

FOR PRESIDENT. HENRY CLAY, OF KENTUCKY.

General Committee of Democratic Whig Young Men for 1843. A special meeting of this Committee will be held at the Broadway House, on Friday Evening, 12th December, at 7 o'clock.

Proclamation. BY WM. C. BOUCE, GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF NEW-YORK.

In obedience to that high sense of gratitude due the Almighty Ruler of the Universe, I do hereby designate THURSDAY, THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT, to be observed by the People of this State as a day of PRAYER, PRAISE AND THANKSGIVING TO ALMIGHTY GOD.

As a People, we have great reason to be thankful, and to praise the Almighty Dispenser of all Good, for the continued smile of His providence on our State and Nation.

During the past year, we have been permitted to enjoy our religious and political privileges unmolested. We have been exempted from those ravages of malignant disease which sometimes afflict a people.

For the distinguished blessings we have enjoyed, we should ascribe our thanks in humble adoration to our Father in Heaven; and, in the presence of the world, the imposing spectacle of the entire population of a great State, abstaining from all secular engagements on the day designated, and devoting themselves to the service of the Almighty.

THANKSGIVING.—A thousand pleasant associations cluster around Thanksgiving day. By the most thoughtful man it is greeted with a welcome, and even in its festivities there is a subdued feeling that comes we scarce know from where.

Perhaps it is because so many of us are of New England descent, and with the day comes the memory of past days and holier hours. If we were to suggest a change in the manner of keeping the day, it would be to have it employed in seeking out the poor and in applying the excess of expenditure we had appropriated to the day, in giving them food to eat and raiment to wear.

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The Committees of the House—A Recast: Editorial Correspondence.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 12.

The COMMITTEES OF THE HOUSE were announced this morning, as if appointed yesterday, when they were not given out. The delay has been caused by internal difficulties, which have resulted, as will be seen, in very important changes.

Neither RHETT nor BEARDSLEY has the head of the Committee of Ways and Means, but both are left off that Committee and put on that of Foreign Affairs, which is a very strong one.

Mr. WILKINS, who felt sure of being Chairman of this Committee, and certainly had strong claims to the post, is put aside; Mr. C. J. INGERSOLL, as an older if not a better soldier, having pushed his claims to that station, and had them conceded.

Mr. W. the Judiciary, though the latter was once a Minister Plenipotentiary. I am glad Ingersoll, who once made a fierce and insidious attack on the Supreme Court of the U. States, is not at the head of the Judiciary, even at the cost of having him in a position where he can do more mischief.

The Committee of Ways and Means is strongly composed of Messrs. J. J. M'KAY, of N. C., D. H. LEWIS, of Alb., J. R. INGERSOLL, of Pa. DROMGOOLE, of Va. DARNOLD, of N. Y. WELLS, of Ohio, D. L. SEYMOUR, of Troy, N. Y. CHAPPELL, of Ga. and NORRIS, of N. H.—three Whigs (in Italics) to six Loco-Focos.

I believe all the Loco-Focos on this Committee but Mr. Seymour of our State are avowed Anti-Protective men, and will agree in reporting a bill to upset the present Tariff.

The Committee on the Post Office is composed of Messrs. HOPKINS, of Va. KENNEDY, of Ind. GRUNNELL, of Mass. RELFE, of Mo. JENKS, of Pa. STILES, of Ga. HARDIN, of Ill. DANA, of N. Y. and D. S. REID, of N. C.—three Whigs (in Italics).

I hear this Committee is unfavorable to Post Office Reform, at any rate to any such extent as the earnest friends of the movement demand.

Mr. HOPKINS was the leader of the majority of the Committee last year, who overruled Mr. Briggs the Chairman, and brought in a bill utterly inadequate to the wants of the country—making hardly any reduction of the Rates of Postage.

But I trust all the Whig Members, at least, are in favor of a radical reform; and I hope they are not all. And, if the worst comes to worst, I have great faith in the YEAS and NAYS. If we have forty earnest friends of the Reform in the House, and ten in the Senate, the triumph of the good cause is certain.

Little has been done to-day beside announcing the death of Senator LINN, and taking proper order thereon. Mr. BENTON is said to have spoken well in the Senate; so did Mr. BOWLIN in the House.

The morning hour was devoted to another attempt of Mr. BARNARD to place on the Journal of the House the simple fact that the Whig Members on the first day of the Session presented a Protest against the admission of the Members from four States elected in violation of the law requiring all Members to be chosen by Districts.

The majority have determined that this fact shall not appear on the Journal! Because they by brute force prevented Mr. Barnard from reading his Protest, they insist that its contents shall not stand on the record—thus making one outrage a pretext for another! But it is every way important that the record should bear witness that the admission of the Nullifying Members was protested against at the outset; and it will be made to appear, though the majority may consume much time in preventing it.

INDIANA.—We have already published a correspondence from Indianapolis, giving an account of the meeting of the Indiana Legislature and the organization of the two Houses.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 12.

