

U. S. May Be Asked by Britain to Curb De Valera

FIFTH AVE. BUS UPSETS; 1 DEAD, 20 HURT

Clothing Makers Lock Out 16,000 Employees

To-Night's Weather—UNSETTLED.

To-Morrow's Weather—UNSETTLED.

The Evening World

THE EVENING WORLD FINAL EDITION

"Circulation Books Open to All."

VOL. LXI. NO. 21,607—DAILY.

Copyright, 1920, by The News Publishing Co. (The New York World).

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 8, 1920.

Entered as Second-Class Matter Post Office, New York, N. Y.

PRICE THREE CENTS

CLOTHING MAKERS BREAK WITH UNION IN OPEN SHOP WAR

Severance of Relations With Amalgamated May Affect 65,000 Workers.

LOCK OUT 16,000, CLAIM. Hillman Says Shops of Six Manufacturers Will Be Picketed.

Six clothing manufacturers locked out 16,000 workers this morning, according to Sidney Hillman, General President of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America, whose headquarters are at No. 21 Union Square. This lockout marks the first big step in the war in the men's clothing industry since the public strike against high prices began.

The six clothing firms and the number of workers they are alleged to have locked out are: J. Friedman Company, No. 708 Broadway, 2,000; Big Six Household, No. 35 Fifth Avenue, 3,000; Schwartz & Jaffee, No. 588 Broadway, 8,000; Hushwitz Brothers, No. 41 East 11th Street, 2,000; Hayes & Levy, No. 100 Fifth Avenue, 500; and Berger, Raphael & Weil, No. 41 East 11th Street, 500.

President Hillman said today that as the Clothing Manufacturers' Association had taken the initiative in locking out the workers, his union would immediately send pickets to these shops. He will draft a reply to the letter of the manufacturers, which was received at union headquarters today. The Italian workers employed are said to be making an attempt to persuade Alderman La Guardia to intercede in their behalf and bring about an amicable settlement.

In breaking with the union, which is not affiliated with the American Federation of Labor, the manufacturers in effect declare for open shop conditions and the reduction of manufacturing costs through a reduction in wages, the establishment of the piece work system and re-establishment of the employer's right to hire and discharge at will.

Directly, less than 20,000 persons are affected (the manufacturers say not more than 10,000, that being the maximum number of persons employed on even part time). Few of the 65,000 have steady work since last April, when the spring trade ended, and most have had but a few weeks' work. The new season should begin within ten days.

In breaking with the union, the manufacturers, through William Bandler, President of the association, assigns the refusal of the public to pay war time prices for clothing and the declination of the Amalgamated to meet changed conditions as the reasons for the rupture.

On the other hand, Sidney Hillman, (Continued on Fourteenth Page.)

HEAD OF TREASURY URGES 19 INCREASES IN TAXES; SMALL INCOMES TO PAY MORE

Reduction in Excess Profits Levies Offset by Levies in Other Quarters.

TAX ON INCOME SPENT.

Smokers, Candy Eaters, Auto-ists, Theatre-Goers, All to Help Pay \$2,000,000,000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Immediate revision of the nation's tax laws on the basis of an annual levy of four billions of dollars for a period of four years, and including an increase of two per cent. in the taxes on incomes up to \$5,000, is urged by Secretary Houston in his annual report sent today to Congress.

Repeal of the excess profits taxes, elimination of certain of so-called luxury taxes, including the levy on soda fountain and similar beverages, and a readjustment of the rates in the higher groups of income taxes, is proposed by the Treasury chief. To meet the losses brought about by these proposed changes Mr. Houston recommends revised and new taxes to yield about \$2,000,000,000, as follows:

A tax of 20 per cent. on corporation profits, distributed or undistributed, in addition to application of a higher surtax rate to yield \$690,000,000.

An additional tax of 6 per cent. on corporation incomes to yield \$460,000,000.

Readjustment of surtax rates on incomes to yield an additional \$230,000,000.

Abolishment of the \$2,000 exemption allowed corporations to yield \$58,000,000.

An increase from the present 4 per cent. to 6 per cent. in the tax on incomes of \$5,000 or less and from 8 per cent. to 12 per cent. in the tax on incomes between \$5,000 and \$10,000, the whole estimated to yield \$150,940,000 annually.

A tax of two cents a gallon on gasoline for motor cars and all other purposes, to yield \$90,000,000.

A Federal license tax of 50 cents per horsepower on the use of motor cars, to yield \$100,000,000.

