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BY GREELEY & McLEATH. OFFICE NO. 160 NASSAU-STREET. THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 15, 1844. FIVE DOLLARS A YEAR. WHOLE NO. 1012

NEW-YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE. A VERY LARGE PAPER, FOR THE COUNTRY. PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING. AT THE LOW PRICE OF TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, IN ADVANCE.

THE TRIBUNE. Old Genesee in the Field—The Roar of the Young Lion of the West!

We have attended many large political meetings in Western New-York, but the Whig gathering at Leroy, last Saturday, greatly exceeded them all. The number in attendance was variously estimated at from FIFTEEN TO TWENTY THOUSAND.

Leroy stands in the heart of one of the best cultivated and most densely settled farming districts in the Empire State. Three persons at our suggestion undertook to count the wagons that brought a large portion of the multitude from the surrounding country. They made a thousand and twenty-seven. Many of these were one-horse buggies, but large numbers came on from horse-back. A portion of the Whigs of Perry, Yates, and Hamilton counties, constructed on four stout wheels a double-decked craft, supported after the fashion of a steamer, covered with canvas, and tastefully ornamented with flags and many pithy devices. This vehicle was drawn by twenty-four fine horses, four abreast, and so arranged that eight horses could hold back as well as aid in drawing the boat which held one hundred and thirty persons. This precious cargo of ladies and gentlemen came 18 miles.

A large number of ladies in attendance could not have been less than five hundred. These were the wives and daughters of the very prosperous and intelligent Farmers of Old Genesee and Wyoming Counties. A collection of 2,500 better dressed or more joyous and beautiful ladies never graced, by their charms and animating loveliness, any public assembly. Throned excellent Brass Bands enlivened the scene, and from distant towns and nearby villages, many of the finest musical parties were marching like the Whigs of '76 to the democratic music of the fife and drum.

But the numerous Banners and Devices, which we describe them? We shall not attempt it. An Ash Pole standing straight as an arrow, two hundred and two feet above ground, and ten feet below it, was erected by the patriotic Whigs of Genesee. A steamer 70 feet in length hoisted in the gentle breeze 120 feet above the Lone Star of Texas and Slavery painted on cotton and tied to the top of a tall pine staff that stood near the Ash Pole. The banner and the splendid flag of GALT and FARRINGTON was elevated to the lofty point of this magnificent Liberty Pole of 1844, there went up a shout such as ten thousand voices, animated by intense feeling, might be expected to utter. Hundreds of the hard-fisted terrors of the earth were heard to repeat the remark, "that as the stately Ash towers above the low, stinking Poke plant, so should the Statesmanship and Patriotism of HENRY CLAY tower above the low, slave extending cunning of JAMES K. POLK."

MR. F. M. FILLMORE gave a clear and masterly exhibition of both the principles and practical operations of the present Tariff. As Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, by whom the Tariff act of '42 was matured and brought before Congress, no man has had better opportunities to study and understand the important subject of Protection to American Industry in all its bearings than Mr. F. And never was an audience apparently better satisfied with the facts, the reasoning, and the conclusions of a speaker, than were those that listened to the speech in question.

HONORABLE M. H. SIBLEY, of Ontario, next took the stand and spoke over two hours on the subject of Annexation, and the obvious motives that induced the Loco-Foco party to discard Mr. VAN BUREN, its ablest and most faithful supporter, and take up such a man as his successful rival, Mr. S. is one of the most eloquent speakers in the State, and his conclusions in favor of the South Carolina Nullifiers to dissolve the Union, or else annex Texas as a Slave Territory—a new and unlimited market for the sale of human flesh and blood, to be raised in the recent Slave States now in the Union, never received a more withering exposure and rebuke. The assumption of the enormous public debt of Texas, the increase of Slave power in both Houses of Congress, and the whole system of Slavery in its political bearings upon the interests of the Free North, were the most eloquently and bravely exposed. Mr. SIBLEY'S speech produced a profound sensation. Hundreds unconsciously shed tears of sympathy as the eloquent speaker described the wrongs and the cruelties of that accursed system of human bondage which the Nullifiers at the South, and their aiders and abettors at the North, are now moving heaven and earth to extend in this Republic.

