

CARRANZA WITH ARMY, MAKING HARD FIGHT U. S. PUTS A LIMIT ON SUGAR PRICES

TO-NIGHT'S WEATHER—Fair.

TO-MORROW'S WEATHER—Fair.

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The

Evening

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FINAL EDITION

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THREE CENTS ELSEWHERE

GREAT BRITAIN HELPLESS TO THE POINT OF PANIC, SAID WILSON IN CABLE TO SIMS

President Expressed Surprise at Failure to Meet the Submarine Emergency.

NO TIME FOR PRUDENCE.

"Boldness Even at Cost of Great Losses," He Suggested, Asking Admiral's View.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—A confidential cablegram from President Wilson to Rear Admiral Sims in London, sent during the war, was read to the Senate Naval Investigating Committee to-day by Secretary Daniels. President Wilson asked Admiral Sims to advise him as he would give advice "if you were running a navy of your own."

Admiral Sims's reply, said Secretary Daniels, who presented the message in connection with his answer to Sims's charges against the Navy Department's conduct of the war, was "A long telegram of generalities of what the British Admiralty was doing."

TEXT OF THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE TO ADMIRAL SIMS. President Wilson's message to Sims follows:

From the beginning of the war I have been greatly surprised at the failure of the British Admiralty to use Great Britain's great naval superiority in an effective way. In the presence of the present submarine emergency they are helpless to the point of panic.

"Every plan we suggest they reject for some reason or prudence. In my view this is not a time for prudence but for boldness even at the cost of great losses.

"In most of your dispatches you have quite properly advised us of the sort of aid and co-operation desired from us by the Admiralty. The trouble is that their plans and methods do not seem to us efficacious.

"I would be very much obliged to you if you would report to me, confidentially, of course, exactly what the Admiralty has been doing and what they have accomplished, and added to the report, your own comments and suggestions, based upon independent thought of the whole situation, without regard to the judgments of any one on that side of the water.

"The Admiralty was very slow to adopt the protection of convoys and it is not now, I judge, protecting convoys on adequate scale within the danger zone; seeming to keep small craft with the Grand Fleet. The absence of craft for convoys is even more apparent on the French coast

(Continued on Second Page.)

Classified Advertisers Important! Classified advertising copy for The Sunday World should be in The World office.

On or Before Friday Preceding Publication. Every copy receives the preference when similar advertising has to be selected. Late advertising is now notified for lack of time to set it.

SPLIT IS CERTAIN IN BOTH PARTIES OVER THE LEAGUE

Washington View Is That a Third Ticket Cannot Be Avoided.

By David Laurence. (Special Correspondent of The Evening World.)

WASHINGTON, May 12 (Copyright, 1920).—Political events of the last twenty-four hours have emphasized the improbability of a reconciliation between the various factions in both the Democrat and Republican Parties who have taken their respective attitudes toward the Peace Treaty and League of Nations during the past year.

Three divisions exist in each party and by virtue of their similarity they appear now to be the nucleus of three political parties.

President Wilson's letter to the Oregon Democrats asking for the unqualified endorsement of the treaty and league, followed as it was by the announcement of Republican leaders in Chicago that they would stand on the Lodge reservations, has now been attacked by the so-called "irreconcilables," led by Senators Johnson and Borah, who hint at a bolt from the Republican Party unless reservations, League, treaty and all are condemned.

HOW THE THREE TICKETS MAY BE MADE UP.

The outlook at present for the Presidential nominations therefore would appear to be this:

Republican—Lowden, Wood or Hoover on a platform of Lodge reservations and their chances about in the order named.

Democratic—McAdoo, Cox or Palmer on a platform written by President Wilson advocating unequalled adoption of the treaty but accepting interpretative reservations such as those of the Hitchcock resolution.

Independent, or Third Party—Senator Hiram Johnson or Senator La Follette.

(Continued on Second Page.)

BABY'S PRATTLE LEADS TO DIVORCE

She Tells of a "New Daddy" and Her Father Gets Decree in Newark Court.

Childish prattle led to the recommendation to-day by Vice Chancellor Foster of a divorce decree for Frederick Wheeler of No. 374 1/2 South 10th Street, from his wife, Mrs. Sarah Wheeler of No. 779 Springfield Avenue, both at Newark.

The couple separated in August, 1917. The little daughter, Myrtle, now three years old, went to live with her mother, but later with its paternal grandmother, Mrs. Wheeler would take the little girl for a walk. After one of these walks early this year, Myrtle talked to her father about a "new Daddy" and a "new baby sister." Wheeler investigated and brought the present divorce action. He also brought a criminal action against his wife, who was convicted, receiving a suspended sentence.

