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NEW-YORK TRIBUNE.

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NEW-YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE,

A VERY LARGE PAPER, FOR THE COUNTRY,

IS PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING,

At the low price of TWO DOLLARS per annum, in advance.

THE TRIBUNE.

RECENT IMPROVEMENTS IN THE USEFUL ARTS, PATENTED IN THE U. S.

From the "*Report of the Commissioner of Patents*" we have already extracted a portion of the introductory report of its zealous and indefatigable author, Hon. H. L. ELLSWORTH, and we now proceed to lay before our readers an abstract of some of the most important and interesting improvements in the Useful Arts, made during the past year, as we find them brought together in the appended reports of Messrs. C. M. KELLER and G. C. PAGE, 'Examiners in the Arts.' We propose on a future occasion to condense the valuable Agricultural information contained in the main body of the Report.

In METALLURGY a new apparatus for washing *gold* from its impurities has been introduced, subjecting it to both a horizontal and a vertical current of water, by means of a series of sieves in a water-tank. The much more important metal of *iron* has had its smelting facilitated by using its escaping gases, mixed with air, as a fuel. In this way all the gases, instead of escaping as heretofore, are consumed in the immediate neighborhood of the iron where the heat is required, and the oxygen of the atmospheric air is not permitted to act injuriously upon the iron whilst heating it. A patent has also been granted for the manufacture of malleable iron directly from the ore.

"A variety of simple and compound substances have heretofore been mixed with iron in the melted state, with the view of more effectually separating the impurities, and producing a more highly refined metal; and as a modification of these processes, another patent has lately been granted for mixing with the melted iron, in the process of puddling, a compound of sulphur and a nitrate with borax, soda, or potash and alum, broken in small lumps, and introduced below the surface of the melted iron; the proportions to be varied, if the iron is intended for the manufacture of steel."

A new application of electricity, an element with which we are so rapidly becoming so familiar, has been made to the manufacture of iron! The invention consists in subjecting the iron whilst in a fluid state, and also whilst in the act of congealing or solidifying, which is caused to traverse as completely as possible throughout the entire metallic mass. The full specification is given in the Report.

On *Steel*, Mr. Keller makes suggestions worthy of attention. He says:

"In the manufacture of steel, which has thus far made very little progress on this side the Atlantic, but little has been done by our countrymen; and I fear that the prevalent idea, current in England as well as this country—that the best qualities of steel can only be made from Swedish iron—tends in a great measure to retard enterprise, and consequently improvements in this branch of metallurgy. It is difficult to comprehend why a notion, unsustained by sound reason, should have attained so much prevalence as this. Science clearly indicates that to obtain the best quality of steel, requires iron in its purest state; and to obtain this latter, requires skill and experience—these being the only impediments to the manufacture of good steel; and possessed, as we are, of nearly every variety of iron, no good reason can be assigned why we should not successfully overcome this prejudice."

In the working of *blacksmiths' forges*, the accumulation of cinder is a matter of much inconvenience, particularly where large masses of iron are worked. The accumulation of cinder has frequently to be removed, which not only consumes much time, but disturbs the fire. "To avoid this inconvenience, an improvement has been patented, which consists simply in making the hearth of the forge to slide up and down. Area sink or well, so that at every fresh charge of coal the hearth descends a short distance with the cinder on it; and when the earth reaches the bottom of the sink or well, the whole of the cinder is removed through a hole in the bottom, and the hearth is forced up to the top to recommence."

The forging of *blacksmiths' anvils*, the riveting of *boiler plates*, the making *butt-hinges* of cast or wrought iron, *nail-machines*, &c. have also been subjects of patented improvements.

In the department of FIBROUS AND TEXTILE SUBSTANCES, improvements have been made in *Cottongins*, in *wool-combing* and in cleaning the cards.—The important work of preparing the fibres of *hemp*, particularly in the West, seems to labor under many disadvantages in the ignorance of the inventors, who rediscover old processes. Mr. Keller suggests the diffusion among them of scientific information from the Patent Office.

In England, processes have been patented for rendering Cotton fabrics repellant to water; and for coating cloths, leather, &c. with metal, by galvanic means. The specifications are given in the Report.

A machine lately patented for making *Tuscan Braid*, for ingenuity and beauty of mechanical arrangement is worthy of the highest commendation. After the pieces of straw have been deposited in a box, the whole operation of taking each separate piece, introducing, bending it over, trimming off the surplus, and transferring and retransferring the pincers or nippers by which the pieces are held, and the completed braid delivered, is carried on with the most beautiful regularity, without the hand of an attendant.

