By This Morning's Mail.

Whig Victory in St. Louis.

The Charter Election in St. Louis took place on the 1st inst. and resulted in a decided triumph of the entire Whig ticket. The election was accompanied, as here, with several disgraceful rows, in which a number of pesons were seriously injured. The following is the vote for Mayor:

Wards.	*Pratte,* (Whig.)	(*Reily,* L. F.)
I	131	333
II	402	313
III	632	249
IV	457	293
V	345	396
VI	241	312
Total	2158	1996

Majority for Pratte.....**212.**

J. M. PARKER, (Whig) is elected Register by the large majority of **1134**—notwithstending that there was another Whig candidate running, who received 315 votes. George Maguire was the Loco candidate. The discrepancy between our majorities for Mayor and Register are not accounted for in the Republican—the only paper we have containing the result.

For Auditor R. B. DALLAM, (Whig) is elected over H. J. Lynch by a majority of **1,459.**

CHARLES D. PRIDDY (Whig) is elected Marshal over Patrick Lawler, the regular Loco-Foco candidate, by **746** voters; there being two other candidates running—one Whig and one Loco—who each received two or three hundred votes

For City Attorney, James Daugherty, (Whig.) is elected by **1150** over Jas. B. Townsend, (Loco.)

The Whigs have *four* out of the *six* Aldermen, and *eight*, and probably *nine*, of the *twelve* Delegates.

The average Whig majority, as will be seen, is over **1,000.** The Anti-Licence party did nothing. Well done, St. Louis!

POLLOCK'S MAJORITY.—The Forum gives the following as the true majorities in the Northumberland District:

Counties.	*Pollock.*	*Snyder.*
Union	797	--
Northumberland	5	--
Lycoming	154	--
Clinton	--	40
Total	956	40

Pollock's majority.....**916.**

☞ Mr. CLAY was to have reached Raleigh on Friday.

PHILADELPHIA.—The Whigs of Philadelphia had a tremendous meeting on Wednesday night, to welcome Hon. S. S. PRENTISS, who made a most thrilling and eloquent speech.

☞ A schooner from Sisal for N. Orleans has suddenly disappeared from the Balize, where she had arrived a few days since. It is supposed that the captain had run away with her.

THE FORTIFICATION BILL.—Our Special Correspondent writes us, Wednesday evening, that this bill had passed both Houses, had returned to the House with the following amendments of the Senate:

Fort Smith	$30,000
" Gibson	15,000
" Towson	6,000

The other features of the bill will be found elsewhere.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

BY THE REPORTER OF THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

Mr. Clay on Protection—Tariff!—Tariff, &c.

WASHINGTON, April 10th.

In the HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, to-day, Mr. BROWN, of Indiana, after some objection, the rules having been suspended for the explanation, undertook the difficult and troublesome task of substantiating the charge against Mr. Clay, contained in an amendatory resolution, which, it will be recolleeted, he moved a few weeks since, of having expressed in the Senate the following sentiment and language: "Carry out the *principles* of the Compromise act—look to revenue alone for the support of Government—do not raise the question of protection, which I had hoped had been put to rest—there is no necessity *for* protection"—bringing forward for this purpose, accompanied by some explanation of his previous movement upon the subject, the following extract from a speech of Mr. Clay after the Extra Session as sketched in the Intelligencer, (which it will be seen differs very materially in word and sentiment from Mr. Brown's quotation); "Carry out then (said he) the *spirit* of the Compromise Act. Look to revenue alone for the support of Government. Do not raise the question of protection which I had hoped had been put to rest. There is no necessity of protection, *for protection.*" Mr. B. argued that the sentiments of these two extracts were precisely *the same*, and charged Mr. Clay with having in this taken ground opposite to that commonly held by him in favor of protection, and with many other vacillations and inconsistencies by way of courting popular favor.

Mr. WHITE, after objections by Mr. C. J. INGERSOLL and many of the "Democrats," was allowed by suspension of the rules—Yeas 128, Nays 34—an explanation in reply. He repeated his previous charge that the extract quoted by Mr. BROWN in the resolution was an entire and wilful *falsehood and forgery*, and brought forward in proof thereof the very extract of the speech read by Mr. B., pointing to the obvious facts (as will appear from comparison of the above) of the substitution in the resolution of the word "*principle*" instead of "*spirit*," of "for" instead of "of," and of the entire suppression of the last two words "for protection"—thus changing entirely the sentiment. The declaration of Mr. BROWN that his extract thus misstated and imperfect, fairly represented Mr. Clay, only showed how party feelings or party madness could warp the mind, or it showed anobduateness of intellect (which he did not believe the gentleman possessed) amounting almost to lunacy, at least to stupidity. The words "look to revenue alone for the support of Government," were used in opposition to Mr. WOODBURY's amendment to the Treasury Note bill, to pledge the Public Lands for the payment of the Notes, and had no reference whatever to protection, and the words, "he had hoped the question of Protection had been put to rest," were explained by another speech he had delivered at the same session in which he distinctly took the ground that a Tariff producing sufficient revenue for the current wants of Government and to pay the existing debt, would incidentally yield all necessary protection, and hence that in framing such Tariff regard need only be had to revenue. Mr. W. having thus conclusively and triumphantly made good his charge, submitted the matter for consideration to the House and the Country.

