

A PAGE OF AMERICAN WAR NEWS

CROWDER REFUSES CLASS EXEMPTION TO RAILWAY MEN

Question of Essential Employees Left to District Boards—McAdoo Gives Instructions.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Railroad employees, like all other workers, must prove their services are essential to avoid the draft.

Provost Marshal General Crowder has ruled that there can be no blanket class exemption of any kind.

Director General McAdoo, who sought such blanket exemption, today directed regional chiefs to ask deferred classification for every necessary employee. His directions follow, in part:

"Since the railroads are indispensable and the branches of the services to which employees belong are indispensable, I understand the remaining questions for consideration by the District Boards are whether a particular employee can be dispensed with, (1), on the ground that the railroad has more of such employees than it needs; or, (2), upon the ground that it can readily replace such employees with others.

"Please state to the District Board, with full authority, that, after eight and a half months of a thorough and continuous study of this subject, being constantly in touch with representatives of the railroad employees, and the representatives of the labor situation generally for the whole country, there is no surplus supply of labor from which employees can be drawn to replace those who may be taken for military service. Any competent railroad employee taken from an indispensable branch of the railroad service will be subtracted from a force which is already too small and which cannot be adequately replenished.

The taking of any such employee by any district board would be a step tending to injure the war operations of some railroads. The taking of such steps by numerous district boards would in the aggregate constitute a cumulative far-reaching injury to the United States Railroad Administration and would destroy the purpose for which the Government took possession of such control of the railroads.

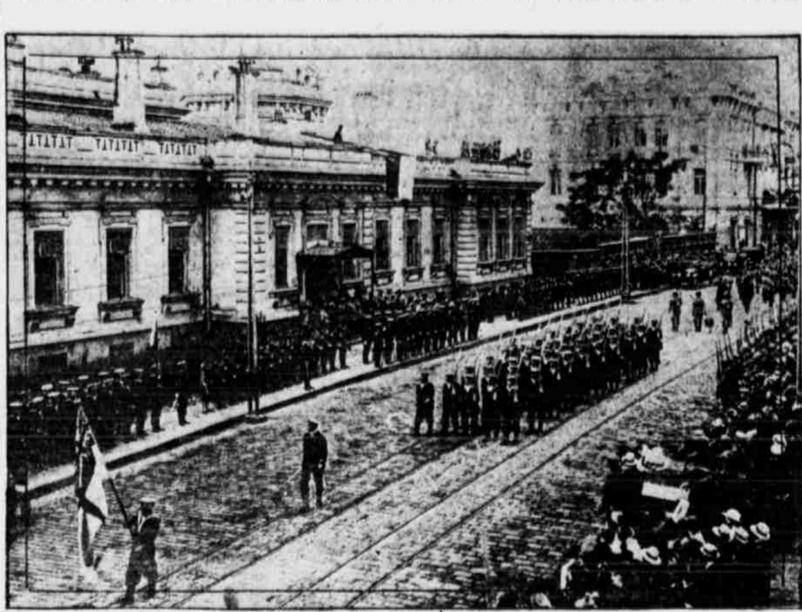
It is desired that the understanding and sympathetic co-operation of the district boards shall be sought in all instances. To the extent that railroad men can be spared from railroad service for military service, we ought to spare them. But to the extent that they are needed for railroad service, the district boards should not attempt to take them for military service.

"The United States Railroad administration intends to ask for deferred classification only when the men on whose behalf the request is made are needed in the public interest for the continued performance of their duties and when experienced substitutes cannot be found."

Churches Serve Breakfast Free to Men in Uniform.

The churches have joined the movement to serve free Sunday morning breakfasts to soldiers and sailors, according to an announcement made yesterday by the New York War Camp Community Service. The first two to begin were Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth Avenue and 29th Street, and Christ Episcopal Church, Broadway and 71st Street. Both churches last Sunday served breakfasts of coffee and hot cakes, and the supply was unlimited. About a thousand enlisted men were served at both churches.

REVIEW OF ALLIED TROOPS IN RUSSIAN PORT



American Soldiers in Vladivostok © Int. Film Ser.

