THE TRIBUNE.

SATURDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 25.

☞ **For the Presentment of the Grand Jury and further News from China, see First Page.**

☞ **For a carefully corrected Bank Note Table see Last Page.**

☞ **For 'Notoriety in Cities,' from Blackwood, see Last Page.**

MECHANICS' CONVENTION.—The Mechanics o New-York, it will be remembered, will hold a State Convention at Albany on the first Wednesday in October to form a State Association, establish, if deemed expedient, a journal to stand forth as the special organ of their views and advocate of their interests, and to adopt such other measures as may be thought proper to protect their rights and promote their interests as a class of the community. We have already published the Call, and we would urge our Mechanical readers throughout the State to hold meetings and choose representatives. The interval is now very brief, and great deliberation should be exercised in the choice of Delegates. They should be men who, if partisans, are not the slaves of party; who will make the objects for which they are assembled the real and sole purpose of their action, and who, maintaining fully and fearlessly the just rights of the Mechanics, will not seek to war upon or bring them in collision with those of other classes. If a journal is to be established—on the propriety of which we offer no opinion—let its conduct be confided to two intelligent, discreet and trustworthy men—one from each political party. If the deliberations of the Convention are conducted in this spirit, they must be productive of signal and lasting benefits.

Northern Indiana..The Vetos..Henry Clay..Good Crops..Good Times, etc., etc.

Correspondence of The Tribune.

SOUTH BEND, St. Joseph Co., Ia., Sept. 15, 1841.

Dear Sir: Writing from Northern Indiana, any remarks upon the second Veto, which it is generally supposed will come, would be out of place and useless, as long before you receive this you will know the President's determination; but a few words as to the feeling here on the subject would not be inapposite. When the first Veto was received, the ultra Locos were almost frantic with joy, while the Whigs spoke bitterly of the treachery of the President. Afterward a better feeling prevailed. The news of the Repeal of the Sub-Treasury and the passage and signature of the Bankrupt Bill again elevated our spirits, and led us to hope; but the ominous givings-out of the Whig letter-writers and Editors, and the almost certainty that the One-Man power, (fit only for monarchies,) is again to be exercised to defeat the wishes and blast the hopes of the People, is causing a feeling, much remote from love for John Tyler, to burn in the bosoms of those gallant and untiring 'Hoosiers' who fought so nobly and so successfully for the sainted Harrison. And now we hear it from the broad prairies around us and the oak-openings, and the heavy timber lands that none but the patriotic, intrepid, and lion-hearted HARRY OF THE WEST shall carry the Whig standard on to Victory in 1844. So may it be! The illustrious CLAY is but just beginning to be correctly appreciated here, and the fire, kindled but two months since burns brightly and cheerfully.

To the uncertain posture of affairs at Washington, at the time, may be principally attributed the much-vaunted success of the Locos at our August Election. The Whigs were inactive, divided, dissatisfied and split. The result you know. Yet it is not really as bad as you have heard. In the Senate the Whigs have 7 majority, (and there is a vacancy in Marion County, which is Whig—election 18th inst.) In the House the Locos claim 8 majority, but this is merely nominal. The Loco members from Martin, Vigo and La Porte were elected on Whig pledges, and since the Election the two latter have published in the papers that they were elected by Whigs and were determined to support Whig measures and men. That reduces their majority to 2, and even that small number is so intangible that it will not be available on any single Loco measure.

The farmers have nearly all finished their fall seeding. They have also been busy, the last two months, hauling their grain to market. At Michigan city (in this State on Lake Michigan,) the most grain-buying business has been done. There are now there about 50,000 bushels of Wheat in store, besides a large quantity of Flour, Corn, Oats, &c. waiting for vessels. They being rather scarce this season, high rates are paid for transportation around to Buffalo. Wheat is now worth 90 cents to $1 00; Flour, $4 75; Oats, 20 cents; Corn, 25 to 31; Salt, $2 00 per bbl. One firm at Michigan city have already shipped this season 30,000 bushels Wheat, and it still continues to come in at an average of 2,000 bushels daily.—Teams come with it 125 miles, and take back Salt, making their trip quite profitable.

The harvest was not a full average. The price was as low last year, and the Fly made such havoc that a less number of acres were sown, but to make up for all, the yield was excellent. The kernel was very heavy, and in some cases weighed 65 lbs. to the bushel. The farmers of course are happy and contented. Old debts are getting paid off; money circulates freely; merchants flourish; confidence is becoming restored; property is beginning to rise towards its value, and when the Corn-crop and Pork-trade, (both of which will be much over an average,) come on the carpet, hundreds in this vicinity, who, for months and years have been unable to get out of debt, will stand again amongst their neighbors, Freemen. Thus, in one year from the downfall of Loco-Focoism, the Farmers of the West will be relieved from the enthralling chains of poverty, and snatched from the very brink of ruin.

