

THE ROCK OF THE MARNE REGIMENT WAS THE HEROIC 30TH INFANTRY

(Continued from Third Page)

part of May, 1918, and in the early days of the following June, had successfully broken the Allies' hold upon the Chemin des Dames and had forced a great retreat to the line of the Marne. The lines then passed near Soissons, through Chateau-Thierry, along the Marne and in front of Rheims.

"The immediate purpose of the next drive was to break the Marne line and advance toward Paris. This attack was to be in conjunction with an attack east of Rheims by which the latter city was to be isolated and finally taken. The present article has nothing to do with the offensive east of Rheims, but in order that the reader may fully understand the situation, the positions of the American divisions near Chateau-Thierry must be explained.

"In the last days of May, the 2d and 3d Divisions had been thrown into the rear, and east of Chateau-Thierry, respectively, where they had successfully met and overthrown the shock of the German drive. About June 15, following out the policy of concentrating the troops under their own division and brigade commanders, the 30th Infantry of the 3d Division, which had been occupying a position directly opposite Chateau-Thierry, except that one battalion was on the left of the 2d Division in the front line, was moved to a sector opposite Mont St. Pere. The order of regiments in the 3d Division from left to right was then as follows: 4th Infantry, 7th Infantry, 30th Infantry and 38th Infantry. The 125th French Division was on the right of the 2d American Division.

WHY THE GERMANS CHOSE SECTOR DEFENDED BY 30TH.

"The 30th Infantry held a particularly large and exposed sector—about twice that held by the 28th Infantry on the right. If the enemy could successfully cross the line in this sector, that same river would then protect his right flank as he moved down the Marne Valley toward Chateau-Thierry. To accomplish this the Germans had possession of the hills just east of the Marne, as well as of Le Hocq plateau on the west, the approaches to which were held by the 30th Infantry. The Germans had several things in their favor; commanding ground at the bend in the river between Fossemy and Mezy enabled them to fire from two sides upon the 30th Infantry; the dam opposite the Rue de

wreckage of boats and German bodies. No infantryman who took part in this battle will ever fail to give the artillery their due recognition for the part they played in the destruction of the German attack.

"Reference to the map captured by the 30th Infantry from the person of a German Major shows the concentrated effort made against the position held by this same regiment.

"As the German Infantry moved forward from all sides and were met by well concentrated machine gun and rifle fire. After about three hours the Germans succeeded in completely annihilating the machine gun crews near the river at Fossemy, and advanced triumphantly upon four machine guns and an American seventy-five where the majority of them remained piled up until they were buried one week later. At Mezy 5,000 Germans tried unsuccessfully to drive the defenders out of the town. This town was held by forty-eight men, eight of whom were machine gunners. Failing to get through, large numbers of Germans went around the town, some following the railroad into the sector held by the 38th Infantry. In this woods directly south of Mezy were two machine guns. These guns expended approximately 20,000 rounds apiece, and succeeded in preventing the Germans from reaching the town of Cresancy. Detachments of Germans managed to get as far as the woods directly north of the Fossemy-Cresancy road. As the Germans advanced upon the various strong points, some of whose defenders were annihilated, their machine guns were broken up. This, together with the confusion caused by the smoke screen, operated to the great disadvantage of the German troops and to the advantage of our own.

NEARLY ALL AMERICANS ON RIVER POSTS WERE KILLED.

"Practically all of the troops posted near the river died at their posts. Three of the four most advanced machine guns were knocked out by direct fire. One of the two officers commanding these guns was killed, while the other was so severely wounded that he afterward died. Platoons and squads whose leaders were killed, sought what was left of the leadership of Sergeants, Corporals, and even privates. There was no time to take prisoners—it was a fight to the death on both sides.

"It has been pointed out by some who were not present at the battle that Germans in large numbers succeeded in taking the woods south of Mezy and directing their fire upon the left flank of the 30th Infantry. In view of the fact that there were two machine guns posted in front of these woods whose crews suffered no casualties although they remained there during the entire fight, it can be definitely stated that no Germans, except a few skirmishers, ever reached that position. The fight centered about Mezy, where Company B of the 30th Infantry, under the brilliant leadership of its Captain, rendered extremely valuable aid to the detachments of the 30th Infantry holding the line.

AMERICANS FILLED THE MARNE WITH DEAD GERMANS.