12 SOLDIERS DIE WHEN TROOP TRAIN WRECKS HEAD-ON

38 Others Injured in Crash With Freight in Missouri—Two Trainmen Killed.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 18.—Twelve soldiers and two trainmen were killed, thirty-eight soldiers were injured and two trainmen are unaccounted for today in the wreck of a troop train and a freight train near Marshfield, Mo., last night. The trains met head-on.

Reports received at the general offices of the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad here declared that six soldiers, buried in the debris, had been removed and the wreckage was being cleared.

Military censorship did not permit announcement of the names of the dead and injured. The injured were taken to Springfield, Mo.

The officer in command said a casualty list would be announced as soon as completed.

Soon after the wreck military guards were posted along the track. It was stated that most of the soldiers in the forward coach, which was wrecked, were from Colorado and Minnesota, with a few from Missouri. In the second coach were troops from Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska and West Virginia.

Railroad officials decline to ascribe a cause for the wreck, which occurred near a sharp curve but in fairly open country.

The freight train was not badly damaged but the engine of the troop train was stripped and the baggage coach ground to pieces. The first coach, from which most of the dead were taken, was partly telescoped by the tender of the engine.

MINERS' STRIKE NEAR END.

Shamokin Workers Almost Only Ones Still Out.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 18.—The strike of anthracite miners in this section is nearing an end. It was stated today. Clearville, Ashland and Mount Carmel colliers are said to be working full handed and miners at Shamokin are returning to work. Shamokin is the only place where a majority of the men still remain out.

SIX FEET ONE AT 15, DOMINICK GALEANO HAS HIS SHARE OF TROUBLE



DOMINICK R. GALEANO

Gibed by Other Boys, Refused for Army and Finally He Goes to Children's Court.

Introducing Dominick Ralph Galeano, the boy "skyscraper" of Brooklyn. Dominick is fifteen and has parents and a home at No. 467 Hudson Street, like other boys, but there it stops, for Dominick is six feet one inch tall and believes he has had more troubles already than did Job in all his life.

"Hello, Hawkshaw!" "You'll be a great help to your mother when you grow up." "How's the weather up there?" "Do you believe in Santa Claus?" Dominick has had to listen to these lines ever since he can remember and fate still pursues him.

He has tried, on the strength of his height and his 125 pounds, to get into the army five times and was actually a soldier twice when his parents notified the authorities that he was only fifteen. He had to put on long trousers at twelve and finally left school when he gave up trying to get his legs under the desk.

The latest humiliation came yesterday when, having been arrested for wearing a soldier's uniform, he could not be tried with men, but was sent to the children's court. He was lectured and dismissed.

AMERICAN LABOR DEMANDS VICTORY IN ALLIED MEETING

Indorses Wilson's Fourteen Points and Urges Workers' Share in Peace Conference.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—Samuel Compers, President of the American Federation of Labor, presenting the proposals of that organization at the inter-Allied labor conference today, said the delegation is unprejudiced and open-minded but that it is bound by the principles expressed in the proposals.

The following, he said, are the essential fundamental principles for a peace treaty:

A league of free peoples; no political, economic or discriminatory restrictions; no indemnities or reprisals for vindictive or injurious purposes, but to right manifest wrongs; recognition of the rights of small nations; no territorial changes, except for the welfare of the peoples affected.

The American Federation of Labor delegation submitted the following proposals to the conference:

"That the conference is unqualifiedly determined to assist the Allies in driving the Central Powers' armies from the invaded nations; that it is determined to oppose the Central Powers' armies so long as they are under control of the autocratic Governments; that it indorses President Wilson's fourteen points; that the workers should officially be represented on each belligerent delegation at the peace conference, and that it favors a world labor conference, to be held simultaneously.

C. L. Baine, American delegate, presided at the morning session. He said he hoped the conference would be able to arrive at unanimous conclusions regarding war aims, which, he said, are so clear that neither friends nor enemies should misunderstand them.

PARENTS HEAR OF DEATH AFTER SON'S FOURTH BATTLE

Corpl. Oelschlagel Writes Home Just Before Last Time Over Top.

After being in three big battles, Corpl. Edward H. Oelschlagel, Marine Corps, wrote his parents in Hoboken he was about to go into his fourth. They have been notified of his death in action a short time after his letter was written.