In the department of STEAM BOILERS AND FURNACES, "the patents lately granted indicate the spread of science; for we find that the contrivances are made with a view to meet the demands pointed out by philosophic investigations; they are for modes of regulating the admission of atmospheric air, to commingle and combine with the gases evolved from the coals on the grate, and to evolve the greatest amount of caloric in such parts of the flues as will heat the largest surface; for regulating the admission of air to the coals on the grate-bars, and to regulate the quantity to be supplied to the demands of the coals; for either more or less than the exact sum is injurious."

"As the hight and condition of water in steam-boilers are of the first importance as a question of safety, any reasonable suggestion on this subject must be interesting to the public at large, and particularly so to those who construct and manage steam-engines. The employment of a separate or auxiliary engine to work the feed-pumps, and so connect with a float within the boiler as to start this engine when the water reaches the lower water line, was patented some years since; and within the past year, improvements have been made on this plan, and patented, which consist in so arranging the valves as to insure the starting of the engine when the steam is admitted, by the sinking of the float, without reference to the position of the piston in the cylinder; and also for the arrangement of balance-valves in connexion with the float, so that the pressure of the steam shall not act to prevent the float from descending with the level of the water."

In NAVIGATION, "the only improvement connected with ship-building, is a mode of caulking the seams of ships by means of a series of wedges, which are made widthwise, alternately wider at the point than at the butt, and *vice versa*; so that when they are driven into the seams, they wedge lengthwise of the seam as well as widthwise. This is equally applicable to the floors of cellars, and other wooden structures."

"An improvement has been proposed and patented for a new mode of cutting and rigging the *sails* of square-rigged vessels, by making them in two parts, each half extending from the mast to the end of the yards. They are hung to the upper yards by rings that slide on a rod called a 'jack-yard,' attached to the middle and end of the yard, and are set and furled by means of out-and-in haulers. By this arrangement it is alleged that a vessel can be worked with greater ease, and will sail nearer the wind, than by the mode now practised."

When the Boston people next have occasion to cut a steamer out of their ice-bound harbor, they may profit by the following improvement on the usual mode of adapting saws and hammers to the bow of a boat propelled by steam, by means of which the ice is to be cut into strips, and then broken into small blocks, and these blocks pushed to each side of the boat by guards placed at the bow, and back of the breakers. "A patent has been granted for so modifying the form and arrangement of these guards as to depress the blocks of ice below the surface, and push them under the surrounding ice, and thus leave the channel clear, by a combination of inclined planes."

"Various devices have been resorted to, to improve the harpoon used by whalers; and, among others, it was proposed, some years ago, to enclose within the harpoon a vessel containing prussic acid which, on striking, would be diffused, and thus kill the whale. As an improvement on this, a patent has been granted for putting a bottle of explosive mixture within the fluke of the harpoon, which is joined to the stem or handle, so that the pull of the whale will open the fluke and explode the mixture."

IN HYDRAULIC ENGINEERING, the chief inventions have been floating platforms for bridges, &c., hollow iron piles sunk by exhausting the air from their interior; iron light-houses on iron piles; screw moorings; and M. Thenard's *Barrages mobiles*, or dams for shallow rivers, which can be removed at will; and which a scientific friend, who examined the system in Paris, thinks of great value to the improvement of our many rivers which are too shallow for navigation during some months of the year.

"The serious accidents that have occurred on RAILROADS, by the use of switches to guide the cars from one track to another, has, from the commencement, occupied the serious attention of engineers and others, without any decided beneficial result. All the plans heretofore suggested were either impracticable, or would not prevent accidents if not properly shifted by the attendant. But an improvement which presents decided advantages, has been patented and fully tested on the Reading railroad. It consists in the employment of two parallel bars attached to, and moving with, the switch; so that, when the switch has been shifted and put in connection with the turn-out rails, they are in line with the rails of the main track: and, in the event of neglect on the part of the attendant to replace the switch, a car from the main track will run on to these parallel bars, which are, at their fixed end, connected with the main track by means of inclined planes and guides, so arranged as to elevate the flanch of the wheels (which are outside the track) over the rail, and guide the whole of them to the line of the track, and thus prevent the cars from running off."

"As a means of preventing accidents from "snake heads," or the ends of rails thrown up out of the proper line, a patent has been granted for attaching curved and inclined guides to the car in front of the wheels, and between the front and back wheels, which strike the "snake heads," and force them down to their proper position until the wheels pass over them."

Metal roofs and fire-proof ceilings have also been improved and patented.

