

NEW DRAFT ORDER LEAVES ONLY 36 BIG LEAGUE STARS

(Continued from First Page.)

Rogers Hornsby, 23; Tom Lonz, 27; Jack Smith, 23; Bill Doak, 27; Lee Meadows, 24. Cubs—Rowdy Elliott, 30; Max Flack, 27; Pete Kilduff, 24; Leslie Mann, 26; Fred Merkle, 30; Phil Douglass, 28; Gene Packard, 31; George Tyler, 29; Jim Vaughan, 30. Senators—Eddie Foster, 30; John Lavan, 28; Ray Morgan, 27; Howard Shanks, 28; George Ayers, 27; Harry Harper, 28; Walter Johnson, 31; Jim Shaw, 25. Indians—Jack Craney, 20; Steve O'Neil, 26; Bobby Ruth, 26; Tris Speaker, 29; Bill Wampanagans, 24; Jim Bagby, 29; Fred Coombs, 26; Guy Morton, 25; Joe Wood, 29. Reds—Tom Griffiths, 29; Hank Grob, 29; Lee Magee, 28; Earle Naeff, 28; Ed Housh, 27; Ivy Wingo, 28; Hurace Eiler, 24; Mike Regan, 30; Pete Schneider, 28; Fred Toney, 23. Braves—John Henry, 30; Walter Reub, 28; Red Smith, 28; Art Neff, 26; Pat Hagan, 30; Dick Rudolph, 26. Red Sox—Harry Hooper, 31; Jack McKinnis, 28; Wally Schang, 29; Everett Scott, 29; Amos Strunk, 29; Joe Bush, 25; Dutch Leonard, 26; Carl Mays, 27; Babe Ruth, 24. Hobbs—Jimmy Johnston, 29; Otto Miller, 29; Hi Myers, 29; Zach Wheat, 30; Hube Marquard, 29. The following active major league players will be exempt under the new rule: Hal Chase, Home Run Baker, Jimmy Austin, Ty Cobb, Cactus Cravath, Jake Daubert, Larry Doyle, Art Fletcher, Bill Gardner, Charley Hertzog, Bill Hinchman, Miller Huggins, Ed Koetchy, Fred Luderus, Sherwood Magee, Amanda Marans, Clyde Milan, Jack Niehoff, Ivy Olson, Dode Paskert, Frank Schulte, Burt Shotton, Oscar Stange, Jim Thorpe, Terry Turner, Heine Zimmerman, Leon Ames, Jarry Cheney, Ed Christie, Jack Coombs, Hop groom, Tom Hughes, Frank Muller, Hobe Oldring, Johnny Evers, Harry Sallee.

WOULD CLOSE BALL PARKS, SAYS OWNER OF DETROITS

War Regulation Taking All Players of Draft Age Into Army Would Cripple Teams.

DETROIT, May 23.—"Such an order would cause us to close our park," said Frank J. Navin, President of the Detroit baseball club, when told today that baseball players may be included in the amendment to the draft regulations requiring men to engage in useful occupations or join the army. "The order would leave me Donovan as pitcher, Stange behind the bat, Spencer at first and Jennings at short. How does that sound for a pennant winner?" He added, however, that winning the

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Table with columns for various commodities like Wheat, Corn, and other goods, listing prices and changes.

N. Y. COTTON EXCHANGE.

Table showing cotton prices for different grades and origins.

WALL STREET GOSSIP.

Union Bag & Paper Corporation—Regular quarterly dividend of 15 per cent. payable June 15 to stock record June 5. Surplus for quarter ended April 30 equal to \$5.29 a share, or at annual rate of \$21.16. Zinc prices have been fixed at 12 cents a pound by the War Industries Board for a period of four months, and price of copper at 23 1/2 cents a pound for seventy-five days. Consideration may be given at end of that time to classification of producers so that high cost mines would be shown preference in the matter of price. New York Air Brake Company—Regular quarterly dividend of 5 per cent. payable June 20 to stock record June 2. Railway Steel Spring Company—Regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/4 per cent. on common stock, payable June 29 to stock of record June 15, and 1 3/4 per cent. on preferred stock, payable June 29 to stock of record June 8. Magna Copper Company—Regular quarterly dividend of 10 cents, payable June 29 to stock of record June 7. National Lead Company—Regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/4 per cent. on common stock, payable June 29 to stock of record June 14. Haskell & Barker Company—Dividend of \$1, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15. Increase of 25 cents. Aloues Mining Company—Quarterly dividend of \$1.50, payable June 26 to stock of record June 12. Baldwin Locomotive Company—Regular semi-annual dividend of 7 1/2 per cent. preferred stock, payable July 1 to stock of record June 8. Mackay Companies—Regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. on common and 1 per cent. on preferred stock, both payable July 1 to stock of record June 8. Gulf State Steel Company—Regular quarterly dividend of 2 1/2 per cent. on common stock, payable July 1 to stock of record June 15. This dividend will be paid on common stock first and 100,000 shares of preferred stock to represent the 25 per cent. distribution to be made June 7. Childs Company—Regular quarterly dividend of 1 1/2 per cent. on common stock and 1 3/4 per cent. on preferred, both payable June 10 to stock of record May 29. Ohio Cities Gas Company—Year ended March 31. After preferred dividends the balance was equal to \$6.70 a share on common stock.

