THE TRIBUNE.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1842.

☞ **General Committee of Democratic** WHIG YOUNG MEN.—A special meeting of the above Committee will be held at the Broadway House on Wednesday Evening, 20th April, at 7½ o'clock.

S. D. JACKSON, } Secy's. A. W. BRADFORD, Ch'n.
C. K. TAYLOR, } a19 2t

☞ An AGENT for the sale of this paper, and the AMERICAN LABORER, is wanted at Providence, R. I., to commence on Monday, the 25th instant.

☞ Persons desiring the Tribune to be left at their residences, will please leave their names at this office, and they will be regularly served at an early hour. Price nine cents a week.

☞ Will some friend in the Eighth Ward oblige us with a few of the *gum ballots* such as the Loco-Foco Inspectors rejected or burned as *double votes*. We want some to stick up on our bulletin, that the PEOPLE may judge whether they are or are not good votes.

☞ Will our friend in the Ninth Ward who wrote us the facts with regard to the emigration of an Engine Company from the Ninth to the Plough Tavern in the Eighth Ward, oblige us by an early call, or a note containing his address;

☞ Will the Editors of the *Richmond Whig* oblige many friends by publishing a list of the Counties composing each of the Senatorial Districts of that State in which Senators are to be chosen at the approaching Election?

How Loco-Focoism Heads.

The *Evening Post* of last night has a contributed article special-pleading the Office-Holders' side of the question between them and the People in a style which the Editor declares characterized by "calmness and ability." The following is a specimen of this same gentlemanly sogency which the Post esteems so praiseworthy:

"The little '*Tribune*' has become perfectly rabid on this "subject, inasmuch that I am half inclined to doubt wheth-"er, after all, the '*Graham System*' is not full as exciting as "beefsteak and old Madeira."

We shall not of course attempt to withstand logic so convincing, dignity so imposing, wit so excruciating as this. We will only state that the writer (directly under the Editorial head of the Post) undertakes to inform us that "the *assumption* of facts is one thing and the *actual existence* of them oftentimes *another*," and directly proceeds to talk of the "attempt to force five [Whig] Mem-"bers from New-Jersey into the American Con-"gress, contrary to the *well-known* and LEGALLY "DECLARED will of a majority of the electors of "that State," and "the disgusting spectacle of "four Members elected to Congress by pipe-laying "in this City." [This last is a falsehood which not even *Glentworth* ventured directly to assert, though he tried hard to give it currency by insinuation.] When a writer has such a remarkable knock at knocking himself down, it is quite useless for any one else to apply a cudgel to him. His argument that the votes of the poor men in the Eighth Ward, who were compelled to evade the Loco-Foco tyranny of colored ballots, are no votes and ought to be burnt up uncounted, and that the Election in the Sixth Ward is invalid, though every vote cast there has been regularly returned and counted, under the approving countenance of the Mayor, are alike worthy of the cause they are intended to subserve and the advocate who adduces them.

But the Post has *another* correspondent, who evinces more sagacity, or (a different term for the same thing) more honesty. This correspondent plainly shows his party that they will cover themselves with lasting infamy if they uphold the Office-Holders in the course they have resolved on. His essay is so manly and forcible that we make room for it *verbatim*. It is as follows:

To the Editor of the Evening Post:

The result of the late election for members of the Common Council, has been unfortunate for us, but we are adding to the disgrace of our defeat, by attempting to trick the Whigs out of their fairly earned and legitimate victory.

The canvassers in the Sixth Ward, because a part of the votes in that ward, the votes of one district, have been placed in such a position that they cannot be lawfully or fairly counted, refuse to make any return of the votes taken, and thereby render *all* the votes cast in that ward, useless and of no effect, and in fact decide that a new election shall be held. Now, this is a question with which it appears to me, they have nothing whatever to do. It is certainly no part of their duty to order a new election. There is no right on their part to reject, throw aside, or refuse to count the votes about which there is no doubt or dispute, because some other votes cannot be lawfully received. Because, through the fault or misfortune of the Inspectors of one district, the votes of that district have been lost or destroyed, or thrown into *incalculable* confusion, there is no reason why *all* the citizens of that ward should be deprived of their rights. The citizens, whose votes have been fairly and lawfully cast, and which votes are not disqualified from being counted, have a right to insist that full effect shall be given to those votes, whatever may be the consequence to other citizens not so fortunately situated. You have no right to ask these men to vote over again, merely to remedy the misfortune or fault of others. The unlucky district must sit down under the consequences of its own mishap, and cannot fairly extend its effects to its innocent and more fortunate neighbors. Suppose one district in a Ward to be very disorderly and its votes in consequence to be purposely destroyed, while all the other districts have thrown their votes in a quiet, orderly and lawful manner, are we to hold out a premium to the disorderly by giving them thus a *veto* power upon the whole election of the Ward? It may be a very hard case that the electors of the First District in the Sixth Ward should be deprived, through an unfortunate riot, in which they had probably no part, of their share in the election; but it would be much harder to take away from the electors of the other three Districts their just rights, for the mishap of the first—it is sacrificing the rights of the many to the advantage of the few. All the votes that could be lawfully counted, the canvassers were bound to cast up, and from them to declare the result—those that could not be lawfully counted, they had, of course, absolutely to reject. Suppose the Mayoralty votes in that District had also been overthrown by the riot, would Mr. Morris have been any the less Mayor elect than he now is? The canvassers are bound to declare who have received the highest number of votes in the Ward for the Common Council, and they can declare this only from the votes that have been lawfully cast and that reach them, the canvassers, in a lawful shape; all others, they must, of course, reject. If the Inspectors of the First District had neglected any of the proper formalities of holding the election and had thereby rendered the election in their District void, would the electors of the other Districts have to share the penalty of their negligence? clearly not. Moreover, it is not a new case—and all the decisions of similar cases in this State have been, I believe, to the effect, that the Congressional District, county, town, or ward, whose ballots have been lost, destroyed or by any means legally disqualified from being counted, must lose its vote, must *alone* suffer the consequences of its own fault, misfortune or neglect, without injury to the rest of the community. And this is clear right and justice.