The resolution for the printing of 15,000 copies of various Maps of Prof. Espy, accompanying the Report of the Department, was adopted.

On motion of Mr. OWEN, a Select Committee of Five, on the subject of the Wabash and Erie Canal, was ordered appointed.

Mr. DROMGOOLE made another attempt to go into Committee of the Whole on the Union to take up the Tariff. A close vote on the motion was attended with much interest: the House *refused* to proceed to the subject—Yeas 85, Nays 87.

Mr. J. R. INGERSOLL then moved a suspension of the rules to offer a resolution to postpone this subject *until the last Tuesday in December.* A call of the House, moved by Mr. THOMPSON, of Mi., exhibited 180 members present. The rules *were then suspended*; yeas 147, nay 26. A substitute of Mr. DROMGOOLE to take up the bill to-morrow at two o'clock, *failed*; yeas 90, nays 92. The resolution was lost; yeas 100, nays 83. A resolution of Mr. MCKAY, making the subject the special order for Monday, was also lost; yeas 101, nays 76. Thus this Loco House manifest their sense of their critical position with reference to the Tariff, by refusing to act at all, one way or the other.

Various reports were received; among which was one by Mr. HUDSON, from the committee on manufactures; and by Mr. C. J. INGERSOLL, from the committee on foreign affairs, of bills to indemnify the owners of the Spanish schooner Amistad, and to carry into execution the French treaty.

A Message was received from the President, in answer to the Resolution of the House, communicating the measures taken, with the causes therefor, &c. in suppressing the Dorr Rebellion. Mr. HOLMES, remarking that he wished the House to set their faces against the whole Rhode Island scheme, moved to lay it on the table; rejected—Yeas 68, Nays 77. The Message was ordered printed and referred to the Select Committee.

The annual statement of the Secretary of the Treasury of the Commerce and Navigation of the country was presented, and, on motion of Mr. ADAMS, 10,000 extra copies ordered to be printed. The House adjourned.

In SENATE, numerous memorials remonstrating against any modification of the Tariff were presented by Messrs. EVANS, CRITTENDEN, BUCHANAN and ARCHER. The latter, numerously signed by *citizens of Virginia*, was read at the request of Mr. A., who accompanied it with some concurring remarks. Mr. CRITTENDEN, in presenting his portion of these petitions, declared his conviction that the Senate would consent to *no modification of the Tariff* at the present session, and the Country might be assured none would be made.

Mr. EVANS, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill to provide for the payment of evidences of public debt in certain cases.

A Resolution of Mr. WRIGHT was adopted, instructing the Judiciary Committee to inquire into the expediency of authorizing the President in cases of sentence of capital punishment to commute it to imprisonment for life. Mr. W. said he offered the resolution in accordance with a large number of petitions from New York, expressing however no opinion of his own upon the subject.

Mr. COLQUETT made a violent speech in opposition to the present Tariff, denouncing it as a bill for the benefit of the rich against the poor, and in reply to Mr. BERRIEN (in his absence,) for personalities against whom he was several times called to order. ARGUS.

News from the River La Platte.

Private letters to a distinguished gentleman of this city informs us that Gen. Rivera, in the Department of Maldonado, some 20 leagues from Montevideo, completely routed Gen. Gomez, who had under his command the principal part of Oribe's cavalry.

The Correntinos, 6000 strong, are revolutionizing the upper provinces, and advancing on the Dictator Rosas. Their motto is "down with the tyrant Rosas!" Troops from the Banda Orientale Army of Invasion have already been withdrawn to oppose the Correntinos.

Sr. Varela, the Banda Orientale Minister of London, has had a very pleasing interview with Lord Aberdeen. The latter finished the conference by saying that the British Government would consult that of France forthwith, and see what could be done to terminate the existing hostilities. [Newark Adv. yesterday.

FROM BUENOS AYRES.—The bark Moscow, from Buenos Ayres, Feb. 6, arrived at this port yesterday morning, April 9, and brought papers to Feb. 3. Gen. Urquisi attacked Gen. Rivera, not far from Montevideo, on the 25th January, and, according to the bulletins from Urquisi's officers, Rivera, the "imbecile incendiary," and his "wretched unitarian" followers were soundly drubbed. The battle took place after sunset, but the pursuit was nevertheless followed up for two leagues by the conquerers. Col. Bustos is quite sure that Rivera, in his escape, did not take off 50 men in a body. [Post. Pat.

