

FOR PRESIDENT. HENRY CLAY, OF KENTUCKY.

The Editor of the Tribune is obliged to request those who wish to see him personally to call between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5 P. M. if they can conveniently do so.

The November number of the Southern Literary Messenger arrived last evening and is for sale at this office for 50 cents. Agents supplied at the usual discount.

The Whig Almanac and United States Register for 1843, for sale at this office. Single copies 12 cents, \$1 per dozen, \$7 per 100.

To Correspondents.

Who objects to any publication with regard to matters and other revolting crimes, is ever-ready. Such publications are necessary to ensure the detection of murderers and other felons, and to keep the public on their guard against the commission of such crimes.

The Fraud and the Rain.

We hope Messrs. Webster, Cushing and Spencer are careful and general readers of the Loco-Foco journals. If they are, they will learn from them that one of great issues decided by the late Elections was that of Free Trade vs. Protection.

Croton Water.

How is the Tax on the Croton Water Debt to be paid? This is a question easier asked than answered. Various methods have been suggested, none of which seem to be entirely free from objections.

- 1. The water introduced into our city is for the benefit of the public.
2. One public hydrant at least should be placed on every block, free and open to all.
3. Persons wishing it introduced into their houses should pay for the fixtures, but nothing for the water.

The advantages of this plan, if carried out, appear to be very great. In figures mark the result. 30,000 houses valued at \$5,000 each... \$1,500,000

The Madness of Party.

Gov. McDonald of Georgia, in arguing the Legislature of that State to nullify the Single District regulation of the Apportionment Act of Congress, makes the following assertion as an argument against compliance with the law.

Under the District system the Government of the Union will be placed in the hands of a minority of the people under the General Ticket system, a majority of the people must have a majority of the Representatives.

Table with columns: State, Whig vote, Loco Whig Mem. Loc., Total. Rows include Maine, N. Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode-Island, Connecticut, Vermont, and a Total row.

Here it will be seen that the party which is the minority by 11,000 in these States secures five-eighths of their entire representation under the General Ticket system.

Mercantile Library Lectures.

Rev. H. W. Bellows lectured before the Mercantile Library Association last evening, having been suddenly summoned to take the place of RICHARD H. DANA, who is confined at home by sickness.

Mr. Bellows's subject was the Mercantile Character, and the necessity of Moral Integrity to Mercantile success. The pernicious yet common error that a Merchant who would be successful cannot be perfectly honest, was combated with persevering earnestness and force.

[We thought this portion of Mr. B.'s discourse less profound and just than his teachings usually are. In the first place, it deferred too much, or seemed to defer, to the popular estimate of what constitutes success, apparently acquiescing in the common error that he who has acquired a fortune, and little else, has been more successful than his school-mate who has obtained the barest competence.

Every observing man must admit that the great ocean of Commerce abounds in shoals and rocks not distinctly pointed out on any chart—we know they are somewhere; but while the most wary voyager looks keenly for them in one quarter, they are upon him from another.

Mr. Bellows argued nobly for strict integrity in all business concerns, showing that he who lived above his means, who indulged in unjustifiable parade and ostentation, who incurred debts which he could not safely calculate to pay when due, who made representations of his own circumstances or of the quality of his commodities, which the strictest truth would not warrant, was in truth a knave, and could neither pretend to integrity nor hope for prosperity.

Mr. B. maintained with much force the position that a bad man cannot be a wise man, and that he who fancies a libertine a good business man, a bad husband and father an upright citizen and reliable friend, or a scoundrel at religion exemplary in morals, labors under a fatal hallucination.

The Lecture closed with a vivid portrayal of the enormity and fragility of the offences against the safety and happiness of society known as Debauchery, Forgery, False Entries, &c. &c., which of late have become so fearfully prevalent.

MASSACHUSETTS.—We suppose the 'Old Bay State, has gone Loco-Foco this year, of course. The fashion is so prevalent that it would seem perverse and childish to refuse compliance with it.

The Whigs of Mississippi insist that Henry Clay shall take a Dinner with them at Grand Gulf, on his way to or return from New-Orleans this winter.

PAUL R. GEORGE, (Redwood Fisher's 'Friend George,') who was appointed Naval Store-keeper at Brooklyn, then suspended, has finally got the post, vice Tunis Craven, removed.