JAMAICA ENTRIES.

RACE TRACK, Jamaica, N. Y., May 22.—The entries for to-morrow's races are as follows: FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100. SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100. THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100. FOURTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100. FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100. SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100. SEVENTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100. EIGHTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100. NINTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100. TENTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up, claiming. (Time) 1:12. Can. (112) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100; Little (108) The Royal 100.

EVERY MAN OF DRAFT AGE MUST WORK OR FIGHT BY JULY, DECLARES CROWDER

(Continued from First Page.)

The selective service regulations which deal with the great question of requiring men not engaged in a useful occupation to immediately apply themselves to some form of labor contributing to the general good. The order, too, will find himself confronted with the alternative of finding suitable employment or entering the army. "This regulation provides that after July 1 any registrant who is found by a local board to be a habitual idler, or not engaged in some useful occupation, shall be summoned before the board, given a chance to explain and, in the absence of a satisfactory explanation, to be inducted into the military service of the United States. "Any local board will be authorized to take action, whether it has original jurisdiction of the registrant or not; in other words, any man loafing around a poolroom in Chicago may be held to answer to a Chicago board even though he never has registered in New York and lived there most of his life. "The regulations which apply to idle registrants will be deemed to apply also to gamblers of all descriptions and employees and attendants of bucket shops and race tracks, fortune tellers, clairvoyants, palmists and the like, who for the purpose of the regulations shall be considered as idlers. "The new regulations will also affect the following classes: (a) Persons engaged in the serving of food and drink, or either, in public places, including hotels and hotel clubs. (b) Passenger elevator operators and attendants, doormen, footmen and other attendants of clubs, hotels, stores, apartment houses, office buildings and bath houses. (c) Persons, including ushers and other attendants engaged and occupied in connection with games, sports and amusements, except actual performers in legitimate concerts, operas or theatrical performances. (d) Persons employed in domestic service. (e) Sales clerks and other clerks employed in stores and other mercantile establishments. "Men who are engaged as above or who are idlers will not be permitted to seek relief because of the fact that they have drawn a late order number, or because they have been placed in Class II, III or IV, on the grounds of dependency. The fact that he is not usefully employed will outweigh both of the above conditions. "It is expected that the list of non-useful occupations will be extended from time to time as necessity may require so as to include persons in other employments. "Temporary absences from regular employment not to exceed one week, unless such temporary absences are habitual and frequent, shall not be considered as idleness. Regular vacations will not be considered as absences in this connection. "The regulation throws a further safeguard around men not usefully employed, by providing that where there are compelling domestic circumstances that would not permit change of employment by the registrant without disproportionate hardship to his dependents, or where a change from non-useful to useful employment or occupation would necessitate a removal of the registrant or his family, local boards may give consideration to the circumstance. The regulation further provides that where such a change of employment would compel the night employment of women under circumstances which a board might deem not suitable for employment of women, the board may take such circumstances into consideration in making its decision. "Explaining the new regulation, General Crowder said: "The war has so far disorganized the normal adjustment of industrial man-power as to prevent the enormous industrial output and national organization necessary to success. "There is a popular demand for organization of man-power, but no direct draft could be imposed at present. "Steps to prohibit idleness and non-effective occupation will be welcomed by our people. "We shall give the idlers and men not effectively employed the choice between military service and effective employment. Every man, in the draft age at least, must work or fight. "This is not alone a war of military manoeuvre. It is a deadly contest of industries and mechanics. Germany must not be thought of as merely possessing an army; we must think of her as being an army—an army in which every factory and loom in the empire is a recognized part in a complete machine running night and day at terrific speed. We must make of ourselves the same sort of effective machine. "It is enough to ask what would happen if every man in the nation turned his hand to effective work. We must make ourselves effective. We must organize for the future. We must make vast withdrawals from the army and immediately close up the ranks of industry behind the gap with an accelerating production of every useful thing in necessary measure. How is this to be done? The answer is plain. The first step toward the solution of the difficulty is to prohibit engagement, by able-bodied men in the field of hurtful employment, idleness or ineffectual employ-

FOOD BOARD CLOSES SUGAR PROFITEER'S STORE 30 DAYS

Decision in Case of Hyman Sklamberg, Wholesale Grocer at No. 71 Ludlow Street, Approved.

The Federal Food Board announced today that the Food Administration has approved the following decision in the case of Hyman Sklamberg, wholesale grocer, at 71 Ludlow Street: 1.—That beginning midnight Tuesday, May 23, Sklamberg's business shall be suspended for a period of thirty days. 2.—That for the thirty days following the expiration of the month's closing he shall not be permitted to sell sugar. Sklamberg was first brought before the Board on March 13 last on three complaints charging over-charging, combination sales and unfair practices. The testimony showed that Sklamberg exacted as much as 11 cents and 10 cents a pound for granulated sugar at a time when wholesalers were forbidden by the Food Administration to charge more than \$5.60 per hundred pounds. Sklamberg does a business of \$1,000,000 a year. 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