of the men called, Mr. Conking said:

"It is not the Government's intention to take men whose wives would be husbands want to work. The real aim is to see that the man whose wife has independent means, or whose income will continue in sufficient proportion to support the wife in his absence, does his duty."

SARATOGA WINNERS.

FIRST RACE—For maidens two-year-olds, selling \$400, five and a half furlongs—Rever, 109 (Fets), 1 to 5, 8 to 5 and 4 to 5, won. Rapid Fire, 108 (A. Collins), 30 to 1, 8 to 1 and 4 to 1, second. Tolerance, 105 (Armstrong), 7 to 1, 5 to 2 and 7 to 5, third. Time, 1:10. Garonne, Julian, Magnetite, Crinley, Portia, Betcha, Million, Jim, Quinly, Wood Thrush, Rooder, Dianthe, Ruth M., Purkin, Sick Fast, Producer and Cave Man also ran.

SECOND RACE—Steeplechase, selling; for four-year-olds and upward; with \$400—The Brook, 137 (Stoll), 1 to 1, 6 to 5 and 2 to 5, won. Wolferton, 12nd (Kearney), 15 to 1, 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, second. Crest Hill, 142 (Henderson), 4 to 5, 1 to 3 and out, third. Time, 5:31. Bomb, Bamboo, and Dope also ran. Start good; won easily; placed ridden out.

Germany's War Losses Exceed 4,500,000 Men, Official Report Shows

LONDON, Aug. 17.—The total German casualties of all classes since the beginning of the war exceed 4,500,000. These reported during July in the German official lists, but not necessarily having occurred in that month, aggregated 1,312, as follows:

Killed or died of wounds or sickness, 21,285.
Prisoners or missing, 14,456.
Severely wounded, 12,881.
Wounded and slightly wounded, 29,382.

BAVARIANS AND PRUSSIANS BEATEN BY THE CANADIANS

(Continued from First Page.)

Flanders and Lens-Loos fronts. Gen. Haig reported to-day that three counter attacks were made against the Canadians east of Lens. In the second attack the Canadian line was bent back slightly, but later the Canadians reestablished their positions. Gen. Haig reports only artillery engagements of the day. No official mention is made in to-day's report of the operations around Langemarck, Copland, yesterday, but newspaper despatches say the British are fighting to-day well to the east of that city.

Paris reports that the Germans last night attacked the ten positions gained by the French on the Steenbek River in Flanders. They were repulsed completely. Vigorous German assaults on the Aisne front also were beaten back.

The Germans also made a violent attack on the Verdun front. They gained a footing in the French advanced positions at some points, but were ejected by a counter-attack.

The British and French in Belgium already have sent back 1,800 prisoners and several guns. The British before Lens have taken an additional 900 prisoners, a total of 2,700 for two days, and the entire bag of captives has not been sent back.

French War Office Reports Repulse of Many Attacks.

PARIS, Aug. 17.—Following is the text of to-day's report from the War Office:

"In Belgium a German attack against our new positions on both sides of the Steenbek was repulsed completely.

"At nightfall yesterday the enemy, after an intense bombardment of our positions, made a vigorous attack on a front of more than two kilometers between the Vaulere Mill and the California Plateau, beaten back by our artillery fire. The German infantry was not able to approach our lines at any point.

"Violent and repeated attacks against the positions we captured recently east of Comy Aizo met with a sanguinary check. It has been established that the losses of the Germans during the operations from Aug. 13 to 15, in the vicinity of Craonne Plateau, were particularly heavy.

"A surprise attack of the enemy west of Braye-en-Laonnois was easily broken up. In Champagne there was heavy artillery fighting near Mont Blond and Carmillet.

MOUNTAINEERS CONVICTED OF PLOT AGAINST U. S.

Two Virginians Tried at Big Stone Gap Get Five Years in Federal Prison at Atlanta.

BIG STONE GAP, Va., Aug. 17.—J. W. Phipps and W. V. McCoy, Virginia mountaineers, were found guilty by a jury in Federal Court here to-day of an indictment for recruiting men to destroy arms and ammunition of the United States Government.

The penalty was fixed at five years in the Federal penitentiary at Atlanta. Presiding Judge McDowell directed a verdict of not guilty on the indictment of levying war against the United States, on the ground the indictment "revolution" of the 300 mountaineers, organized by Phipps and McCoy for revolt against the Government, could hardly be dignified by the term "levying war."

Last in the trial it developed that each participant in the proposed revolution was to have not less than \$20,000 as his share from wholesale lootings and seizure of property.

ALLIES MAY ASK WILSON TO SEND ANSWER TO POPE

Conferences Between All Must Be Had Before Policy Is Agreed Upon.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—The Allies will not reply to the peace appeal of Pope Benedict until after consultation in which all of the Allied Powers will have a part.