The Evening Post complains of the Apportionment in New-Jersey, and gives tables showing two of the five Districts Loco-Foco by over 600 majority each, and another Whig by less than 30 out of 11,500.

Dr. Smith's Lectures on Geology.

In introducing his lecture before the Lyceum last evening, Dr. SMITH said that the facts of which Philosophy is made up, when pushed to their ultimate limits, are called LAWS—the Laws of Nature, which are merely the will of the Creator impressed upon matter; and the question at once arose whether this will was always consistent with itself—whether these Laws were uniform, or merely fanciful.

For instance, we cannot suppose that the animals and vegetables of the Tertiary or other formations were formed instantaneously and for the express purpose of being immediately buried up for the future discovery of geologists. In examining strata were once found the remains of an ichthyosaurus, containing in its stomach the remains of a fish it had eaten—a scale of the fish which had been devoured remaining so perfect that the kind of fish to which it belonged was easily determined.

In acquiring knowledge we proceed from the known to the unknown—guided by demonstration and induction, both of which prove, and by analogy which only renders probable. In employing both these methods Dr. S. said he would be careful to state nothing which should not be abundantly worthy of credit.

There are two methods of investigation: one analytical—that by which we learn; and the synthetic—that by which we must teach. It is necessary to combine both these methods in order to speak intelligibly or to understand clearly. In arranging knowledge for communication to others, there are difficulties to be encountered—some general and others peculiar to the science of Geology: one arises from the fact that Nature does not generalize; she furnishes no genera or species—

These are general difficulties belonging to all studies of Nature; but there are some peculiar to Geology. It is a science and no agreement has been had among its leaders as to names or arrangement. Each one must make the best he can.

Again, in many parts of the earth the strata are contorted in the most singular manner. In Pennsylvania, the coal has sometimes been turned top-sy-turvy, and in Belgium the same phenomenon is observed. Of these facts, which puzzle observers, no adequate solution has been afforded.

In this country we have no chalk. The cretaceous group, which Dr. S. had put upon the list, in this country contains green sand, which is the equivalent of chalk—that is, when chalk was deposited in England, green sand was deposited here; the world contemporaneous would better express the meaning.

The Crust of the Earth, divided according to the composition of the Strata.

Table with columns: Organic, Inorganic, Volcanic, Metamorphic, Plutonic. Rows include Terrestrial, Aquatic, Vegetable Remains, and various mineral types.

is no instance of human bones or the works of man having been found belonging to periods geologically remote. In France, to be sure, skeletons were found in a cave with the bones of extinct animals, and a few other cases have occurred; but they all admit of easy explanation.

Dr. S. then spoke of the materials of which the Earth is composed. There are 16 ingredients into which they may be divided, though chemists profess to find more. We have 6 metalloids, the bases of soda, potash, &c.; 2 metals, iron and manganese, and 8 non-metallic substances—oxygen, hydrogen, &c. Liebig finds other divisions, but Liebig, said Dr. S., is very poor authority; he states many things which I know to be false, and many more for the truth of which we have nothing but his own assertions.

Of all known substances, oxygen is the most abundant—constituting one-half of all the matter of which we have any knowledge. Carbon, too, is very abundant, and forms 12 per cent. of all the marble and limestone in the world, including the 3,000 feet of coal, and a large proportion of animal and vegetable substances.

These several elements form what are called binomial compounds. Alluvium Dr. S. would define to be that soil which has once been under water. Diluvium means that which has been transported by water, sometimes called drift. Diluvial action may easily be observed in any vertical section; as where excavations for cellars, &c. are made, and even in ditches in our streets.

New-Hampshire.—A Loco-Foco State Convention assembled at Concord on Thursday to nominate candidates for Congress—Gen. John McNeill of Hillsborough, President. Although their Legislature has resolved to nullify the Act of Congress and refuse to District the State, the Convention yet divided the State into four Districts for its own convenience, as follows:

- I. JOHN P. HALE, of Dover, Strafford Co.
II. MOSES NORRIS, Jr. of Pittsfield, Mer. Co.
III. EDMUND BURKE, of Newport, Sullivan Co.
IV. JOHN R. REDING, of Haverhill, Grafton Co.