It may perhaps surprise your readers when I tell them that the raising of Tobacco is becoming quite common here. Three years ago some Kentuckians, who had settled in the thick timbered lands hereabouts, commenced its cultivation as an experiment. They found it grew more vigorously and luxuriantly than in their Southern plantations, and also that the season was quite long enough and the crop certain. Their example has been followed, and this year there will be raised in this section half enough to supply our tobacco-chewers. On the large prairies it would not be so certain of success.

My remarks are becoming too extended, and I will postpone the residue till some other time.

Truly yours, S. C.

☞ In consequence of the illness of Chief Justice Nelson, Judge Gridley will preside at the trial of McLeod.

LETTER FROM MR. WEBSTER.

The following letter of an early date from Mr. Webster in relation to the Cabinet difficulties has been called out by the Editor of the Madisonian:

Mr. Webster to the Massachusetts Senators.

August 25, 1841.

GENTLEMEN: As you spoke last evening of the general policy of the Whigs, under the present posture of affairs, relative to the Bank bill, I am willing to place you in full possession of my opinion on that subject.

It is not necessary to go farther back into the history of the past than the introduction of the present measure into the House of Representatives. That introduction took place within two or three days after the President's disapproval of the former bill, and I have not the slightest doubt that it was honestly and fairly intended as a measure likely to meet the President's approbation. I do not believe that one in fifty of the Whigs had any sinister design whatever, if there was an individual who had such design. But I know that the President had been greatly troubled in regard to the former bill, being desirous on one hand to meet the wishes of his friends if he could, and on the other to do justice to his own opinions.

Having returned this first bill with objections, a new one was presented in the House, and appeared to be making rapid progress. I know the President regretted this, and wished the whole subject might have been postponed. At the same time, I believe he was disposed to consider calmly and conscientiously whatever other measure might be presented to him.

But in the mean time Mr. Botts's very extraordinary letter made its appearance. Mr. Botts is a Whig of eminence and influence in our ranks. I need not recall to your mind the contents of the letter. It is enough to say, that it purported that the Whigs designed to circumvent their own President, to "head him," as the expression was, and to place him in a condition of embarrassment.

From that moment I felt that it was the duty of the Whigs to forbear from pressing the Bank bill farther at the present time. I thought it was but just in them to give decisive proof that they entertained no such purpose as seemed to be imputed to them. And since there was reason to believe that the President would be glad of time for information and reflection before being called on to form an opinion on another plan for a Bank—a plan somewhat new to the country—I thought his known wishes ought to be complied with. I think so still. I think this is a course just to the President and wise on behalf of the Whig party.

A decisive rebuke ought in my judgement to be given to the intimation, from whatever quarter, of a disposition among the Whigs to embarrass the President. This is the main ground of my opinion; and such a rebuke, I think, would be found in the general resolution of the party to postpone further proceedings on the subject to the next Session, now only a little more than three months off.

The Session has been fruitful of important acts. The wants of the Treasury have been supplied; provisions have been made for Fortifications and for the Navy; the repeal of the Sub-Treasury has passed; the Bankrupt bill, that great measure of justice and benevolence, has been carried through; and the Land bill seems about to receive the sanction of Congress.

In all these measures, forming a mass of legislation more important, I will venture to say, than all the proceedings of Congress for many years past, the President has cordially concurred.

I agree that the Currency question is, nevertheless, the great question before the Country; but considering what has already been accomplished in regard to other things; considering the difference of opinion which exists upon this remaining one; and, considering especially that it is the duty of the Whigs effectually to repel and put down any supposition that they are endeavoring to put the President in a condition in which he must act under restraint or embarrassment, I am fully and entirely persuaded that the Bank subject should be postponed to the next session.

I am, gentlemen, your friend and obedient servant,
DANIEL WEBSTER.

To Messrs. BATES and CUSHING,
Senators from Massachusetts.

OUR BORDER 'PATRIOTS.'—A correspondent of the New-York American, under date of Niagara Falls, September 21, gives the particulars of a most nefarious attempt made last week to blow up two British steamboats lying at anchor at Chippewa. There are some hundred scoundrels on our border whose sole aim is to embroil the two great nations in a war, and no act of villainy, which looks toward this result, is too black for them to attempt. These men never will feel easy until they are hung. The following is an extract from the letter in the American:

"The machine [to blow up the boats] consisted of two casks, containing 150 lbs. of powder. They were each placed on a frame one hundred yards apart, (but connected by a rope,) with a leaden pipe, and fuse therein inserted, and thus towed from Grand Island, and sent drifting towards the vessels. One only of the casks exploded, but most fortunately prematurely, being 300 *yards short of the mark*—otherwise every soul on board, with the vessels, must have been destroyed. It was about 3, P. M. Those on board at first supposed the report was that of a cannon. The men were speedily mustered, and the machine was seen floating. A boat with six men was lowered, and whilst proceeding to secure it, *fired at from Grand Island*, but happily without injury. And these things have disturbed the public mind, and the canal and frontier is now patrolled night and day by the British troops. The Canadian refugees seek all they can to inflame the public mind as to McLeod: evidence sufficient to convict an angel, will not be lacking at their hands; and if not successful in obtaining his conviction, and speedy execution too, they make it their boast, they will do themselves justice."