The case in the Eighth Ward is still more clearly against us. And what I regret more than all in the matter is, that your journal seems to justify the course of the canvassers in that Ward. You say that the twenty or thirty ballots rejected there, whereby our candidate for Alderman is returned, are *double* ballots, which the law declares shall be destroyed. The law says when two ballots are found folded together, they shall be destroyed.—Can two pieces of paper, firmly pasted one over the other, be looked upon as two *distinct* ballots found *folded* together? A man has certainly a right to vote as *thick* a piece of paper for a ballot as he pleases. He has a right to paste five or six pieces of blank paper together, and upon the inner piece write his vote: or, if the intermediate thickness should consist of part of a newspaper, or other printed paper, is the printed matter thereon, which is covered up by the inner piece, to be taken as a part of his ballot? The pasting of a piece of paper over the names of the democratic candidates was a complete obliteration of those names, more so, even, than running a pen through them; and the writing on the inner part of the ballot is the vote. The intent of the voter is clear—to strike out those names and substitute others. But, you say, these ballots might have become separated in the ballot-box: very well, then they would be double ballots, and no harm would come of it for being pasted together when put into the ballot-box; if afterwards separated, they would still be found folded together, and destroyed accordingly. But again, you say that those who voted these ballots deserve to lose their votes, because their object was to conceal the side upon which they voted, and thereby avoid being challenged. I can see no great harm in this. The very object of the vote by ballot is *to conceal the vote*. And if the ordinary printed ballots do not effect that object, a man has certainly a right to adopt any fair means to effect it. Nor is there any wrong in a man's attempting to avoid being challenged, if he be challenged simply because he votes on a certain side of the question.

The paltry attempt, in the Sixteenth Ward, to defraud Mr. West of his seat, though not persisted in, is still another evidence that a wrong spirit has been prevalent among our canvassers.

I trust that it is not yet too late for our party to counteract that spirit, and avoid the disgrace of these attempts to defraud our opponents—for in no other light can I look upon them. We have been fairly beaten—beaten in consequence of our own divisions—let us submit, like honest men, to the punishment our own acts have brought upon us, and patiently await an opportunity to vanquish our opponents in open fight and by fair means. I trust that yet the Whig candidates will be returned as elected, both in the Sixth and Eighth Wards. Any other course can only bring disgrace upon us as a party, and cannot confer any political advantage—on the contrary, it is likely to produce loss, for there must be many (I hope very many) men among us who value the fair conduct of our elections infinitely beyond the establishment of any, the most important, party principles. Yours,

MAJOR BRYDGES.

Progress of the Conspiracy.

The Office Holders have at length fully resolved to play out boldly the game of defrauding the Electors of the Sixth, Eighth, and Twelfth Wards of this city, of their fairly and clearly expressed choice in the late election. The Aldermen and Assistants elected by the people in each of these Wards, (Mr. Carman possibly excepted,) *have each been* DENIED *a return*, and in the Eighth Ward, Messrs. Vandervoort and Brown, who were defeated by the People, *have been declared elected;* and we believe Mr. Osgood, the signally defeated candidate for Assistant in the Twelfth, *has also been provided with a certificate as the Member elect.* No return has been made from the Sixth Ward. The effect of this is *to give Loco Focoism on the returns 8 to 6*, (if Mr. Carman is not excluded,) *in the Board of Aldermen, and 9 to 7 in the Assistants, although the People have clearly elected 10 Whigs to 7 Loco Focos in each Board.* Such is the course resolved on in Tammany and the City Hall; we do not allude to it to express any doubt of the ultimate triumph of the Right, but to keep our friends advised of the spirit and designs of the conspirators. 'Forewarned is forearmed.'