The Message is short, but able and manly. The current expenses of the State for the fiscal year ending 31st October last, were \$90,897. The estimate for the next year \$100,000. Revenue for the present year, most of which will be paid in Treasury Notes, \$240,000.

The Governor recommends that no more Treasury notes be issued, as they are now below par, and a re-issue would tend to their still farther depreciation.

"Throwing these Notes again into circulation," says the Message, "is to require the people to again redeem them; and it is respectfully submitted, whether it would not be the better course to resort to such temporary loans as might be found expedient and practicable."

The State debt in 1841 was \$15,088,000, on which no interest has been paid since, except upon that portion of it borrowed from the State Banks. The stockholders of the Lawrenceburgh and Indianapolis Railroad Co. have returned bonds in lieu of those issued by the State to the Company.

Some of the outstanding bonds of the State have been taken up, and a part of the Treasury notes in circulation have been received in the collection of revenue, so that the debt of the State stands about the same as in '41.

A company has been recently organized under the act of 1842, providing for letting the public works to companies, with a view to the completion of the Cross-Cut Canal terminating at Terre-Haute, under very favorable circumstances.

On the 8th the Governor elect, JAMES WHITCOMB, took the oath of office and delivered his Inaugural Address. He deplores the distress and embarrassment which Indiana, together with the rest of the Western States, is experiencing, "consequent upon a system of over-banking, and its natural progeny, over-trading and deceptive speculation," and recommends industry and economy.

"Our consumption," says the Governor, "having exceeded our income, the balance must be restored by a corresponding excess of our receipts over our expenses."

The failure of the State to meet its indebtedness has not proceeded from a disinclination to preserve the public faith, but from absolute inability to pay. Gov. Whitcomb's as also Gov. Bigger's remarks on Repudiation will be found in our Commercial column.

Great Robbery. Wall street was thrown into a ferment yesterday by the report that one of the trunks belonging to Messrs. Pomeroy & Co.'s Express had been lost in some mysterious manner from on board the Albany boat yesterday morning.

It was an iron trunk and contained all the money and valuable packages belonging to the brokers and banks. It appears that Mr. Copp, one of the house, who was the traveler, came to the office upon his arrival, about midnight, and stated that his trunks were on board the boat as usual.

Early in the morning he started on his return to Albany by the Housatonic Railroad, taking the up freight. After he had gone and not before as was generally reported yesterday, it was discovered that this valuable trunk could not be found, and the manner of its disappearance remains a perfect mystery.

The officers of the boat know nothing about it and the absence of Mr. Copp very much embarrasses the search. Messengers were sent to Philadelphia, Boston and Albany yesterday afternoon to discover if possible some track of the missing property, and it is sincerely to be hoped that it will yet be recovered.

It was reported that Mr. Copp stated the trunk was placed in charge of Capt. Schultz and that the Captain denied it, which raised a question of veracity; but this report is without foundation, as Mr. Copp made no such statement. It is most probable that some of the numerous rogues who are continual on the watch for plunder during the night succeeded in getting the trunk off the boat.

The Mail Robbery.—The following is the account of mails sent from the Albany Post-Office for New York on the 7th:

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 12.

COURT CALENDAR.—Friday. SUPERIOR COURT.—Nos. 35, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

MAIL ROBBER.—William Hough, the young man charged with robbing the mail at Hudson, was brought to the City to-day and committed to the City Prison. The charge against him has been presented to the Grand Jury at the United States Circuit Court, which is now in session.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—This Board met this evening, the President, Thomas Jeremiah, Esq., in the Chair. A Report was received from William L. Stone, Esq., County Superintendent, showing the present situation of the various Common Schools.

SECURITIES BOOK.—The report and resolutions of the Select Committee declaring that the Bible, without note or comment, is not sectarian under the meaning of the act of 1842; and that the objections of the Fourth Ward Trustees to the other books are unfounded, was called up.

AFTER DEBATE, Dr. Sweeney, of the 6th-ward, was permitted to read the Minority Report of the Committee, as opposed to the Report of the majority, as a part of his argument. Considerable discussion took place, and the Report and Resolutions of the majority Report were finally adopted by a vote 20 to 7.

AN EDITOR, consisting of Messrs. Clark, Quackenbush, and Emmett, were appointed to draft an amendment defining the law, to report at next meeting, and the Board adjourned.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—Before Judge U. S. Hoffman. H. S. Mackay vs. J. C. Porter.—The same vs. Porter and wife.—Slender.—The plaintiff is a member of the bar and the defendant a baker. They both reside in 24th-street. Defendant charged plaintiff with being a counterfeiter, saying he had passed a bad \$3 bill upon him, and refused to change it. He accused plaintiff in the street of "old Counterfeiter," and sung out to his children in the street that their father was a counterfeiter, &c. Defendant's wife repeated the charge, and distinct actions are brought. Verdict for plaintiff \$107.