A correspondent of the Commercial, dating at Utica, says that 'the most we have to fear is for the personal safety of McLeod after he is acquitted, as I have not a doubt he will be. If he wishes to return to Canada, I have reason to believe Gov. Seward will adopt those measures of precaution which will ensure him a safe convoy to the frontier.'

☞ It will be recollected that the regular monthly meeting of the Franklin Temperance Society is to be held this evening, at 7½ o'clock, at the Washington Temperance Halls.

SPORT SPOILED.—We understand that no bills of indictment have been found by the Grand Jury of the Court of Sessions against Judge Noah, N. T. Eldridge and M. Y. Beach, for a libel on James Gordon Bennett, of the Herald, as has been stated—thus spoiling much anticipated sport.

☞ WILLIAM B. REED, Esq. has declined the nomination of the Philadelphia Whigs for Congress. He urges his private and professional interests as an apology.

☞ The "*New-York Tribune*" has been enlarged and otherwise improved. It is a excellent paper,—the cheapest and one of the best, published in the city—but its value to us is entirely destroyed from the fact that we do not receive it until the day after it is due when all the intelligence which it may contain is to us the South has been anticipated by the Boston papers. Will the publishers do us the favor to forward it seasonably?

[Dover, N. H. Enquirer.

☞ Our papers for the Eastern States are regularly sent to the Post Office before 6 o'clock on the morning of their date. Part of them go off in the New Haven mail which leaves at 7 o'clock, and the rest remain in the Post Office here until 5 in the afternoon when they go off in regular Eastern mail via Stonington. We know of no way in which we can do the Enquirer "the favor of forwarding" our paper more "seasonably" unless we send it the day before it is printed. We believe they are delayed at Boston, where the mails do not uniformly start North and East after the arrival of the Great Southern Mail, as they ought.—*Ed. Tribune.*

For the Tribune.

TO THE MECHANICS OF NEW-YORK.

FELLOW CITIZENS:—We have long been struggling to abolish that odious system of State Prison Monopoly which is destroying our very existence. The time is at hand when forbearance ceases to be a virtue. Let us rise up, then, in the majesty of our strength, and at the Primary Meetings of our party, which take place on Monday Evening next, place good and true men—not sycophants or time-servers—on the Nominating Committee, who will represent us both fully and fearlessly. The Mechanics of this City constitute one-sixth of the population, and a far greater portion of its energy and vigor, and it is but justice that we should have at least our portion of the representatives. You have but to will it, and it is done!

Fellow Mechanics! the approaching Election is one of the greatest importance to yourselves and your families. If you succeed—which you will if you but act—we can wipe from our statutes a system which is adverse to the honor and interests of a large majority of the People of this State.—The Mechanics of this City are disposed to vote for men who are and always have been opposed to State Prison Monopoly—not time-serving Politicians, who are always ready to answer Yea or Nay as will favor their own personal aggrandisement, and whose only interest in the Mechanic is the accomplishment of their own ends. Place honest and true men on your Nominating Committee, with the rallying cry of "No State Prison Monopoly!" and the result will be such as will reflect honor on yourselves and be a lasting benefit to the community.

Come forward, then, Fellow Mechanics! on Monday Evening in your strength, for it is here that your strength lies. Use every honorable means to get your men chosen—call upon your friends to come forward; show them the ruinous effects of State Prison Mechanical Labor on your interests; show them the oppressive operation of the present State Prison system; show them how the Mechanics have virtually to support all the Convicts of the State, while the learned Professions are in no way affected by their competition. You will then have done your duty, and the blessings of thousands will rest on you through coming years. Your fellow laborer, C. R.

THE BROOKLYN BURGLARIES.—The American of yesterday contains a report of the trial on Thursday of William Nesbitt, alias Butcher Bill, for burglary in the 1st degree in breaking into the house of Mr. Bokee. He was also indicted for eight other burglaries, and for the murder of the little son of Mr. Phelps. The principal witness against him on trial was Edward Mangum, who testified, under a promise from the magistrates of immunity, that himself, Cook and Nesbitt entered the house, and plundered it of plate and other valuable property. Nesbitt was found *guilty*, and recommended to the mercy of the Court. The other indictments for burglary were, on motion of his counsel, postponed to the next term of the Court in December. A *nolle prosequi* was yesterday entered on the indictment for murder, on motion of the District Attorney, on the ground that there was no sufficient evidence of his guilt.

EARTHQUAKE.—The Island of Martinique was visited on the 17th ult. by two shocks of an earthquake. The first lasted about two seconds, and the second which came immediately after, was almost as severe as that which visited the Island two years since.

A shock of an earthquake was felt at Seville, about half past 10 o'clock in the night of the 7th ult. Similar shocks were also felt at Cadiz, Puerto de Santa Maria, Xeres de la Fonteira, Ciudad Real and Malaga.