We were waited upon yesterday by a sheriff's officer with a couple of writs commanding us to make answer to the charge of battering and defacing to the trifling amount of $5,000 or $10,000, we forget which, the character of Mr. *Wm. I. Godfrey*, City Inspector of carts, by stating that *we had the assurance*, over a responsible name, that this patriotic public servant had paid certain sleepers in the Eighth Ward $5 each for their services. This is the first intimation we have had from Mr. Godfrey that he considered our remarks unjust, or calculated to do him injury. Had it been redress or the correction of an error he sought, a word to us would have ensured a prompt inquiry into the circumstances and a correction of any mis-statement we have made. This shall be done at any rate. If his object be money-making, he must of course be allowed to push the speculation in his own way. But if he thinks to frighten us out of a fearless investigation and exposure of the series of villanies by which the Electors of the Eighth Ward were defrauded out of the return of their fairly chosen officers, and the Electors of the whole City are sought to be defrauded of the Government which their votes have selected, then we can assure him he has mistaken his customer. If he needs further evidence of this, he will find it in the following disclosure of the iniquitous means by which some fifteen fraudulent voters (let loose from Blackwell's Island for the purpose, if we mistake not) were enabled to get in their votes in the First District of that Ward at the Election:

A gentleman in whose veracity we have perfect confidence has called on us to state that he was present during the whole day at the poll held in the First District, Eighth Ward, and that he became alarmed for the safety of the Whig ticket after the introduction of two or three persons swearing through both oaths, representing that they lived at 42½ Canal street, corner of Broadway. He states, from his personal knowledge of the premises, that he did not believe, from the appearance of the voters, that they did reside there, and that fifteen or twenty voters of the same appearance voted in that District. A person then went off and made every inquiry on the premises, and returned, stating that no such persons or description of persons resided there as he could discover; if they did reside there, it was in the apartments of Dr. Van Dyke, who occupies rooms in the 2d story; and that during the morning, Dr. V. D., hearing the soft impeachment, by way of explanation said that there was a resort for prostitutes in some rooms in the said premises, and that he had no doubt that the above named voters did absolutely sleep there. He states farther, that during the day the partner of Dr. Van Dyke came to the *poll*, and, on hearing the statement, frankly observed, in the presence of ten or more, that the whole amount of the charge was that *nine* persons, whom he did not know, came into apartments occupied by Dr. V. D. and himself at *about 1 o'clock on the morning of the day of Election*, and remained there about an hour, folding tickets for Dr. Van Dyke, when they left; and he (Dr. V. D.'s partner) inferred that *those persons voted as residents of that house.*

☞ In consequence of the inclement weather the Concert of Mr. BRAHAM was postponed until this evening. He will be assisted by his son: and the selection of pieces is such as to ensure a pleasant and well attended Concert.

☞ The Annual State Election in VIRGINIA takes place on the fourth Thursday (28th) of the present month.

☞ We are indebted to HARNDEN's Express for Boston papers in advance of the Mail.

☞ "OUR MESS," Nos. VII, VIII, has just been published by Appleton & Co.

THE VOTE FOR MAYOR.—The Canvassers met yesterday at the City Hall, and declared the result of the late Election for Mayor as follows:

For Robert H. Morris,	(Loco).....	20,633
" J. Phillips Phœnix,	(Whig).....	18,755
" Thomas F. Field,	(Abolition)....	136
" James Monroe,	(Herald-Patriot)..	22
Total..	39,546.	Morris over Phœnix.. 1,878

If the 800 Whigs who voted for Robert H. Morris, the proscribed of honest and faithful Watchmen for no other fault than being Whigs, in preference to supporting the blameless, upright, unexceptionable candidate of their own party, do not find bitter reason to repent of their bad faith before next April, we shall be most decidedly disappointed.

When the votes had been canvassed, one Inspector moved a declaration that Robert H. Morris, "by a *majority*" of the votes, had been elected Mayor, but this was decidedly voted down, and the return made that he was elected by the "*greatest number* of votes," as the law expressly requires. The first proposition had a meaning.

The Inspectors decided to publish the Official Canvass in the *New Era, Evening Post, Commercial* and *Journal of Commerce*, which four papers print daily fewer copies than The Tribune alone. Thank you for nothing, gentlemen! The *Sun* and *Courier*—each having a larger circulation than any one of the papers they selected—were successively proposed and voted down. The Tribune was generously granted all it asked for.

☞ In our remarks a few days since upon the, as we judged, harsh and unmerited newspaper abuse of J. Sheridan Hogan, we relied upon the confessions of the Rochester papers for justification. Though we have them not at hand, we remember that one of them stated that Hogan came there in disguise—that he had previously written to a citizen expressing the hope that he should not be molested on his visit, and that he was just leaving the city for the country when arrested. Allegres that the purpose of his visit was to see a lady to whom he was attached. In the face of these facts we could not join in abusing him for the misfortune of being arrested. Nor do we deem the aspect of the matter at all changed by the remarks from the Montreal Courier, quoted by the Intelligencer as a reply to our first paragraph. Hogan's conduct *after* arrest does not justify the imputation of base motives to him in coming into our territory.

