

and told him to hold up his hands. The druggist tried to grapple with him and Evans fled. Gilman dropped dead. Meanwhile, Frank Evans and Keogh, in nervous clumsiness, had jammed the lock of the cash register so they were unable to open the cash drawer. All three ran out in panic and without booty.

As soon as the police were satisfied they had solved the Gilman murder they sent for District Attorney Rustin and Assistant District Attorney Wilson. Before the night was over six burglary charges besides the two above mentioned had been made against various members of the band. The Evans brothers, Lentino and Puzan were charged with the highway robbery of Julian Cohen, a clerk for Alexander & Stern of No. 314 Broadway, handkerchief manufacturer, late in December of a \$2,100 payroll at Broadway and Duane Street.

Cohen was summoned to look at the prisoners to-day and declared he could recognize none of them. William Evans, who is recognized as the leader of the band, stepped out from the line and said to Inspector Cochran: "What's the use? If he doesn't know me, I know him. He's the guy I held up in an elevator at No. 314 Broadway and got \$1,200 from." William Evans added that he was dying of tuberculosis anyway, and the electric chair wasn't anything for him to worry about. He assured the police that none of his companions dared to shoot any one and he was the one on whom taking real risks had to fall.

William said he was the man who shot John Veticiano, a Greek restaurant keeper at No. 205 Washington Street, on Jan. 1. Veticiano has just been discharged from hospital.

Ralph Siro was taken up to his drug store, No. 25 Fourth Avenue, Brooklyn; Morris Kraus, in his stationery store, No. 253 Third Avenue, on Feb. 2, \$150; Reid & Yeoman's drug store, No. 763 Union Street, Feb. 16, \$250 and a diamond pin taken from August J. Pappalio, the clerk; Frank E. Mills, robbed in his drug store at Marcy and Willoughby Avenue, \$250.

Every one of the ten men, according to the police, admitted a part in some one of the crimes listed against the band. Lentino, Santano and Maciel were charged with carrying concealed weapons, as well as with robbery and larceny.

William Evans, according to the police records, was sent to the House of Refuge in 1915 for burglary and sent back a year later for violating his parole by committing another burglary.

Lentino was sent to Elmira Reformatory in 1920 for burglary. He was paroled and sent back for repeating the offense.

Frank Evans was convicted in 1919 of larceny and sentence was suspended.

Puzan was convicted of burglary in 1920 and sentence was suspended.

For purposes not made clear except to movie photographers the Evans brothers, Keogh and Collins, after having confessed, corroborated each other's confessions and signed their statements, were paraded to the Gilman drug store this morning and made to re-enact the murder of the druggist.

They were then taken to Adams Street Court and arraigned for commitment on the murder charge. The other men were taken to Williamsburg Court to be charged with the robbery at the Gimale drug store.

**FIND WM. F. WENDT, LOST WITH \$750,000**

LOS ANGELES, Feb. 25.—A petition for the appointment of a guardian for William F. Wendt, Los Angeles millionaire, once known as the "Iron King" of Buffalo, N. Y., was on file in the Probate Court here to-day. The petitioner is his wife, Mrs. Mary Wendt. She asked that their daughter, Miss Margaret L. Wendt, be named.

Wendt disappeared for several hours here Wednesday with currency, stocks and bonds valued at \$750,000 in his possession. Police officers found him Wednesday night and placed him in the psychopathic ward of the County Hospital pending a hearing before the Los Angeles Lunacy Commission.

On Monday there also is scheduled to come up in the Superior Court here the suit of Wendt against his daughter for recovery of \$150,000 which he charges she drew from a bank without his consent.

The petition for a guardian alleges Wendt is suffering from dementia. A Buffalo court declared him incompetent last December.