Several severe shocks of earthquakes were felt at Leiria, in Portugal, from the 30th of July to the 3d ult., which had so terrified the inhabitants that many of them went out at night to sleep in the fields; but no serious damage was sustained. A slight shock was felt at Lisbon, about 10 P. M. on the 2nd ult.

WARNING.—John Church and Aaron Manning have been tried at St. Louis and committed at the present term of the criminal court, on an indictment for trading as exchange and money brokers, without license. The fine is $2,000 each.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.—The Board of Supervisors again yesterday had the subject of salaries of the Associate Judges of the Court of Sessions before them, and decided, by a vote of 10 to 9, against paying the salaries until the next meeting of the Supreme Court, before which tribunal the subject was some time since carried for adjudication.

COUNTY COURT.—This Court last evening resumed the trial of Milo Parker, Esq. on articles of impeachment; and Henry E. Willard and other witnesses were examined and cross-examined at length. The case does not appear to excite any great interest, and at its termination we shall give the result.

☞ The recent assertion of The Sun that orders have been received to put the U. S. ship North Carolina on a war footing, is flatly contradicted by the Army and Navy Chronicle.

☞ On Wednesday morning, a lad twelve or fourteen years old fell over the staircase in Faneuil Hall, Boston, from the third story to the bottom, and was seriously, and it is feared fatally, wounded.

☞ The Rochester Democrat says that the account of the murder of a man named Carr at Scottsville is an unfounded hoax.

☞ Benj. Breeden, convicted at Boston of having insulted two young ladies, was fined on Wednesday ten dollars for the offence.

☞ A child, aged 4 years, lately died in Dryden, Tompkins co. owing to the bite of an ant. It bit the under side of his tongue.

YELLOW FEVER AT NEW-ORLEANS.—The following is an extract from the New-Orleans correspondence of the American Sextinel:

"The mortality in this city by Yellow Fever is chiefly among young men between the ages of 20 and 30, (the age, you know, at which men drink and 'spree' most, and New-Orleans is the worst place in the world for drinking.) If a person will take care of himself, not go out much in the sun, and not subject himself to the night and morning dews (which are very heavy) he will most likely escape it, or if he does get it, will have it but slightly. Most men die here from want of proper attention; good nurses are difficult to be got—I do not believe a first rate nurse could be had to-day at any price; $5 per day is the ordinary charge, and $20 has been offered—black nurses will sleep and let the patient take care of himself while this disease requires to be watched every moment, and advantage taken of the slightest change for the better. I knew one poor fellow who died this morning from inattention. I know instances of private ladies attending to nursing the sick."

ACCIDENT ON THE RIVER.—As the steamboat Albany was coming down yesterday afternoon, her connecting rod parted and let the pisten down with great force, also bursting the cylinder. Part of the machinery tore up the deck near the pilot house, the Pilot Engineer and one of the passengers narrowly escaping. The boat was, of course, disabled and the Highlander brought to this city her passengers from about 3 miles above Newburgh, where the accident occurred.

☞ The MECHANICS' FAIR, at Faneuil Hall, Boston, is attracting great attention in that city.—On Wednesday, the crowd of visitors is said to have numbered at least eight thousand. The Courier says that the exhibition of machinery is below that of former years, though in other respects the Exhibition is fully equal to those that have preceded it.

☞ Among the balances of deposites unclaimed which are advertised as remaining for two years past in the Mechanics' Bank of this city, is one of $1,000 to the credit of John H. Havens, one of $750 to that of Nicholas Hay, $600 to James Devoe, and $750 to that of "Samuel Swartwout, Collector."—We believe Samuel is just now in want of that same; if not Uncle Sam would have no objection to taking it.

☞ As will be seen by reference to our Ship News, considerable of the cargo of the Florida has been picked up by vessels cruising about the wreck.

☞ During the week ending Sept. 11th, there were 164 deaths at New-Orleans from yellow fever. On the 11th there were 26.

☞ The dead body of George Nill has been found in the woods about four miles from Albany

TELLSTORM, The first Swedish Missionary to Lapland. By GEORGE SCOTT. J. S. Taylor, 145 Nassau-street.

This is the title of an interesting little volume by the well known Swedish Missionary who has been among us for some months past. It contains an appendix embodying much valuable information concerning the Stockholm Mission.

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE. American Edition. Vol. XIII. September 1841. Jemima M. Mason.

The number of 'MAGA' for the current month is unusually interesting and valuable. Its best literary articles are those entitled 'The World of London,' 'Chapter of Turkish History,' 'Biron and the Bastile,' 'Nicholas Dunks,' an amusing tale, 'The Picture of Danae,' a Play from the German, 'The Fowler,' a fine Poem by Delta, &c. Two or three spirited political papers are included with a lively Tory Song of rejoicing.

GRAHAM'S LADY'S AND GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE. No. CLXI. October 1841. Israel Post, 88 Bowery.