Private Milton Feather of Yonkers, member of the 24th Canadian Infantry, was wounded in the third Sept. 3, according to a telegram received from the Canadian Government by his parents. He enlisted August, 1917. He is nineteen. He has two brothers serving in the American Army.

Private Frank Black of Bay Shore, L. I., a member of a Canadian Infantry regiment, has been wounded in action, according to word received by his sister from the Canadian War Office. A year ago he was hit in the hand by shrapnel. He enlisted with the Canadians in 1911 when he was only seventeen. He is in a hospital in England.

Corpl. Edward J. Bell of Company F, 9th infantry, whose name was published more than a month ago as having died from pneumonia, died from wounds received in the fighting at Chateau-Thierry June 23, according to more recent word received by his sister.

881 Sick and Wounded Soldiers Arrive.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18. During the week ending Sept. 13, 881 sick and wounded soldiers of the American Expeditionary Forces were landed in the United States, the War Department announced today. There were 447 landed in the preceding week.

40 DEAD IN ACTION OF 148 AMERICANS ON CASUALTY LIST

Total Losses in Pershing's Forces Overseas Have Now Reached 34,889.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—Total casualties in the American forces reached 34,889 to-day when the War Department issued an Army list of 126 names and a Marine Corps list of 22. In these lists 40 men were killed in action, bringing the total of Americans who have laid down their lives to 4,722. An Army list of 147 names, given out last night, noted 27 men killed in action.

In the 126 Army casualties made public today there are the following: Killed in action, 27; severely wounded, 71; missing in action, 7; died of wounds, 11.

The Marine Corps list of 22 was divided as follows: Killed in action, 3; severely wounded, 6; missing in action, 10, and died of wounds, 3.

Casualties suffered so far in the American forces, in addition to the 4,722 killed in action, are: Severely wounded, 17,720; missing in action, 4,439; wounded, degree undetermined, 2,493; died of disease, 1,746.

The Army list follows:

- LIEUTENANT.**
MORTIMER, Glenn F., Besenau, Minn.
- CORPORALS.**
CASH, Claude C., Mount Holly, North Carolina.
HILBERT, William Jackson, Lewis, Kan.
PETER, Jordan Ernest, Jamaica Plain, Mass.
- PRIVATE.**
BEYER, William Wilford, Detroit.
BRYAN, William, Jackson, W. Va.
BROOKHUIS, William, Prosser, Conn.
CARLISLE, Mike, Tacoma, Wash.
CANNON, Alexander, East.
HARRIS, George William, North Mississippi.
KELSO, Joseph, Grand Rapids, Mich.
MAYOR, Homer M., Centerville, Kan.
PETERSON, Joseph, Jacksonville, Ark.
PETERSON, John, Erie, Pa.
SCHAEFER, William, John, Ill.
SMITH, Charles, Centerville, Pa.
SMITH, Francis, Towaco, Pa.
WASHBURN, Jasper Newton, Ripley.

DIED OF WOUNDS.
MULLEN, Earl Leonard, Gray, Ohio.
MARR, Walter A., Lowell, Mass.
MORSE, William, Lowell, Mass.

LIEUTENANT.
LETMEYER, James, New York, La.

CORPORAL.
FORBES, James, Lewis Creek, Mo.

PRIVATE.
BLAKE, Raymond E., Pantuck, R. I.
CHERRY, Carl W., Albany, N. Y.
HARRIS, Walter A., Lowell, Mass.
KLEINER, Walter, Chicago.
KLEINER, Walter, Chicago.

LIEUTENANT.
GATES, Payson G., Los Angeles.
LEWIS, John H., Newburgh, N. Y.
WRIGHT, James, Newburgh, N. Y.

SERGEANTS.
JAMES, Frank, Willow Grove, Pa.
KLEINER, Walter, Chicago, Ill.
SMITH, William, Minneapolis, Minn.

MECHANICS.
BLAKE, Joe, Miami, N. D.
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QUESTIONNAIRES SENT TO HALF OF NEW DRAFT MEN

Boards Issue Urgent Appeal for More Volunteer Helpers.