At the same time there is some disposition in certain quarters to leave the answer to President Wilson.

The statement that all of the Entente nations and their Allies will be consulted before a reply to the Vatican is decided on was made to-day by Lord Robert Cecil.

"I am surprised," said Lord Robert Cecil "that the Pope's appeal contained no condemnation of the outrageous campaign with its killing of innocents, of the Armenian massacres and other unexampled atrocities."

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"Frenzied efforts toward mediation temporarily fail, but if Germany can be induced to make known concretely what she is really out for, it may do some good."

The suggestion that President Wilson reply as the spokesman of the foe of autocracy, came from those who point out the exceptional qualifications and position Wilson and America hold for making the answer.

It was said President Wilson could reply to the Pope as the first great speaker for peace who was forced to enter the war for international reasons.

The American President is regarded as one of the strongest spokesmen for the cause of the Allies.

His statement that the "world must be made safe for democracy" summed up more completely than anything that had been said, to date, the aims of the Allies.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 17.—As the Cabinet met to-day, conferences between the United States and the Allied Governments regarding response to the Pope's peace plea were in full swing.

Allied diplomats here believe that Secretary Lansing will call them in for discussion of the reply before the President speaks.

FIRST OF 69TH OFF FOR MINEOLA GETS GREAT OVATION

(Continued from First Page.)

a wide acquaintance in military circles and is regarded as a very able man. Becoming a cadet at West Point Military Academy on July 1, 1886, he received his commission as a Second Lieutenant June 12, 1891. He served with this rank until Aug. 5, 1895, when he left the army and entered civil life.

At the outbreak of the Spanish-American War in 1898 he served as a Major of Volunteers from May 16 to Nov. 20. He also served in 1898 as a Captain of Field Artillery in the District of Columbia.

Since the close of the Spanish-American War and up to the time he entered the National Guard, last June, Col. Hine devoted himself to railroading and held high official and executive positions with both the Baltimore & Ohio and the Delaware & Hudson Railroads. In fact, he is regarded as one of the best military transportation experts in the country.

Major Gen. O'Bryan had Col. Hine's ability in mind when he sought his services. It was intended that he was to handle the division supply trains and look after all the railroad transportation.

Although National Guard Headquarters professed as late as 1 o'clock to-day to know nothing of the selection of Col. Hine, it is known that the appointment was made yesterday and Gen. O'Bryan is to have official cognizance of it from Washington by to-night.

The Sixty-ninth will not leave for Mineola before Monday at the earliest.

On Sunday there is to be a baseball game at the Polo Grounds between the Giants and the Cincinnati Reds, incidental to a sacred and patriotic concert, the proceeds of which go to the dependent families of the Sixty-ninth. Game will be called at 2:30 and the New York fans will see Matty, their old favorite, at the head of the Reds. The Sixty-ninth Regiment will be at the game.

The regiment will leave the army shortly before noon and march with their band to the foot of East Thirty-fourth Street, where a special steamer will be in waiting. The steamer will sail around the Battery and up the North River to One Hundred and Fifty-fifth Street, where the soldiers will disembark and march to the Polo Grounds.

The concert is under the auspices of the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick.

BRITISH BOMBARD ENEMY AERODROMES AND STATIONS

Naval Planes Drop Many Tons of Explosives at Ostend, Thouront, Chistelles, Engel and Uytkerke.

LONDON, Aug. 17.—Many tons of explosives were dropped on enemy aerodromes and railway stations by British naval planes, the Admiralty announced to-day.

Several fires were observed following raids on the Ostend railway station, the Thouront railway station and the Chistelles aerodrome, the statement said, reporting the attacks on these Belgian points.

At Engel and Uytkerke aerodromes were bombed and transports were attacked by gunfire from the air.

DOCTOR HELD IN DRUG RAID; MANY WOMEN "CLIENTS"

Edwin Gardner Said to Have \$200 a Day Income—\$10,000 Bail Demanded.

Dr. Edwin Gardner, who had an office at No. 245 West Fifty-first Street was arrested before United States Commissioner Hitchcock, to-day and held in \$10,000 bail to wait the action of the Federal Grand Jury on a charge of violating the Internal Revenue Law in abetting the sale of habit forming drugs. He was arrested last night by Detective Richard Yarnold of the Internal Revenue Department and Detectives Dunst and Cantwell of the Police Department.

The officers visited Gardner's office at 9 o'clock. They told Commissioner Hitchcock there were fifty persons in the place, mostly women, and many of them describing themselves as actresses, waiting for prescriptions which contained cocaine, morphine, heroin or other habit forming drugs.