Things in Philadelphia.

Correspondence of The Tribune.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.

MORE TAMPERING AT HARRISBURG.—The House of Representatives were engaged nearly the whole of yesterday in discussing the bill authorizing the sale of the Main Line, and creating a three mill tax, but I regret to state, upon the authority of private letters, that great fear is entertained of a favorable result, from the fact that a proviso has been presented to the effect that in case the State Work is sold, the stock paid therefor shall be received at the price the holder paid for it, adding six per cent. interest thereon. Considerable excitement was caused by the proposition, which was made by Mr. Macmanus, and a warm debate ensued, the result of which is looked for with much anxiety.

A resolution was adopted calling upon the Canal Commissioners for information relative to the rumor that the Brokers of Philadelphia had supplied for a locomotive to run an express in the event of the passage of the Main Line Bill!

DEATHS FROM INTEMPERANCE.—The Coroner held two inquests yesterday afternoon, one upon the body of Peter Kelly, a sailor, who was found dead in a barn on the Frankford Road, and the other upon the body of Elizabeth Dever, colored, who died in Small street, from injuries received while in liquor!

BURGLARIES.—Numerous burglaries are constantly reaching the ears of the police, yet none of the offenders appear to be sought after or arrested.

SOOCKS.—A fair business was done in Stocks today, with a decline in several descriptions. State 5's opened at 65¾ at the first Board, and closed at 65⅝; at the Second, with sales $8,000, State 6's sold in a small lot at 68⅝; Girard Bank improved ¼; Reading Railroad Bonds declined 1⅛; Manuf. and Mechanics Bank ½; Wilmington Railroad ¼; U. States 6's sold at 112½; Vicksburg has been quiet for several days.

First Board.—25 shares Girard Bank, 7⅛; $5,000 Reading Bonds, 66¼; $2,000 Tennessee 5s, 84; 20 shares Manufacturers' and Mechanics' Bank, 25¼; 18 do. Mechanics' Bank, 27¼; $153 State 6s, 68½; 20 shares Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank, 43½; 200 do. Girard Bank, 7¼; $1,000 State 5s, 66⅝; $10,000 do. b. 5 flat, 66¼; $24,000 do. b. 5 flat, 66½; $5,000 do. cash, 66½.

Second Board.—100 shares Wilmington Railroad 16⅞; 10 do Northern Liberty Bank 39½; 1 do North American Bank 358¼; $1000 Tennessee Bonds (interest first July) 84½; $1500 United States 6's, 1842, 112½; $200 Kentucky Bonds 101½; $1766 County Fives, '60, old, 97½; $7000 State Fives, cash, 66¼; $7000 do. r. w. 66¼; $5000 do. s. 5 days, 66¼; 1600 do. b. 5. flat, 66½; $5000 do. Monday, flat, 66½; $4000 do. R. W. 66½.

SHIP NEWS—¼ P. M.—*Cleared This Afternoon.*—Brig Imogene, Shed, Barbadoes; schrs Fort Hill, Gray, St. Jago, N. B; Edward Franklin, Gray, Boston; Harvest, Kelly, do; Orator, Scott, Alexandria, D. C.; barge, Grampus, Drake, New York.

Arrived this afternoon.—Ship Swatara, Davis, 50 ds from Liverpool; Br. brig Martha, ——, 26 ds from Kingston, Jam.; schrs Catharine Amanda, Teal, 5 days from Richmond; Joseph, Pike, 5 ds from Boston; sloop Motto, Fourier, 2 days from New York.

Weather—Clear and pleasant—Wind, SW.

Temperance.

The following letter, (which appears in the Journal of the American Temperance Union,) from the lady of Hon. John M'Lean, of the U. S. Supreme Court, is of the right stamp:

WASHINGTON CITY, March 9th.

To the Secretary of the Temperance Union:

SIR: We have received the 1st number of the 5th volume of your valuable paper, which you had the consideration to send to Judge McLean. Inclosed you will receive his subscription for the present year.

There is no moral enterprize for which the Christian should more fervently pray, or experience more spirit-stirring enthusiasm, than the suppression of intoxicating drinks. May God awaken the whole world to its importance; may every American patriot feel that the national purity and political prosperity of our beloved country demand his best efforts in this cause; may every American woman arouse her dormant energies, and exert, for temperance, that gentle yet irresistible influence upon man, the Creator designed she should have; may every mother feel her imperative duty unaccomplished, until her sons and daughters are thoroughly imbued with the principles of self-sacrificing abstinence from intoxicating drinks, and until they have acquired the virtue and the courage to act firmly in resisting the allurements of this destructive poison!