An additional sales tax on au-

(Continued on Second Page.)

FIST BLOW CAUSES DEATH OF BOXER IN JERSEY CITY

Gov. Edwards and Other Officials See Mickey Shannon Get Fatal Knockout.

Mickey Shannon, a heavyweight fighter, whose real name was Ray McMillin, and his home in Elkhart, Md., died at 5:10 o'clock this morning in Jersey City Hospital after being knocked down by "Al" Roberts of Staten Island in the sixth round of a glove contest of the Arena Athletic Club in the Fourth Regiment Armory, Jersey City, last night. Gov. Edwards and other New Jersey officials were among the spectators.

Roberts was arraigned for manslaughter before County Judge Docherty in Common Pleas Court today and allowed to sign his own bond for \$2,500. Police Capt. Larkins stated he would be responsible for Roberts's appearance. "Jilly" Gibson, Roberts's manager; Ernest Heider, of No. 145 Beach Street, Jersey City, and John Rippetta, of No. 204 Spring Street, Newark, promoters of the bout, who had been held as witnesses, were paroled.

It was a left hook that ended the bout. Shannon, who had received a hard blow in the fifth round, was lifted off his feet and when he fell his head struck the mat first, the sound being heard all over the immense armory. At the hospital it was found there was a fracture at the base of his skull. He died without recovering consciousness.

Shannon was twenty years old and learned to box when he was in the army at Camp Gordon, Ga. When he began fighting as an amateur he was in the employ of the Carnegie Steel Company at Pittsburgh. He entered the professional ring six months ago.

He was so successful in his fights that he saved about \$10,000 and sent it to his mother to pay off a mortgage on their Maryland home. When he defeated "Bob" Roper a short time ago and won a purse of \$200 he gave \$25 of it to a Catholic church in Newark for distribution to the poor of the parish. His friends in Newark said today he went to mass every day.

Mrs. McMillin, accompanied by another son, is on her way from Elkhart, having been notified by telegraph that Ray had been "hurt."

WOMEN PUT ON JURY LIST.

Court Orders 100 for Service in New Brunswick, N. J.

Women will serve regularly after Jan. 1 on juries in the District Court in New Brunswick, N. J., it was announced today by Judge Freeman Woodbridge. He instructed County Clerk Stafford to include the names of 100 women in his jury list of 300 names from which all juries will be drawn during 1921.

"I have always stood for women jurors," said Judge Woodbridge, "and believe women should take an equal share in civic life duties. One of the most important in participation in jury duty. I think it will raise the tone of juries in this court."

COST TO U. S. OF MAKING PEACE IN EUROPE CLOSE TO \$2,000,000,000

President Wilson Transmits Statement to Senate—Col. House Got \$1,000 a Month.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8. A SPECIAL message giving the complete expenditure of the American Peace Commission during its work abroad was transmitted to the Senate today by President Wilson. Total expenditures were \$1,451,191.09 from Dec. 1, 1918, to Dec. 4, 1920. The amount actually paid out was \$1,705,712.06, but repayments and gains in exchange reduced this by \$525,529.97. Some of the larger items were:

Travel and subsistence, \$28,442; subsistence, \$193,629; salaries, \$200,871; wages and employees at Hotel Clifton, \$131,597; rents, \$170,853; food, hotel and kitchen supplies, \$282,560; hire and laundering of linen at hotel, \$64,969; damage and loss of property at hotel, \$125,870. Various missions to Russia, Germany, Posen, Turkey, Holland and Armenia cost \$239,726. Purchase of automobiles amounted to \$14,602, and confidential expenses of Presidential party, \$17,534.

Col. E. M. House and Henry White, the statement showed, received monthly salaries of \$1,000 as commissioners, while Robert Lansing, former Secretary of State, and Gen. Tasker H. Bliss, other commissioners, had their actual expenses paid.

BIG BUILDERS CAN'T USE TRIM MADE IN MID-WEST CITIES

Carpenters' Unions Bar It From New York as It Is Open Shop Product.

From Louis Horowitz, President of the Thompson-Sharrett Company, builders, Samuel Untermeyer, counsel for the Lockwood Committee, drew a comprehensive story today of savings in building construction effected by going over the heads of the "building materials ring."

He showed how it was possible to erect a building privately at \$5.25 a cubic foot for limestone, as against a cost of \$9 a cubic foot asked of the city by Henry Hanlein, representing the Hettrick "Code of Practice" inner circle.