Two beautiful engravings, entitled 'Brother and Sister' and the 'Descent into the Valley of Wyoming,' the former a mezzotinto, and the latter a line engraving, from two of our best artists, with the Monthly Fashions on steel, and a fine plate of Colored Flowers, form the embellishments and not the least attractive features of the present number of this widely known magazine. Its literary contents are by some of our most popular writers, among whom are Prof. Ingraham, T. S. Fay, H. W. Herbert, Grenville Mellen, and E. A. Poe. The notices of new books are forcibly written. James's 'New Regime' and Buckingham's 'America' are very severely reviewed.

'THE WAVERLEY NOVELS.' Cheap Edition. No. XVI Israel Post, 88 Bowery.

'THIERS'S FRENCH REVOLUTION.' In weekly numbers. No. XVI Israel Post, 88 Bowery.

The latest issue of Mr. Post's cheap edition of the Waverley novels contains that spirited and most interesting tale—'Quentin Durward.' The whole work is now about two-thirds finished, and its subscribers will soon have the whole valuable series complete for *five dollars*. The present number of Thiers completes Vol I., and contains a title page, index and finely engraved plate, representing Louis XVI. before the Convention

ACCIDENT AND LOSS OF LIFE.—The steam boat Belle, on her passage down from New-Haven, about 2 o'clock Thursday morning, ran over a small sloop-boat under way. One person was heard to cry out. As soon as the boat was seen from the steamer, the engine was stopped, but it was too late. She was backed to the sail-boat, (having passed over her) but no person was seen Of course the person or persons on board had perished. [Jour. of Commerce.

☞ A few years ago when a fine article of shaving soap was wanting, no one thought of purchasing any thing that was manufactured outside of the walls of Paris Latterly, however, the New York manufacturers seem to have succeeded in producing soaps which are not surpassed by any of the French chemists. We are led to make these remarks from having recently tested the properties of Prowitt's Camphor Soap an article which not only produces a fine lather but which is found particularly pleasant and grateful.

SARATOGA UNION SPRINGS.—By an advertisement which will be found in another column of this paper, it will be seen that the waters from this medicinal fountain may be obtained in this city, in any quantity, and so put up that it may be transported to any part of the country. The most eminent of the medical faculty have recommended the use of these waters in a variety of diseases, but particularly in those of a cutaneous or scrofulous nature.

"BEALS'S HAIR REGENERATIVE."—This article is offered to the public on terms new and *original* in the history of Hair Oils. Read the advertisement headed "No charge until the hair is restored" Treat their personal references are of undoubted respectability we can testify.

City Intelligence.

Reported for The Tribune.

COURT OF SESSIONS.—September 24.—Before the Recorder, Judges Lynch and Noah, and Aldermen Jones and O'Neil.

In the case of Samuel A. Suydam, indicted for an assault and battery, with intent to kill Ephraim Alvear: his counsel, Messrs. Price and Merrill, read an affidavit of the defendant setting forth the absence of an important and material witness for the defence in Europe, and moving a postponement of the trial for four months, in order to give time for a commission to issue for the examination of said witness. The motion was opposed by the District Attorney and J. Prescott Hall, associate counsel for the prosecution, but the Court allowed the motion, and the trial was postponed accordingly.

Before Judges Lynch and Noah.

David Bignell was tried for a misdemeanor in selling lottery tickets. William W. Franklin deposed, that on the 16th May, 1839, he purchased a ticket in the Sussex County, State of Delaware, Lottery, at the office of the defendant, No. 146 Broadway, but was unable to say whether he purchased it of Mr. Bignell himself or of some other person in the office. The jury found him Not Guilty.

Ann Johnson, black, was tried for burglary in the 2d degree, in breaking into the house No 72 White street, on the night of the 1st September inst., and stealing therefrom a merino cloak, hats, collars, and other articles of female apparel worth $20, the property of Misses Mary and Catherine Conroy. The prisoner was arrested by watchman Vanderbeck, in the street, with the property in her possession, and the jury found her guilty of petit larceny only. The Court sentenced her to the Penitentiary for 6 months.

John Shepherd was tried for an assault and battery on Mrs. Gertrude Burridge, of No 220 Houston street, on the 14th July last. The jury found him not guilty.

Michael Cancy was tried for grand larceny, stealing trunks containing dresses and other articles of female wearing apparel worth $41 from Mrs. Sarah Taylor, of No. 174 Hudson street, on the fifth September inst. He took the trunk from the steam boat at pier No. 1 North River, to carry to her lodgings but did not, and the same afternoon was seen in company of another man, having the trunk on his shoulder, both drunk, inquiring for a lady from the country. The jury found him not guilty.

SPECIAL SESSIONS.—September 24—Before Judge Noah and Aldermen Jones and O'Neil.

