

ALLIED ARMIES ARE ADVANCING ON SIX BATTLE FRONTS

at many points, particularly about Fresnoy, Ronsoy and Epehy, in the British zone, and about Savy Wood, where the French were attacking.

The section along which the assault is being made is a most important one. The British prior to to-day had worked forward until they had established themselves in the old support line between Epedy and Verguier.

In addition the Germans hold the former second support line of the British. The crest of this ridge dominates the Hindenburg line, which lies to the east.

For days the Germans, who undoubtedly had expected a drive here, had been feverishly fortifying themselves along the ridge, whose loss would be a serious menace to the Hindenburg line in the rear.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—British forces attacked this morning the St. Quentin front, according to an official report from Field Marshal Haig, received at the War Office this forenoon.

A German attack last evening at Moeuvres under heavy artillery protections resulted in the British being pushed back to the western outskirts of the village.

Although the Allied forces are making progress on six fronts, covering almost the entire battle areas both west and east. In addition to the gains on the Metz, Soissons and British fronts, the Allies in Macedonia, with Serbian troops co-operating, have penetrated four and a half miles in to the enemy's lines on a front of fifteen and a half miles, capturing 4,000 prisoners.

On the Archangel front, in Russia, American, British and French units have defeated the Bolshevik Red Guard. The Reds met with initial success, but were thrown back upon the arrival of additional British units.

On the sixth front, in Asiatic Russia, Japanese and Allied troops, acting in conjunction with the Czecho-Slovaks, are still advancing into Bolshevik strongholds.

LATEST OFFICIAL REPORTS

BRITISH. LONDON, Sept. 18.—The text of today's War Office statement follows: "As a result of our operations yesterday on the southern portion of the battlefield we gained possession of Holnon Village, with several prisoners."

"This morning our troops attacked northwest of St. Quentin. Yesterday evening the enemy attacked at Moeuvres under cover of a heavy artillery barrage and pressed our troops back to the western outskirts of the village."

FRENCH. PARIS, Sept. 18.—The text of today's War Office statement follows: "South of the River Oise there was artillery activity throughout the night."

"Violent counter-attacks by the enemy in the region of the plateau northeast of Savy obtained no result. The French troops maintained their gains."

"In the Champagne and in Lorraine we executed a number of raids on the German positions and made prisoners."

AMERICAN. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—General Pershing has given out the following: TUESDAY—Section A—in the St. Mihiel sector the day was quiet except for continued activity of artillery and aviation, and patrol encounters in which we captured prisoners. An enemy raid in the Vosges was repulsed."

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 18.—Gen. Alexieff has taken the offensive against the Bolsheviks near Biagovschensk. His forces consist of a number of Cossacks and other detachments of White Guards."

LONDON, Sept. 18.—German regulars have joined the Bolshevik troops along the Voica River, according to a despatch received from Vladivostok today. It is believed that a serious operation is impending."

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ALLIES SWEEP FOE BACK ON 15-MILE MACEDONIA FRONT

4,000 Prisoners and Big Stores of Guns and Booty Taken in Advance of 41-2 Miles.

PARIS, Tuesday, Sept. 17.—Allied forces on the Macedonian front have penetrated to a depth of nearly four and a half miles on a front of fifteen and one-half miles, and have captured 4,000 prisoners, says an official statement issued to-night by the War Office.

The text of the statement reads: "Operations on the Macedonian front continue very successfully. The front through Sokola, Dobropole and Vetrenik has been widened to twenty-five kilometers and the Allied forces have penetrated to a depth of seven kilometers."

"Prisoners to the number of 4,000, including a Staff Colonel, have been captured. Thirty guns, numerous mine throwers and machine guns and considerable booty have been taken."

"The Serbian forces are vying with the French in courage and spirit."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—It has been hinted in military circles for some months that this autumn would see a major operation on the Macedonian front, and it appears that that operation has begun.

While it is not possible for military reasons to give the number of men participating in this movement, its object is clear, to cut off Turkey from the other Central Powers, to crush Bulgaria and to free Serbia, Roumania and the Jugo-Slavs of Southern Austria.

With British armies in Macedonia, Aug. 27 (Correspondence of Associated Press).—The right of the British line in Macedonia is formed by the Struma Valley. British troops arrived there in June, 1916, when the temperature was 105 in the shade, and they have been there ever since.