I think one of the greatest impediments to the general diffusion of temperance principles consists in the difficulty of doing away with the long-established etiquette of the table. The impression of ignorance or meanness, in refusing to drink wine when asked to partake, still prevails; and the ornamental appearance which wine certainly imparts, by the accompanying number of glasses for each guest, with the sparkling decanters interspersed through the viands, producing in its effect such beautiful order and glittering elegance, cannot yet be dispensed with by ladies, who are ambitious of ostentatious hospitality. In some instances, even after they have become convinced, and are willing to acknowledge its ruinous tendency, they persist in its use, from a total loss as to the course they should pursue.

Dinners are usually mere ceremonies, and wine appears to be so indispensable a part of the entertainment, that I fear a long time will have elapsed before we can effect a change by supplying a substitute. These false notions of propriety and etiquette constitute one of the principal barriers to the general suppression of wine as a beverage Now the inquiry arises, what shall be the remedy? What can be produced as a substitute to adorn the table, produce social kindness and intellectual vivacity? What effectual remedy is there for this approved and fashionable sin? Will some one oblige us with suggestions on this subject, through your paper, and thereby confer a blessing on society?

Repectfully, SARAH BELLA McLEAN.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN BALTIMORE.—The extensive lumber yard of Thos. Matthew, in High street, Baltimore, was burnt on Wednesday evening, together with a small frame house adjoining. Loss, $5000 to $7000—insured, $3000. The house was occupied by Joseph Davenport and was insured for $500.

The grocery of John W. Clark, corner Howard and Pratt-sts. was burnt on Wednesday morn. Loss, $1000—insured, $700. Both these fires are suppose to be incendiary.

FUNERAL OF MORGAN LEWIS.—The remains of the late General Lewis were attended to the grave on Wednesday by a large concourse of citizens. The members of the Masonic Lodges, the City Military, the Common Council, and Officers of the Army, &c., walked in the procession.—Chancellor Kent, Chief Justice Jones, Philip Hone, Jonathan Goodhue, Judge Pendleton, Walter Bowne, Wm. Bard and Thomas Morris, were the pall-bearers. The body was deposited in the grounds of St. Paul's Church, Dr. Taylor, of Grace Church, reading the funeral service. The ceremonies at the grave are said to have been impressive and solemn. [Eve. Post.

COURT CALENDER.—THIS DAY.

SUPERIOR COURT.—Nos. 29, 51, 52, 54, 27, 1, 42, 7, 21, 44, 2.

COMMON PLEAS.—Nos. 44, 2, 78, 4, 16, 19, 20, 32, 35, 42, 52, 47, 27.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

THURSDAY.

SUPERIOR COURT....Before Justice JONES.

A. CASSELLI VS. OCEAN INSURANCE CO.—Action to recover about $6,000 for injury sustained by a quantity of China Silks shipped by Mr. Caselli in the Venice for Havana, and insured at the Ocean office. After being some little time at Havana the goods were found to be much spotted and damaged. Mr. Caselli contends that they had been injured on board the Venice by salt water, whilst the Company insist, on the contrary, that they had not been wet; but were injured from other causes. Messrs. Ogden Hoffman, Van Waggenan and Charles O'Connor are engaged for plaintiff, and Messrs. Griffin, Lord and Emmet for the Company. The cause will be resumed this forenoon.

Before Judge OAKLEY.

WESTFIED PAPER MILLS VS. WHEELER & ROOT. Action to recover a note of $950, given by defendants (formerly paper dealers in Maiden Lane) in 1840. Mr. Wheeler contended that Mr. Root had no right to use his name, the firm having been dissolved. It is urged by plaintiff that Mr. R. had such right, the note being a renewal agreeably to arrangement previous to the dissolution. The case will be continued this forenoon.

COURT OF SESSIONS....Before the Recorder and Aldermen HATFIELD and BRADY.

JONAS B. PHILLIPS, Esq. District Attorney, *ad interim.*

TRIAL FOR A CONSPIRACY TO INJURE TRADE AND COMMERCE BY ATTEMPTING TO RAISE WAGES BY VIOLENT MEANS.—James Rawson and Robert Halliday, journeymen weavers, impleaded with others of their craft, were put upon their trial for a conspiracy to injure trade and commerce, by violent efforts to raise their wages.