"The German artillery, with eighty-nine batteries, overwhelmed the sector with high explosive and shrapnel of every calibre. The American artillery replied with about one gun to the Germans' six, and though their fire was puny compared with the storm of shells from the German artillery, the heroism and accuracy of our gunners were such that they caused frightful havoc among the dense masses of the enemy. The majority of the American batteries had come into the position only a few days before the attack and had no time for ranging fire or complicated barrage systems. One battery, in fact, was caught on the road to the front and completely smashed by the German fire. Notwithstanding the fact that there were only about one hundred men to fire from two sides upon the 30th Infantry; the dam opposite the Rue de

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Map Proves 30th U. S. Infantry Chateau-Thierry's Real Heroes

Anlage 1 zu 10. J. D. in Nr. 95 op. pag.



THIS is a photographic copy of a map made by the German military authorities in charge of the drive on the Marne on July 15, 1918. The original map was taken from a German officer by men of the 30th Infantry of the 3d Division. Note the arrows indicating the peak of the German attack, which happened to be the line held by the 30th Infantry.

The black square dotted line shows the front held by the 30th Infantry from Fossemy to Mezy. In the latter town the right of the 30th joined the left of the 38th. Generally speaking, that line of black squares shows where the 30th Infantry was located on the night of July 14 and where it was located when the German attack failed and the enemy began to move back toward Berlin. The map shows the thoroughness with which the Germans prepared their attacks. The inserted photograph is that of Lieut. Col. Thomas McNeil, who brought the 30th Regiment home.



Lt. Col. THOMAS F. McNEIL. A translation of the military terms appearing on the German map follows: Endziel—Objective. Hauptwiderstandszone—Main zone of resistance. Vorposten—Outpost. Sturmstellung—Strong position. Hauptangriffsrichtungen—Direction of principal attack.

number whose bodies floated down the Marne.

PETAINE BEARS WITNESS TO THE 30TH'S VALOR.

"Here this story properly ends. But in order that the reader may know what Gen. Petain, Commander in Chief of the French Army, thought of the action, the following citation is included:

GREAT GENERAL HEAD-QUARTERS OF THE NORTH and Northeast. Personal Bureau (Decorations). ORDER NO. 10,305 "D" (EXTRACT). With the approbation of the Commander in Chief, American Expeditionary Forces in France, the Commander in Chief of the French Armies of the North and Northeast, cites in order of the army:

THE 30TH INFANTRY. An old regiment of the American Army, under the energetic and able command of its Chief, Col. E. L. Butta, showed itself faithful to its traditions in resisting the principal shock of the German attack on the 15th of July, 1918, on the front of the corps to which it was attached. Under a most violent bombardment, which caused heavy losses, it held in spite of all the enemy assault, and re-established integrally its positions, taking more than two hundred (200) prisoners. PETAINE, The General, Commander in Chief, THE GREAT GENERAL HEAD-QUARTERS, 22 OCT., 1918.

BENNO LOEWY'S FUNERAL.

Private services for Lawyer Who Died From Auto Injury. Funeral services were held this afternoon over the body of Benno Loewy, No. 12 West 83rd Street, who died on Sunday received when hit by a truck last Monday in the Interborough strike jam. The service was held at the home and was private, the Rev. Silverman, of Temple Emmanuel officiating. Burial was at Salem Fields, Brooklyn.

TROLLEY HITS AUTO; 4 DIE.

East Greenbush Couple, Nephew and Niece the Victims. ALBANY, Aug. 21.—Four were killed last night when their auto was struck by an interurban trolley midway between this city and Schenectady. The auto was broken to bits. The dead are: E. O. Kemmerer and wife, of East Greenbush, and their nephew and niece, George and Dorothea Breese of Schenectady.

TO URGE NAVY PAY RAISE.

Assistant Secretary Sees Menace in Many Resignations. WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—With the resignations of more than 300 permanent officers of the regular Navy already submitted to the Department and more arriving daily, Acting Secretary Roosevelt to-day began work on proposed legislation to be submitted to Congress providing substantial pay increases for officers and enlisted men of the navy and marine corps.

Most of the resignations have come from the younger officers in the lower grades who received from \$1,700 to \$2,500 a year.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND PRICES

WALL STREET

News and Gossip of To-Day's Market—Present and Future Prices.