It is an area of varied fighting—a few miles of trench warfare, then a vast patrolling area of No-Man's Land and No-Man's Sea, the latter being the lake with its flotilla of tiny patrol boats. Most of the fighting has taken place in the Serec plain, one of the most fertile tobacco and grain areas in the world, but now a jungle of monstrous wild plants which tower high over a man's head so that the whole area is a stifling, bewildering, deserted wilderness. The inhabitants have long since disappeared with the unconscious resignation of those who for years have known no victors but armies, no history but that of death from the impartial bullets and shells of rival invaders, whose quarrels the local inhabitants neither understood nor cared about.

The anopheles mosquito is now the uncrowned monarch of this whole country. It is a far more deadly enemy than bullets or shells, and armies cannot live in the jungle, so that this vast area is now only a district for patrols. The British have their positions on one range of hills, the Bulgarians on the other, and their patrols often meet in that vast, fertile No-Man's Land.

But since the Bulgarians are always nervous about Serec and the railway, they have to occupy a narrow strip of the valley and that is where the British continually annoy and harass them. In this area the British are always on the offensive, raiding and feinting, and doing their utmost to keep the Bulgarians in a continuous state of nerves.

Gen. von Morgen was reported to have fled hastily from foreign soil during a peace congress, if France will withdraw from Alsace, the Politikon quotes a high German official as saying. The German official, however, declared it was impossible to permit a public vote on self-determination in Alsace-Lorraine.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 18.—Marian and Joseph Lutschavski, brothers, prominent Polish patriots, have been executed for participation in a revolution against the Bolsheviks, according to Moscow despatches received here today.

REICHTAG LEADERS PLAN PEACE DEMONSTRATION Imperial Chancellor Said to Be Co-operating in Framing Resolution.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—It is rumored in Berlin that when the Reichstag meets there will be another peace demonstration similar to that of July, 1917, according to an Amsterdam despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company.

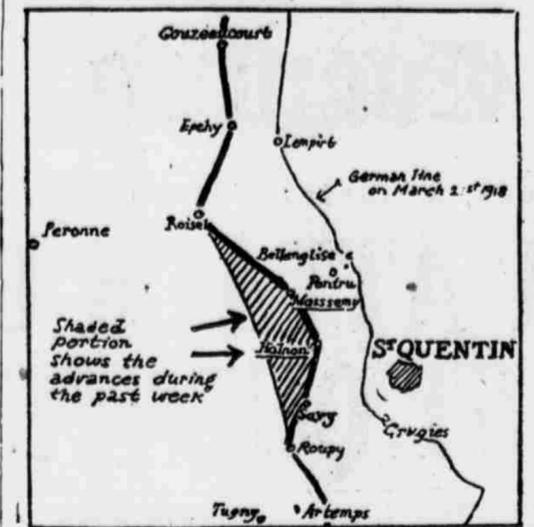
It is said the terms of a peace resolution are now being drafted by majority leaders, in consultation with the Imperial Chancellor. The Reichstag will convene Nov. 5.

313,000 AMERICANS SENT ABROAD DURING AUGUST London Announces Total, Showing 180,000 Were Carried on British Ships.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Three hundred and thirteen thousand Americans troops embarked for Europe during August, it was announced today. Of these, 150,000 were carried on British ships.

MAIL SERVICE FROM UNITED STATES TO ARCHANGEL RESUMED. WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Mail service to Archangel, Russia, suspended June 14, has been resumed, but mail for other parts of Russia will not be accepted for dispatch through that port.

INVESTMENT OF ST. QUENTIN



British operations on the Picardy front this week have been centered in the region northwest of St. Quentin, where they have improved their line by local attacks. The villages of Le Verguier and Malsemy were captured and the taking of Holnon was announced today. These villages constitute a front of about five miles. Holnon is less than three miles west of St. Quentin. In this area the British are within two to four miles of the Hindenburg line.

GERMAN TROOPS ORDERED TO HOLD ST. QUENTIN LINE

"Not One More Foot to Be Given Up," Says Captured Document.

BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE, Tuesday, Sept. 17 (via Montreal). (Reuters).—The Germans are on their defensive positions near St. Quentin and the Fourteenth Reserve Corps has been ordered not to give up one foot more of ground. A captured document, signed by Gen. von Morgen, dated Sept. 10 and addressed to the Fourteenth Corps says: "Hitherto, owing to military reasons, we have allowed the British to occupy desolate enemy country. Now, however, you have taken up strong defensive positions. Not one foot more of ground is to be given up."

After exhorting the men to defend their homes, their families and the Fatherland, the document adds: "You are more than a match for the enemy, who only attacks with daah when accompanied by tanks. These we will destroy. I expect every man from General to junior private to do his duty in the imminent decisive battles."

