

# WHITE FLAG FROM GERMANY

Fair To-night and Thursday; Warmer Thursday.

"If It Happens In New York  
It's In The Evening World"



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## ENVOYS ON WAY TO SEE FOCH IN THE FIELD, SAYS BERLIN

### HOUSE REPUBLICAN; SENATE TIE; SMITH'S PLURALITY INCREASING

#### Republicans Credited With 225 Representatives on Incomplete Returns and Claim Senate Majority of Six—Democrats Insist They Will Control Both Bodies.

The Republicans have reversed the Democratic control of the House of Representatives, on the face of incomplete returns up to 3 P. M. to-day. At that hour both the Republicans and the Democrats were claiming a majority of the Senate. Returns indicated that the membership of this body would be close and possibly a tie, in which event Vice President Marshall would have the deciding vote.

With returns from seventeen Congressional Districts missing the Republicans apparently had succeeded in filling 225 of the total number, 435, of the seats in the House. The Democrats seemed assured of 191 seats, the Socialists one and the Independents one.

In the Senate race the Democrats had seated forty-five on the face of the returns and the Republicans a similar number. Reports from six of the contests were still incomplete, with returns so far favoring three Republicans and three Democrats.

Republican Senatorial candidates won seats now held by Democrats in Colorado, Delaware, Idaho, Illinois, Kansas, Missouri and New Hampshire. The Democrats succeeded in winning one seat formerly held by the Republicans—one in Massachusetts. **DEMOCRATS CLAIM CONTROL OF HOUSE AND SENATE.**

The Democrats still insist they will control both the House and the Senate.

Homer S. Cummings, acting chairman of the Democratic National Committee, this afternoon issued the following statement in Washington: "Reports received up to 2 P. M. indicate that the Democrats will control both the House and Senate. While there have been some losses, there have been corresponding gains. The Democratic majority in the Senate will be not less than two and probably four, while the Democratic majority in the House will be between five and ten."

Republican National Headquarters here to-day claimed a positive majority of at least six in the United States Senate.

"Our figures," said a statement issued at headquarters, "show that the Republican Party has succeeded in changing the complexion of the National Senate. Before the election of yesterday the figures were: Republicans, 41; Democrats, 52. Our returns from all over the country, with only Kentucky and Nevada in doubt, show that we have gained one seat in each of the following eight States: New Hampshire, Delaware, Illinois, Kansas, Idaho, Colorado, Missouri and Montana.

"Add that to forty-four and you get

(Continued on Second Page.)

There is but one best—  
The Victory Result—Adv.

### VOTE OF SOLDIERS MAY ADD 9,000 TO SMITH PLURALITY

Senator Foley Estimates 19,500 Democratic Ballots, 10,500 Republican in Camp.

The soldier vote, if the calculation of State Senator John A. Foley, who has closely studied it, is correct, will add about 19,500 to the total vote for Smith, and will add only about 10,500 to the Whitman total. This would mean 9,000 added to the present indicated Smith plurality.

Senator Foley, who is a member of the Citizens' Committee in charge of the soldier vote, went to Albany today and conferred with Secretary of State Hugo regarding the safeguarding of the ballots of the soldiers.

At the conclusion of the conference Secretary Hugo issued instructions that all ballots be deposited in a safe deposit vault immediately on their receipt in Albany and kept there until distributed among the various local election boards, who will open them Dec. 17.

"The Democrats have appointed a committee of three to watch the receipt of the soldier vote. The committee will be at the office every day until the last ballots are received. "There were about 20,000 New York soldier registrations in the various camps throughout the country," said Senator Foley, before he went to Albany. "They are in fifteen groups of camps as far west as Texas, as far south as Georgia, and as far north as Maine."

"It is a fair estimate that 65 to 70 per cent of the soldier vote will be for Smith."

(Racing Results on Page 2.)

### SOLDIER VOTE OF 30,000 MIGHT CHANGE RESULT; SMITH'S CITY LEAD 260,483

#### Complete Returns From New York City, With 318 Up-State Districts Missing, Give Smith Lead of 28,917 Over Whitman—His Plurality Now Estimated at 10,000.

Revised returns from Greater New York at 2 o'clock to-day give Alfred E. Smith a plurality of 260,483. Earlier figures showed his city plurality to be 265,661.

Returns for Governor from all but 318 districts in the entire State give Whitman a total vote of 949,804 and Smith 978,721. Smith's lead on these figures was 28,917.

All the missing districts are from up-State. Applying the highest average Whitman plurality per district to the missing precincts, the Smith lead would be increased to about 10,000. Smith gained in some districts up-State. His earlier indicated plurality was 7,725.

There are 30,000 New York soldiers registered in the various camps. The soldiers have already voted and the returns are now under seal with the Secretary of State at Albany. They will not be canvassed until Dec. 17. The result in the State may turn on these votes. Each side is claiming a majority.

Harry Walker, the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor, ran 24,600 behind Smith in Greater New York. Returns up State on Lieutenant Governor are more incomplete than those for Governor and the result is in doubt.

The balance of the Republican State ticket apparently is elected. In practically a clean sweep, with increased pluralities, the Democrats swept the five boroughs of the Greater City, electing four of their five candidates to the Supreme Court in Manhattan and Brooklyn, as well as winning the contests for subordinate offices.

The Socialist candidates in the city were all defeated, including Meyer London, Morris Hillquit and Scott Noaring for Congress. The Socialist vote all over the State was a disappointment, fairly complete returns giving them 110,000 as against 169,000 two years ago and 145,000 for Hillquit for Mayor last year.