RHODE ISLAND.—The Election by the Free Suffrage party on Monday, went off very peaceably. No attempts were made to interfere with their operations and they had the whole field to themselves. The Chronicle of Monday evening says that up to 1 o'clock about 1600 votes had been taken in Providence. No outbreak was apprehended.

☞ A correspondent of the Boston Post mentions a newly invented method of swindling practiced at Nashua—which has sent several of the rascals to jail. One of the operatives meets a stranger and converses with him until his companion comes up—pretending to be unknown, and offers a Chinese puzzle for sale—which he avers contains a piece of money. The first fellow takes the ball and, in sight of the stranger though not of his companion, takes out the money and then induces the stranger to bet $50 with the second that there is no money there. When the bet is to be decided the ball is slily changed—the stranger loses his money and the two scoundrels divide it between them.

☞ It has been decided not to discharge Geo. Handy on the writ of habeas corpus. He is therefore held to his original bail. Considerable excitement is felt at the conduct of Gov. Porter for ordering his arrest, and thus cutting off his testimony as soon as it appeared that it inculpated Gov. Porter in a charge of having been bribed to the support of certain measures.

☞ The Courier states that during the last week, upwards of 200 heavy guns were mounted in the fortifications pertaining to this port, under the supervision of Gen. Wool. Also, that 400 more will be mounted in the course of a few days. The guns are from 24 to 42 pounders.

☞ A party of six gentlemen at Taunton, Mass., while taking a sail concluded to go ashore. Five of them had got into the small boat and the sixth in leaping in upset the boat; and Mr. George Field of Boston and James Babbitt of Taunton, were drowned.

☞ On the 17th instant a fire at Roxbury, Mass., destroyed the barn, injured the brick dwelling and store of J. and W. Seaver, six or eight wooden buildings belonging to Jesse Billings and Weyman's large floor-cloth factory.

☞ Our readers will find an interesting account of 'DOST MOHAMMED' from Blackwood on our last page. The Toryism of that article is not at all to our taste, but we decided not to mangle it.

☞ The Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va. Chronicle avows its determination to support JOHN C. CALHOUN for President and SILAS WRIGHT for Vice President in 1844, 'let others do as they may.'

☞ Vermont, next to Louisiana, is according to her population the greatest sugar-producing State in the Union. In 1840 she produced over 5,119,265 pounds—or 17⅞ to each inhabitant.

☞ The sloop of war Falmouth, Capt. McIntosh, is at Norfolk waiting to take out Mr. BLACKWOOD as *Chargé* to Bogota, as soon as an appropriation shall be made.

☞ The dwelling house of Dr. G. Waterman, in Cranston, R. I., was burned down on Thursday night. It is supposed to have been set on fire. Loss $2000; insurance $1000.

☞ John Ross and two other Cherokee chiefs, together with Ross's son and daughter, passed through Louisville recently, on their way to Washington.

☞ The ship Mariposa has been chartered by the American Colonization Society, and will sail from New-Orleans for Liberia about the 20th of May.

☞ Capt. John Paul Zantzinger has been appointed to the command of the U. S. ship Pennsylvania.

☞ The people of Stephenson Co. Illinois, voted recently, 569 to 1, in favor of annexing Northern Illinois to Wiskonsan, and forming a new State.

☞ The house of Philip Fils, at the Tollgate, Pittsburg, Pa., was broken open on the 14th, and robbed of $300.

☞ The large paper factory of S. H. Byrne & Co., Norwich, Ct. was burned down on the 14th. Loss $18,000—insured $10,000.

☞ The Brooklyn Salt Water Baths at the Fulton Ferry are kept in most excellent order, and are in readiness at all times of the day or evening. We commend these Baths to the patronage of the public.

☞ The April number of the AMERICAN LABORER is for sale at this office—price 6¼ cents. The second number of this work will be published on the first day of May. The volume will be completed in twelve numbers at 6¼ cents each. Persons desiring to have the volume complete had better send in their names as early as possible. The entire volume will cost but 75 cents, thus placing it within the reach of all. Mechanics, Laborers, Farmers, you are all interested in the subjects discussed in this volume. Will you patronize it?

BY THIS MORNING'S MAIL.

From our Special Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, April 17.

The House of Representatives have scarcely laid aside their usual badge of mourning for the lamented Williams, and they are again called upon to perform the last sad obsequies to that excellent and able Representative, JOSEPH LAWRENCE, of Warrington Co., Pennsylvania.

The fell Destroyer seems to delight in selecting his victims from among the purest, the wisest, the best. In the death of Mr. LAWRENCE and Mr. WILLIAMS the National Councils have sustained a loss not easily repaired. Their unquestioned integrity, ability, and great experience in the public service, have distinguished them for many years, and among those who enjoyed their close acquaintance, their memories will long be cherished for their public and private virtues.