John Gibbons, manufacturer of cotton goods, of No. 120 Perry street, deposed that on the 18th January last, the accused called upon him with a web cut out of a loom. They said they were a committee of a Society of Weavers to increase the price of wages, and deputed to cut out the webs from his looms unless he agreed to their terms or tariff of prices. Prisoners worked for witness, and the web was cut out of one of his looms. He stated also that on the evening of the 15th January three of the men who said they were a committee of the Society called on him and wished him to raise their wages—having a bill of prices. Witness told them that if they would leave their bill of prices he would hand it to his foreman, and tell him not to give out any work under their bill of prices.—They said they could not give him the bill, but wished him to sign a paper stating that he would give the prices. He told them he would not sign the paper, but give their prices. They then went away apparently satisfied. They came again the next day with similar results. The third time they came they demanded him to sign the paper for the last time, and said if he did not comply they would destroy his property by cutting out his webs, &c. and that they were a band of brothers. He told them that their threats would have no effect and they left. The prisoners came then as above stated, after having cut or caused to be cut, and burned out with vitriol, the webs of several of his looms which they exhibited. The men in witness's employ who first called were Kilpatrick, Young and Scofield. The prisoners when they last came said they were "a cutting out committee."

Mrs. Elizabeth Burt, wife of Adam, a weaver working for Gibbons, deposed that the prisoners, with several others, came to her house at 9½ o'clock at night, and stating their business, told her that unless her husband called round at the Tippecanoe House next day by 9 o'clock they would cut out his web. They went to the web, put something on it, and went away. She looked at the web with a candle and found it falling out, they having destroyed it with vitriol. This was the night of the 18th of January. Can't tell which man poured on the vitriol, but the prisoners and the others all conversed and appeared to act together.

James Waddell, weaver for Mr. McLean, deposed that the prisoners and two others came to him on the 16th and asked him to come to their meeting. He declined. Next day they came and cut his web, which belonged to Mr. McLean.—They said they came from the Weavers' Union.

Robert McDade, weaver, member of the Union Society of Weavers, deposed that the Society passed a resolution that the men who would not pay the prices should have their webs cut out and returned to them. Halliday was at the meeting. Witness was in the minority, but was compelled to comply, and cut out his webs.

Prosecution here rested, and Mr. J. B. Manchester called

Francis Morrell, a member of the Union Weavers' Society, who deposed that he called with others at Mr. Gibbon's warehouse and showed a paper signed by Mr. Gibbons's son, who said he signed it on his own responsibility, and not by order of his father, or by compulsion. Mr. Gibbons denied having sanctioned the signature. That the resolution passed by the Society simply was that any persons who worked for Mr. Gibbons or Mr. McLean, who would not agree to the table of prices, might relinquish their work, but that no compulsion was to be used.

John Dolan, weaver, of the Union Society, also deposed that when the employers refused to pay the prices the weavers were to cut out the webs and carry them home.

Testimony closed. The case was summed up, and the Recorder charged the jury, who found a verdict of Guilty. Sentence on Friday, 19th.

Adjourned to Friday at 11 o'clock.

CORONER'S OFFICE.

DROWNED.—The man who was drowned in going on board the ship Talbot on Tuesday night, was named Chas. Treadwell, Jr. a native of Massachusetts, aged 21. Verdict—accidental drowning.

DROWNED IN A CISTERN.—The Coroner held an inquest to-day at the house of John Thomas, No. 232 West Sixteenth st. on the body of Mrs. Margaret Evans, wife of John Evans, of 99 Charles st. Verdict—Suicide by drowning herself while mentally deranged.

PULMONARY APOPLEXY.—Julia Carpenter, aged 22, a native of Troy, fell and died suddenly yesterday at 25 Willet st. It was ascertained she had burst a blood vessel.

Commercial and Money Matters.

☞ *For Sales at the Stock Exchange, and Commercial Statistics, see Last Page.*

THURSDAY P. M.

The Stock market was very buoyant to-day, and most descriptions went up materially.

Exchanges have an improving tendency. We quote Sterling firm at 8⅝ a 8¾; Francs 5 28¾ a 5 27½.

Money is in good demand, and the Banks get 5 a 6 per cent. on good paper. There is, however, no scarcity, but the amount of Money required by the regular wants of the business community is larger than for some time past.

The Receivers of the Newburyport Bank have given notice to all persons holding claims against said corporation to present the same for allowance, on or before the 5th day of September next, preparatory to the making of a final dividend of the assets of said Bank.

The following were the receipts over the Western Railroad for the week ending April 6:

	1844.	1843.
Passengers	$4,818	$4,371
Freight, &c	4,310	4,269
Total	$9,128	$8,640

The receipts on the Central Railroad in Michigan for the month of March are as follows:

Receipts for March 1844	$9,398 32
Receipts for March 1843	4,027 02
Increase this year	$5,371 30

The Southern road, terminating at Monroe, and which was completed last year to Hillsdale, a distance of 68 miles, gives the annexed receipts for March, 1844: $2,512. Last year the earnings for the month were only $1,680.

The receipts of Specie at New-Orleans continue to be large. On the 2d and 3d $384,000 were received, of which $331,000 were from New-York. The amount from 1st Sept. up to 3d inst. was $6,330,918.

The stockholders of the Washington Bank, of Boston have resolved to move to State-street and continue business.