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KAISER WOULD TRADE ALL INVADED SOIL FOR ALSACE

German Official, However, Denies Alsace-Lorraine Self-Determination.

COPENHAGEN, Sept. 18.—Germany is willing to withdraw from foreign soil during a peace congress, if France will withdraw from Alsace, the Politikon quotes a high German official as saying. The German official, however, declared it was impossible to permit a public vote on self-determination in Alsace-Lorraine.

75 PLANES HIS SCORE.

Capt. McCall of Royal Air Force in Canada on Leave.

TORONTO, Sept. 18.—Capt. McCall of the Royal Air Force, who is said to have brought down 75 German airplanes, or three more than the number credited to Lieut. Col. Bishop, Canada's crack aviator, has arrived here en route to spend six months furlough at his home in Western Canada.

AMSTERDAM FOOD RIOTERS DISPERSED BY TROOPS

Shops Pillaged Before Infantry and Cavalry Disperse Mobs—Some Injured.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 18.—Food riots took place Monday night and Tuesday in various parts of the city. Shops were pillaged. The police and infantry and cavalry detachments dispersed the mobs. Four persons were injured.

AMERICAN SOLDIERS FOUGHT WITH TRUE HEROISM—DIAZ

Italian Commander-in-Chief Admires Immensely the Spirit of the Troops.

FIGHT UNTIL RIGHT IS IN FULL SWAY, CRIES CLEMENCEAU

There Can Be No Compromise With Crime, Declares the French Premier.

PARIS, Sept. 18.—Premier Clemenceau, speaking in the Senate last night, declared the Allies must keep on fighting until Germany under-stands there can be no compromise between crime and right.

"France desires the honor of expressing her gratitude to the splendid soldiers of the Entente, whose efforts are about to free the populations from the subjugation of barbarism," the Premier said.

Referring to German atrocities, he said, "There will be no victory until such reforms are made to pay in full."

"A reversal of fortune has brought about a falling back of the Kaiser's armies before the peoples of free conscience," he continued. "What do they want, and what do you want? You must keep on fighting until the moment when the enemy can understand there can be no compromise between crime and right."

"I have heard it said that peace cannot be brought about by a military decision. That was not what Germany said when she let loose the war with all its horrors. Therefore, let it be as Germany has willed, and as Germany has done."

"We only seek peace so that future generations may be spared the abominations of the past."

"Forward, then, to the liberation of people from the last fury of foul forces. Forward to victory! The whole of France and all thinking humanity are with you!"

The Paris newspapers treat Premier Clemenceau's speech as in effect a reply to the Austro-Hungarian peace note, coupling it with that of Arthur J. Balfour, the British Foreign Secretary.

ITALY LOSSES IN WAR TOTAL 1,350,000 DEAD AND PERMANENTLY DISABLED

Minister of the Treasury Says That 5,000,000 Men Have Been Called to Arms.

ROME, Sept. 18.—The losses in the Italian armies since Italy entered the war amount to 1,350,000 in killed and permanently disabled, according to a statement by Francesco Nitti, Minister of the Treasury, here today. In an interview, he added:

"After the war Italy will be stronger than ever in men, due to the cessation of emigration. Our difficulties to-day are in the labor field, for 5,000,000 men have been called to arms since the beginning of the war."

CHARGES PRESENTS CLEARED WAY FOR RAINCOAT FRAUDS

Prosecutor Outlines Case Against Three Alleged to Have Been in Army Conspiracy.

Assistant United States District Attorney Joseph A. Burebeau, outlining the Government's case against Capt. Aubrey M. Vaughan of the Quartermaster's Corps, Felix Gouled, a contract promoter, and David L. Podell, a lawyer of No. 42 Broadway, on the indictment charging them with conspiring to defraud the United States in connection with raincoat contracts, before Judge Hutchison in the Federal District Court today, declared the alleged frauds were made possible because of adverse reports as to the capacity of certain manufacturing plants in the city.

The reports, he said, were filed at Washington by local representatives of the Quartermaster's Corps.

Until the formation of the alleged conspiracy and before Capt. Vaughan and Gouled had reached a 5 per cent. fund agreement, Prosecutor Burebeau said, many manufacturing concerns were unable to obtain contracts for the making of army raincoats out of the \$30,000,000 appropriation.

After Gouled had presented Capt. Vaughan with an expensive wrist watch and \$2,000 in cash, Mr. Burebeau stated, factories were re-inspected and then contracts were given to the concerns that had agreed to contribute 5 per cent. to the secret fund.