It is hardly necessary to say that to-morrow and next day will be set apart in Congress for the solemn duties devolving upon them; therefore the current business for that period will be suspended.

Nothing of moment to-day. Yours, &c.

CURTIUS.

WASHINGTON, Monday, April 18.

Death, still busy in our high places, has again entered the House of Representatives and stricken down one of its most worthy and esteemed members.

Hon. JOSEPH LAWRENCE, of Pa., who had but just returned from his residence, whither he was called by sickness in his family, and where he performed the melancholy duty of bidding a last farewell to a son, and a daughter-in-law—died yesterday (Sunday) at eleven o'clock, A. M.

His death was announced in the HOUSE by Mr. W. W. Irwin, whose testimony to the intellectual and moral worth of the deceased, and the many sterling virtues of his character, met with a hearty response in the breasts of his colleagues, and all his acquaintance.

On Mr. IRWIN's motion, resolutions were adopted, expressive of deep sympathy with the relatives of the deceased, for going into mourning, and for attending the funeral in the Representative Hall to-morrow, at twelve o'clock.

The HOUSE then adjourned.

In SENATE after the transaction of some unimportant business, the message from the House was received announcing the death of Mr. LAWRENCE.

Mr. BUCHANAN pronounced a brief, beautiful and touching eulogium on the character, public and private, of the deceased, whose profession had been that of a farmer, and who, in early life, having been brought through Nature's works to look up to Nature's God, had maintained a consistent deportment as a member of the Presbyterian Church, and met the final conflict undismayed, buoyed up by the Christian's hope.

Resolutions were adopted to attend, with the House of Representatives, the funeral to-morrow, &c. And the Senate adjourned. ARGUS

FROM MEXICO.—The N. O. Bee of the 11th publishes a letter from BRANTZ MAYER, Secretary of the U. S. Legation at Mexico, relative to the release of Franklin Coombs by Santa Ana. It corroborates Mr. C.'s statement already published, but says that his release was effected through the interposition of Mr. ELLIS, our Minister there, and was not granted merely as a personal favor by Santa Ana, as stated by the latter in his letter to Col. Hamilton. It shows, by a brief sketch of the whole matter, that Mr. Ellis did his duty promptly, fully and efficiently.

A letter has also been received, says the Bee, from Mr. KENDALL, dated at the Hospital of St. Lazarus, 13th of March. He speaks in terms of high encomium of Mr. Mayer, from whom he has received every civility and attention. So far as he has been able to ascertain, from his limited means of acquiring information, he thinks that every exertion has been made by Mr. Ellis to procure his liberation, compatible with his instructions. He expresses no hope of release except through the interference of the government of the United States.

☞ The funeral services of Bishop ENGLAND, were performed on the 17th by Right Rev. Bishop KENDRICK of Philadelphia. Upon his coffin were painted his last words—uttered in reply to the remark of his physician that he could not recover,—'I had hopes to rise, but I bow to the will of God and accept what he appoints!'

☞ Capt. Marsteller, of the schr. Ringgold, left Matamoros on the 3d instant. Up to that time, we learn from Capt. M. there had been nothing heard of a war with Texas nor had any troops marched from the seaboard. The force at Matamoros was estimated at 300 to 1000 men.—There were said to be about 300 at Monterey; and at Tampico some 2 to 300. Our informant thinks but little would be made in the way of plunder, should the Texans capture Matamoros. He says the local merchants are all foreigners, from different parts of Europe and the United States, and does not believe there is a single Mexican resident possessing property worth taking.

A letter from Gen. Arista, after expressing his satisfaction that no outrage on the rights of individuals or property had attended the occupation of Bexar by the Mexican troops, repeats the assurance that the promises held out in his proclamation of the 9th of January will be strictly fulfilled. [N. O. Bulletin, April 11.

N. E. BOUNDARY.—A gentleman who has just arrived from the State of Maine reports that Gov. Fairfield was about to convene the Legislature of that State in consequence of despatches just received by him from Mr. Webster, stating that Lord Ashburton was fully authorized to settle the boundary Question, and that there was every prospect that this long disputed matter would be soon adjusted to the satisfaction of all parties. [Boston Transcript.

RATES OF TOLL ON THE CANALS.—We are requested to state that the Canal Board have made no alteration in the "Rates of Toll established by the Canal Board on persons and property transported on all the navigable Canals of the State for the year 1841." Consequently the tolls remain as they were for the last year. [Eve. Jour.

SHERMAN'S CATHARTIC LOZENGES are the best Spring Medicine that can be used. Persons of a bilious habit will find them to act upon and carry off the bile, leaving the system free and clear from all the symptoms thus produced. These Lozenges contain a small quantity of calomel, combined with other active Cathartic Medicine, making one of the best preparations that could be devised. Dr. Vanderpool, 192 Fourth-street, Dr. Hunter, 108 Sixth Avenue, Dr. Zabriskie, No. 1 Chambers-street, Dr. Ward, 113 Chamber-street, and many of our first physicians, recommend them in their practice.