Six Bellows hot water, Sure Relief, Don't Forget—Adv.

"ONE BIG UNION" FOR CLOTHING AND TEXTILE WORKERS

Aim at Ultimate Control of Mills and Shops by Co-Operative Employees.

IS FAR-REACHING PLAN. May Take in Ladies' Garment Workers—Many Can't Speak English.

By Martin Green. (Special Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)

BOSTON, May 12.—All indications point to the accomplishment this week of the consolidation of the week of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, which takes in practically all the workers in the shops of the manufacturers of men's clothes, and the Amalgamated Textile Workers' Union, which includes in its membership about 40 per cent. of the workers in the New England-textile mills. The textile workers are already committed to the plan and the national convention of the clothing workers, now in session here, is to pass upon it before the end of the week.

The consolidation may have the effect of heading off the threatened strike in the mills of the American Woolen Company in Lawrence and in the mills of other woolen concerns, for reasons which will appear later in this dispatch. The most important feature of the proposed amalgamation of the two unions mentioned is that it marks the first step toward ultimate consummation of the plan of the leaders of the clothing workers to unite, in "one big union," all persons who work on or with all kinds of clothing, from the toilers in the mills and factories to the clerks in the wholesale and retail stores; to unite everybody directly or indirectly employed in what are called "the needle trades."

Many organizers and officers of both the clothing workers and textile workers, in public utterances, have announced that when the "One Big Union" is in working order the next step will be to move to take over complete control of the clothing trade by acquiring the mills, the factories and the stores and running them on the co-operative plan. The method of obtaining control has been outlined in detail.

It is to make periodical demands for more wages and shorter hours until the present owners of the mills, the factories and the stores are driven to offer to sell their enterprises or give them away. The Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union is now so powerful that it dictates not only wages and hours but supervises the manufacturing end of the production of men's clothing.

"ONE BIG UNION" WILL BE TRI-PARTITE.

Almost as powerful is the International Ladies' Garment Workers' Union, now holding a convention in Chicago. During this convention the question of amalgamating with the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union and the Amalgamated Textile Workers' Union will be considered and national officers of the clothing workers' union say they have every reason to believe that the workers on women's garments will join with them.

With the triple consolidation effected the activities of the leaders will be concentrated upon completely organizing the workers in the mills which turn out fabrics entering into women's clothing and the office forces in the factories and the salespeople in the stores. It is a terrific job, but the union leaders under the command of Sidney Hillman, General President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers' Union, contemplate it with equanimity. They say they are in no hurry. As their "One Big Union" broadens

(Continued on Second Page.)

YANKEE WOMEN WIN ON ENGLISH LINKS

Miss Hollins and Mrs. Vanderbeck Through Second Round of Match Play for English Title.

NEWCASTLE, County Down, Ireland, May 12.—America's two remaining contestants in the British women's golf championship tournament, Mrs. C. H. Vanderbeck of Westport, L. I., won their way through the second round of match play here to-day.

Mrs. Vanderbeck defeated Miss A. C. Mackenzie of Toronto, three to two, while Miss Hollins eliminated Mrs. Hankey, Sunnyside, four and three.

Miss Cecil Leitch, the present champion and favorite in the contesting field, also won early from Mrs. Heilbert, Fortrush, nine and eight.

REWARD OF \$5,000 OFFERED FOR SLAYER OF RUECKERT; BUYER OF GUN IS HUNTED

Man in Pawnshop at Time Weapon Was Sold Says He Can Identify Purchaser.

GIRL HAD PREMONITION. Merchant's Will Leaves Part of Large Estate to Hoboken Fiancee.

A reward of \$5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the slayer of Fritz K. Rueckert was offered to-day by the White Metal Manufacturing Co., of No. 1006 Clinton Street, Hoboken.

Rueckert, wealthy bachelor, who was shot early Sunday morning in his apartment, apparently by a burglar he surprised there, was vice president of the company. He died in St. Mary's Hospital early Monday.

Announcement of the \$5,000 reward was made by Chief of Police Patrick Hayes. At the office of the company President Richter was said to be out. Inquirers were referred to Chief Inspector Daniel Kiely of the Detective Bureau.

Despite a score of reports to the contrary, Chief of Police Hayes said the police are not looking for Adolph Schmidt, once a sailor and later the proprietor of a Hoboken lodging house, in connection with the gun with which Rueckert was slain. Chief Hayes declared that the police were not responsible for the use of Schmidt's name.

The revolver was bought in the pawnshop of Abraham Cohn at No. 229 Washington Street.