"As a means of dispensing with the weight of the saw-gate in SAW-MILLS, which is considered objectionable, the saw has been attached to a sliding block at top and bottom, and therefore depending upon its stiffness, instead of the tension given to it by screws when applied in a gate. To combine the advantages of both methods, a patent has been granted for "straining" the saw, (as it is termed in technical language,) without the use of a gate, by attaching a piston to each slide; the two pistons working in appropriate cylinders connected together by a steam pipe, so as to use the elastic force of steam to strain the saw. The elastic force of the steam does not impede the motion, as it is equal on both pistons, and therefore balanced."

"Several patents have been granted for various modes of arranging the head and tail blocks of saw-mills, to render them self-setting. The great variety of devices for this purpose, which have been patented and are in public use, is matter of astonishment, and is evidence of the great resources of mechanical ingenuity."

Our Corporation might profitably turn their attention to a new street-sweeping machine, patented during the present year and seemingly of much merit. It consists of a set of curved brooms, that are moved around a shaft horizontally, and carry the dirt to one side of the street, and then rise up to deposit it in windrows. The mechanism of the machine appears to be ingenious and simple, and not liable to be deranged.

IN PLOWS, several important improvements have been made during the year; but they are chiefly for modes of fastening and so fitting the points and shares, that, in case of wear or injury, they can be easily replaced by the farmer himself. It is a question, perhaps, yet to be decided, whether cast-iron plows are more economical to the farmer than the plows with cast-iron mould boards and wrought shares and points.

"A promising improvement has been made in the grain cradle, by making the teeth of hollow metal, filling them up with wood sufficiently far to insure strength. The teeth glide very easily through the grain, and are not liable to the objection of warping and sticking where the grain is wet, as is the case with wooden teeth."

In CHEMISTRY one of the most interesting patents consists in the substitution of a coating of silver for an amalgam of tin and mercury in the preparation of looking glasses.

"In the old process for silvering, or rather coating mirrors, an amalgam of tin and mercury is laid upon the surface of clear plate glass; and this amalgam, when freed from the mercury by pressure, constitutes the reflecting surface. The extensive use of mercury in this operation, renders it extremely unhealthy; and the coating thus formed is liable to be defaced by chemical changes, as is frequently witnessed in the spots occurring upon the backs of mirrors. It is contended that the new invention obviates these difficulties. The process for coating the glass with silver, is substantially as follows: The glass is carefully cleaned, laid upon a table, and a rim of wax, or some suitable substance, raised around its borders. A solution of silver is then poured upon the glass, a little ammonia added, and from time to time a little oil of cassia and alcohol; after which oil of cloves is added, when precipitation commences, and a pure and firm coating of silver is formed upon the glass, which is afterwards carefully dried and protected from injury."

INDIA-RUBBER FABRICS.—"The great value of caoutchouc in the arts has led to a great variety of devices to overcome those difficulties experienced on its first introduction, viz: a speedy mode of dissolving, and a speedy mode of drying the solution. No solvent has ever been obtained better than the caoutchoucine, a liquor prepared by the destructive distillation of the caoutchouc itself; but the great expense of the solvent precludes its introduction at present, and turpentine is generally used as the most economical solvent. A great difficulty has hitherto been experienced in drying the rubber when turpentine was the solvent; but this seems now to be entirely overcome, and chiefly by the aid of sulphur. Unfortunately for this invention, the greater part of the fabrics prepared of India-rubber are for wearing apparel; and the smell of the sulphur, which is retained for an indefinite time, is a serious objection to their common use. As a subject of special interest, and one which has made great advances during the past year, we may cite the invention for manufacturing corrugated or shirred India-rubber fabrics. By this is understood that species of goods or fabric which is now in extensive use for suspenders, and all kinds of straps where elasticity is a desirable property. The invention mainly consists in stretching threads of India-rubber to their utmost tension, or nearly so, and enclosing these threads between two layers of cloth of any kind, as taste may dictate; the layers of cloth are made to adhere firmly to the threads by means of India-rubber cement, the whole being passed between heavy rollers, to secure a perfect union. As soon as the fabric has become firm and dry, the India-rubber threads are allowed to contract, which draws the cloth into wrinkles; and hence the name of *corrugated* or *shirred* goods. The material thus prepared, serves a great variety of purposes; is made into shoes or slippers, and is introduced in every part of wearing apparel."

Saleratus, so useful to the housekeeper, is usually made from the superabundant carbonic acid gas of brewers and distillers. As their business is happily on the decrease, the salt is now proposed to be impregnated by the gas from a common coal fire.

Two patents have been lately granted for improvements in *salt-making*, in both of which the beauty and purity of the crystals are increased by heating the brine at the surface instead of at the bottom of the kettle as is usual.