For the last ten days or more a coterie of professional operators has been making vigorous attacks on the stock market. Their efforts to depress prices met with but little opposition. The character of the news discouraged heavy buying. To-day, however, these bear operators met with a severe set-back. They found that their best efforts to further depress prices were unavailing; that big banking institutions and social insiders were buying stocks on a large scale.

Shortly after the opening of the market a new series of bear raids was instituted. Most pressure was directed against U. S. Steel. It apparently was figured that the result of the strike vote would make holders of the issue timid. But Steel refused to be depressed.

The attack then switched to rubber, tobacco and tire stocks and met with greater success. Declines ranging from three to more than seven points were soon registered. This weakness did not induce liquidation in other parts of the list. Neither was there any consequential amount of "stop-loss" orders caught, proving that the market is in a healthy position.

So called "inside" or institutional buying then made its appearance. One lower Broadway house alone purchased 40,000 shares of steel. This issue rose to above 121 for a gain of nearly three points. Not only did most of the rubber and tire issues recover their early losses, but were able to show gains over last night's close.

A contributing factor in the forward movement was the better tone displayed by foreign exchange. It at one time advanced to 41.81-2, a gain of more than 6 cents over yesterday's low, but later lost about half its gain.

Now that the result of the poll of steel workers is known the financial district refuses to become excited about the possibility of a strike. The impression persists that the situation will be satisfactorily adjusted without recourse to radical measures.

One news event of the day that elicited considerable comment was the sale of copper for October delivery at 24 cents per pound. But this did not stimulate much buying of copper shares for the reason that Wall Street persists in the belief that the copper metal situation is not as satisfactory as the level of copper prices would indicate.

The market continued to display a strong tone in late trading, the oil stocks under leadership of Sinclair Oil being especially strong. Rails were steady.

Stock market values are being influenced almost wholly by two factors at the present time, namely, labor unrest in the steel districts and the sharp drop in foreign exchange.

Yesterday professionals sold stocks heavily on the belief that the poll of steel workers would result in favor of the immediate calling of a nationwide strike. This morning these same professionals began to buy in stocks because of the unexpected moderation of labor's demands.

There are now few well posted people in the financial district who are so pessimistic as to believe that the labor unrest in steel centers will reach the strike stage. The impression prevails that labor is endeavoring to act in a conciliatory manner. The same spirit is expected to be displayed by managers of steel companies.

But the general labor situation and outlook is not so rosy as to encourage speculators to heavily commit themselves to a definite position on the constructive side of the stock market. Professionals who seldom let their market commitments run over-night are now responsible for the bulk of transactions.

With regard to foreign exchange, there is no indication as yet that the downward movement is nearing its end. Daily new low records are being made with almost monotonous regularity. English exchange has depreciated about 15 per cent or 74 cents to the pound. Yesterday it went to \$41.14. Several leading bankers large dealers in foreign exchange, who are not surprised if it breaks \$40.00 before the end of next week.

Fluctuations in foreign exchanges have become so erratic that a large part of the speculative element of the "Street" are taking a gamble in that market. And they are getting badly burned. For instance, when dealings in German marks were resumed many speculators thought that marks at \$100 would be a depreciation of about 74 per cent. from their normal value, must be a great bargain. Therefore, they bought heavily. German marks now have a value of only 47 cents.

The bond market, apparently not wishing to be outdone by the stock market, gives promise of setting up a new record. The average price of forty of the leading listed bonds has touched a new low price each succeeding day this month.

NOTES. Kennecott Copper, July production totaled 5,872,560 pounds of copper against 6,594,000 in June and 3,342,000 in May.

The Stock Exchange has admitted to the list Kelly-Springfield Tire Company temporary certificates, 5 per cent. pfd. stock.

Columbia Graphophone Manufacturing Company, stockholders have approved increase in common stock from 150,000 shares to 1,495,000 shares with 50 per cent. value. The new shares will be exchanged for present common stock on the basis of 10 new shares for each share of old stock.

Seeds Hunt Missing Boy. POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Aug. 21.—Services of the Boy Scouts were enlisted by the police to-day in a search for Gordon Harrington, twelve years old, who has been missing since Tuesday.

CLOSING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Table with columns: Stock Name, High, Low, Last, Change. Includes Am. Bond, Am. Can., Am. Locomotive, Am. Steel, A. T. & T., Anaconda Mining, etc.