Reports from Draft Board Headquarters in the Hall of Records indicated today that almost one-half the necessary number of questionnaires for this city had been mailed to the new draft registrants. There is, however, an urgent need for volunteer helpers on the legal advisory boards of the city in filling out the questionnaires. Henry MacDonald, Director General of the Mayor's Committee on National Defense, has issued a call for them. So great is the need that surrounding towns have been called upon to assist. Applicants should apply to Room 602, Hall of Records, in Chambers Street.

Upon receipt of the questionnaire the registrant must get busy immediately filling it out. But seven days are allowed for its return, duly sworn to. With each questionnaire is enclosed an extra sheet instructing the registrant as to what is considered essential occupations. If he claims deferred classification on this ground he will find his status on the extra sheet.

Martin Conboy, head of the local draft boards, wants it made plain that the duty of any local board ends when the questionnaire has been mailed. It is the duty of the registrant to see that he gets one. If he does not receive one within eleven days he must make inquiries of his board. Failing to do this he becomes guilty of a misdemeanor. The mailing of questionnaires today affects primarily the men between the ages of thirty-one and thirty-six. The cases of those below nineteen and above thirty-six will be given careful consideration later. Britishers and Canadians will not receive their questionnaires until after Oct. 12.

HARDSHIPS OF WAR BRING SMILES FROM RED CROSS

Deputy Overseas Commissioner Tells of Fortitude of Nurses Among Pershing's Men.

Joseph Swann, Deputy Red Cross Commissioner overseas, who has just returned from the thickest of the fighting in France, was the principal speaker this morning before the Red Cross School of Information, Atlantic Yacht Club, at the Waldorf-Astoria. Mr. Swann gave "first sight observation of the work the Red Cross is performing among Gen. Pershing's men. He told of the hardships experienced by the nurses and all the attaches of the American Red Cross in France, but said these were being met with smiles by every one.

There were about 300 nurses and other agents of the Red Cross, mainly from New Jersey, in attendance at the school this morning, which is the second day of the institute.

Claude Reddish, director of the speakers' bureau, is in charge of the school, which will last through to-morrow.

PHILIP Leonard D. Lanning, Esq., of QUANTICO, Va., is speaker. He is a member of the New York Bar and is a member of the New York Bar and is a member of the New York Bar.

MISSING IN ACTION.
BARHAM, Claude M., Nacogdoches, Texas.
JOHN, Thomas, New York.

ON CANADIAN LIST.
OTTAWA, Sept. 18.—The Canadian casualty list to-day contains the names of the following Americans:

KILLED IN ACTION.
COONKILL, J. K., Iowa.
HOOPER, E. J., Washington, D. C.
MORSE, William, Lowell, Mass.
MORSE, William, Lowell, Mass.

DIED OF WOUNDS.
TERNER, W. Chicago.

WOUNDED AND MISSING.
SOBRIAN, J., Baltimore.

MISSING.
CARRINGTON, R., Chicago.

WOUNDED.
HAYES, D. J., New York.

ANY WORD FOR KAISER? ASK U. S. BOYS OF FOE CAPTIVES

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 8 (By Associated Press).—A party of twenty German officers, prisoners of war, found an unusual reception awaiting them in Southampton. An American regiment was resting by the sea-shore, on its march from the ship to camp, when the German officers were escorted past. Their progress through a hail of yokes was embarrassing. The American soldier who enjoyed the occasion immensely, but not so the German officers. He is the first to have shouted one American.

PERSHING PRAISES LIEUTENANT FEIGL IN NOTE TO FATHER

Officer Who Died From Shell Wound Type of Best in U. S. Spirit, Writes General.

Col. Fred Feigl, editor of the *Tammany Times*, has received from Gen. Pershing a letter of sympathy called forth by the death in action in France of Col. Feigl's only son, Second Lieutenant Jefferson Feigl, who was killed on March 21 on the Toul front.



Lt. Jefferson Feigl

Lieut. Jefferson Feigl was attached to the Seventh Field Artillery of the First Division of the American Expeditionary Forces.

This was the first division to go to the front in France and Lieut. Feigl was the first officer of the command to be killed. He is buried at Maudes, back of the old trench lines north of Toul, and by arrangement between the officers of the Seventh Field Artillery and a resident of Maudes fresh flowers are placed on the grave every day.

The recent advance on the St. Mihiel salient was started from the vicinity of Lieut. Feigl's resting place in France.