The following Boston offices have made dividends: the Neptune 12 per cent.; the Suffolk 5; and the Washington 5 per cent.—all for the last six months. The New-England Worsted Company, at Framingham, has declared a dividend of 10 per cent. for six months.

The public sales of the Real Estate property of the State Branch Bank of Mobile, amounted to $125,000. On the first day it was the general belief the property sold at very fair prices.

Sales of Real Estate, April 11.

By Anthony J. Bleecker & Co.

The Colonnade House, Lafayette Place, being the 4th in the block of those marble-front houses known as Colonnade Row, together with a stable in the rear of the lot.....$20,750

Correspondence of Pomeroy & Co.

BUFFALO, April 9, 1844.

The dealer of whom I spoke yesterday closed his selection by taking 1000 bbls; including 400 Cosende or Monroe City Mills, at an average of $4.21, as follows, 500 bbls. of good common at $4.15, 100 bbls. same at $4.42½, and the rest at $4.38. A number of small parcels in lots of 100 bbls. have changed hands for home consumption, at an average of $4.12½. In grain there is nothing doing, the receipts of produce being as yet entirely confined to steamers, which are coming in with increased numbers of travellers, considering the early period of the season, our city usesets quite an animated appearance, and I observe the various channels of communication with the neighboring province are more than usually crowded with business people, many of them resorting to this point for innumerable articles of traffic.

The new steamer Emerald, which came up from Chippewa, yesterday, is a very pretty affair, about 200 tons burthen, and promises to create a new era in river navigation, having made the run up against the current of the mighty Niagara in a little over two hours.

Markets—*Carefully Reported for The Tribune.*

THURSDAY, April 11.

ASHES.—There is not much doing, but Pots are steady at $4 50, with sales 40 to 50 bbls. Pearls are nominally $5, and inactive.

COTTON.—There is rather more activity in the market today, the lower rates having induced some parties to come in. The market has still a downward tendency, and prices are now nearly as low as before the late improvement, excepting, perhaps, the finer grades, which maintain relatively a higher price. The sales to-day are reported at 1,200 to 1,500 bags.... Freights are at ⅜ a ½d. and the packets find it difficult to fill up.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—There is rather a better feeling in Flour, and a good inquiry exists for the East and for home consumption. Genesee is not very plenty at $4 94, although the sales to-day have been at that rate. We believe there is no good flat Western to be had below that rate. We notice fair sales to-day, including 500 "Brooklyn City Mills" at $4 94; 1,000 Genesee, for England, at $4 94, and 500 round hoop Ohio, for the same destination, at $4 87½. Sales fancy Ohio at $5 25 a $5 37½. Southern descriptions are firmer at $5, with probably some of the lower grades at 6d. off. Sales 100 to 200 Philadelphia at $4 81¼.....Rye Flour $3 12½. Meal $2 50 a $2 56¼, and quiet. Ship Stuffs 12½ a 14 cents.

GRAIN.—There is not much doing in Wheat, but the inquiry is better. Sales 1,000 bushels Dutchess County at 102 cts. ....Corn has come in more freely, but is readily taken by distillers at 54 cents, weight, delivered. At this figure some 12,000 bushels North Carolina have been sold. Northern was held at 52 cents, measure, with small sales....Rye is firm and held at 70 cents in the ship. Sales 800 bushels, leaving a parcel unsold.... A lot of Barley, 1,400 bushels, sold at 54 cents.....Oats are steady at 32 a 33 cents for Northern.

WHISKY.—The market is quiet, and bbls. dull. Sales 50 to 100 State Prison at 24 cents, which is lower. Drudge is steady 23 cents.

SEEDS.—Some moderate sales Clover are being made at 8½ a 9¼ for poor to prime free. The market is heavy. Timothy is also dull, but a small lot prime tierces sold to-day at $15. The range is $13 50 to $15. Flax is nominal. Rough $9 75, for crushers.

HEMP.—During the last week there have been sales 120 tons dew-rotted at $115, cash.

OIL.—The cargo of Whale received here is in negotiation. We notice sales of 1,200 bbls. at 35 cents, cash, for export. We notice sales 1,000 gallons Winter Lard Oil at 60 cents, cash, and 62c. 6 mos. which is lower.

WHALEBONE.—Including the lots reported yesterday, there have been sales of 26,000 lbs North-West at 30 cents, and 16,000 lbs. South Sea at 35 cents, cash, being the parcels recently received at this port..

PROVISIONS.—The Pork market is still dull. Mess is offered at $9 37½, with sales about 150 bbls. in lots. Prime is held at $7 25, with sales 300 to 400 bbls. at that rate....We hear of nothing doing in Beef or Lard, of importance.

Brighton Cattle Market, April 8.

At market 560 Beef Cattle, 75 pairs working-Oxen, 250 Sheep and 2,300 Swine. 100 Beef Cattle unsold.