**HEIDELBACH ESTATE LEFT TO HIS WIDOW**

Several Charitable Institutions Also Named Beneficiaries. The will of Alfred S. Heidelberg, banker of New York, London and Paris, who died in France on Feb. 1, was filed for probate here to-day. It leaves a trust fund of \$700,000 and a hotel at No. 19 Avenue d'Ena, Paris, to his widow. The remainder of the banker's real estate abroad is left to his cousin and business partner, Henry R. Ickelheimer, of No. 300 Park Avenue, who also receives \$200,000 at the death of the widow. A nephew, Max J. Bonn of London, shares in the European real estate.

On the death of Mrs. Heidelberg \$250,000 is to be paid to niece, Emma B. Bonn of London, and \$20,000 each to Richard Lowengard of the Lorraine Hotel, 45th Street and Fifth Avenue, and two other cousins. The Hebrew Benevolent and Orphan Asylum, Institute for the Improved Instruction of Deaf Mutes, Children's Charitable Union, Sanitarium for Poor Children and the Lenox Hill Hospital each receive \$5,000, while Mount Sinai Hospital receives \$150,000.

**STATE INDUSTRIAL COURT FIGHT SET FOR NEXT WEEK**

Labor Federation Opposition to Rally at Albany Hearing Wednesday.

By Joseph S. Jordan. (Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—Another big hearing affecting the interests of labor is scheduled for the Senate chamber on next Wednesday afternoon, when the Duell-Miller bill for establishing a State Industrial Court will come up for public discussion before the Joint Committee on Labor and Industry. The proposed measure would make it unlawful for an employer to declare a lockout or for an employee to go out on a strike on account of any industrial dispute prior to the filing of a statement giving answers and rejoinders relating to the dispute, with the State Industrial Commission, or within thirty days after such papers have been filed.

Labor organizations throughout the State will be well represented at the hearing if the plans of the State Federation leaders are carried out. President James Holland of that organization has issued a call for a conference in Knights of Columbus Hall here on the morning of the hearing. President Samuel Gompers of the American Federation of Labor is expected here Tuesday night and will address the hearing in opposition to the bill.

**WOULD PUT CURB ON BUCKET SHOPS**

"Blue Sky" Bill, Up for Hearing Wednesday, Provides for State Control.

(Special From a Staff Correspondent of The Evening World.)

ALBANY, Feb. 25.—A joint hearing by the Senate and the Assembly Judiciary Committee on the Betts "Blue Sky" bill has been arranged for Wednesday noon. The bill, introduced by Senator William Dugan of New York and Assemblyman Charles H. Betts of Wayne, is the one introduced late in the last session by Mr. Betts.

He declares the measure embodies the best features on the subject of the states of Ohio, Michigan and other States and would prevent bucket shop operators from fleecing the public, as they have been during the past year, as revealed by the District Attorney's investigation in New York.

"Section 26," says Mr. Betts, "provides that no person, partnership or corporation, in any State, Territory or political subdivision, either as principal or broker, or both, without a license.

**NO TRACE OF LINDSAY FOUND BY DETECTIVES**

District Attorney to Take Action After Grand Jury.

District Attorney Banton said to-day that he intended to ask one of the Grand Jurors now sitting to devote all its time Monday to investigation of the disappearance of Lindsay. Numerous prominent women that they had been defrauded by Alfred E. Lindsay, a stock broker, who claimed to get inside tips on the financial market from millionaires. Mr. Banton said also that he would present evidence seeking the indictment of Lindsay.

Despite a thorough search by detectives, no trace of Lindsay has as yet been found. Detective Flood of the District Attorney's office said to-day that a circular descriptive of Lindsay would be sent throughout the country in an effort to locate him.

**FLOOD OF ALCOHOL PLOTTED IN CHICAGO**

CHICAGO, Feb. 25.—Chicago Prohibition agents announced here to-day that they had uncovered a plot to flood Chicago and other large cities with grain alcohol to be used in making "bootleg" whiskey. They said the principals had been arrested at Columbus, O., and that five carloads of alcohol had been confiscated in four cities.

The investigation was started following the arrest of Ned J. Burns, former Ohio University student, by Prohibition agents when they allege, he attempted to smuggle a carload of alcohol here. He said it had been shipped to him to be sold to Chicago druggists, and that he was a representative of the Consolidated Drug Company in Columbus.