"At 1:30 o'clock on Saturday afternoon," Cohn told an Evening World reporter, "a man came in and looked at several revolvers before making his selection."

"He spoke with a German accent, gave the name Charles Berger and the address No. 513 Bloomfield Street, Hoboken; was 5 feet 7 1/2 inches tall and weighed maybe 140 to 150 pounds. I should say he was twenty-eight or thirty years old."

Policemen who hurried to No. 513 Bloomfield Street were told that nobody of the name of Berger ever lived there. Detectives did, however, find a man who was in the pawnshop when Berger bought the gun.

PURCHASER OF REVOLVER GAVE FALSE ADDRESS.

"I had gone there to hook my watch," said this man, whose name is withheld, "and what interested me

(Continued on Second Page.)

WORLD RESTAURANT.

Special for to-day, Wednesday, May 12. Special beef, lamb and veal specialties. Special corned beef and corned chicken. Special corned beef, 140 Cents. World Restaurant, 140 Cents.

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SON OF MRS. DUKE WEDS FORMER WIFE OF A SONG WRITER

Marriage of Walker P. Inman and Mrs. Clarke Two Weeks Ago Just Made Public.

It became known to-day that Walker P. Inman, stepson of James B. Duke, multi-millionaire tobacco manufacturer, has been the husband of Mrs. Garnet Helen Clarke, former wife of a song writer, for two weeks.

At the home of Mrs. Duke, No. 1 East 78th Street, the marriage of Mr. Inman was confirmed, and it was declared that the marriage has caused no friction between Inman and his mother. Mrs. Duke declined to give any information regarding the details of the wedding.

"You'll have to get those from the bride and bridegroom," she said.

It is understood that Mr. and Mrs. Inman were married in Poughkeepsie, N. Y. The bride is considered remarkably pretty. She obtained a divorce from Grant Clarke last June, after two years of married life with him.

Mr. Inman is connected with the firm of Hoffman & Inman, No. 157 West 51st Street.

AIRPLANE MAIL TO FRISCO.

Bureau Promises Service Soon After July 1.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Airplane mail service will be extended to St. Louis and San Francisco, Postmaster General Burleson announced to-day.

"A survey and inspection of the proposed route to San Francisco now is being made," said Burleson. "Service to the Pacific coast will be inaugurated as soon after the beginning of the new fiscal year as the necessary equipment and landing fields can be perfected."

Alleyby Wins the Derby Trial at Newmarket.

NEWMARKET, England, May 12.—The race for the Newmarket stakes at one mile and a quarter, which is considered a trial race for the coming derby, was won here to-day by W. Alleyby's bay colt Alleyby, by Bayard out of Taglio.

Sir E. Paget's Paragon finished second and Lord Londonderry's Palmiste ran third.

Hurt by Ancient Missile.

NEWPORT, May 12.—A cannon ball, one of many relics of other days at the torpedo station here, exploded when it was being floated in a barge, slightly injuring Florence Harvey, a boiler maker, and two assistants. The barge was wrecked.

PROFIT ON SUGAR FIXED BY PALMER AT 1 AND 2 CENTS

First for Wholesalers, Second for Retailers—Order to Be Rigidly Enforced.

TO CURB GOUGERS HERE

U. S. Agents Receive Orders to Canvass Entire District for Violators.

Attorney General Mitchell Palmer has set a price limit on sugar, and the entire machinery of the Government has been put in motion to compel its observance.

One cent is fixed as the limit of profit to the wholesaler. The retailer can charge but two cents a pound above what his sugar costs him delivered at his store.

Notice of the foregoing was received at the offices of the Federal District Attorneys of Manhattan and Brooklyn this morning, and similar notices were sent from Washington to every city in the United States. In Greater New York enforcement will be up to the Flying Squadron of the Department of Justice, at the head of which is A. W. Riley.

"There can be no evasion of the law," said Mr. Riley. "We will buy a pound of sugar at the price demanded by the seller. We will follow that pound of sugar back to its original purchase, so that we are bound to locate the man who is doing the profiteering. There will be arrests and prosecutions in every case that is found until the dealers will find that it is cheaper to obey the law than to attempt to evade it."

"One cent a pound profit is plenty for the wholesaler and two cents ample for the dealer, because of the rapid turnover of their stocks. When the Sugar Equalization Board was in existence the limit of gross profit was fixed at one half of a cent a pound and later fixed at six-tenths a pound. These prices were suggested by the sugar men themselves and they ought to know more about the margin of profit in their business than anyone else."