John Boyle was tried for stealing a walking cane from Joseph Adams. Guilty, sentence suspended and he discharged. Frederick Patterson stealing six silk handkerchiefs from Lyon & Stone. Guilty—Penitentiary 60 days. William Holmes, stealing a coat worth $10, from Edgar R. Davis. Guilty—Penitentiary 6 months. Mary Riley, stealing $12 from Thomas Lloyd. Guilty—Penitentiary 3 months. Isaiah Davis, colored man, for stealing $10 from Zelegman Rothschild—remanded. George Cook, a boy, for stealing a pair of pistols worth $5, from Henry Gildeth—Guilty, judgment suspended and he discharged. James Lord, for stealing a watch and key worth $25, from Samuel Eldridge—adjudged not guilty. Eliza Farrell, for stealing female wearing apparel worth $20—complaint withdrawn and she discharged. Aaron Freeman, colored, for stealing two fowls worth 75 cents—Guilty, judgment suspended and discharged. Alfred Monroe, for assault and battery on his father, George Monroe—Guilty, judgment suspended. Littleton Williams, a colored man, an old offender, assault and battery 3 months. David Johnson Kappe—Guilty. Penitentiary 6 months. David Comstock, for assault and battery on Edward McDewitt—Guilty, judgment suspended and he discharged. Matilda Bayard, colored, for stealing female's wearing apparel worth $15, from Caroline Oakley: Guilty, Penitentiary 3 months. Several persons charged with assault and battery were discharged for want of evidence.

POLICE OFFICE.—*Stealing Money*—A man named Samuel Rosenzweig was yesterday arrested by officer Fokkes for stealing $24 from Philip Anz, of No. 50 Cathamine, on the 23d inst. He lodged in the same room with Anz, broke open his trunk, stole the money and was off, and was committed for trial.

Theft of a Watch.—A boy named Henry Peterson was yesterday arrested and committed for stealing a watch and chain, worth $13, from Patrick Culhane, of No. 68 Chapel-street.

Arrest of a Fugitive from justice—Yesterday officer Roberts, of Philadelphia, assisted by officer McComb of this city, arrested, in Essex-street, a man named Julius Oppenheimer, charged with the commission of perjury and with being associated with two others now in prison in that city, in a conspiracy to defraud a number of the citizens of Philadelphia. As officer Roberts was provided with a requisition from the Governor of Pennsylvania on the Governor of this State, the prisoner was conducted back to Philadelphia for trial, without the ceremony of a committal here, to escape by a writ of habeas corpus.

Stealing from a Steerage Passenger—Officer Buckley yesterday arrested a man named George Johnson, a carpenter on board the ship Britannia, charged with having stolen 2 coats, 2 cloaks, 2 pair of linen sheets, a pair of pantaloons and a watch worth $22 50 from James Gibbons, a steerage passenger, on board said ship, while lying at Quarantine, near Staten Island. The coats were sold by Johnson to a man named Goldschmm, and one cloak given by him to a girl, and were recovered, and the thief committed to prison for trial.

To Dry Goods Merchants, Clothiers, Jewellers, and others.—Owners are wanted at the Lower Police Office for coats, pantaloons, vestings, cloths, silks of all colors, table cloths, towels, a piece of Irish linen, ladies' and gentlemen's gloves, boots and shoes, calicoes, white and colored stockings, a watch, silver thimble, silver and German silver table and tea spoons.

☞ **Education for Adults.**—Mr. Chamberlain invites those who desire instruction to examine the Prospectus of his School for Adults, and Messrs Dolmage & Purcell's specimens of Writings, Drawings and Paintings, which branches are taught on a plan worthy of the attention of Connoisseurs, as well as of those who are engaged in business. Those who desire to attend exclusively to Writing can be accommodated Morning, Afternoon or Evening.

Evening Classes in French, Drawing, and English Grammar, including Rhetoric Composition Critical Reading and extemporaneous speaking, will be organized for the season early in October. Arithmetic and Book-keeping are taught on the plan of individual instruction.

INSTRUCTION FOR LADIES.—Mr. C.'s School for Ladies is open on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday for Writing and the solid branches of education, and on Wednesday and Saturday, for Drawing and Painting.

N. B.—Mr. C. has a few vacancies in his School for boys whose health, comfort and conduct receive particular attention. (2) s25 2t*

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE,

For Saturday, September 25.

Contents.

1. The FOWLER—a Poem from September No. of Blackwood.
2. The Countess and Her Friends—An amusing Tale of Coquetry.
3. City and Country—Notoriety in Cities and other Extracts from "The World of London"—a capital Paper in the last Blackwood's Magazine
4. The Antarctic Expedition.
5. Visit to Newstead Abbey—Byron's Tomb.
6. Original Poem on the Death of Grenville Mellen.
7. Three Chapters of Barnaby Rudge.
8. Henry Clay.
9. Record of the principal Officers of the Government since the adoption of the Constitution.
10. Letters of Messrs Bell, Badger and Tallmadge.
11. Literary Notices.
12. Important Chancery Decision—Reported exclusively for the Weekly Tribune.
13. Call of the Whig State Convention.
14. Editorials upon the same, and other Political topics; Opening of the New-York and Erie Railroad; Foreign Intelligence by the Caledonia.
15. News of the Week, Flour, Grain, Money and General Markets.