Senator Brackett produced Mrs. Helen MacDonald, clerk in the Sand and Gravel Board of Trade, and Peter Gallagher of the Goodwin-Gallagher Sand Company, as was promised yesterday.

Mrs. MacDonald, very youthful and calm, was a thoroughly baffling witness. She said she was hired by Cornelius Gallagher to work for Eugene R. Clark, secretary of the board.

Q. When did you last see Mr. Clark? A. I never saw him.

Q. Never talked with him? A. Yes, by telephone.

Q. How long have you worked for Mr. Clark? A. About three weeks.

Q. Who pays you? A. Nobody has paid me. Mr. Gallagher said I would be paid by the month.

Mrs. MacDonald was served with a (Continued on Second Page.)

APPELLATE TERM SUSTAINS THE LAW AGAINST EVICTION

Hold That a Tenant May Not Be Dispossessed If Lease Expires.

A decision sustaining the constitutionality of the provision in the new rent laws preventing dispossession of tenants for two years was handed down by the Appellate Division in Brooklyn today. Justice Almet F. Jenks writing the decision. Justices Abel E. Blackmar dissented. Justices Mills, Kelly and Putnam concurred.

The decision upheld the denial by Justice Fisher in the Hayland Realty Company, Inc., for a writ of mandamus to compel the service of a dispossessory writ upon Joseph Reines, a tenant at 1915 Avenue H, Brooklyn. Reines's lease ran out on April 30, but he continued to occupy the house.

The realty company obtained an order of dispossession in Municipal Court, but William R. Fagan, Clerk of the Sixth District Municipal Court, refused to issue it. Fagan said he had been ordered by Chief Municipal Justice Levy not to issue dispossession writs because of the passage of the new rent laws.

The Court held that under the new rent laws the clerk was right in refusing to issue the dispossession warrant, and in discussing the constitutionality of the new laws said:

"Whatever the contract rights of the landlord or of his tenant, they must give way to the public welfare. And a statute enacted in the exercise of the police power—the law of overruling necessity—as it once was termed—is paramount and cannot be affected by previous contracts between individuals.

"This statute does not touch the title of the owner. It does not physically take the premises. It does not directly work encroachment upon them. It does interfere to a degree for two years with the owner's absolute control. That is, if the present use of the premises is to be continued by the owner, the statute controls."

(Continued on Second Page.)

PENSIONS ARE \$213,295,314.

During Year 27,871 Civil War Pensioners Died—531,020 Left. WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—Pension disbursements for the fiscal year 1920 aggregate \$213,295,314, according to the annual report of Commissioner Gallagher of the Pension Bureau, made public today. The figures showed a decrease of about \$5,000,000 from 1919 totals, and the report recorded the death during the year of 27,871 Civil War pensioners, leaving 242,229 soldiers of that war on the pension roll in addition to 290,100 Civil War widows.

While no survivors of the war of 1812 were shown, seven or one widows of soldiers in that war, were receiving Government pensions. Only 118 Mexican War survivors were reported and 2,422 Mexican War widows.

FIFTH AVE. BUS OVERTURNS TRYING TO AVOID COLLISION; DRIVER KILLED AND 20 HURT

Passengers Hurlled to Street When Coach Swerves to Avert Crash With Truck.

WEALTHY AID INJURED.

Home of Mrs. Joseph Feder Temporary Hospital Until Surgeons Arrive.

The driver of a Fifth Avenue bus was killed and twenty passengers were injured shortly before 9 o'clock this morning when the vehicle swerved over the curb at 72nd Street to avoid a collision with a coal truck, crashed into a fire alarm box and a police telephone box and overturned, throwing its occupants to the street.

The accident was witnessed by Mrs. Harry Payne Whitney and other wealthy residents of Fifth Avenue. The mansion of Mrs. Joseph Feder at No. 972 Fifth Avenue, near 79th Street, was thrown open as a temporary hospital, and many of the injured were cared for there before being sent to hospitals.

Andrew Meyer of No. 267 York Street, Jersey City, driver and owner of the truck which the bus swerved to avoid, is under arrest on a charge of homicide.

Frank Cullen, thirty-five years old, married, of No. 1111 Park Avenue, was the bus driver who was killed. The known injured are:

McElligott, Catherine, twenty-nine, No. 487 West 175th Street; possible fracture of skull.

Herzman, Ellen, twenty-two, No. 101 West 113th Street; fractured arm.