SHERMAN'S LAXATIVE LOZENGES are adapted to those cases of habitual costiveness, and where the more active medicines are not required; being free from calomel, may be taken daily if desired.

Dr. Sherman's Cough, Worm and Camphor Lozenges are already too extensively known as the cure alls of headaches, palpitation, sea-sickness, worms, coughs, colds and consumption to require any certificate from us. The Doctor is a member of the Medical Society of this city, and has recently had his Lozenges before the Medical Board of Havana, and received their cordial approbation. His warehouse is at 106 Nassau-street, one door above Ann.

RAIN.—The last two or three days have been the most disagreeable in this present month, and many will recall them with sorrow as they have been days on which coughs and colds have been contracted, and the first seeds of Consumption sown in the system. We would advise all who have been exposed to apply at once for some of Pease & Son's Clarified Essence of Horehound Candy, and stop the effects of disease while it is yet to-day. Sold wholesale and retail at 45 Division st.

DAY PERFORMANCE, this afternoon at the American Museum, by a number of talented performers, besides those wonderful experiments in Animal Magnetism. Mr. Barnum declares that he never should have detected that female pick-pocket except through information which he received from the Gipsey Girl. She is a queer little witch.

STEAMBOAT EXPLOSIONS.—Almost every terrible steamboat disaster calls forth suggestions for preventing their occurrence; and if more heed were paid to them, we are sure that in many instances at least those horrible catastrophes might be prevented. We find in the Newark Daily Advertiser a communication from Prof. LOCKE of the Medical College of Ohio, relative to the 'Steam Safety Guard' invented by C. EVANS Esq. of Pittsburg, Pa., which has been thoroughly tested and approved by several gentlemen of eminent scientific ability. Two causes produce explosions: 1. Overpressure of the steam, which is always attended by an excess of heat: 2. Deficiency of water, and consequent weakening of the boiler, without a corresponding pressure. The ordinary safety valve, as it acts by pressure, is a guard against the first; the Safety Guard of Mr. EVANS, as it acts by temperature, protects equally against both. It is simple, self-acting, and will not allow the engineer, when the boiler is overheated, to raise steam until he has first cooled the boiler and supplied it with water.

MISSIONARY SOCIETY OF THE METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.—The annual election for officers of this Society was held at the Methodist Book Room on Monday. The oldest Bishop of the Church, Bishop ROBERTS, was re-elected President, Rev. GEORGE LANE, Treasurer and FRANCIS HALL, Esq. Recording Secretary. The Managers remain pretty much as they were last year. The operations of this Society from its commencement have been very extensive and eminently successful. The appropriations last were for

Domestic Missions	$70,000
Liberia Mission	22,000
Oregon do	10,000
Buenos Ayres do	5,000
Rio Janeiro do	2,500
Montevideo do	2,500
Total	$112,000

The Missions in South America have this year been abandoned, and the appropriations to some of the Foreign Missions have been considerably reduced. The Annual Report will be published some time in the month of May, when we will probably give further particulars.

☞ A NEW MAP OF THE WORLD, some 5 by 4 feet in size, has just been published by Phelps & Ensign of this City. It exhibits the discoveries and conclusions of the most recent explorers and navigaters, whether toward the North or South Pole, is very full and precise in its locations, and appears to embody as great an amount of Geographical information as can be compressed within so moderate a space. Around it, as a border, are arranged the flags of all nations, while still without this is another, illustrating Conchology by numerous specimens. There is no Map of the World so fresh and full as this within our knowledge.—Price $4. Mr. F. W. Wilcase, agent of the publishers will soon submit this work to our citizens for their approval and patronage.

☞ A valuable and interesting work will shortly issue from the Press under the title of "THE AMERICAN STATESMAN," dedicated to the Hon Henry Clay, by Thos. C. Pinckney, Esq., of the New-York Bar. It will contain the Declaration of Independence, Articles of Confederation, and Constitution of the United States, with notes and comments, together with the most distinguished Speeches of Messrs. Clay, Webster, Calhoun, Everett, and others, on all leading *Constitutional questions*, cases of Impeachment, &c.

☞ Mrs. Trollope is about to commence a new book on America in Colburn's New Monthly. It is to be in the form of a story, and will be entitled 'The Barnabys in America.'

☞ The barque Navarre arrived at Philadelphia on Monday in twenty-three days from Pernambuco. No essential variation in the markets had taken place.

☞ Fuller's Gymnasium is now open, and instruction in Gymnastic exercises given, at No. 29 Ann-street and 205 Greene-street. Young men who regard their health would do well to place themselves under the charge of Mr. Fuller for a few months; and parents who regard the physical as well as the moral culture of their children, will find this institution eminently calculated to aid in the developement of muscular action and power, and in imparting strength to the entire system.