LIBERTY BONDS.

Table with columns: Bond Name, Price. Includes 2 1/2-28, 99.84, off .02; 1st 4s, 94.10; 2d 4s, 92.84, off .02; 3d 4s, 91.46; 4d 4s, 90.20, off .02; 5d 4s, 88.94, off .02.

MONEY.

Call money, mixed collateral \$; all industrial 5 1/2-3 per cent. In time money there has been a little lending at 6 per cent. on all industrial collateral for the two, three and four months periods. Mixed money is also 6 per cent. bid, but there have been few of any loans made.

The Sub Treasury was creditor at the Clearing House \$1,006,364; Federal Reserve Bank creditor \$67,379,962.

New York clearings \$600,591,391, increase \$251,234,333; Philadelphia, \$73,214,778, increase \$9,562,172; Boston, \$57,211,096, increase \$2,883,000.

The Bank of England's minimum discount rate remains unchanged at 5 per cent.

EARNINGS. Canadian National Railways, second week August, \$1,891,104, increase, \$308,033; from Jan. 1, \$51,369,354, increase, \$6,062,467.

United States Gypsum Company regular quarterly of 1/4 per cent. on preferred stock payable Sept. 30.

Columbia Graphophone Manufacturing Company regular quarterly of 1/2 per cent. on preferred stock, a quarterly dividend of 25 cents in cash and one-twentieth of a share in common stock on the common shares, all payable Oct. 1.

Cambria Steel Company—Regular quarterly of 1 1/2 per cent. and an extra of 1/2 of 1 per cent., payable Sept. 15. This is the same as the last quarter.

Cities Service Company—Regular monthly dividend of 1/3 of 1 per cent. on preferred and 1/2 of 1 per cent. on the common. Regular 1 per cent. dividend on common payable in common stock was also declared.

Oncoala Mining Company—Quarterly of \$1 a share payable Sept. 20.

Ilele Royal Copper Company—Quarterly of 50 cents payable Sept. 30.

GRAIN. Range for the day at Chicago: CORN. September, 100, 100 1/4, 100 1/2, 100 3/4; October, 100, 100 1/4, 100 1/2, 100 3/4; November, 100, 100 1/4, 100 1/2, 100 3/4; December, 100, 100 1/4, 100 1/2, 100 3/4.

COTTON. Open, High, Low, Last. Oct., 20.20, 20.20, 20.20, 20.20; Nov., 20.20, 20.20, 20.20, 20.20; Dec., 20.20, 20.20, 20.20, 20.20; Jan., 20.20, 20.20, 20.20, 20.20.

COFFEE. Spot, 19.80, 19.80, 19.80, 19.80; Dec., 19.80, 19.80, 19.80, 19.80; Jan., 19.80, 19.80, 19.80, 19.80; Feb., 19.80, 19.80, 19.80, 19.80.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

CU-MOR CHEMICAL CO.

Has Declared Interim Dividend 2% QUARTERLY Payable Sept. 2—To Stockholders of Aug. 23.

Cu-Mor Chemical Stock is active on the New York Curb and higher prices are predicted by those well informed in company affairs.

WATCH THIS STOCK Executions and quotations by any reputable broker. We advise its immediate purchase. Henry O. Ellis New York City 7 Wall St. Colvert Building, Baltimore.

TO-DAY'S PRICES

Total sales of stocks 1,272,000 shares.

OILS ON THE CURB.

Opened firm. Houston, 110-120; Hudson, 2-4; Island Oil, 61-5-4-5; Vulcan, 12-13; Amal. Royalty, 11-1-1-1; Sapulpa, 71-8-7-1-4; Savoy, 81-5-10; Stanton, 11-8-7-1-4; Western States, 8-31-3; S. Gulf, 11-5-5-5-5; Victoria, 2-1-1-1; Boston Wyo., 9-5-7; Queen, 8-10; Merritt, 21-22; Salt Creek, 50-52; Barnett, 1-8-3-10; Shell T. T., 51-1-2-67-1-3; Glen Rock, 41-3-4-3-4; Kirk Basin, 11-4-3-4-4; Federal, 2-4-2-4; Omar, 53-62; Midwest Ref., 160-163; Commonwealth, 57-58; Simms, 28-30; Cities Service Bank Shares, 44-3-4-5; Caden, 9-3-4-10; Sinclair Consolidated, 52.