The fitful whims of Free men and Free women assembled at Leroy, were the firm rock that kept the mind from being carried away by the storm of the Texas Candidate for the Presidency. As less than one half of the vast multitude could get within hearing of the speakers on the stand, another stand was erected and other speakers employed in addressing the people. Dr. LEE of this city spoke about three hours of an hour upon the Tariff, the right of Agricultural, Mechanical and Commercial Labor to Protection. He also spoke on the subjects of Distribution, of the Stop and Tax Policy of the Loco-Foco Party in Texas.

It was followed by Mr. MARTINDALE, of Batavia, in an eloquent speech on the subject of Annexation, which elicited great applause. The meeting broke up at an early hour. Not the slightest accident occurred to mar the general joy that seemed to animate every bosom. We cannot too highly commend the liberality of the citizens of the beautiful village of Leroy, for their kindness and hospitality to this immense mass meeting of patriotic Whigs.

THE GOOD CAUSE IN HERKIMER CO. LITTLE FALLS, Herkimer Co. Aug. 12, 1844. You no doubt continue to receive the cheering information, through the public prints, of the enthusiasm which animates the Whig phalanx throughout the State; yet I cannot forego the pleasure of communicating to you, and through you to the Whig General Committee, the cheering prospects of the Good Cause in this heretofore benighted region. The true spirit is abroad, and all are determined to do their duty. I have had the pleasure of addressing two meetings at the village of Herkimer, where it was heretofore supposed the air had become so impregnated with Loco-Focoism that the Whig principles could not live; but the charm is broken. The Whigs on Saturday erected an Ash Pole 90 feet high, amid the huzzas and cheers of hundreds of happy faces. We had an excellent meeting in the evening. The news of the success of our cause in the Old North State was responded to with cheers that were not aroused upon the Country by the true-hearted Whigs of North Carolina.

Old Otago—Whig Rally—Changes! Correspondence of The Tribune. USADILLA, Otago Co. August 11, 1844.

You will be surprised to hear from this dark corner, and especially to hear any thing that would be literally filled with vehicles of every description, accompanied by several bands of music, flags, banners, &c. I assure you the Locos had long visions. If the final trump had then sounded, they could not have been more astonished than at this sudden and enthusiastic gathering.

The multitude immediately resorted to a beautiful spot, shaded by chestnuts, on the banks of the Susquehanna, where they listened to several addresses from Messrs. COO, HAYS and Gen. Ross of Delhi. The latter, who happened to pass through the place at the time, and had then sounded, they could not have been more astonished than at this sudden and enthusiastic gathering.

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THE ALLEGED MURDER OF A MR. OUTHOUSE. UTAICA, Aug. 8, 1844. To the Editor of The Tribune: I enclose in the Police report of The Tribune a case of a complaint of a woman calling herself Mrs. Outhouse, charging a Mr. Davis with the murder of her son.

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THE CHEROKEES AND THEIR TROUBLES. To the Editor of The New York Tribune. NAPOLKON, Ark. 20th July 1844.

Your attention has just been called to an extract from your paper, of 1st inst. in which you comment upon the "Cherokee memorials." That article contains a remark very unjust to the memories of lamented men, whose families have nothing save the good name of those true patriots left; and which as a friend and affluence relative of their bereaved widows and orphans, I feel it my duty to call upon you to correct. In your second paragraph you are made to say: "No one can appreciate more highly than we, the talent of Boudinot and his great exertions for his tribe, in the diffusion of the Cherokee alphabet, and the pure patriotism of the two Ridges; but these three chiefs had violated a fundamental law of the tribe, had been guilty of a crime, and were therefore banished from the tribe; and were then found guilty and executed."

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