PRICES.—*Beef Cattle.*—Last week's prices were not sustained, and we reduce our quotations. Extra $5 25; first quality $4 75 a $5; second quality $4 25 a $4 75; third quality $3 75 a $4 25.

Working-Oxen.—Sales at $65, 68, $75, $80, $87 50 and $92.

Sheep.—From $2 50 to $3 75.

Swine.—Prime lots to peddle 5 cents for Sows and 6 cents for Barrows; lots of a large size 4½ and 5¾ cents; Old Hogs 4¼ and 5 cents. At retail 5 to 7 cents.

MARRIED,

At Tarry Town, New York, on Tuesday evening, April 9th, by the Rev. George Wood, Dr. J. BALEY, to Mrs. SARAH C. SPARKS, of Philadelphia.

DIED,

On the 11th inst. SARAH S. AYMAR, wief of Wm. F. Kells, in the 49th year of her age.

Her friends, and those of the family, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral at her late residence 26 West 14th st, this (Friday) afternoon at 5 o'clock.

On the 11th inst. in Brooklyn, L. I., AZRIEL WARNER, formerly of Springfield, Mass., (father-in-law of Samuel Fuller,) in the 78th year of his age.

☞ Springfield papers will please copy.

At Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, the 9th inst. in the 4th year of her age, ELIZABETH BUTLER, daughter of Sumner and Elizabeth B. Stone.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from 100 Hicks street, Brooklyn on this (Friday) afternoon, the 12th inst. at 3½ o'clock.

In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, 10th inst. ELIZABETH MATILDA, wife of Alexnade. V. Blake, aged 22 years.

Her funeral will be attended Friday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, at Christ Church, South Brooklyn.

Her friends and the friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

The relatives will assemble at the house No. 4 Blake's Buildings, Court st. at 3½ o'clock.

On Wednesday morning, after a short illness, JACOB WALTON, Rear Admiral of the Red, H. B. M. Navy, in the 77th year of his age.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF NEW YORK, APRIL 12.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

THE SUN.	THE MOON.	FULL SEA.
Rises..5 27 | Sets..6 35	Rises, morn....2 41	Even.....4 57

LATEST DATES.

London	March 1	Havre	March 6
Liverpool	March 2	New Orleans	April 3

Cleared.

Ships Toronto, Griswold, London, J Griswold; Severn, Cheever, Liverpool, W Whitlock, jr; Oconee, Jackson, NOrleans, E K Collins & Co; Ocean, Willard, do; Pierse & Bullock; bark Warwick, Weeks, do, Buck & Peters; brigs Pallas, (Br.) Langlois, Jersey Harbor, Goodhue & Co; Rudolph Spence, Tucker, Key West, R L Maitland & Co; Rebecca, McGuire, St Thomas, Brett & Vose; G B Lamar, Sanserman, Savannah, Dunham & Dimon; Saratoga, Bedell, Norfolk, Dunham & Dimon; schrs Alexander, Lewis, Alexandria, Sturges & Clearman; Richard Baker, Baker, Baltimore, Roger Nayman, Gale, Boston, Foster & Nickerson; Page, Nickerson, do; Wellington, Knowlton, Philad; sloops Rienzi, Durlee, Newport and Providence; William, Miller, Providence.

Arrived.

Bark Cuba, Blanchard, of Boston, 13 ds fm Apalachicola, cotton to Nesmith & Welsh. Left bark John Brower, for Boston; Isadore, for do; brigs Pioneer, for do; Florida, for NBord, all to sail soon.

Bark Ellen, Cobb, 19 ds fm Cienfuegos, Cuba, with sugar and honey to Chisholm & Pomeroy. Left ship Wm Penn, Coffman, of and for Baltimore, next day; brig Genius, of Philadelphia, for NYork, ldg; New Orleans, to load for NYork; just arr; Eliza, Burges, fm Boston, do. March 31, lat 23 20, long 78 15, spoke brig Cossar, of and from Philadelphia, for Trinidad de Cuba.

Bark Montpelier, Stackpole, of Camden, 19 ds fm NOrleans, with cotton and provisions to Small & Williams. Sld in co with ships Levant and Maraposct, for NYork, 5th inst. Lat 31 12, long 30, spoke brig Puritan, Elwell, from NOrleans, for Bordeaux, 7th, lat 32, long 77, spoke brig Parto Rico, fm Cienfuegos, for NYork.

Sw brig Albion, Hulett, from Stockholm, 30 ds fm Lisbon, with iron to Boorman, Johnston & Co. Left schr Delaware, of Baltimore, ldg, and 1 brig unknown, put in Lisbon in distress, having previous to a gale lost 2 men, Stove bulwark and received considerable other damage. 4th inst lat 34 15, long 68 40, spoke whale ship Margaret Scott, fm Pacific Ocean for N Bedford, with 1400 bbls oil, 3 years out.