**KARDOS SAYS ENVY AND PROPAGANDA WRECKED HIS FIRM**

Takes All the Blame for Failure and Will Pay All Losses in Time.

For the first time since the stock brokerage firm of Kardos & Burke, of which former U. S. Treasurer James Burke is a member, was declared in involuntary bankruptcy, Louis M. Kardos Jr., the senior partner, appeared to-day at the firm's office, No. 52 Broadway. The papers which placed the firm in the hands of a receiver were signed by U. S. Judge Hand on Washington's Birthday.

"I will pay back 100 cents on the dollar," Mr. Kardos declared to an Evening World reporter, "even if it takes me thirty years."

"I want to absolve my partner, Gov. Burke, from any cause leading to our unfortunate situation. If there is any responsibility I want to assume it. The public, and particularly the creditors, are asked to hold expressions of opinion in abeyance until I obtain a statement of the firm's affairs."

"The public may as well know that the actuating cause of the failure was the continuous closing and withdrawal of accounts, due to vicious propaganda directed at our firm because of membership in the Consolidated Exchange, and envy of the large business that we brought to it."

"I defy any one to show that one share of stock was ever bucketed. Customers' men were induced to leave and took their accounts with them to other houses."

"When I went to Europe last fall to arrange for foreign connections, which I succeeded in making, jealousy knew no bounds. Every conceivable rumor was spread in my absence. I hurried back to stop it, but they spread so thick and fast that no amount of assurance seemed of any avail."

Mr. Kardos told the receiver to-day that he was quite willing to turn over to him all his personal property, including bank balances, life insurance policies, negotiable securities and two automobiles, valued at \$10,000 each, now in Hamburg. The personal property, including \$20,000 worth of household silverware owned by Mrs. Kardos, is valued at about \$100,000.

**SAY THREAT WRITER IS OLD U. S. CLERK**

George E. Long Reported to Have Confessed He Wrote Letters to Society Women.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—George E. Long, veteran clerk in the War Department, and, according to the police, confessed author of the blackmail letters recently received by Henry White, former Ambassador to France, and several women prominent in Washington society, was tendering to the needs of a seriously ill wife and his three children at his home to-day, to which he was permitted to return several minutes after the alleged confession was drawn from him at Police Headquarters.

No complaint had been lodged against him and the police said none would be filed unless those who received the letters showed a disposition to press the case against him.

The authorship of the letters was traced by a peculiarity in the handwriting, police said, and by a water-tight confession in War Department stationery.

**DILSIZIAN BROS. FILE BANKRUPTCY SCHEDULES**

Estimated liabilities are \$4,000,000 in All Countries. Bankruptcy schedules filed to-day in the United States District Court indicate that the exporting firm of Dilsizian Bros., No. 17 Battery Place, has assets of \$59,335 and liabilities of \$2,944,659. Including all countries, the estimate of liabilities is boosted to \$4,000,000, but this increased amount is secured by creditors, mostly in the form of merchandise.

Among the creditors are Guaranty Trust Company (secured), \$654,223; United States Mortgage & Trust Company (secured), \$416,227; the National Bank (secured), \$216,577, and the Mount Royal Steamship Company, Montreal, Canada, \$1,003,100 in notes endorsed by the bankrupts.

**CHAMBER OF COMMERCE 72% AGAINST BONUS**

National Organization Indorses Rehabilitation Plan, However.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—A referendum vote of the membership of the Chamber of Commerce of the United States, completion of which was announced to-day, commits the organization definitely in opposition to the cash bonus for ex-service men. The vote was 72 per cent against it. The referendum also asked an expression on three other propositions contained in the so-called Veterans' Bill pending in Congress. The results, as shown by the ballot puts the chamber on record for a national system of reclamation for the benefit of ex-service men, for vocational education for ex-service men. Votes were cast by business organizations in 375 cities, forty-six States, the District of Columbia, Alaska and Hawaii, and by American Chambers of Commerce in Cuba and Mexico.