☞ Ladies and gentlemen wishing a superlative article can avail themselves of the best this city affords at KING's, 474 Broadway. His celebrated Patent Rocking-Chairs are exactly what has been long wanted. They have a balance seat, which ensures the perfection of ease. His far-famed Union Chair every gentleman should examine, also his much improved Recumbent Chair. (These severally have been awarded the first premium.) Whoever may desire a Chair for especial ease and comfort will find in King a manufacturer that will please them. Those beautiful Revolving Chairs in the Custom-House were made at this establishment.

HYGEINE HOREHOUND CANDY.—There is no mistake in the curative powers of this new remedy, which, by its own intrinsic value has silently but surely won its way to public confidence. It is now used in the most respectable families in the city and country as an infallible source of relief in all diseases affecting the air passages, such as catarrh, sore throat, loss of voice, whooping cough, and in the early stages of consumption. Apply at 492 Broadway, corner of Howard-street.

☞ **Fresh Salmon** served up at dinner every day at a20 3t* (2) PATTINSON'S, cor. Nassau and Ann-sts.

☞ **Try before you buy.**—Any person can test the Metalic Tablet Strop, which obtained the premium at the late as well as each preceding fair of the American Institute, by bringing a dull razor to 163 Broadway and have it put in order on one of the Tablets. G. SAUNDERS. (2)

☞ **Razors** and Pen-Knives of the following celebrated makers: Wade and Butcher, Joseph Rodgers, Pickslay and Elliott; also, a general assortment of all articles belonging to the toilette, to be had at G. SAUNDERS'S Metallic Strop Manufactory, 163 Broadway. (2)

☞ **Furniture Sale.**—This Day at 10 o'clock, at No. 20 City Hall Place, will be sold the Furniture of a family breaking up housekeeping, consisting of a large variety. The sale will commence with the kitchen furniture. (2) 1t

☞ **New-York Society Library.**—The names of the following gentlemen are submitted to the Members for Trustees at the election to be held on the 25th inst. from 1 to 5 P. M.

GULIAN C. VERPLANCK, ANTHONY BARCLAY,
WILLIAM H. HARRISON, STEPHEN C. WILLIAMS,
WILLIAM INGLIS JAMES D. P. OGDEN,
EVERT A. BANCKER, DAYTON HOBART,
ALEXANDER R. RODGERS, ROBERT B. MINTURN,
DANIEL SEYMOUR, AUGUSTUS FLEMING,
Rev. BENJAMIN I. HAIGHT, JOSHUA COIT,
FREDERIC DE PEYSTER. a20 3t 22&23

[A statement of the affairs of the Library will be submitted to the members previously to the election.] 1t

☞ **The Broadway Washington Temperance Society** will This (Wednesday) Evening, hold one of its most interesting meetings at Washington Hall, corner of Broadway and Reade streets. Several new Speakers will be on the ground. The Temperance Glee Club will also be present, prepared with new Songs.

The friends of the cause are invited to attend.

a20 1t (2) LEBBEUS CHAPMAN, Sec'y.

☞ **An Adjourned Meeting** of the Cartmen's Temperance Society is requested to meet at the corner of Houston-street and Forsyth-street, on Wednesday Evening, the 20th inst., at 7½ o'clock. Business of importance is to be transacted. By order.

ROBERT MILLIKEN, President.

WM. J. HART, Secretary. a2 20t*

☞ **Notice** is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Hoboken Land and Improvement Company will be held at their office at Hoboken on Monday, the 2d of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., for the purpose of choosing Directors. R. L. STEVENS, for

a20 3t* J. C. STEVENS, President.

☞ **The Society of Inquiry** of the New-York Union Theological Seminary will hold its Anniversary This (Wednesday) Evening, at half past 7 o'clock, in the Brainerd Church, Rivington-street—Rev. Asa D. Smith's. The public generally are invited to attend. a 20 1t*

☞ **Notice.**—The members of the Thalian Association are requested to meet on the first Monday in May at 8 o'clock, P. M. in their Room, 475 Grand street.

N. B. Punctual attendance is necessary as business of importance is to be laid before the meeting.

a20 1t* By order, G. BISHOP, President.

☞ **Ninth Ward.**—Attention!—The friends of Public Schools in the Ninth Ward are requested to meet This (Wednesday) Evening, without distinction of party, at the Northern Exchange, Bleecker-street, near Barrow, as propositions of importance will be laid before them. a20 1t*

☞ **Photographic Likenesses,** by an improved Daguerreotype process, by M. D. VAN LOAN, corner of Chambers-st. and Broadway. (2 a16 1m

☞ **Zanoni**—FIFTH EDITION.—The New World Edition of this popular Novel, being the only correct copy issued, has reached the fifth edition, of which 2000 copies have been printed—making the whole number published at the World Office TWENTY-SIX THOUSAND COPIES! with a demand from the coubtry yet pouring in. For sale at the Office, 30 Ann-street, where gentlemen wishing to send copies to their country friends can have them neatly put up in wrappers. Price 12½ cents each.