In the New York gubernatorial contest the uncertainty as to the result is the more remarkable in view of the fact that more than 2,500,000 votes were cast by the men and women electors of the State, the latter making their initial venture into politics.

Reports from every section of the State indicate that the women's votes, approximately 1,000,000, divided about evenly between the two candidates, and that the prohibition vote went almost solidly to Mr. Whitman. This vote was estimated by the Republicans at 75,000, about 25 per cent less than the indicated Socialist vote of the State.

### SMITH CLAIMS 18,000.

Democratic Candidate Makes Statement at Syracuse. SYRACUSE, Nov. 6.—Alfred E. Smith,

who arrived here at 2:30 this afternoon, asserted that he had been elected by 18,000 plurality.

POWER TO RESIST DISEASE. You can gain fighting strength by taking Father John's Medicine.—Adv.

### PEACE MAY COME IN 24 HOURS AFTER FOCH STATES CONDITIONS

#### Clause Relating to Indemnities Inserted in Wilson Note as an Intimation of Harsher Terms if These Are Not Taken.

BERLIN, Nov. 6 (via London).—An official statement issued here to-day says: "German delegation to conclude an armistice and take up peace negotiations has left for the western front."

AMSTERDAM, Nov. 6.—The German delegation is reported to include Admiral von Hintze, former Foreign Minister; Vice Admiral Meurer, Gen. Gruedell and Gen. Winterfeld, former German Military attache in Paris.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—As the armistice is to be presented in the field it must be accepted or rejected within twenty-four hours of its delivery, according to the understanding in official circles here. In diplomatic quarters it was thought the Germans might be given as much time as five days.

### HOW THE AUSTRIAN ENVOYS RAISED THE WHITE FLAG AND ASKED TERMS OF ARMISTICE

#### First Messenger Was Not Properly Accredited and Was Sent Back—Then Gen. von Weber Headed Delegates.

LONDON, Nov. 6 (British Wireless Service).—The procedure adopted by the Austrians in their application last week for an armistice is described by the correspondent of the Times at Italian Headquarters: "Towards the evening of Oct. 29," he says, "an Austrian officer was seen coming from the enemy trenches close to Serravalle, above Ala, in the Adige Valley. It became evident at once that the white flag was genuine, and Italian officers went forward to meet him."

"The officer, who was a captain, declared that he had come to discuss the conditions of an armistice. Taken to a neighboring command and questioned, he was found not to have any authoritative papers and was sent back with a message that a more representative and duly accredited mission should be sent if the matter was to be pursued."

"On Wednesday evening a white flag was again hoisted, and the Austrians having evidently determined to make due sacrifice of their pride, this time more fitting personalities appeared. At the head of a small group that approached the Italian trenches was the Austrian General von Weber, a corps commander. The party consisted of eight persons and included another General and naval and military officers. There were also civilians."

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

### FORD RUNNING CLOSE RACE WITH NEWBERRY

DETROIT, Nov. 6.—Tuesday's election for United States Senator in Michigan has narrowed down to a nip and tuck race, with Lieut. Commander Truman H. Newberry, Republican, maintaining a narrow lead over Henry Ford, Democrat.

A careful compilation based on returns from practically 75 per cent of the precincts in the State give Newberry 172,103 and Ford 171,377. These figures give the Republican candidate a majority of 1,726 over his Democratic opponent.

### CHAMP CLARK IN LEAD.

LOUISIANA, Mo., Nov. 6.—Incomplete returns from the ten counties in the 9th District at noon showed Speaker Champ Clark with a 2,180 lead over Judge R. H. Dyer for Congress. The count gave Clark 6,810. Democratic headquarters claimed the election.

### Influenza Regulations Here Are Abolished.

Health Commissioner Copeland announced to-day that the Spanish influenza epidemic was so well in hand that all regulations governing theaters, restaurants, schools, stores, eating places and public meetings had been abolished.

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU. Arcade, Pulitzer World Building, 53-55 Park Row, N. Y. City. Telephone Beeman 4000.

Check room for baggage and parcels open day and night. Money orders and travelers' checks for sale.—Adv.

#### Bavaria Reported to Be Threatening Break With Berlin and Forming Combination With Wurttemberg and Baden in Separate State.

It is said the indemnities section inserted in the President's peace formula was designed to serve notice that the longer Germany fought on the heavier would be the indemnities.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—Unless Germany accepts the Allied terms of armistice Bavaria will sue for a separate peace, the Express declared to-day it had learned from reliable sources.

A Zurich despatch said the secession movement is growing in southern Germany, and that Bavarian Deputies have adopted a plan for formation of a new state, comprising Bavaria, Wurttemberg, Baden and German Austria.

Owing to the Government's obstinacy on the question of the Kaiser's abdication, and the alleged opposition of the military clique to an armistice, Socialist members of the ministry are expected to resign.

ZURICH, Nov. 6.—Emperor William's abdication has become imminent, according to information received from Berlin by the Munich Post. The newspaper says that serious differences have arisen between Munich and Berlin governments and adds:

"The Hohenzollerns and the military party would be making a mistake to play with fire, for the people are by no means inclined to remain passive."

### AMERICANS ADVANCE AGAIN; GAIN MORE THAN THREE MILES; ALL ARE NEARING MAUBEUGE

#### U. S. First Army Has Gone Forward 27 Miles West of the Meuse—French and British Gain.

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY ON THE SEDAN FRONT, Nov. 6 (Associated Press).—American troops continued the advance to-day

and captured the town of Maubeuge, a strategic point on the Meuse river. The advance was made in three places, and the American troops gained more than three miles in each place. The French and British also made gains.

The American First Army has gone forward 27 miles west of the Meuse. The French and British also made gains.