SPAIN TO ISSUE NEW STAMPS. MADRID, Feb. 25.—Spain is to issue a new issue of postage stamps. Most of them will bear a part of King Alfonso's full dress uniform of a captain general.

**BLUE PREDOMINANT COLOR IN PRINCESS MARY'S TROUSSEAU; SKIRTS 7 INCHES ABOVE FLOOR**



MODEL OF PRINCESS MARY'S TEA GOWN OF BLACK AND MARINE CHIFFON OVER CREPE DE CHINE WITH SAND AND BEGGONIAS OF RED AND BLUE. FROM VIEUX MONDE STORES.

**Black and Red, Which Will Be the Spring Vogue, Rejected by Bride-to-Be.**

By Helen H. Hoffman. (Special Correspondent of The Evening World.)

LONDON, Feb. 25.—Princess Mary in choosing her trousseau has rejected fashion's latest decree of black and red, which promises to be the vogue for spring.

The predominant color in Princess Mary's trousseau is blue, and this color is represented in all shades, from the deep tones to the pale blues for evening wear.

With the royal wedding being celebrated on the eve of the spring fashion season women are especially interested in observing the newest models to be worn at the wedding, and which will represent in a way, an early forecast of the most fetching styles for the new fashion season.

Orders for gowns which were countermanded after the royal decree was announced changing the character of dress from evening to day gowns owing to the intense cold and the unbeated Abbey, have again swamped the London and Paris dressmakers, and it is practically certain that every woman invited to the royal wedding will appear in a brand new gown of latest design.

For her going away gown, Princess Mary has selected a powder-blue charmeuse. Beginning about three inches below the low cut round collar, long panels of embroidery set about two inches apart cover the dress. The embroidery is carried out in the same tone of the dress, enhanced by crystals and the palest of coral beads.

The round collar, piped-edged cream colored chiffon, corresponds with the simple belt of the same material, and the elbow length sleeves are edged with a narrow band of the same. A cluster of tiny pale pink and blue flowers tucked in the belt at the left hand side complete this fetching toilette.

A coat wrap that may be worn with this gown is made of dark blue velvet and high collar are fashioned from gray opossum.

As on most gowns to-day, the gowns in the royal trousseau have a fair sprinkling of beads and crystals, which continue to be the rage in the fashionable dress quarters. Long strands of beads instead of fringe is used to a considerable extent, but the gowns of the royal Princess, apart from the splendid wedding gown itself, is more free from the excessive trimming than one sees on most smart dresses, particularly those for evening wear.

Princess Mary's taste is simple in the matter of dress, and many daughters of millionaires have had more elaborate trousseaus. Most of the gowns made for the royal bride measure about seven inches from the floor, and this fact, it is believed, will have no little effect in determining controversy which still exists over the length of skirts.

The wedding gown is the only exception to this rule, and this stunning costume is made long, and will add but cover the tip of the silver brocade slippers to be worn with it. It is expected that the bride's gown, with its splendid train embroidered in silver flowers, symbolic of the British colonies, and the dresses to be worn by the eight bridesmaids, and the gown to be worn by the Queen at the wedding will soon be completed, and the public may have an opportunity to view them.

to be used in the purchase of gifts of Princess Mary's own selection, have come from the City of London, the Girl Guides, British residents of Paris, from Danes and various other nationalities living in the United Kingdom, from various charitable organizations, Army, Navy and Air Force units with which the Princess came in contact during her many wartime activities, and the funds from "The Marys of the British Empire."

Intimate friends of Princess Mary have sent rare bits of furniture. Members of the royal family have given an historic clock of the Stuart period. The King's Waterman gave a reproduction in silver of the ancient royal large; the Friends of the Poor a handsome fire screen of Chipwood, dale style; the citizens of Liverpool a magnificent diamond bracelet; citizens of Glasgow an elaborate mahogany dressing table fitted with finely cut crystal requisites.