N. Y. LYCEUM.—The lecture this evening will be delivered by the Rev. WILLIAM HAGUE of Boston, on "Preparation to see the World." This lecture is addressed particularly to young men; and we trust that a large number of our young men will avail themselves of the opportunity of hearing an able speaker upon so interesting and important a subject.

COL. WEBB.—By reference to our City Intelligence it will be seen that Col. Webb, has been again indicted for his duel with Marshall. The indictment is now believed to be correctly drawn.

WRECK.—A letter in the Bangor Whig says that the schooner Catherine, for Machias, run upon the Black Rocks of the Kennebec, on the 10th, and was wrecked. Capt. Randall was lost overboard when she struck. The crew were saved. The vessel will be a total loss. The crew were taken off by the steambot Telegraph, Captain Howes.

STRANGE.—Some fortnight since, a person who had been a teamster for about four years at Albany, was married to a respectable girl, who had laid up a considerable sum of money. It proved that the groom was a woman, and she was committed to jail. The possession of the girl's money was doubtless the object of the marriage, by which the woman should have acted as a teamster, in male attire, for four years, we cannot imagine.

TWO LIVES LOST.—The Louisville Journal says that on the 24th ult. as the towboat Star was rounding-to for the purpose of taking in wood, her paddles struck the steering oar of a flat boat, on which Mr. Rafapelle was standing, and precipitated him into the river. He sunk immediately. One of his friends searching for the body was also drowned.

NOT BAD.—The following conundrum, from the Post, is decidedly too good a joke to be lost; of course it is n't true:— "Why is the Whig party like a sculptor? Because he takes CLAY and makes a bust."

SHORT WORK.—On Tuesday last week one of two German travelers attacked the other near Monocacy, Md., knocked him down and robbed him. On Thursday he was tried, convicted and sentenced to the Penitentiary for seven years and six months.

MILITARY.—At an election held on the 14th inst. in the 64th Brigade New-York State Infantry, F. E. Mather was unanimously chosen Brigadier General.

ROBBERY.—A bank-book and pocket-book were stolen from the office of Mr. Sproull, in Washington-street, on Monday; the latter containing a number of checks and notes.

The Whig ticket has succeeded in Mobile. C. A. HOPKIN has been elected Mayor by upwards of 400 majority—a majority of the Common Council, and all the other City officers are Whigs. The Advertiser says, "The CLAY Whigs cannot be beaten here."

The steambot Lawrence, of Charlestown, Va., on her passage from Point Pleasant to Cincinnati, struck a snag, and sunk in six feet of water, near Burlington.

Below the Cretaceous group, inclusive, no animal has survived; and of those posterior to the formation of chalk there are but thirteen remaining. The cause cannot be explained—but the fact is indisputable. Cuvier divides animals first into the vertebrated and the invertebrated. To the first belong all the animals of the higher class. Although the animals of the lower classes have perished, the type remains; the opusum is the first of the mammalia in the order of creation.

A meeting of the members of the Bar opposed to the action of the Judges in the case of Colt, was held yesterday morning. Some thirty or forty were present—most of whom were opposed to the proceedings, but were not allowed to express their opinion or to vote. The following Resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, That the right to review the decisions of inferior tribunals in the Court of last resort, is a right so essential to the administration of the laws, that to refuse a writ of error, except in cases of ill doct, amounts to a denial of justice. Resolved, That the question whether, under the constitution of this State, a Court of Error and Terminus can be held otherwise than by Judges appointed by the Governor and Senate, although discussed, remains undecided in the Court of Errors and deserves serious deliberation, the words of the constitution being, "The Governor shall nominate and, with the consent of the Senate, shall appoint all judicial officers except Justices of the Peace."

FIRE DISTRICTS.—The City has been divided into three Fire Districts by the Corporation, and no Fire Company can remove its apparatus out of the district in which it is located, unless summoned: the districts are as follows:— 1. The first district shall embrace all that part of the city lying North of a line from the foot of North Moore-street to the Halls of Justice, and West of a line running from the Halls of Justice, through Lafayette and Irving Places.