In *sugar-making* valuable improvements have been made in the economy of fuel, in evaporating the syrups, in granulating the sugar, and in filtration.

In the important *Lard* business, the separation of its two proximate constituents, viz: elaine and stearine, or, in common phraseology, lard oil and candle-stuff, which has been for several years an object of pursuit, is now accomplished in a very perfect manner. The most valuable improvement, and one for which a patent has been granted, is the application of pressure to the solid tissues containing fat, before they have been burned (or, rather, overheated) in the process of trying out, as it is called. The lard and oil produced in this way are purer, sweeter, keep much better in the warm climates and are rendered in large quantities.

In *stereotyping* the most striking improvement is one made in Germany, and just announced in the public prints—of making the stereotype blocks of iron, instead of the usual type-metal. If stereotype plates can be made of cast iron, as stated, we must hail the invention as one of the most valuable of the age, as it will reduce the price of books to a very little above the cost of the material. It has been stated that, by means of the improvement, the whole Bible has been printed for about 25 cents.

The above items are the most important and interesting of those embodied by Messrs Keller and Page, but all who can obtain the full original report will find in it many other equally striking illustrations of the progress of our nation in the arts of a high civilization.

PROSPECTUS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY TRIBUNE.

The publishers of The Tribune have been frequently solicited to issue a Semi-Weekly edition of their paper for the benefit of those who require the news of the day oftener than once a week, and yet are without Daily Mails or do not choose to incur the expense and heavy postage of a Daily. Circumstances have hitherto rendered such publication impossible, without trenching upon the due issue of our Daily and Weekly editions. We are preparing to obviate this difficulty in the new building now being erected for us on the site of our burnt establishment, where we hope to be again located by or soon after the 1st of May.

THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNE SEMI-WEEKLY, will therefore be issued from our office, 160 Nassau-st. on or before the 17th of May, and will be published thenceforward on Wednesday and Saturday of each week. It will be printed on good paper of the size of the *Daily* Tribune, and will contain nearly or quite all the matter of the Daily, including Money Market, daily report of Commercial Transactions, Sales of Stocks, City Intelligence, &c. An Assistant Editor devotes his whole time to the collection of this kind of intelligence, reporting it twice a day for the Morning and Evening editions of our Daily. Two reporters are constantly watching the proceedings of the various Courts of our City and noting every thing deemed interesting to our readers. We hope to make the Semi-Weekly Tribune a most acceptable paper for Business men out of this City, and for all who wish a more prompt and detailed 'map of busy life' than a Weekly paper can possibly be made.

Correspondents at Washington during the Session and at every point of general or transitory interest will at all times be employed; the liberal patronage bestowed on The Tribune demanding and justifying a corresponding liberality of outlay on our part. In the department of General Literature and Criticism, we have secured assistance of the highest order, while we hope soon to announce a department of Agricultural and General Science, under the immediate conduct of one of the most experienced and popular writers on Agriculture in the Country. In fine, we shall spare no expense or effort to make The Tribune, whether in its Daily, Semi-Weekly or Weekly edition, eminently worthy the patronage of the Business and Reading Public, but especially of Wings.

—The Semi-Weekly Tribune will be issued every Wednesday and Saturday on a sheet of good paper the size of the Daily Tribune. TERMS, *Three Dollars* a year; *Five Dollars for Two Copies*; payable always in advance. Orders, enclosing cash are respectfully solicited by

GREELEY & McELRATH, 160 Nassau-st.

New-York, April 15, 1845.

☞ Editors who now receive our Weekly and would like our Semi-Weekly instead, will please copy the above and send a paper *marked* to "T. McELRATH, Tribune office."

☞ **Lost**, at the late fire on the 6th instant, a copy of Stone's Encyclopedia of the Rural Sports of England, also the Anglers Souvenir; both very fine London Editions, with plates. It is thought that these works were taken out by some person for preservation, as a number of other books in a similar situation have been found in a damaged state. The finder or possessor will much oblige by returning them at our present place of business, 101 Nassau-street, near Ann-street.

JOHN J. BROWN & CO.

a10

☞ **John J. Brown & Co.** respectfully inform their friends and cust mers that through the kindness of their friends, Messrs. Ackerman & Miller, they have obtained possession, for a few weeks, of the sto e formerly occupied by Messrs. A. & M. No. 101 Nassau-street, near Ann street where they will, in a few days, be prepared for business with the balance of their stock, preserved from the late fire. a10

GRAHAM HOUSE—NEW ARRANGEMENT.—ROSWELL GOSS informs his friends and the public that he has enlarged his *BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT*, known as the Graham House, 63 Barclay-street, by adding to it the adjoining house, and is prepared to accommodate transient or permanent Boarders on the most favorable terms. All friends of Temperance desiring a quiet home, and freedom from the fumes of alcohol and tobacco, are invited to patronize this house. The Vegetable System, with the choicest selection of fruits, &c. which the market affords, will be strictly adhered to, but a table will be served for those who prefer the ordinary mode, or mixed diet.