New South Wales sent a gold loving cup set with Australian stones; Victoria's contribution was a writing table of Australian wood inlaid with Australian opals; Melbourne, Australia, sent a black oak frame, and Edinburgh a Mary Queen of Scots brooch richly jewelled. Paisley sent a fine example of its famous shawls.

The Society of Women Artists has arranged for Mrs. Blakeney Ward to paint a portrait of Princess Mary as a gift from that organization. The Clan MacDougal sent a replica "Brooch of Lorn"—an ornament that has an ancient history. Legend says it was worn by Robert Bruce when the Brithers MacDougal tried to capture him after the battle of Methven. A struggle ensued. The clasp gave way, so that the brooch remained with the MacDougals.

Princess Mary has expressed a liking for a unique service of gold plate that formerly belonged to King George I. It is now in private hands. The service is said to be worth £10,000. The royal crown and motto are the centre of each of the eighteen pieces, six of which are fan shaped, forming one large circular dish when placed together. The service was made by a Huguenot refugee in 1714. One of the many funds subscribed throughout the empire for the purchase of presents selected by the couple will be used in procuring this magnificent service.

Viscount Lascelles has received from the Doncaster Race Committee five silver statuettes representing types of the British Grenadier Guards in full dress uniforms of periods from 1660 to 1914. The Viscount served with the Grenadier Guards during the late war. As he is also an Etonian, Eton schoolboys are making up a purse for the purchase of a present.

Scores of other offerings, great and small, from far-flung corners of the globe, the tributes of monarchs, dignitaries and humble folk, poured into Buckingham Palace in such volume that it was necessary to appoint a special staff to assist in unpacking and sorting them. They are of such a miscellaneous character that a catalogue would be of book-like proportions.

Conspicuous among the other presents were a miscellany of rich ropes of pearls, jeweled fans and huge silver vessels from the members of the diplomatic corps; a handsome negligee with a centre of emeralds and a coronet of precious stones from the navy; a silver dressing table set from the army; a milk coat and cut from the twelve city companies.

A diamond bracelet "from the men and women of the stage"; a negligee of rubies, pearls, turquoises and diamonds, shaped after the fashion of an eastern temple bell, from Viceroys Reading of India and Countess Reading; a splendid sable coat from "twenty-eight friends"; two silver cake dishes from Mrs. Whitlaw Rea, widow of the former Ambassador to the Court of St. James's.

**PRINCESS MARY'S MANY BRIDAL GIFTS A DAZZLING ARRAY**

(Continued From First Page.)

large pearl drops. This gorgeous display of jewels will be worn by Princess Mary at the wedding.

Nearly was Princess Mary's gift to Viscount Lascelles. This consisted of a pair of antique silver soufflé dishes and a platinum and gold watch chain set with pearls. The Prince of Wales's gift to his sister is a diamond and sapphire bracelet. Dowager Queen Alexandra has given the Princess a marvellous corsage of pearls with emerald drops and a beautiful necklace containing six rows of stones.

**4-POWER TREATY FAVORED 10 TO 3**

Senate Committee Agrees to Compromise on Reservations Already Suggested.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The four-power Pacific treaty, together with its supplements and a reservation and the naval limitation and submarine treaties were ordered favorably reported to-day by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee.

The reservation attached by the committee to the four power pact embodies the compromise suggested after conferences with President Harding and declares that nothing in the treaty shall be construed as forming an "alliance." It was approved by a 10 to 3 vote.

Also by a division of 10 to 3, with Senators Borah, Idaho, and Johnson, California, Republicans, and Shields, Democrat, Tennessee, voting in the negative, the Four-Power Treaty then was ordered reported to the Senate. The vote by which the Naval Limitation and Submarine Treaties were favorably reported was unanimous.

**HOW DO THE VETERANS STAND ON A BONUS OR THE BOOTLEGGER?**

What is the real sentiment of the war veterans of the States of New York, New Jersey and Connecticut? The President is opposed to the forms of direct taxation proposed by Congress. Write your answer in the form below and mail to the Bonus Editor of The Evening World.