EARTHQUAKE IN CANADA.—We have published brief notices from Montreal papers of an earth quake which occurred on the 9th inst. in Canada. The following fuller description is from a letter in The Canadian of the 9th dated at Three Rivers: "This morning, about 10 o'clock, we experienced a violent shock of an earthquake. I was present at a marriage, (we omit the names of the parties,) and the Grand Vicar, Mr. Cook, had reached the Agnus Dei, when, on a sudden, a sound was heard resembling the rolling of a cart over the frozen ground: this noise continued, perhaps, four seconds, and was followed by an explosion resembling that of a 24-pounder; the trembling of the earth then commenced, shaking the walls of the church, and making its arched roof crack in a fearful and surprising manner. I thought the building, which was crowded with people, would have crumbled over our heads. The scene which ensued baffles description; the piercing lamentations of the females, and cries of terror of the men, with the piteous, despairing shrieks of the children, were truly awful. A general rush was made to the door by the congregation, the reverend Pastor and the affianced couple alone retaining their position, not, however, without feelings of great apprehension as to what might happen. The weathercock on the steeple spun, as in a high wind. This trembling lasted for five or six seconds; had it endured beyond, the church must have fallen, and many would have perished. Descending the steps, I raised three females whom the crowd in the crush of their escape had thrown to the ground, but they were so frightened as to be incapable of standing. The shock was violent throughout the town. Glass-ware was destroyed, stones detached from the chimneys, and window-panes broken in many houses; universal terror reigned. It was strongly felt at the St. Maurice forges, at Yamachiche, and Point du Lac, and still more so at Beranquet, Nicolet, and St. Gregoire. The waters of the Saint Lawrence were seen by many to be violently agitated."

MELANCHOLY ACCIDENT.—The Red River (La.) Whig says that Mr. Nathaniel Nelson met with a sudden death on Wednesday last. He was employed on the plantation of Mr. C. J. Cuney, on Bayou Rapides, in some repairs to a cotton gin, and a part of the machinery fell upon and crushed him. He has left a widow and children.

WE see it stated that it is the intention of the managers of the Reading and Pottsville Railroad Company to have ready for the spring business about 2000 coal cars, and 30 locomotives. This number, it is believed, will be sufficient to carry all the coal the Company can transport over a single track in connection with the other business of the road. [Harrisburgh Reporter.]

A GOOD ACTION.—Dr. Rusk's Infallible Hemic Pills.—Now we detect quack medicines, and hate anything in the form of imposture on the public, especially where health and human life are concerned—and would no more recommend a medicine which we did not know to be good, than we would sweeten our neighbor's coffee with arsenic. But having our own experience, the word of those who have tried them thoroughly, and the opinion of our physician, one of the best and most learned men in the city, all in favor of Dr. Rusk's Pills, we cannot hesitate to say how truly excellent we believe them to be. We are informed from the best authority that the secret of compounding these Pills originated with Doctor Rusk, and was left a legacy to a favorite student, from whom Mr. Daggers obtained it. We know them to be a safe, effective, and very pleasant medicine, such as should be found in every family, and such as cannot fail to obtain an extensive market. The engraving, cut, and autograph, which accompany each box, are very beautiful, and the taste in which they are got up is superior to anything exhibited by any thing of the kind we ever saw. The General Office is 530 Avenue Street. Sold wholesale and retail, by H. G. DAGGERS, 59 Nassau-street. And retail by Kelly, 267 Broadway, J. Astor, 62 Bowery, Dr. J. E. Scott, 511 Sixth Avenue, corner of 12th street; Hart, corner of Chatham and Chambers-sts., N. Y.; also, by H. Green, at 61 Fulton-street, and Thos. Dalton, 169 York street, Brooklyn. Price, 25 cents a box, neatly put up in a wrapper, engraved by Durand & Co. on steel, with a fine simile of Dr. Rusk's signature on each box. (1) Rusk's signature on each box.

SANDS'S SARSAPARILLA is a combination of vegetable medicines, acting directly in their properties on the various preparations of Sarsaparilla, which have at different times been offered to the public, and from the high state of perfection to which the apparatus used in the process has been brought by the proprietors, the result is a medicine which is calculated to be of benefit to those who have been afflicted with any other discovery of the present or of the past, and who are suffering under a swelling of the glands, or of the throat, and the other daily papers; what it has done once it will do again. Prepared and sold at wholesale and retail, and by exportation, by Dr. Rusk's Pills, Co., 275 Broadway, (Granite Building, corner of Chambers-street, New-York. Also sold by A. B. & D. Sands, Druggists, No. 79 and 100 Fulton-st.; David Sands & Co., No. 77 East Broadway. Price \$1 per bottle, or 6 bottles \$5.