☞ Subscriptions to the NEW WORLD and YOUTH'S GAZETTE also received. The number for this week will be rich and valuable beyond all precedent. (2) a20 1t

☞ **Umbrella Ware-House**—McNAMEE & SANFORD, 79 Beaver, corner of Hanover streets, have a superior and extensive assortment of Umbrellas and Parasols, made in the best style of the American and French and from the richest silks imported. Their stock, in part, embraces

3000 Gingham & Silk Umbrellas,	from 50 cts	to	$5 00
600 Rich Plaids and Fag'd Silk Parasols,	$1 00	to	3 00
1000 do do do Sun Shades,	75	to	1 50

Also, of their own manufacture,

200 doz Rich Tab and Bowed Satin Stocks,	7 00	to	18 00
200 do do Plain do	4 00	to	12 00
200 do do Bowed Bombazine do	3 00	to	12 00
500 do do Plain do do	3 00	to	9 00
100 do Satin Fancy Summer Stocks,	3 00	to	10 00

Also, Satin Scarfs, Silk and Satin Cravats, &c. &c.—all of which will be sold at a small advance on COST for cash or good short time paper. (2) m25 1m

☞ **Gold and Silver Artizans, Attention!**—The Gold and Silver Artizans of this City and vicinity, opposed to the efforts now being made by the Importers and others interested in Foreign Manufacture to reduce the duties on Jewelry, Silver Ware, &c., are requested to meet at the Marion House, 155 West Broadway, on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at 8 o'clock, P. M., to sign a remonstrance against this measure, which is so prejudicial to the Revenue of the Country and to our interests, and to transact other important business. By order of the Executive Committee.

THOMAS ADDISON, Chairman.

H. J. HOYT, } Secretaries.
WM. THOMPSON, } a19 2t*

☞ **Home League.**—The regular meeting of the Home League of the State of New-York will be held at the Repository of the American Institute in the Park on Wednesday evening next, the 20th instant, at 7½ o'clock. It is hoped there will be a general attendance of the friends of American Labor and Reciprocal Commerce, particularly by strangers now in the city. a19 2t

☞ **New Cash Tailoring Establishment, 14 John-st.**—GEORGE ANDREWS, formerly of the firm of ANDREWS & LANPHIER, 143 Fulton street, has established a new Cash Tailoring Establishment at 14 John-st., opposite Thorburn's Seed and Flower store, where he will be happy to welcome his friends. His stock consists of the latest importations, embracing the most approved patterns and qualities of goods, which has been bought at the lowest cash prices, thereby enabling him to furnish his customers with articles of wearing apparel for cash on as favorable terms as any other establishment in the city.

Mr. GAYLORD, well known to the public, has charge of the cutting department. (2) a11 tf

☞ **To Printers and Publishers.**—For sale, a set of Stereotype Plates for 'Buck's Religious Anecdotes,' in perfect order and nearly new. Also, one super-royal Washington Hand Press, with Inking Machine, and one Standing Press, of the latest improvement, which have been in use only six months. The property above named will be sold, *for cash*, at a great bargain. Apply to M. S. BREWSTER, No. 29 Chambers-street, before the 23d inst. (2) a19 2t

☞ **Gentlemen's Hats.**—ALVORD & CO., No. 10 Bowery, offer to the public a fine Fur Hat at Four Dollars, of the Spring pattern, equally light and durable, with more costly qualities, and possessing all the elegance of appearance. Keeping a full assortment of other qualities of Beaver and Moleskin Hats. In the article of fine Nutria Hats at $4, now offered, they aim to excel. (2) m26 tf

☞ **Spencer's Imitation Moleskin Hat.**—This popular article is commended to the public as peculiarly desirable, at the present time, for its economy. For elegance and durability, it competes successfully with the most costly Hats worn. Price $3 25. SPENCER,

a16 tf Fashionable Hatter, No. 245 Broadway.

☞ **Transparent Italian Window Shades.** OLIVER W. WOODFORD, 66 Catharine-st. invites the attention of families about furnishing their houses this Spring, to a splendid lot of Italian Window Shades, unsurpassed by any ever before brought to this country. They are the paintings of an artist who has devoted his life to his profession and embrace every variety of Landscape and Scenery. Perhaps no piece of furniture appears to better advantage, or more inviting, than a handsome pair of Window Shades, painted in a style to imitate nature. The invoice contains Italian Landscapes, Gothic Arches, Moonlight Scenes, Scroll Borders, Vignette Centers, &c. &c.

N. B. Country Merchants buying to sell again will find it to their advantage to call and examine this invoice (of about 1000 pair) as they will be sold low for cash. About 300 pair at the low price of $1 50 per pair. (2) m11 tf

☞ **Phrenological Examinations and Cabinet.**—Mr. O. S. FOWLER has just removed to the large room adjoining his former office, No. 131 Nassau-st.,