Noon prices quiet. Sinclair Gulf, 51-3-5-1-2; Sinclair Consolidated, 51-3-5-1-2; Cities Service Bank Shares, 44-1-4-4-3-4; Com. Pet., 57-58; Houston, 108-115; Rhul. Trans., 95-100; Merritt, 21-2-2-2; S. O. of N. J., rights, 101-4-10-1-2; Midwest Refining, 115-160; S. O. of N. J., common, 69-70.

The close was irregular. Shell Tr., 47-1-2, up 1/2; Sinclair Gulf, 51-3-4, up 1/2.

THE CURB.

Opened firm. Col. Graphophone, 4-4; Subm. B., 151-2-151-2; Packers, 35-35; Benford Auto Prod., 6-6-1-2; Brit. Ann. Tob. Cpn., 23-23-1-2; Registered, 21-3-2-4; Wright-Martin, 42-4-5; So. Ann. Gold, 9-4-10-10; Un. Eastern, 4-1-1-8; Golden Gate, 27-4-3-1-3; Asphalt, 71-72; Hupp, 11-1-4-1-1-2; N. Un. Profit, 15-8-1-7-8; N. Y. Shipbldg., 53-56; Perfection, 13-16-11-4; White Eagle, 22-24; Big Lodge, 25-1-2; Asphalt, 70-71; Beth. Mtrs., Col. Tire, 30-35; Savold T., 40-4-4; Heyden, 83-4-87-8; Crescon, 22-23-37-8; Otis, 35-36; Aetna, 10-10-1-2; Tob. Prod. Exp., 29, off 1-2; Am. Ship, 21-2-22.

STERLING REACTS AGAIN.

After selling up to \$4.18-14 demand sterling reacted to \$4.15. Franc checks reached 81.5 francs per \$1, but reacted to 81.9 francs. Lire checks fell off to 2.5 lire per \$1. Guider checks were firm at 35.8; Swiss cables at 5.8; francs per \$1, and Peseta cables at 65.50. Belgian cables were 8.40 francs per \$1. Stockholm cables 21.20c; mark cables 24.50c; and Vienna cables 22.10c; sterling cables, \$4.16 francs cables 8.17; lire cables 3.60; guilder-demand 36-3-8c.

BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

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BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

CU-MOR CHEMICAL CO.

Has Declared Interim Dividend 2% QUARTERLY Payable Sept. 2—To Stockholders of Aug. 23.

Cu-Mor Chemical Stock is active on the New York Curb and higher prices are predicted by those well informed in company affairs.

Coca-Cola advertisement featuring a bottle of Coca-Cola and the text 'Drink Coca-Cola DELICIOUS and REFRESHING You can't think of "delicious" or "refreshing" without thinking of Coca-Cola. The taste is the test of Coca-Cola quality—so clearly distinguishes it from imitations that you cannot be deceived. Sold Every where THE COCA-COLA CO. ATLANTA, GA.'