TRUTH IS MIGHTY AND WILL PREVAIL, and every word spoken in favor of Dr. Cooper's Balsam of Life will prove true, every word that has been spoken in sincerity and we believe in truth. For Coughs, Colds, Consumption, Asthma, Whooping Cough, &c. there is nothing better, say the least; and when this medicine fails to produce effect, our opinion is that nothing else can be tried with success. Being of the truth of these statements we invite them to examine our certificates upon our Medical Bulletin from medical men of the highest talent, clergy-men and others, who have tried this medicine. Purely Vegetable. Prepared by DR. COOPER'S CELEBRATED CURE SALVAGE, 135 NASSAU-N. Y.

Rich and splendid performances at the American Museum on three o'clock this afternoon. The real Mermaid remains another week.

The New-York Museum is crowded every night. The attractions are very powerful. People will not believe the Mermaid is manufactured. They say they are dead, but other Museum that their Mermaid is a real one, and they (equally confident the one is as genuine as the other—) Pretty certain in their conclusion. The Hughes family, whose extraordinary ability and talents for the stage, have been unbounded admiration and applause, give a performance to-day at 3 o'clock. A host of other attractions besides—Children will be highly delighted to witness such unusual talent in those of their own age.

RUINS OF CENTRAL AMERICA! Eight Superb Engravings! A GLORIOUS NEW WORLD IN PREPARATION.—Next Saturday we shall shine! See! We shall give a full review of Mr. Norman's new and deeply interesting work "RAMBLES IN YUCATAN," with copious extracts descriptive of the magnificent ruins of Central America, embellished with eight capital Engravings, designed for the New World from Mr. Norman's graphic designs. They are as follows: I. THE RUINS OF UXMAL, seen by moonlight. II. THE TEMPLE IN THE RUINS OF CHICHEN. III. FRONT OF THE HOUSE OF THE CAJATES, in the Chichen ruins. IV. THE ZAVI RUTINS. V. PLAN OF THE RUINS OF UXMAL. VI. PLAN OF THE RUINS OF CHICHEN. VII. AN INDIAN SKETCH. VIII. AN INDIAN STREET.

Was ever a richer treat offered to the readers of the New World? And this is but a part of the brilliant contents for next Saturday. Bear this in mind, for the demand will be enormous. Agents, send in your orders. Office of publication 30 ANN STREET, where may be had Dickens's work and all the popular romances and scientific books of the best authors, for 12c to 25c cents per copy. Gentlemen from the country wishing the best family paper in America are requested to call and subscribe. Terms \$1 a year. (16 3/4) (2) WINCHESTER, Publisher. John B. Scotts, Esq. will deliver the Introductory Lecture before the Mechanics' Institute at the City Rooms, No. 12 Chambers-street, on Friday Evening, 18th inst. Life and Speeches of Henry Clay, No. 12, for sale at this office. Price 12c. The back numbers may also be obtained as above. Liebigs Animal Chemistry for sale at the TRIBUNE OFFICE. Price 25c. Five copies for \$1.00. Good Board and pleasant Rooms can be had at No. 23 Cliff-street. (3) (4) (5) (6) (7) (8) (9) (10) (11) (12) (13) (14) (15) (16) (17) (18) (19) (20) (21) (22) (23) (24) (25) (26) (27) (28) (29) (30) (31) (32) (33) (34) (35) (36) (37) (38) (39) (40) (41) (42) (43) (44) (45) (46) (47) (48) (49) (50) (51) (52) (53) (54) (55) (56) (57) (58) (59) (60) (61) (62) (63) (64) (65) (66) (67) (68) (69) (70) (71) (72) (73) (74) (75) (76) (77) (78) (79) (80) (81) (82) (83) (84) (85) (86) (87) (88) (89) (90) (91) (92) (93) (94) (95) (96) (97) (98) (99) (100)