Croton Shower, Warm and Cold Baths, free.

o8 tf ROSWELL GOSS.

THE LOSS of the steamboat Swallow makes it a part of prudence for every person, even when traveling upon the Hudson River, to provide himself with money Day's Incomparable Circular Life Preservers, which are warranted to sustain any person in the water for an indefinite length of time. For sale at 25 Maiden Lane.

H. H. DAY,
a15 Successor to Roxbury India Rubber Co.

LATHROP & BARTLETT offer for sale, at 69 Pearl-st. Gum Copal, 30 cases; Salem washed, 5000 lbs, rough. Annatto, 40 baskets Para; Tapioca, 20 bbls do; Spirits Turpentine, 25 bbls; Camphine, 20 do; Rosin, 300 do; Pitch, 50 bbls; Coffee, 50 bags mocha; 20 do African; Chocolate, prepared Cocoa and Cocoa Paste, manufacture of Webb & Twombly. (17tf)

WOOL—2,000 lbs. American Fleece Wool, consisting of 5000 lbs. Saxony and full blood Merino.
6000 do ¾ and ¾ blood do
2000 do common Wool.
3000 do tub-washed do
4000 do unwashed do
For sale by WELLS & SPRING, 52 Pine-st.

COPAL—15 cases Angola, 30 " Benguela, } Salem washed.
Also, 10,000 lbs. " for sale at lowest prices by
f10 LATHROP & BARTLETT, 69 Pearl-st.

DUFFIELD'S WESTPHALIA HAMS.—50 bbls of these celebrated Cincinnati cured Hams, for sale by MACGREGOR, WISE & MORRIS, 118 Front-st. a21 3t* Corner Wall-street.

BLOTTING PAPER.—Hubbard's superfine and Sandall's fine, for sale by C. W. FIELD, 9 Burling slip. a21

BLUE MEDIUM.—100 Reams, suitable for Druggists and others. For sale by C. W. FIELD, 9 Burling slip. a21

HUBBARD'S GLAZED PAPERS.—A full assortment, for sale by C. W. FIELD, 9 Burling slip. a21

PATENTS.—Drawings and Specifications prepared for Patentees, by E. JONES, 118 Fulton-st. N. Y. Maps, Plans, Machinery, &c. drawn and lithographed. a21 6t*

BUILDERS' HARDWARE.—SEAMAN LOWERRE, 279 Spring-street, near Greenwich-street, offers for sale a general assortment of HARDWARE, consisting in part of American and English Locks, Butt Hinges, Frame Pullies, Rail Screws and Braces, Wood and Bed Screws, Cut Wrought and Hinge Nails, Rivets, &c. a21 1m*

CHEAP ACCOUNT BOOKS.—The subscribers have received from their Manufactory an assortment of Account Books, made in superior style, of good quality paper, which they now offer at exceedingly low prices. All who are in want of Account Books at the lowest possible prices are invited to call at 77 Maiden-lane.

STATIONERY.

All articles of Stationery, both foreign and domestic, suitable for office use. Many new styles of inkstands and patent letter clips are sold at reduced prices.

PAPER

Of every description, ruled and plain, some as low as $1 50 per ream. Folio-post, packet-post, foolscap and letter paper, of English, French and American manufacture.

Printing, Ruling and Binding executed in any style required at the lowest rates

FRANCIS & LOUTREL,
a14 2w Manufacturing Stationers, 77 Maiden-lane.

MEDICINES.

WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

A COMPOUND BALSAMIC PREPARATION FROM WILD CHERRY BARK AND TAR.

The best remedy known to the world for the cure of coughs, colds, asthma, whooping-cough, bronchitis, influenza, shortness of breath, pain and weakness in the breast or side, liver complaint, and the first stages of CONSUMPTION.

☞ A THOUSAND CURES, in cases deemed utterly hopeless, have firmly established its vast superiority over every former medical discovery, it has always been styled "Nature's own Prescription," being formed chiefly from chemical extracts from Wild Cherry Bark and Tar—two trees that are thickly scattered wherever disease of the lungs prevail. We give a few instances of its extraordinary power, from a catalogue almost without end.