These contracts were all procured by Gouled, the prosecutor stated, from Capt. Vaughan, who was in charge of the Supply and Equipment Division of the Quartermaster General's Department in Washington.

Podell, Mr. Burebeau also stated, drew up the agreement between Gouled and the H. Rosenfeld Raincoat Company, Inc., which was intended to conceal the existence of the 5 per cent. fund and therefore make it not liable to the income tax.

Aaron B. LeVinsky of the Raincoat Manufacturing Corporation, who in partnership with Gouled on a 50-50 basis, is alleged to have procured contracts from Capt. Vaughan, was the first witness for the prosecution.

DRAFT TO FILL NAVY AND MARINE CORPS

Crowder Issues Orders Which Will Permit Assignment of Registered Men.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Provost Marshal General Crowder today announced orders to local draft boards which will permit the voluntary induction of draft registrants into the navy and marine corps and provide for drafts of men to be assigned to those services if voluntary inductions do not suffice to fill the demands.

Calls for men for the navy will go out before the end of this month and marine corps contingents will be called within a few weeks.

This extension of the draft means the permanent abolition of voluntary enlistment in all branches, and incidentally places in the hands of the War Department the entire work of manning the nation's defense arms.

Calls for the navy and marines will be made exactly as those for the army.

STOCK QUOTATIONS 1 P. M.

Table with columns: Stock Name, Open, High, Low, Last. Includes Am. Can., Am. Cotton, Am. Express, etc.

Table with columns: Dividend Name, Period, Rate, Pay, Book. Includes Fund Creek Coal, Am. Ry. & L. E., etc.

'KAISER CAN'T PUT IT OVER,' SAYS U. S. ARMY ABOUT NOTE

Soldiers in Trenches Hail Wilson's Blunt Refusal to Treat With Enemy.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY IN FRANCE, Sept. 18 (Associated Press).—From the manner in which the American Army received the news of President Wilson's reply to Austria-Hungary's peace note its attitude might be characterized as one of grim approval.

The report of the Austrian suggestion that a peace conference be held circulated rapidly yesterday from headquarters far in the rear to the front line trenches, and the officers and men alike expressed the belief that none of the Allied Governments, certainly not theirs, would yield to Central Powers to gain time.

As the news of President Wilson's blunt refusal moved steadily toward the outposts and was passed on by one soldier to another there was a feeling of relief among the officers of high rank and an air of satisfaction among the enlisted men. The attitude of the soldiers, often repeated, was:

"Sure, he won't! The Kaiser can't put over anything like that on him."

The American soldiers appear to realize the danger of the constantly increasing American Army. The Austrians insist that the peace offer was not a trick of Germany's, but that it should be attributed solely to Austria's determination to get out of what her people regard as a bad bargain.

T. R. LIKENS AUSTRIA'S NOTE TO CRIMINAL'S PLEA

Conference Would Amount to Discussion With Judge on Severity of Sentence.

OYSTER BAY, Sept. 18.—Commenting on an editorial concerning the Austrian peace proposal, which appeared in a New York newspaper, Col. Theodore Roosevelt said:

"It is a good deal like proposing a conference between a Judge and a criminal to be passed by the Judge on the criminal. I should not much like a statement on behalf of the criminal, that only the madness or the soulless depravity of the Judge could induce him to sentence the criminal instead of holding a talkfest with him."

G. E. CHAPIN INDICTED FOR FIRST DEGREE MURDER

Confession Is Introduced Before Grand Jury; Expected to Plead To-Morrow.

The Grand Jury today filed an indictment with Judge Wadhams in the Court of General Sessions charging Charles E. Chapin with murder in the first degree.

Assistant District Attorney Macgoe called five witnesses before the Grand Jury. They were: Police Captain Frank A. Tierney of the West 65th Street station to whom Mr. Chapin surrendered; a clerk and chambermaid of the Hotel Cumberland, who discovered the body of Mrs. Chapin; Dr. Otto Schultz, medical examiner of the District Attorney's office; and Eugene B. Birchall, stenographer of the homicide bureau, who recorded the confession of Mr. Chapin.

Mr. Chapin will be arraigned before the Grand Jury tomorrow to plead to the indictment.

SPAIN NEAR DECISION.

Cabinet Takes Up International Situation To-Day.

MADRID, Sept. 18.—The Spanish Cabinet will meet today to discuss the international situation.

Foreign Minister Azana stated that the Government's decision regarding German submarine warfare, as it affects Spain, will be published at the proper moment. He urged the press to be prudent in dealing with foreign affairs.