For sale at No. 30 Ann-street. Price, single copy, 6¼ cents; by the year, $2,00 in advance.

s24 GREELEY & McELRATH.

TAKE TIME BY THE FORELOCK! **Pease's Horehound Candy** is recommended by our most eminent Physicians, and over two thousand respectable citizens, is performing the cure of Coughs Colds, Hoarseness, Irritation of the Throat, Croup Whooping Cough, Catarrh and Asthma, Palpitation of the Heart, difficult or profuse Expectoration, and, in fact, all diseases leading to consumption and death. Sold at 45 Division-st. and 10 Astor House, and by most of the respectable Grocers and Druggists in the city. Peddlers and Confectioners are not appointed Agents. Each envelope is signed J. Pease & Son. (2) au30 1m

☞ **THE MONEY WILL BE RETURNED** if the purchaser is dissatisfied with Chapman's Magic Razor Strop with Metallic Hone, manufactory 1 2 William street—Retail prices 50 cents, 75 cents, $1.00, $1,25, and $1 50. Five minutes will be ample time for putting the dullest razor in perfect order. (2) s6 1m

☞ **The Cheapest Cash Tailor Yet.**—PETER V. MUSTED, Merchant Tailor, No. 1 Chatham Square, corner of Catharine street, makes Clothing to order 10 per cent. cheaper and 10 per cent better than the cheapest Cash Tailor in the city.

N. B.—A good fit in all cases warranted. (2) s7 tf

☞ **College of Physicians and Surgeons**—PRELIMINARY COURSE OF LECTURES.—The preliminary course of Lectures in this Institution will commence on Monday, October 4. Dr. Jos. M. SMITH lecturing on *Hygeia*, at 10, A. M., and Dr. TORREY on *Medical Botany* at 11, A. M. Lectures will be delivered at the same hours during the whole month of October. Drs. *Parker, Watts*, and *Gilman*, following Drs. *Smith* and *Torrey* These Lectures will be free to the Students of the College, and the Lecturers would respectfully invite the members of the profession generally to attend whenever it may suit their convenience (2) s23 10d

☞ **Notice.**—It is with feelings of the greatest pleasure that the Boot and Shoe Clerks announce to the Public that having appealed to their employers, and they seeing the justice of their request, have acceded to it by closing all their stores at 8 o'clock, P. M., and the system having been in successful operation for one week, we indulge the hope that it will continue, trusting that a discriminating Public will assist to sustain a plan so incalculably beneficial to all by making all their purchases at an early hour, thereby securing the warmest thanks of the Clerks.

J. SAMMIS, Chairman of the Committee.
C. M. HILL, Secretary. (2) s25 2t*

☞ **The Cook is abroad!**—Now is the time for every one of the most limited means to enjoy the luxuries (formerly monopolized by the millionaires and bodies corporate) at almost nominal prices. Green Turtle Soup and Steaks only two shillings, and the best of everything the market affords at proportionably low charges. Thus the true Democracy of the inner man is realized at the CLIMAX, No. 149 Fulton street, a few doors from Broadway. Free Concerts by eminent Professors every night from 6½ until 12 o'clock. s25 1t*

☞ **Dr. Felix Gourand's Superior Vegetable Rouge.**—It is unnecessary to enlarge upon the superior merits of this article. It speaks for itself in the living bloom it diffuses as soft, as uniform, and a most permanent as that of Nature. It will bear the most delicate test, and while assimilating evenly with the skin, it is warranted to be perfectly harmless. To be had nowhere else in New-York but at Dr. Felix Gourand's Exclusive office, 67 Walker-street, one door from Broadway. Fifty Cents per bottle. (2) s25 1t

IN DEMOCRATIC WHIG GENERAL COMMITTEE,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 21, 1841.

Resolved, That the Democratic Whig Electors of the City and County of New-York be requested to assemble in their several Wards, at the places hereinafter designated, on *Monday evening*, 27th Sept. inst., at half past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing from each Ward

Five Delegates to represent them in a County Convention, to select thirteen Candidates for Members of Assembly to represent this County in the next Legislature, and thirteen Delegates to the State Convention to be held at Syracuse on the 6th October next.

And also, to choose three Delegates from each Ward to a Convention for selecting thirteen Members to the Democratic Whig Senatorial Convention of the First District.

Resolved, That the County Convention be requested to meet at the Broadway House on Friday, the 1st of October next, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

Resolved, That the Convention to select Delegates to the Senatorial Convention be requested to meet on *Monday*, the 4th October, at the Broadway House, at 7 o'clock, P. M.