Shall light wines and beer be legalized by amending the Volstead Act and taxed to pay a bonus, ending the bootlegger nuisance? (Yes or no)

Name .....

Home Address .....

Rank, Organization and Length of Service Overseas, if any, .....

The above data is to be prepared for the record, and is not for publication. If you wish to express an additional opinion which may be printed over your name, add it here or on a separate sheet.

**BONUS OR BOOTLEGGER?**

VETERANS' OPINIONS ON A BONUS BY AMENDMENT OF VOLSTEAD ACT.

Answers received Feb. 24.....	Yes.	No.	Army.	Navy.	Marines.	Overseas.
Previously received.....	573	8	231	12	234	294
.....	578	15	495	85	8	488
Totals.....	931	23	733	207	14	780

**SOLDIERS 40 TO 1 FOR BONUS AND TAX ON BEER AND WINES**

Almost Unanimous in Belief This Is Only Way to Give Ex-Service Men Dues.

The proportion of former soldiers and sailors who believe in a tax on legalized beer and light wine as the best source for revenue out of which to pay a bonus is 40 to 1, as shown by answers to The Evening World's question up to date.

A great majority—more than three-quarters of those who are sufficiently interested to fill out and mail their blanks—are of the great multitude who came back on transports from France singing:

So we'll all go home,  
And drink up bottles of pop!  
For soldiers have no country dry  
While we went over the top!

Among the votes submitted for to-day was a block of eighty in the affirmative cast by Hayes Brothers Post No. 656, Veterans of Foreign Wars, Brooklyn, certified by the Post Commander, Alexander Eckel of No. 926 Bedford Avenue, and John J. Kavanagh, Adjutant, of No. 225 Skillman Street, as the unanimous membership of the post. All members of the post, except five navy men, saw overseas service.

The comrades of Hayes Brothers Post are moved to tell the world that they do not think well of Ralph W. Lerman, who wrote a letter opposing the bonus, on the ground that it would be spent foolishly and in loose and riotous living and opposing amendment of the Volstead Act, on the ground that light wines and beers would lead to a demoralization of young womanhood. They express their feelings in a manner that would be apt to offend foolish and bigoted members of the post. All members of the post, except five navy men, saw overseas service.

The comrades of Hayes Brothers Post are moved to tell the world that they do not think well of Ralph W. Lerman, who wrote a letter opposing the bonus, on the ground that it would be spent foolishly and in loose and riotous living and opposing amendment of the Volstead Act, on the ground that light wines and beers would lead to a demoralization of young womanhood. They express their feelings in a manner that would be apt to offend foolish and bigoted members of the post. All members of the post, except five navy men, saw overseas service.

Why not use the tax on light wines and beer, if the Volstead Act can be so changed, to produce revenue to take care of our sick and relieve the burden on the Treasury? If there is any surplus left, let the ex-service men borrow from the Government enough to start them in business or at least get them out of the hole they are in, and I don't think there are many in a very bad way financially."

W. M. Paradis of No. 117-19 Ocean Parkway, Rockaway Park, who was a storekeeper, third class, in Naval Reserve, demands full care for the war injured, but says: "I am opposed to a bonus, but I want light wine and beer." R. L. Paradis of the same address, overseas with the 305th Infantry, holds the same views.

**FUNERAL DIRECTORS**

When Death Occurs Call Columbus 8200 FRANK E. CAMPBELL "The General Church" Inc. (NON-SECTARIAN) Broadway at 66th St.

All "Lost and Found" articles advertised in The World or reported to "Lost and Found Bureau," Room 103 World Building, will be listed for thirty days. These lists can be seen at any of The World's Offices. "Lost and Found" advertisements can be left at any of The World's Advertising Agencies, or can be delivered directly to The World. Call 4000 Beekman, New York, or Brooklyn Office, 4180 Main.