Lloyd George Convalescing. LONDON, Sept. 18.—Premier Lloyd George is convalescing. It was officially announced today.

STOLE PRICELESS ART TO ENLIVEN GAY WHITE-WAY

Student Sold Valuable Pictures for \$10 to \$40—Dealer to Be Arrested.

Sales of priceless art objects for from \$10 to \$40 each were disclosed today in the story of Alexander Rosenfeld, a nineteen-year-old art student, who is in the Tombs awaiting trial on a charge of robbing the Metropolitan Museum of Art. He was arrested yesterday.

Rosenfeld declared the money he got, a total of about \$900 in a few months, was squandered in gay parties in the White Light district. He took young women on long automobile rides and there were visits to the theatres and the brightest cafes.

This brief period of free spending followed a long stretch of penury for Rosenfeld, when he was trying to become an artist, studying in east side schools. His friends declared he lived at times on 15 cents a day.

His new wealth for it was wealth to him—was not devoted to entertaining any one girl, he declared, but was lavished on a host of new friends he found when his pockets were full.

"The money just went along Broadway," was the way he summed it up. A sequel to his adventures is expected to-day in the arrest of a Fifth Avenue art dealer. The police said they had the name of the man wanted and probably would take him into custody before night. This action was planned in response to Magistrate Corrigan's remark at the arraignment of Rosenfeld that art "fences" seemed to be operating in the city and that it was time their practices were stopped.

At the time of Rosenfeld's arrest it was said the paintings and etchings he took from the museum were worth \$50,000 to \$60,000. At the museum today it was declared however that they were worth even more. Some of them cannot be duplicated and their value is so great that no price can be set upon them.

Rosenfeld, it is declared, went to the museum ostensibly to copy masterpieces as part of his art training and then waited for an opportunity to remove the pictures. He told the dealers to whom he sold them for a fraction of their real value that he had brought the pictures from Belgium. All the pictures except one have been recovered.

The police questioned Miss Nettie Knoblock, eighteen, of No. 149 West 111th Street, in connection with the case, but said that no charge would be made against her. She was at first reported to be a sweetheart of Rosenfeld, but it was found later that she was merely a friend who had known him since their school days and was interested in his efforts to become an artist.

Rosenfeld lives at No. 1055 Park Avenue. At his arraignment yesterday he was fined \$1,000 bail for trial in Special Sessions.

VISCOUNT MOTONO DEAD.

Was Former Minister of Foreign Affairs of Japan.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Viscount Ichiro Motono, who resigned as Minister of Foreign Affairs of Japan, four months ago, died at Tokio yesterday from a stomach trouble with which he had suffered for a long time, according to reports received today at the Japanese Embassy.

Viscount Motono suffered a relapse from what appeared to be a partial recovery recently following the unfavorable reception which was given to his proposition to renew the pressure upon China for adoption of the proposed far-reaching Sino-Japanese agreement. He had been Counselor, Secretary of Legation at Petrograd and Minister at Paris and Brussels. In 1909 he was the junior delegate of Japan at the Hague Peace Conference and from 1908 to 1914 was Ambassador at Petrograd. He became Foreign Minister in November, 1914.

DIED.

NEWMAN.—At his late residence, Hotel Chatham, Sept. 17, after a short illness, WALTER GEORGE NEWMAN, in his 58th year. Remains may be viewed at the Boyerian Chapel, 43d st. and 8th av., New York. Interment on Thursday at 2 P. M.

CANDY PENNY A POUND PROFIT. To-Day Is the Last Day of Our Midweek Special. CHOCOLATE COVERED HOME-MADE FUDGE—Ever seen a candy lover who didn't like fudge? Especially the LIFE BRAND melt-in-mouth morsels of cream, nut and chocolate. You could make the best fudge in the world with the exclusive recipe of the raw materials and the fudge and butter. Can you imagine an added deliciousness, produced by SPECIAL FUDGE MIXTURE? 25c WEDNESDAY ONLY. Wednesday's Attractive Offerings: BOSTON BROKEN CANDY—A very unusual member of our hard candy family. These candies are presented to you in the form of a box, twisted bars, and come in a great variety of pleasing flavors. 29c. MILK CHOCOLATE COMBINATION PACK—A new collection of Milk Chocolate sweets, beautifully wrapped in cellophane. There are five boxes containing the following: Milk Chocolate, Silver Leaf, Raisins, Walnuts, Pistachios and Peppermint. 1.39. See exact location on telephone directory.