I. Ward—Tippecanoe House, No. 84 Broad street.
II. Ward—Second Ward Hotel, No. 87 Nassau-st.
III. Ward—B. Mavereau's, No. 202 Washington-st.
IV. Ward—Shakspeare Hotel, Duane & William-sts.
V. Ward—Marion House, 165 Chapel-st.
VI. Ward—Monroe House, Centre and Pearl-sts.
VII. Ward—Franklin House Cherry & Rutgers sts.
VIII. Ward—Subject to call of Ward Committee.
IX. Ward—Northern Exchange, Bleecker-st.
X. Ward—Columbian Hall, Grand-st.
XI. Ward—23 Avenue D.
XII. Ward—Subject to call of Ward Committee.
XIII. Ward—Tippecanoe House, 5 Sheriff st.
XIV. Ward—Broadway House.
XV. Ward—Constitution Hall, 650 Broadway.
XVI. Ward—Houston's 17th st.
XVII. Ward—Henry Clay House, Avenue A and 1st-st.

SAMUEL G. RAYMOND, Ch'n.

H. C. WESTERVELT, E. T. BACKHOUSE, } Sec'ys. s22 10d

☞ **First Ward**—Agreeably to the recommendation of the Whig General Committee, the Whig Electors of this Ward are requested to meet at the Tippecanoe House, No. 84 Broad street, on Monday evening, 27th inst., at half past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing from each Ward Five Delegates to represent them in a County Convention, to select thirteen Candidates for Members of Assembly to represent this County in the next Legislature and thirteen Members of the Legislature and thirteen Delegates to the State Convention, and also to choose three Delegates to the Senatorial Convention. By order of the Executive Committee. OLIVER COBB, Chairman.

OTTO WM. VAN TYEL, Secretary.

P. S.—The Commissioners of Registry will be in session at the Atlantic Garden, No. 11 Broadway, on Saturday 25th inst., from 3 to 9 P. M. and on the 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th and 9th of October, from 4 to 10, P. M. s25 2t

☞ **Fourth Ward**—The Whig Electors of the Fourth Ward are invited to meet at the Shakspeare Hotel, corner of William and Duane-streets, on Monday evening, 27th inst., at half-past 7 o'clock, in accordance with the recommendation of the Whig General Committee.

WM. HALL, Chairman Fourth Ward Whig Com.
T. M. ADRIANCE, Secretary. s25 2t*

☞ **Sixth Ward.**—In pursuance of the call of the Whig General Committee. The Democratic Whig Electors of the 6th Ward are requested to assemble at Monroe Hall, on Monday evening the 27th instant, for the purpose of choosing Five Delegates to represent them in a County Convention to select thirteen Candidates for members of Assembly, to represent this County in the next Legislature; and thirteen Delegates to the State Convention to be held at Syracuse on the 6th of October next

And also to choose three Delegates to a Convention for selecting thirteen members to the Democratic Whig Senatorial Convention of the first District

GEORGE ENDICOTT,
Ch'r of 6th Ward Whig Com.

L. R. Bradley, J. B. Werden, } Secretaries.

☞ **Seventh Ward**—Pursuant to recommendation of the General Committee, the Democratic Whigs of the Seventh Ward are requested to meet at their Head Quarters, Franklin Hotel, corner of Cherry and Rutgers streets, on Monday evening, Sept 27, at half past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing from the Ward five Delegates to represent them in a County Convention, to select thirteen candidates for members of Assembly, to represent this County at the next Legislature, and thirteen Delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Syracuse on the 6th October next.

And, also, to choose three Delegates to a Convention for selecting thirteen members to the Democratic Whig Senatorial Convention of the First District.

By order of the Ward Committee.
BARNABAS PIKE, Chairman.

F. M. TAYLOR, Secretary. s25 2t

☞ **Eighth Ward Whigs**—The Whig Elector of the Eighth Ward, in pursuance of the call of the Whig General Committee, are requested to meet at the Tivoli Saloon, on Monday evening, the 27th Sept. at half-past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing five Delegates to represent the Ward in County Convention, for the purpose of nominating thirteen Members of the Legislature and thirteen Delegates to the State Convention. And also to choose three Delegates to represent the Ward in the Senatorial Convention.

The Commissioners of Registry are now in session from 6 to 9, P. M. Register your names this night.

By order of the Ward Committee.
JAMES T. M. BLEAKLEY, Chairman.

WM. J. VANBUSKIRK, A. H. STOUTENBURG, } Secretaries. s24 2t

☞ **Twelfth Ward Whigs**—The Whig Electors of the Twelfth Ward in pursuance of the call of the Whig general Committee, are requested to meet at J. G. Farrington's House corner of 3d Avenue and 128th street on Monday evening next, September 27th at half past 7 o'clock, for the purpose of choosing five Delegates to represent the Ward in county Convention. For the purpose of nominating thirteen members of Assembly, and thirteen Delegates to the State Convention, and also to choose three Delegates to represent the Ward in Senatorial Convention BY order of the Ward Committee CHAS. M. GRAHAM, Jr. Chairman.

A. H. Doughty, Secretary s25.

NEW Y