MURDER AND ENGINE RUNNERS. COURT OF SESSIONS.—Before the Recorder, Aldermen Rawson and Waterman. James B. Phillips, Esq., District Attorney, ad interim. The trial of Charles F. Ingeprize for manslaughter, causing the death of Abraham Burger by stabbing him with a knife on the 23d September last, and who died on the 4th November was resumed.

The testimony having been concluded, Thomas Phoenix, Esq., formerly District Attorney, commenced and concluded an able summing up speech in behalf of the accused, arguing to the jury the duty of an acquittal.

He was followed by James B. Phillips, Esq., District Attorney ad interim, in a sound and judicious speech in behalf of the prosecution—outlining, that from the plain and positive character of the testimony against the prisoner the jury were bound to convict him.

The Recorder charged the jury on the law and the facts of the case, and the jury retired, and after an absence of 20 minutes, returned into court with a verdict of guilty of manslaughter in the 3d degree. He was remanded, and will be sentenced at the usual sentence day of the court, on the last Friday of the term—22d Inst.

NOLLE PROSEQUI.—In the case of William Dexter Beason, indicted for an assault and battery on Charles Oakley in March last, and in which on trial some time since the jury could not agree a nolle prosequi was entered.

TRIAL OF MELINDA HOAG FOR GRAND LARCENY.—This well-known female, implicated with Alexander Hoag, was put upon her trial for grand larceny in stealing \$58 in gold and bills from the safe of Fairchild County, Ohio, when in a house in Robinson-street, near Washington-st. Messrs. David Graham and A. D. Russell appeared and acted as the counsel of the accused. Mr. Phillips, District Attorney ad interim, and Loranzo D. Shepherd for the prosecution.

The money lost was all recovered. The prosecution closed, and no testimony was offered on the part of defence.—The case was summed up with his usual ability by D. Graham, Esq., and with equal ability by J. B. Phillips, Esq., on behalf of the people. The court charged the jury, who found the prisoner guilty without leaving their seats. She was remanded for sentence, and Alexander Hoag will be tried on Friday morning, to which time the court adjourned.

POLICE OFFICE.—STEALING FLOUR.—John Caden arrested for stealing a barrel of flour from No. 111 Cherry street.

BY THIS MORNING'S MAIL.

WASHINGTON, Tuesday, Dec. 12.

I wrote hastily from the Capitol by the Aiternoon cars, so as not to crowd you with matter at midnight. The arrangement of the Committees of the House is the ruling topic. Some of them are good, and some execrable, wholly apart from politics.

Putting Gen. M'KAY at the head of the Ways and Means is a broad absurdity. He is a heavy, respectable man, who has been many years in Congress, but the idea of his leading the House and originating its Financial measures, is a farce.

It is too bad that Mr. MACLAY is not on the Post-Office Committee. We have not a man there who is publicly committed to a radical reduction of Postage.

Mr. MACLAY is about no where on the Committees, and Mr. BEARDSLEY little better. I believe the latter declined any Chairmanship but that of the Ways and Means.

Mr. PHOENIX is in a good position. I do not consider it a matter of just complaint that the Committees are in the main strongly Loco-Foco—the responsibility rests with them; let them have the tools to work with.

Mr. Speaker JONES has on the whole treated us Whigs fairly, but the selection of the Committee of Elections (by Mr. BEARDSLEY) is an outrage on decency.

The Globe is out fiercely on the Tariff this morning, copying and commenting on an abominably deceitful and malignant article from the New-Hampshire Patriot, wherein it is insinuated that, because one manufacturing establishment has almost always paid a dividend, therefore all have probably done so, (which is nothing like the truth); and because one other establishment has divided twenty per cent. for one single half year, therefore all manufactures make twenty per cent. and have always done so, besides laying up surpluses!

The knaves who make this experiment on the ignorance and envy of their readers know better—they know right well that thousands of capital now lying idle though offered at 5 per cent. would jump into Manufacturers if they averaged even eight per cent. profit; but what do they care? If they can but arry the Farmers and the Artisans in envious, malignant strife, Loco-Focoism will be sure to triumph on their common ruin, and that is enough.

In SENATE, to-day, Mr. BENTON announced the death of his colleague, Hon. LEWIS F. LINN—which occurred at his residence a few weeks previous to the meeting of Congress—and gave utterance to the sensations excited thereby, in eloquent, appropriate and affecting terms.

Mr. CRITTENDEN also paid a brief and heartfelt tribute to the memory and virtues of the deceased.

Resolutions were then adopted expressive of the sense of the loss sustained by this melancholy decease, of condolence with the afflicted family, and for going into mourning for thirty days. The Senate then adjourned.

In the HOUSE, the SPEAKER announced his appointment of the usual standing Committees, as follows: Foreign Affairs—Messrs. C. J. INGERSOLL, Davison, Rhett, Semple, Beardsley, Thomson, Gilder, Henry Williams, White, Fay and Means; Messrs. M'KAY, Waller, D. H. Lewis, D. Seymour, J. R. Ingersoll, Chappell, Dromgoole, Norris, Barnard.

Commerce—Messrs. Holmes, Preston King, Hale,