M. Singer advertisement: 'Singer Sewing Machines Save Your Eyes Wear Soft-Lite Lenses. M. Singer. 226 Madison St., New York City. 226 Fulton St., New York City. 226 West 11th St., New York City. 226 West 12th St., New York City. 226 West 13th St., New York City. 226 West 14th St., New York City. 226 West 15th St., New York City. 226 West 16th St., New York City. 226 West 17th St., New York City. 226 West 18th St., New York City. 226 West 19th St., New York City. 226 West 20th St., New York City. 226 West 21st St., New York City. 226 West 22nd St., New York City. 226 West 23rd St., New York City. 226 West 24th St., New York City. 226 West 25th St., New York City. 226 West 26th St., New York City. 226 West 27th St., New York City. 226 West 28th St., New York City. 226 West 29th St., New York City. 226 West 30th St., New York City. 226 West 31st St., New York City. 226 West 32nd St., New York City. 226 West 33rd St., New York City. 226 West 34th St., New York City. 226 West 35th St., New York City. 226 West 36th St., New York City. 226 West 37th St., New York City. 226 West 38th St., New York City. 226 West 39th St., New York City. 226 West 40th St., New York City. 226 West 41st St., New York City. 226 West 42nd St., New York City. 226 West 43rd St., New York City. 226 West 44th St., New York City. 226 West 45th St., New York City. 226 West 46th St., New York City. 226 West 47th St., New York City. 226 West 48th St., New York City. 226 West 49th St., New York City. 226 West 50th St., New York City. 226 West 51st St., New York City. 226 West 52nd St., New York City. 226 West 53rd St., New York City. 226 West 54th St., New York City. 226 West 55th St., New York City. 226 West 56th St., New York City. 226 West 57th St., New York City. 226 West 58th St., New York City. 226 West 59th St., New York City. 226 West 60th St., New York City. 226 West 61st St., New York City. 226 West 62nd St., New York City. 226 West 63rd St., New York City. 226 West 64th St., New York City. 226 West 65th St., New York City. 226 West 66th St., New York City. 226 West 67th St., New York City. 226 West 68th St., New York City. 226 West 69th St., New York City. 226 West 70th St., New York City. 226 West 71st St., New York City. 226 West 72nd St., New York City. 226 West 73rd St., New York City. 226 West 74th St., New York City. 226 West 75th St., New York City. 226 West 76th St., New York City. 226 West 77th St., New York City. 226 West 78th St., New York City. 226 West 79th St., New York City. 226 West 80th St., New York City. 226 West 81st St., New York City. 226 West 82nd St., New York City. 226 West 83rd St., New York City. 226 West 84th St., New York City. 226 West 85th St., New York City. 226 West 86th St., New York City. 226 West 87th St., New York City. 226 West 88th St., New York City. 226 West 89th St., New York City. 226 West 90th St., New York City. 226 West 91st St., New York City. 226 West 92nd St., New York City. 226 West 93rd St., New York City. 226 West 94th St., New York City. 226 West 95th St., New York City. 226 West 96th St., New York City. 226 West 97th St., New York City. 226 West 98th St., New York City. 226 West 99th St., New York City. 226 West 100th St., New York City.'

Whalen Brothers advertisement: 'Brooklyn's biggest Grand Street 219, 221, 223, 225, 227. Credit House 164, 166, 168 and 170 Smith Street. Cor. Driggs Ave. BROOKLYN. Cor. Wyckoff St. \$100 WORTH OF FURNITURE, \$1 WEEKLY. The Old Reliable House at WHALEN BROTHERS carries the biggest stock of medium and high grade goods and gives the easiest and best terms of any house in the trade.'

Dr. Wernet's Powder advertisement: 'BITE With False Teeth? SURE Dr. Wernet's Powder. Keep them firm. Prevents sore gums. White. Flavored. Antiseptic. If your dental plate is loose or drops, to get instant relief use Dr. Wernet's Powder regularly. You can eat, laugh, talk with ease. Guaranteed by Wernet Dental Mfg. Co., 115 DeKalb St., N. Y. 25c, 50c, \$1.00. At Drug and Department Stores, Refill Dispensaries. This is the original powder.'

M. Singer advertisement: 'Singer Sewing Machines Save Your Eyes Wear Soft-Lite Lenses. M. Singer. 226 Madison St., New York City. 226 Fulton St., New York City. 226 West 11th St., New York City. 226 West 12th St., New York City. 226 West 13th St., New York City. 226 West 14th St., New York City. 226 West 15th St., New York City. 226 West 16th St., New York City. 226 West 17th St., New York City. 226 West 18th St., New York City. 226 West 19th St., New York City. 226 West 20th St., New York City. 226 West 21st St., New York City. 226 West 22nd St., New York City. 226 West 23rd St., New York City. 226 West 24th St., New York City. 226 West 25th St., New York City. 226 West 26th St., New York City. 226 West 27th St., New York City. 226 West 28th St., New York City. 226 West 29th St., New York City. 226 West 30th St., New York City. 226 West 31st St., New York City. 226 West 32nd St., New York City. 226 West 33rd St., New York City. 226 West 34th St., New York City. 226 West 35th St., New York City. 226 West 36th St., New York City. 226 West 37th St., New York City. 226 West 38th St., New York City. 226 West 39th St., New York City. 226 West 40th St., New York City. 226 West 41st St., New York City. 226 West 42nd St., New York City. 226 West 43rd St., New York City. 226 West 44th St., New York City. 226 West 45th St., New York City. 226 West 46th St., New York City. 226 West 47th St., New York City. 226 West 48th St., New York City. 226