Frank, Nathan, twenty, a New York University student of No. 256 Fort Washington Avenue; lacerated wrist.

Harris, Myra, twenty-four, a model, No. 222 West 114th Street; internal injuries.

Rothenshauer, Frederick, twenty-six, No. 602 East 83d Street, conductor of bus, internal injuries, fractured right leg and right wrist. Expected to die.

Fitch, Florence, thirty-one, No. 551 West 176th Street, contusions of spine.

Gastman, Mrs. Anna, No. 551 West 176th Street; contusions of spine and right shoulder.

Meyer, Kasdam, No. 655 West (Continued on Second Page.)

MRS. JOSEPH FEDER, WHO AIDED INJURED IN BUS ACCIDENT

Home of Mrs. Joseph Feder Temporary Hospital Until Surgeons Arrive.



MRS. HARDING IS COMING HERE ON SHOPPING TOUR

Plans to Purchase Gowns She Will Wear in White House.

MARION, O., Dec. 8, 1920. MRS. WARREN G. HARDING is going to New York to buy her White House clothes. Mrs. Harding hasn't decided what she will buy, but she may change her mind several times, so New York shopkeepers will have to guess about it for the present.

"I didn't have a minute during the campaign to buy any clothes," Mrs. Harding said, discussing the state of her wardrobe. "But I'm going to make up for it now."

INDICT MISS SMITH ON MURDER CHARGE

Fugitive Said to Be in Mexico, in Touch With Persons in El Paso.

EL PASO, Tex., Dec. 8.—Sheriff Seth B. Ordorff today said persons in El Paso were communicating with Clara Smith Hamon, wanted in connection with the fatal shooting of Jake Hamon. He said she was in Juarez, a near town, and that he did not arrest her because he had no warrant and could not bring her back without extradition papers.

AMHERST, O., Dec. 8.—Clara Smith Hamon today was formally charged with the murder of the millionaire oil king and political leader, County Prosecutor Russell Brown, who made the first charges of shooting with intent to kill against the woman, filed an information with Justice of the Peace Hal Cannon, accusing the woman of having slain Hamon.

The charge of murder is extraordinary.

COMMONS TAKES UP VALERA AGITATION IN UNITED STATES

Bonar Law Announces Government Is Considering Request to Curb Him.

SINN FEIN GIVE TERMS.

Labor Leaders Tell Lloyd George the Conditions of a Truce.

LONDON, Dec. 8 (Associated Press).—The British Government is considering whether it will request the United States Government, in the interests of Anglo-American friendship, to take official notice of the anti-British activities in America of Professor Eamon De Valera, "President of the Irish Republic," according to a statement made today by Andrew Bonar Law in the House of Commons in response to questions.

Horatio Bottomley, Liberal, later asked whether the time had not arrived when Great Britain should make serious representations to the American Government that any further toleration of De Valera and the conferring on him of municipal honors was an unfriendly act. This was greeted by cries of "No!"

Mr. Bonar Law answered: "I think there is no doubt that we would, from the diplomatic point of view, have the right to take the course suggested, but it is not a question of a right but of what is expedient."

In response to another query, Mr. Bonar Law said: "Undoubtedly a very severe campaign is being conducted in America against this country, but so far as we have found the Americans can be trusted to look at the matter from a reasonable point of view."

TERMS OF TRUCE OF SINN FEIN GIVEN TO LLOYD GEORGE

If Officials Reject It, It Is Said National Campaign Will Be Started.

LONDON, Dec. 8.—Arthur Henderson of the Labor Commission which recently investigated conditions in Ireland, and William Adamson, Chairman of the Parliamentary Labor Party, had an interview with Premier Lloyd George and reported to him the result of the commission's inquiries in Ireland concerning a possible truce.

Mr. Henderson had previously met the Parliamentary Labor Party and explained how impressed the commission had been by the widespread desire for a truce and a conference to negotiate a settlement.

He seems convinced that Arthur Griffith has authority to negotiate terms, but won't give a hint as to what the terms are. It is said that if the alleged Sinn Fein offer is not accepted by the Government or if the negotiations fall through the fault of the Government, the Labor Party will start a national campaign against reprisals and the Government's Irish policy generally.

Sinn Fein M. P. Arrested; Two Counsellors Freed. DUBLIN, Dec. 8.—Dr. Richard Hayes, Sinn Fein member of the House of Commons, has been arrested here and taken to Wellington Barracks.

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