A lady (address will be given at the New-York Agency) who was given up by all of her physicians to die of consumption, had a hard tumor for months on the side—raised amazing large quantities of matter, a sort of bony substance—had taken no medicine for two months, being past all hope—entirely cured by a few bottles of this Balsam in September and October, 1844.

A. Carman, New-York City, who had not slept, lying down, for seven years, (being obliged to sleep in a sitting posture,) so far cured as to attend to his business in the most stormy weather.

Thomas Bradlee, Esq. J. P. Jamaica, L. I. cured of asthma of 10 years' standing.

Thomas Cozens, Haddonfield, N. J. testifies under oath that he had a violent cough and pain in the side—for months raised large quantities of corrupt matter—also much blood—his physicians could do but little for him—gave him pills of mercury, but did no good—his friends all supposed he had a "galloping consumption"—entirely cured by three bottles of Wistar's Balsam.

Mrs. Ann D. Hopkins, of Knowlesville, N. Y. entirely cured of liver complaint and general debility of eighteen month's standing.

Jacob Hoffman, M. D. Huntingdon, cured a child of P. Schrosbie of obstinate disease of the lungs after he had tried all the usual remedies in vain.

Cases are daily occurring in every part of the country which prove incontrovertibly the vast superiority of this Balsam, in every shade of lung and liver disease, over every other preparation heretofore known to the world.

Sold, wholesale and retail, by A. B. & D. Sands, Wholesale Druggists, 79 Fulton-street, New-York. Sold also at 272 Broadway, 77 East Broadway. The above are the only Agents in this City. Price, $1 per bottle. Six bottles for $5. mh29 6m*

ASK THE SUFFERER FROM **ASTHMA**

what has relieved him in such a short time from his difficulty of breathing, Cough and Suffocation? He will tell you it was "Folger's Olosaonian, or All Healing Balsam." Ask the Consumptive what has allayed his Cough, removed the Pain in his Side and Chest, checked his night sweats and placed the rose of health upon his cheek? and he will tell you **FOLGER'S OLOSAONIAN,** or **All-Healing Balsam.**

Ask your friends if they know of any thing that will so speedily cure a long and tedious Cough, Raising of Blood, Bronchitis, Dyspeptic Consumption, Hoarseness, Influenza, and diseases of the Throat, as Folger's Olosaonian; and they will tell you—No. They never yet has there a remedy introduced to public notice which has been productive of so much good in so short a space of time. Read the following

ASTONISHING CURES:

WM. BOND, the celebrated Boston cracker baker, 94 Nassau street, Brooklyn, states that his wife has been afflicted with Asthma for 36 years, and could not find permanent relief from the best medical advice which New York and Brooklyn could produce, was induced to try this great remedy. She is now nearly well. His daughter, who was suffering from the same disease, tried it, and was also cured by it. Mrs. Bond is now so well that she is able to rise from her bed early in the morning and attend to her usual duties through the day without any annoyance from her distressing malady.

HENRY JACKSON, 13th street, near the Catholic Cemetery, came to the store for the purpose of obtaining a bottle of the Olosaonian, having been afflicted with Asthma for more than five years, and was so exhausted on his arrival that he could not speak. He purchased a bottle and rode home. Four days afterward he walked from his residence to the office without fatigue, a distance of over two miles, to tell of the wonderful relief which he had experienced from using about one half of one bottle.

CONSUMPTION OF THE LUNGS

Mr. COMFORT, 35 White st. was so low in the month of December last, that he was given up by his physician. His friends entertained no hope of his recovery. He was persuaded to try the Olosaonian, and to his surprise and delight, was so far restored him to health that he is now able to walk about the streets.

Mrs Attree, the wife of Wm. H. Attree, James Harman, Esq and George W. Hays, Esq can all bear testimony from their own experience of the healing properties of this Great Remedy in Consumption.

SPITTING BLOOD

Mrs. THOUBURN, 352 Monroe st. who had been troubled for a great length of time by a severe cough, and raised quantities of blood, was relieved by one bottle of the Olosaonian, and declares it the greatest remedy in the world.

DENNIS KELLY, 96 Water-st. was also relieved from the same complaint, although he was very much reduced when he commenced taking the Olosaonian, and was under the care of his physician during the past winter. Although he coughed constantly, and was very much troubled with night sweats, two bottles of the remedy enabled him to return to his daily work. He was entirely relieved.

SODA WATER—Is made with the following Syrups, viz: Sarsaparilla, Lemon, Ginger, Pine Apple, Vanilla, Raspberry, Strawberry, Orgeat, &c. of superior quality.