On information which they gathered they said Gardner had an income of about \$200 a day from writing out prescriptions for persons addicted to the drug habit.

A physician's prescription is necessary to get such drugs under the law. United States District Attorney Stanton said this afternoon that when the case comes to trial he will produce scores of "dope fiends" who will testify that they were able to continue their indulgence in drugs solely through prescriptions written out by Gardner.

A Ford Car Stalled in Draft. CHICAGO, Aug. 17.—Edward Hine, in Austin, examining drafted men, reported to-day that it had examined a Ford car on account of defective headlights, both his eyes being below normal.

DIED. DALY.—On Wednesday, Aug. 15, 1917, PETER DALY, beloved father of Anne Cotter (nee Daly) and Delia Johnson (nee Daly), in his 95th year.

Funeral from the residence of his daughter, Mrs. Delia Johnson, 843 Elton Av., Bronx, Saturday, Aug. 18, 1917, at 10 A. M.; thence to Church of St. Peter and St. Paul, St. Ann's Av., near 151st St. Hartford papers please copy.

HINNEL.—On Thursday, Aug. 16, at Port Washington, L. I., CHARLES HINNEL, in his 96th year. Services Saturday, A. P. M., at his residence, 416 West 85th St.

PENNY A POUND PROFIT CANDY
Our Week-End Combination Packages
FRIDAY AND SATURDAY, AUGUST 17TH AND 18TH
GOOD HEALTH, GOOD WEATHER, A RAILROAD TICKET AND A LOFT COMBINATION PACKAGE: What more could any one ask to insure the enjoyment of Week-End Outing or Summer Vacation? And the beauty and there is no waiting for your Candy to be selected, wrapped and tied. The Package is all ready and waiting for you to see what you will get.
1 Lb. Box (chocolate almond nougat, 1 lb. Box Butter Peanut Brittle, 1 Lb. Box Special Package of Chocolate Covered Fruit, 1 Lb. Box Italian Style Caramel, 1 Lb. Box Premium Milk Chocolate. PACKAGE COMPLETE, AS DESCRIBED. 99c
Special for Friday, August 17th
CHOCOLATE COVERED FRUIT
DELICIOUSLY FLAVORED, daintily tinted disk of richest, melt-in-your-mouth cream, in a pleasing variety of delicious flavors, including: Lemon, Orange, Chocolate, Vanilla and Strawberry. POUND BOX 15c
Special for Saturday, Aug. 18th
VANILLA CREAM ALMONDS—In an Almond Exposition, the ones the first prize, to be the best, the most delicious, the most beautiful, the most appetizing combination for the sweet tooth of youth? Our EXTRA SPECIAL, POUND BOX 24c
CHOCOLATE COVERED NOUGAT—Tight toothsome, caramelized with all sorts of heavenly sugared and enlivened in a cloak of our Unexcelled Chocolate. Our "Kiss" has more appealing combination for the sweet tooth of youth? Our EXTRA SPECIAL, POUND BOX 24c
MILK CHOCOLATE COVERED, NUT-STUFFED DATES—A real classic in candy-craft, in which we take the choicest Arabian Dates, a real classic in the candy-craft, in which we take the choicest Arabian Dates, a real classic in the candy-craft, in which we take the choicest Arabian Dates. SPECIAL for Friday and Saturday only. POUND BOX 39c
MILK CHOCOLATE COVERED MARSCHING CHERRIES—The richest, the most delicious, the most appetizing combination for the sweet tooth of youth? Our EXTRA SPECIAL, POUND BOX 44c
WE ALSO OFFER:
44 BARCLAY STREET
Close 8:30 P. M.; Sat. 10 P. M.
29 GORTLAND STREET
Close 10 P. M.
PARK ROW & NASSAU ST
Close 10 P. M.
400 BROOME STREET
Close 10 P. M.
34 EAST 23D STREET
Close 10 P. M.; Sat. 12 P. M.
472 FULTON ST., DOWNTOWN
Close 10 P. M.; Sat. 12 P. M.
1229 BROADWAY, Brooklyn, Closes 11:30 P. M. Daily.
The specified weight includes the container.

Gains That Are Earned, Pointing a Plain Moral

In July, 1917, The Morning WORLD gained in Dry Goods advertising over July, 1916, a total of 41,059 lines, or 34+%.

In Financial advertising the gain was 29+%.

Advertising of Women's Specialty Shops went ahead 16+%.

These three groups of advertisers marshal to their aid the experience, ability and judgment of some of the shrewdest and best posted advertising men and women of the country.

These advertisers realize that HOME circulation like that of The WORLD, which is not approached by any other New York newspaper, counts. Also they know that New York City and its immediate environs is their field of greatest potentiality. Hence, WORLD circulation, which is right in New York City and close by points, is their favorite.