Brig Noble, Deming, of Lubec; 30 ds fm Langareotte, Canary Island, with Barilla, to Charles E Quincy. Left no American vessels.

Brig Champlain, Kinsman, of Portland, 20 ds fm Mayaguez, PR, sugar to the master.

Sw brig Jenny, Eckland, 43 ds fm Rio Janeiro, coffee to Mason & Thompson.

Schr Only Son, Moore, of Pittston, Me, 16 ds fm NOrleans, molasses to E D Morgan. 1st inst lat 28 13, long 79 30, exchanged signals with brig John Kennedy, standing to the North.

Schr Henry, Caswell, Darien, with lumber, &c to Girard & Clark.

Schr Isle, Norwood, Eastport, with plaster, to P I Nevins & Son.

Schr Wm Henry, Thorndye, Thomaston, with lime to the master.

Ship Samuel Hicks, for Liverpool, sails this day, weather permitting.

Below.

Two brigs. Wind NE. Weather at sea foggy.

Sailed.

Ship Toronto, Griswold, London; Bertrand, Smith, New Orleans, brig Florida, Blanco, Belize, Honduras, and others.

Disasters, &c.

The schr John M Clayton, Harvey, of and fm NYork, bound up James River, was cast away aboard of Cape Henry Light, at 2 o'clock on Saturday morning last—vessel and cargo a total loss. Also, schr Resolve, Berser, of Barnstable, in ballast, bound to Norfolk, high and dry; she may be gotten off by being skidded. The crews of both vessels were all saved.—Neither of the two vessels or cargo of the J M Clayton, were insured.

Memoranda.

Arr at Charleston, 6th inst brig Warsaw, Herbert, NGrleans, 1st inst off Tortugas, saw ship Elizabeth Frith.

Spoken, &c.

The pilot boat James Avery spoke on the 8th inst off Great Egg Harbor, brig New England, fm West Indies, for Boston; same day off Barnegat, brig New England; fm Charleston, for Newport, RI.

Dec 3, lat 7, long 32, Horatio, Howland, from New York, for Canton.

Dec 16, ship Charles, fm Boston, bound to Maulmain and Calcutta.

March 24, lat 13 10 N, lon 52 29 W, bark Pioneer, Clark, fm Rio de Janeiro for Baltimore.

March 30, lat 27 15 N, long 70 42, Ellon, Cobb, Cienfuegos, for NYork.

Feb 25, lat 27 22 S, long 31 34 W, bark Marine, Vennard, fm Rio for Baltimore.

March 29, lat 27 49 N, lon 65 W, brig Deborah, 8 ds fm NYork for Laguayra.

March 26, lat 28 N lon 66 15, schr John Dunlap, Hillard, from Boston for Porto Rico.

April 6, lat 40 10, lon 71 12, schr Joseph, fm Boston, for Philadelphia.

Whalers, &c.

Arr at Stonington 8th inst ship Mercury, Gray, NW Coast, via Falkland Islands, with 2100 bbls 200 do sperm oil, and 18,000 lbs bone.

☞ **To the Delegates to the Baltimore Convention.**—The Central Clay Committee of New-York have appointed the undersigned a Committee to make arrangements for the enrollment of Delegates for this City and State, to the Young Men's Clay Convention to be held in the City of Baltimore, on the 2d May next. And also to negotiate with the Steamboat and Railroad Companies on the route, to obtain the most favorable terms of transportation.

Suitable arrangements will be concluded in a few days to convey by steamboat or otherwise, to Baltimore, as many as may apply by letter addressed to the subscribers in this City, enclosing ten dollars, which will secure a passage through to Baltimore and back, provided a sufficient number make early application. This conveyance will be by steamboat through to Baltimore. Arrangements are also progressing for the safe conveyance of those that may prefer the Railroad Line.—Application must be made to the undersigned as above stated, enclosing the like sum of ten dollars, and the difference may be adjusted by the Delegates when they arrive in person and obtain their tickets. J. F. CLARKSON,

M. O. ROBERTS.

N. B.—The Presidents of the several Clay Clubs and Associations are particularly requested to furnish a list of Delegates from their Wards at the earliest possible moment, that suitable arrangements may be made for their accommodation.

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☞ **Democratic Clay Club of the 16th Ward.**—The members of the Democratic Clay Club of the 16th Ward are requested to assemble at the Tabernacle, Broadway This Day at 7 o'clock P. M., to assist in celebrating the Birthday of the Hon. HENRY CLAY of Kentucky.

CHARLES TURNER, President.

E. FERGUSON, } Secretaries.
W. CRUSSELL, }

OFFICE TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, 160 NASSAU-ST.

IN ADVANCE.

CARRIERS ATTEND!

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