MEDICINAL WATERS—From the most celebrated Springs—From Saratoga—the Congress, Union, Iodine and Pavilion, received fresh every day, and always on hand a supply of Saratoga, Sparing Water, White Sulphur, Avon and Bluelick Waters: and the Seidlitz and Selzer Waters from Germany. a1 2month

VALUABLE EXTERNAL REMEDY.

HUNT'S LINIMENT.—This celebrated remedy is now for the first time offered to the New-York public, the celebrity which it has obtained in the country (Westchester) where it was originally introduced, has induced the proprietor to extend its sales throughout the country. There has never yet been discovered an external remedy that has proved so certain in its effects in permanently curing the following diseases: *Rheumatism, Swelled Limbs, Pain in the Chest and Back, Sprains, Bruises, Nervous Affections, Weakness in the Joints, Contractions of the Muscles, Burns, Salt Rheum, Croup, Ague in the Face, Tooth Ache, &c. &c.*

The following letters from the highly eminent Physicians who have had charge of the Hospital in the Sing Sing State Prison for many years, is the most powerful evidence in favor of this celebrated External Remedy, and is a sufficient guarantee that it is worthy the confidence of the *public*. For particulars, see the certificates accompanying each box. Price 25 cents.

SING SING, December 26th, 1844.

My Dear Sir: Received your note of yesterday asking my opinion in relation to Hunt's Liniment, prepared by Mr. E. E. Stanton. Knowing its composition, and having frequently used it, I can recommend it to you as a safe external remedy, and in my opinion the best Liniment now in use.

Very truly and respectfully yours,
E. HOFFMAN, M. D.

Col. PIERRE VAN COURTLANDT.

I fully concur in the above opinion.
WM. N. BELCHER, M. D.

This Liniment is sold by Raskton & Co. 110 Broadway, 16 Astor House, Broadway, Commerce st. Hartshorn st. A. B. & D. Sands, 79 Fulton street, 273 Broadway, 77 East Broadway; Aspinwall, 96 William st; Meakim, 511 Broadway; Guion, 127 Bowery, corner of Grand-st; Moss, corner of Cannon and Grand-sts; C. P. Huestis, 194 Nassau-st cor. of Ann; Bonsall, corner Canal and Hudson; Austin, corner Cedar and Nassau; J. J. Coddington, 300 Hudson-st; Graham, corn. of Old-slip and Water-st; Hibbard & Cobb, 96 John st; Mrs Hayes, 139 Fulton-st, Brooklyn; Quirk, cor. of Atlantic and Columbia-sts, Brooklyn; and Druggists generally throughout the United States; and by HOADLEY, PHILLIPS & CO. 116 Water-street. N. Y. Sole Agents for the United States. Orders addressed to them or to the proprietor at Sing Sing, will be attended to.

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Bush & Hulver 175, Dubrow 172, A Hill 208 Greenwich-st; Gunn, cor Bleecker and Christopher-sts; Watson, 36 Catharine street; Cox, 10 8th avenue; Sargent, 2th avenue and 34 avenue; Palmer, 211 Sixth avenue; Cockroft, 120 Cherry-st; Rotjon, 192 East Broadway; Colby, 331 Pearl-st; Everett, 96 Hudson-street; Hart, 248 Grand-st; N M Buell, R J Husband, 107 9th avenue; Coggeshall, Chatham-st; Crumbie, Houston and Bowery. a10 1my

COMSTOCK & CO.

No 21 Courtland-street,
Have on hand,
All the following named ARTICLES
Which have obtained Such unbounded POPULARITY, viz:

COWELL'S MAGICAL PAIN EXTRACTOR, for instantly removing all pain from burns, and always healing without blister or scar. It will also cure the following complaints, or all pay is absolutely refused for it, viz:

Burns,	Erysipelas,
Old Sores,	Piles either Blind or Bleeding.
Scalds,	
Bruises,	
Chilblains,	
Sore Eyes,	

RHEUMATISM, Contracted Cords, Stiff Joints and Gout will positively be cured by the use of the *Indian Vegetable Elixir and Liniment*. The sceptical we invite to call and be personally referred to gentlemen of the highest standing in this City, who have been cured of Rheumatism and Gout by this remedy. They are warranted to cure any case.

DEAFNESS—Dr. McNair's *Romatic Oil* has proved very successful in curing Deafness. We have many certificates from citizens of this City, who have used this Oil with complete success. We invite all who are troubled with any disease of the Ear to examine the Proof.

Comstock's Extract of Sarsaparilla is as pure an article as can be made. The price is so reasonable that the Poor can afford to use it—being but 50 cents per bottle, or $4 per dozen. It is the only article that will effectually purify the Blood from all impurities. Those who have been imprudent in the use of Calomel will find sure relief from it.