WASHINGTON, May 12.—It was announced to-day that prosecutions will be pushed against the officials of three large sugar firms who are under arrest and charged with profiteering.

The firms represented by the officials arrested are G. H. Finley & Co., New York; Sherbourne & Co., Boston, and George H. Camp, Philadelphia. According to the evidence on which the arrests were based, these firms sold sugar at prices ranging from 17 1/2 cents to 27 cents a pound.

TO ARREST CANDY MAKERS.

Chicago Concerns Accused of Making \$204,143 on Deal.

CHICAGO, May 12.—Warrants were issued to-day by District Attorney Clynne for the arrest of Theodore Bunte, president of a candy company, and other officials of the company, charged with violating the Lever act.

The candy company is accused of purchasing 1,236,150 pounds of sugar from the Colonial Sugar Company of New Orleans at 12 1/2 cents per pound and reselling it at an average price of 25 1/2 cents, making a profit of \$204,143 on the deal.

Hines to Gig on Secret Mission.

WASHINGTON, May 12 (Associated Press).—Walker D. Hines, who retires Saturday as Director General of the Railroad Administration, is to leave soon for Europe on a confidential mission for President Wilson.

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU.

Special for to-day, Wednesday, May 12. Special beef, lamb and veal specialties. Special corned beef and corned chicken. Special corned beef, 140 Cents. World Restaurant, 140 Cents.

CARRANZA FORCES TAKE UP STRONG POSITION IN HILLS; PRACTICALLY SURROUNDED

Revolutionary Troops Under Gens. Hill and Trevino Closely Press the 4,000 Carranzistas Who Are Entrenched Along the Mexican National Railroad.

VERA CRUZ, May 12 (Associated Press).—President Venustiano Carranza's army of 4,000 men, virtually surrounded by rebel forces commanded by Gens. Hill and Trevino, is making a determined stand in a strong position it has taken up between San Marcos, Puebla and the village of Huamantla, ten miles northwest, in the State of Tlaxcala, according to advices received here. The struggle went on all day yesterday, and according to the latest reports the Carranza forces had not been dislodged.

Rebel reinforcements, under command of Gen. Porras, have been ordered up from Cordoba, and have taken up positions at San Andres and Chalchicomula, southeast of the scene of yesterday's battle, probably for the purpose of preventing the escape of Carranza, should he succeed in breaking through the lines thrown around him. Reports state the Carranza forces are entrenched along the Mexican National Railroad.

Gen. Candido Aguilar, son-in-law of President Carranza and Governor of the State of Vera Cruz, has abandoned all hope of escape from the country and is making an effort to join his superior and share his fate, says a despatch to El Dictamen.

Embassies from Gen. Aguilar today conferred with Gen. Sanchez's Chief of Staff, and asked that their commander be permitted to pass through the rebel lines toward San Marcos. This request was granted, but it was stipulated Gen. Aguilar must be accompanied only by his general staff and civilians, all of his soldiers being barred.

Paul H. Foster, American Consul here, has reported to the State Department in Washington that conditions are returning to normal, that the lives and property of foreigners have not been molested and that there is no reason for retaining United States warships in Mexican waters, where they may cause friction.

Felix Diaz, leader of a rebel group in the State of Vera Cruz, has asked permission to leave the country, promising he will take no further part in political movements in Mexico. It is probable his request will be granted.

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HOW CARRANZA FLED WITH TROOPS IN MANY TRAINS

Equipment, Supplies, Records and Archives Taken From Mexico City by President.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—President Carranza, his Cabinet advisers and other adherents left Mexico City last Friday morning by train, apparently going in the direction of Vera Cruz, the State Department was advised to-day in messages from the American Embassy at Mexico City. Carranza's train was preceded by numerous trains carrying troops and equipment, supplies, records and archives. Artillery and supplies also were held in trains waiting at the railroad station some hours after Carranza left.

The despatches, which were dated May 7, 8 and 9, and which were held up by the interruption of the telegraph lines, quoted an official bulletin published in the Mexico City newspapers on May 5 announcing that forty-three cannon, ten trainings of equipment, supplies, etc., and one train with funds which had accompanied Carranza's

HEARING ON MAY 20 ON BEER AND BOXING

Will Be Held in Albany at Request of Civic League, Governor Announces.

ALBANY, May 12.—Announcement was made by Gov. Smith to-day that he would have a hearing on the Walker boxing and 275 beer bills Thursday, May 20, at 1 o'clock, in the executive chamber.

The Governor granted the hearing at the request of Canon William Chase of Brooklyn, representing the New York City League.

See 3 Entries on Page 2.