Following is Gen. Pershing's letter: "American Expeditionary Forces, "Office of Commander-in-Chief, France, Aug. 5, 1918.

"My dear Col. Feigl: "I have had a very careful investigation made of the circumstances of the death of your son, Lieut. Jefferson Feigl, concerning whom you wrote me under date of May 24, 1918.

"I found that as he entered his battery position, near Beaumont, France, on March 2, 1918, upon returning from his tour of duty at the observation post in his command, he was struck by a fragment of a shell from a hostile battery which had suddenly opened fire.

"Lieut. Feigl was unquestionably the type and exemplar of the best in American spirit and action, for he risked and gave to his country his most precious possession—his life.

"I am glad to send to you, his father, this acknowledgment of deep sympathy for you and my appreciation of his and your great sacrifice.

"JOHN J. PERSHING, "Commander-in-Chief, American Expeditionary Forces."

JOINED ARMY AT AGE OF 16.

Long Island City Boy, Wounded Recently, Well Known as a Boxer, Richard J. Johnston, Severely Wounded in Action on July 23, Joined the Army Three Years Ago when he was Sixteen Years Old.

He lived with his parents at No. 759 16th Avenue, Long Island City. He was a member of Company 16, 102d Infantry.

Johnston was well known as a boxer and fought under the name of "Casino Kid."

Pershing Would Pay Debts of Men Killed.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—A request from Gen. Pershing for a law permitting payment of claims of French citizens for unpaid debts of deceased soldiers was sent to the House yesterday by Acting Secretary Crowell with a draft of such a bill.

The Government would pay the debts and deduct the amount from any pay due to the soldier.

Small Bars Tendon Insurance.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Sept. 18.—The Brazilian Government has cancelled the licenses of German insurance companies.

Salad Dressing That Keeps Well

A new recipe by Marion Harris Neil, using Gulden's Mustard as a base in place of olive oil.

1 egg; 1 1/2 tablespoons Gulden's Mustard; 1/2 teaspoon salt; 3 teaspoons pepper; 2 tablespoons vinegar; 4 tablespoons milk or cream; 2 teaspoons melted butter.

Beat up egg in upper pan of double boiler, add mustard, salt and pepper; beat in vinegar, add milk or cream and cook over hot water until thick, stirring continually. Add butter just before taking from the fire. Can be bottled and kept in a cool place for a week or more.

Gulden's Mustard costs much less than olive oil—and does better. A pure food product.

15c Gulden's Mustard

Made from Nature's Purest Products
An American Standard—Popular Since 1867

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION

W. G. McADOO, Director General of Railroads

Lehigh Valley Trains AT Pennsylvania Station

On and after September 15th all Through Lehigh Valley trains will arrive at and depart from the Pennsylvania station, 7th Avenue and 32nd Street, New York, with connecting trains from Hudson Terminal. Local trains will arrive at and depart from the Pennsylvania's Exchange Place station, Jersey City, with connecting trains from Hudson Terminal.

Tickets on sale at all U. S. R.R. Administration ticket offices in New York and Brooklyn, at Pennsylvania stations in New York and Jersey City, at Hudson Terminal and at Cortlandt and Deabrosses Street ferries.

LEHIGH VALLEY RAILROAD

MILITARY COURSES ARE READY AT COLUMBIA

Term to Open Sept. 26—New York University Also to Teach War Students.

Schedules of courses for the Students' Army Training Corps at Columbia University were announced here today. The term will open Sept. 26. Classes will be selected on the basis of previous preparation, physical fitness and personal preference for service. A course on the issues of the war must be taken by all classes. Students will be assigned as one-quarter, two-quarter and three-quarter men, according to the duration of their study. Students thus may be graduated every three months.

The School of Applied Science of New York University also has worked out eight higher specialized courses for men selected for certain branches of the military service. They are radio communication, testing explosives, testing oil and fuel, testing materials, metallurgical testing, electric power and distribution, military bridge building and military road making.

Four Die in Youngstown Fire. YOUNGSTOWN, O., Sept. 18.—Four persons were burned to death today in a dwelling house fire. Two of the victims were children. The fire originated from the ignition of a heating board from an electric iron, in which the current had been left on.

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