East Indian Hair Dye—This chemical preparation will color the Hair any shade, from a light brown to a jet BLACK, and not injure the Hair or Skin.

Have You Roaches or Bed-Bugs in Your House?—A sure exterminator of these noxious vermin may be had at 21 Courtland-street.

The Chinese Hair Eradicator—Warranted to remove the hair from the Face, Neck and Arms, and will not injure the Skin.

Dr. Spohn's Remedy for the Nervous or Bilious Sick Head-Ache.—Whole families, every member of which was subject to it, have been cured by this remedy.

Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry—Extract of Liverwort and Balsam of Liverwort, for all diseases of the Lungs, Asthma, Night-Sweats, &c.

New Discovery—By which all Stoves and Pipes may be kept as bright BLACK, with a beautiful a polish as a Couch Body, with one application a year. It will keep Stoves and Pipes from rusting through the Summer. Price, 25 cents.

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Preserve and Beautify the Hair—By using the Genuine Oldridge's Balm of Columbia, which immediately stops the Hair from falling out, and restores HUMAN BALD. It keeps the Hair free from DANDRUFF or SCURF. Sold ONLY genuine at 21 Courtland-street.

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WORMS—*Kolmstock's Vermifuge*—It is entirely VEGETABLE, and cannot injure the most delicate CHILD, even should there be no WORMS. Price, 25 cents.

Mag's Liniment—Will cure any case of PILES, (either Blind or Bleeding)—WARRANTED.

CAUTION TO BE REMEMBERED:—The above-named Articles are sold ONLY genuine in this City by COMSTOCK & Co. 21 Courtland street; and by Dr. Field, N. E. corner of Third Avenue and Tenth st.—in Brooklyn, 139 Fulton-st. REMEMBER THE NUMBERS! TAKE THIS WITH YOU. a12 1m*

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In the Granite Building, No. 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers-st. New-York.

HAVE the most extensive assortment of beautiful and choice articles for the TOILET TABLE, the DRESSING ROOM and the BOUDOIR, to be found in the City, consisting of PERFUMERY of every kind; SCENTED SOAPS, of all varieties; OILS and PREPARATIONS for the Hair; POMPEIAN and Preparations for rendering the Skin soft, smooth and blooming; Dentifrices for the Teeth; Brushes of all kinds; Combs, and every article necessary for the use of the lady and gentleman, or families, whether traveling or at home.

It has heretofore been the case, in purchasing most of the articles enumerated below, that those who wished to buy have been unable to find all of them for sale at one place; but always A. B. SANDS & CO. provide for those who favor them with their patronage, every article that ladies and gentlemen may require for the Toilet, the Dressing Table and the Boudoir, of the first quality, and at as reasonable prices as they can be furnished in the United States. Most of these articles have been expressly imported, at great expense in time and money to manufacture the selections. Strangers visiting the City are respectfully invited to call and observe the great variety of articles they have for sale:

FANCY, TOILET AND SHAVING SOAPS.—Of Soaps, the following constitute a portion:

FOR THE TOILET—Genuine Almond Soap; very fine old Brown Windsor Soap; superior Transparent Soap, in balls and cakes; Floating Soap, for Baths; Soap Balls; English Toilet Soaps of all kinds; Guerlain's, Lubin's and Piver's Soaps, in every variety of perfume, imported direct.

FOR SHAVING—Almond Cream, Lubin's Pate d'Amande; Ambosial Cream of Guerlain's; Ambrosial Shaving Cakes; Verbena Cream; Tuberose Cream; genuine old Naples Soap; Naval and Military Soaps; Patey's Transparent Soap; "Henry's Chinese" Shaving Cream, &c. &c. &c.

These are all very choice and fine, and selected with great care.

TO IMPART A HEALTHY FRESHNESS AND BLOOM TO THE COMPLEXION—Gowland's Lotion, Rowland's Kalydor, Michaux's Freckle Wash, Liquid Pate d'Amande, Poudre d'Amande, Blanc de Neige, Farine de Noisette, Citronnade, Blanc de Perle, Blanc d'Espagne, Eau de Beauté, &c. &c. These destroy tan, sunburn, freckles, etc. and effectually preserve the skin from the injurious effects of exposure to bleak winds, sunburn and damp atmosphere. No lady's toilet should be without some restorative of the kind. Eau de Toilette, Lubin's, Guerlain's and Charles's Preparation, Eau de Cedrat, Aromatic Vinegar, &c. These last are very pleasant and grateful additions to water for bathing.

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PERF